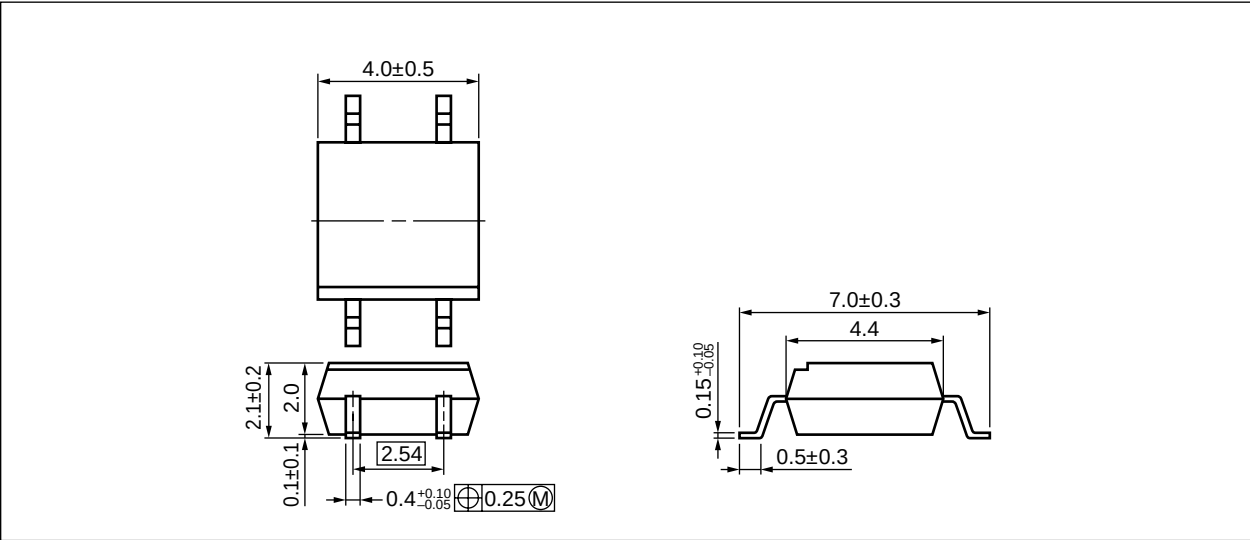
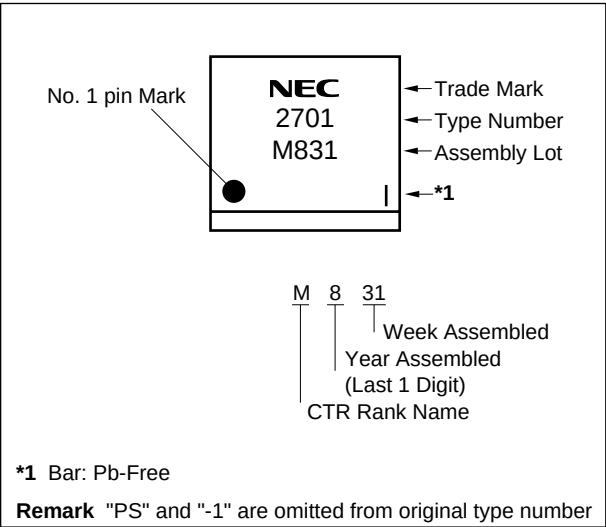


PACKAGE DIMENSIONS (in millimeters)

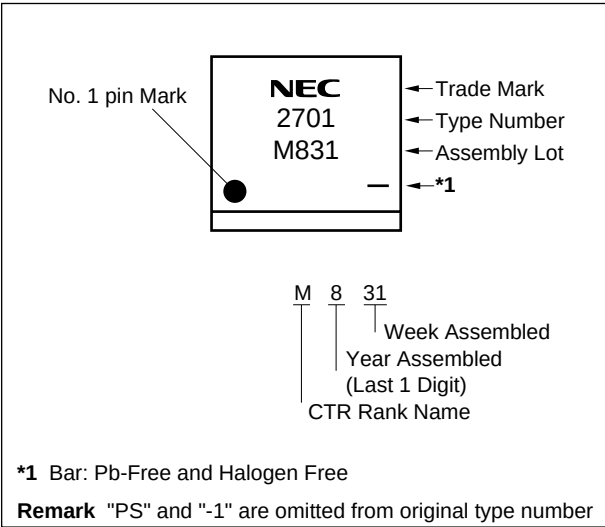


<R> MARKING EXAMPLE

Pb-Free



Special version (Pb-Free and Halogen Free)



