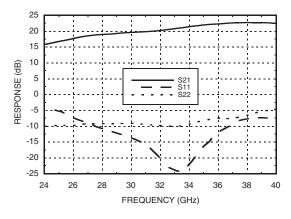


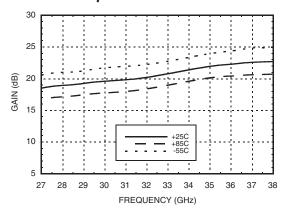
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# GaAs PHEMT MMIC LOW NOISE AMPLIFIER, 29 - 36 GHz

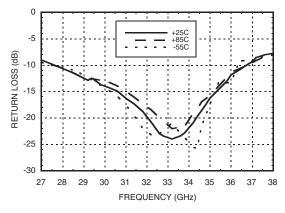
#### **Broadband Gain & Return Loss**



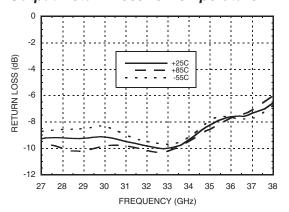
#### Gain vs. Temperature



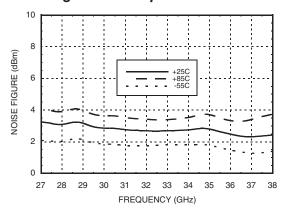
# Input Return Loss vs. Temperature



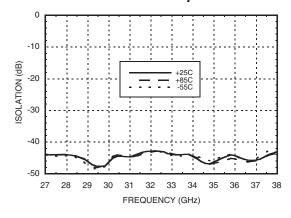
# **Output Return Loss vs. Temperature**



#### Noise Figure vs. Temperature



#### Reverse Isolation vs. Temperature

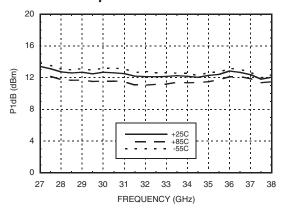


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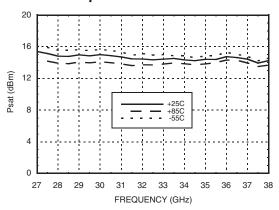


# GaAs PHEMT MMIC LOW NOISE AMPLIFIER, 29 - 36 GHz

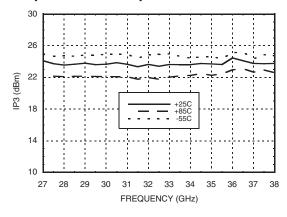
#### P1dB vs. Temperature



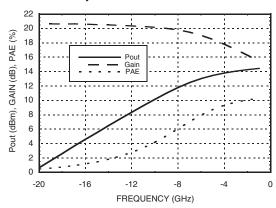
#### Psat vs. Temperature



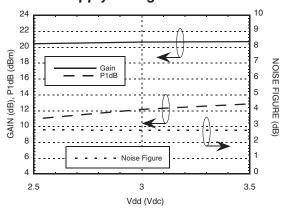
### Output IP3 vs. Temperature



### Power Compression @ 32 GHz



### Gain, Noise Figure & Power vs. Supply Voltage @ 32 GHz





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# GaAs PHEMT MMIC LOW NOISE AMPLIFIER, 29 - 36 GHz

# **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Drain Bias Voltage (Vdd1, 2, 3, 4) +3.5 Vdc			
RF Input Power (RFIN)(Vdd = +3.0 Vdc)	ut Power (RFIN)(Vdd = +3.0 Vdc) +5 dBm		
Channel Temperature	175 °C		
Continuous Pdiss (T= 85 °C) (derate 9.6 mW/°C above 85 °C)	0.82 W		
Thermal Resistance (channel to die bottom)	104.2 °C/W		
Storage Temperature	-65 to +150 °C		
Operating Temperature	-55 to +85 °C		

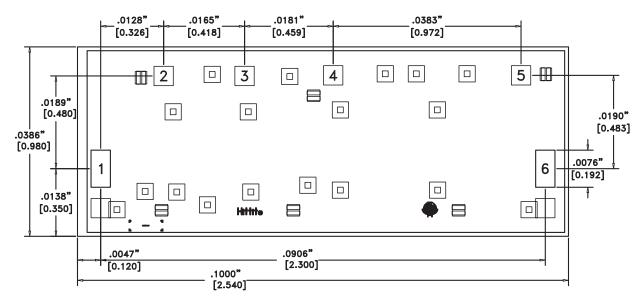
# Typical Supply Current vs. Vdd

Vdd (Vdc)	Idd (mA)	
+2.5	77	
+3.0	80	
+3.5	83	

Note: Amplifier will operate over full voltage ranges shown above.



# **Outline Drawing**



# Die Packaging Information [1]

Standard	Alternate
GP-2 (Gel Pack)	[2]

<sup>[1]</sup> Refer to the "Packaging Information" section for die packaging dimensions.