<R> ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Order Number	Solder Plating Specification	Packing Style	Safety Standard Approval	Application Part Number ^{*1}
PS2701-1	PS2701-1-A	Pb-Free	Magazine case 100 pcs	Standard products (UL, BSI, CSA approved)	PS2701-1
PS2701-1-F3	PS2701-1-F3-A		Embossed Tape 3 500 pcs/reel		
PS2701-1-F4	PS2701-1-F4-A				
PS2701-1-V	PS2701-1-V-A		Magazine case 100 pcs	DIN EN60747-5-2	
PS2701-1-V-F3	PS2701-1-V-F3-A		Embossed Tape 3 500 pcs/reel	(VDE0884 Part2)	
PS2701-1-V-F4	PS2701-1-V-F4-A			Approved (Option)	
PS2701-1	PS2701-1Y-A	Special version (Pb-Free and Halogen Free)	Magazine case 100 pcs	Standard products	PS2701-1
PS2701-1-F3	PS2701-1Y-F3-A		Embossed Tape 3 500 pcs/reel	(UL, BSI, CSA approved)	
PS2701-1-V	PS2701-1Y-V-A		Magazine case 100 pcs	DIN EN60747-5-2	
PS2701-1-V-F3	PS2701-1Y-V-F3-A		Embossed Tape 3 500 pcs/reel	(VDE0884 Part2) Approved (Option)	

*1 For the application of the Safety Standard, following part number should be used.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ($T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter		Symbol	Ratings	Unit
Diode	Forward Current (DC)	I_F	50	mA
	Reverse Voltage	V_R	6	V
	Power Dissipation Derating	$\Delta P_D/^{\circ}\text{C}$	0.8	mW/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$
	Power Dissipation	P_D	80	mW
	Peak Forward Current ^{*1}	I_{FP}	1	A
Transistor	Collector to Emitter Voltage	V_{CEO}	40	V
	Emitter to Collector Voltage	V_{ECO}	6	V
	Collector Current	I_C	80	mA
	Power Dissipation Derating	$\Delta P_C/^{\circ}\text{C}$	1.5	mW/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$
	Power Dissipation	P_C	150	mW
Isolation Voltage ^{*2}		BV	3 750	Vr.m.s.
Operating Ambient Temperature		T_A	-55 to +100	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Storage Temperature		T_{stg}	-55 to +150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

*1 PW = 100 μs , Duty Cycle = 1%

*2 AC voltage for 1 minute at $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, RH = 60% between input and output
Pins 1-2 shorted together, 3-4 shorted together.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter		Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Diode	Forward Voltage	V_F	$I_F = 5\text{ mA}$		1.1	1.4	V
	Reverse Current	I_R	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$			5	μA
	Terminal Capacitance	C_t	$V = 0\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$		30		pF
Transistor	Collector to Emitter Dark Current	I_{CEO}	$I_F = 0\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 40\text{ V}$			100	nA
Coupled	Current Transfer Ratio (I_C/I_F)* ¹	CTR	$I_F = 5\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$	50	100	300	%
	Collector Saturation Voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$, $I_C = 2\text{ mA}$			0.3	V
	Isolation Resistance	R_{I-O}	$V_{I-O} = 1\text{ kV}_{DC}$	10^{11}			Ω
	Isolation Capacitance	C_{I-O}	$V = 0\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$		0.4		pF
	Rise Time * ²	t_r	$V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$, $I_C = 2\text{ mA}$, $R_L = 100\ \Omega$		3		μs
	Fall Time * ²	t_f			5		