#### NOTES:

- 1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES [MM]
- 2. DIE THICKNESS IS .004"
- 3. TYPICAL BOND IS .004" SQUARE
- 4. BACKSIDE METALLIZATION: GOLD5. BOND PAD METALLIZATION: GOLD
- 6. BACKSIDE METAL IS GROUND.
- 7. CONNECTION NOT REQUIRED FOR UNLABELED BOND PADS.

<sup>[2]</sup> For alternate packaging information contact Hittite Microwave Corporation.

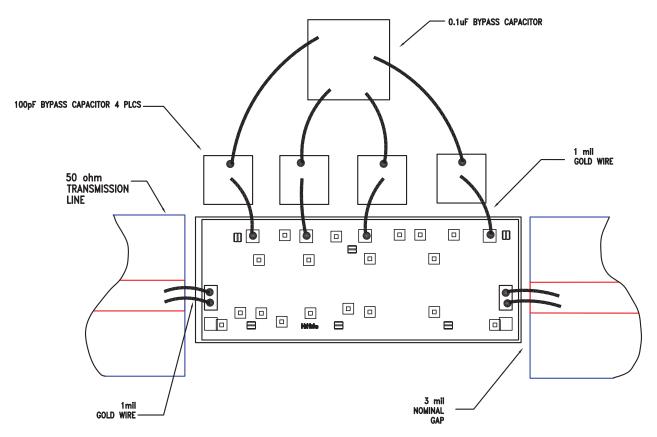


# GaAs PHEMT MMIC LOW NOISE AMPLIFIER, 29 - 36 GHz

### **Pad Descriptions**

Pad Number	Function	Description	Interface Schematic
1	IN	This pad is AC coupled and matched to 50 Ohms from 29 - 36 GHz.	IN 0
2, 3, 4, 5	Vdd1, 2, 3, 4	Power Supply Voltage for the amplifier. External bypass capacitors of 100 pF and 0.1 μF are required.	OVdd1,2,3,4
6	OUT	This pad is AC coupled and matched to 50 Ohms from 29 - 36 GHz.	—
Die Bottom	GND	Die Bottom must be connected to RF/DC ground.	O GND

# Assembly Diagram





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# GaAs PHEMT MMIC LOW NOISE AMPLIFIER, 29 - 36 GHz

# Mounting & Bonding Techniques for Millimeterwave GaAs MMICs

The die should be attached directly to the ground plane eutectically or with conductive epoxy (see HMC general Handling, Mounting, Bonding Note).

50 Ohm Microstrip transmission lines on 0.127mm (5 mil) thick alumina thin film substrates are recommended for bringing RF to and from the chip (Figure 1). If 0.254mm (10 mil) thick alumina thin film substrates must be used, the die should be raised 0.150mm (6 mils) so that the surface of the die is coplanar with the surface of the substrate. One way to accomplish this is to attach the 0.102mm (4 mil) thick die to a 0.150mm (6 mil) thick molybdenum heat spreader (moly-tab) which is then attached to the ground plane (Figure 2).

Microstrip substrates should be brought as close to the die as possible in order to minimize bond wire length. Typical die-to-substrate spacing is 0.076mm (3 mils).

#### **Handling Precautions**

Follow these precautions to avoid permanent damage.

**Storage:** All bare die are placed in either Waffle or Gel based ESD protective containers, and then sealed in an ESD protective bag for shipment. Once the sealed ESD protective bag has been opened, all die should be stored in a dry nitrogen environment.

**Cleanliness:** Handle the chips in a clean environment. DO NOT attempt to clean the chip using liquid cleaning systems.

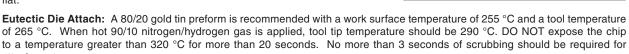
Static Sensitivity: Follow ESD precautions to protect against > ± 250V ESD strikes.

**Transients:** Suppress instrument and bias supply transients while bias is applied. Use shielded signal and bias cables to minimize inductive pick-up.

**General Handling:** Handle the chip along the edges with a vacuum collet or with a sharp pair of bent tweezers. The surface of the chip has fragile air bridges and should not be touched with vacuum collet, tweezers, or fingers.

#### Mounting

The chip is back-metallized and can be die mounted with AuSn eutectic preforms or with electrically conductive epoxy. The mounting surface should be clean and flat.



**Epoxy Die Attach:** Apply a minimum amount of epoxy to the mounting surface so that a thin epoxy fillet is observed around the perimeter of the chip once it is placed into position. Cure epoxy per the manufacturer's schedule.

#### Wire Bonding

Ball or wedge bond with 0.025 mm (1 mil) diameter pure gold wire is recommended. Thermosonic wirebonding with a nominal stage temperature of 150 °C and a ball bonding force of 40 to 50 grams or wedge bonding force of 18 to 22 grams is recommended. Use the minimum level of ultrasonic energy to achieve reliable wirebonds. Wirebonds should be started on the chip and terminated on the package or substrate. All bonds should be as short as possible <0.31 mm (12 mils).