*1 CTR rank

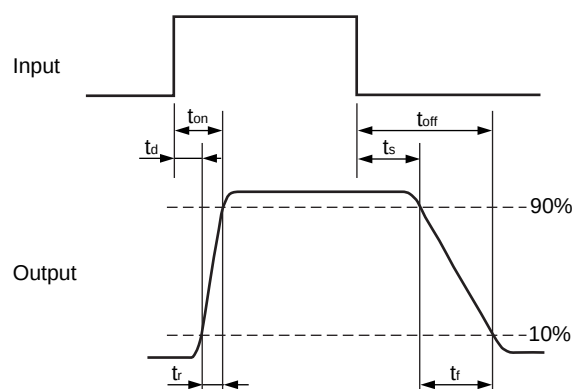
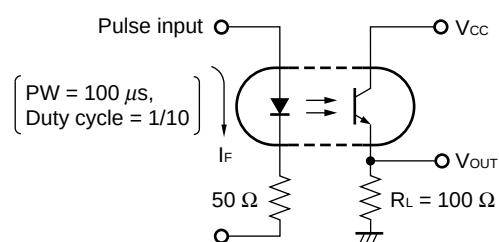
P: 150 to 300 (%)

L: 100 to 300 (%)

M: 50 to 150 (%)

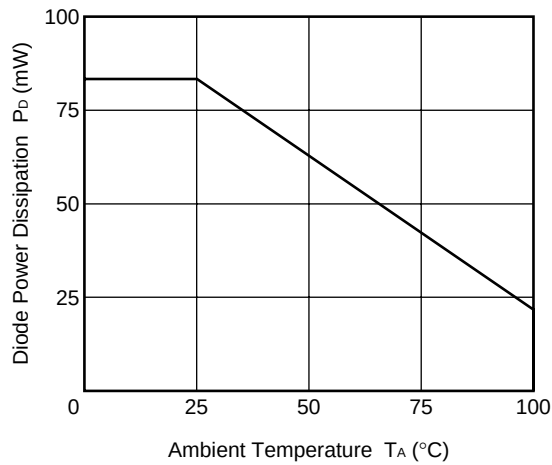
<R>

*2 Test circuit for switching time

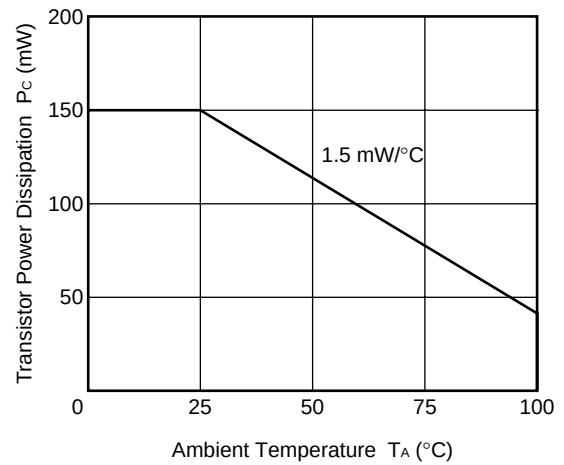


TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified)

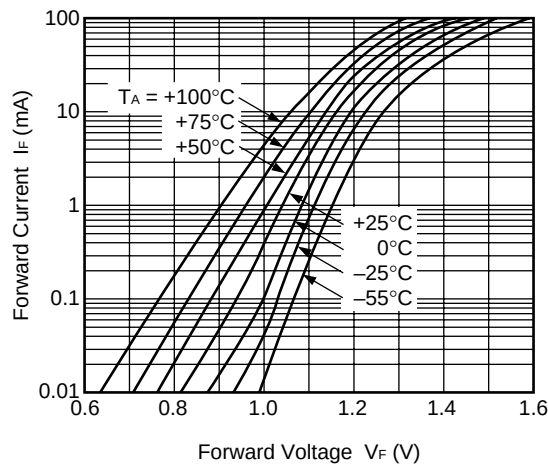
DIODE POWER DISSIPATION vs.
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



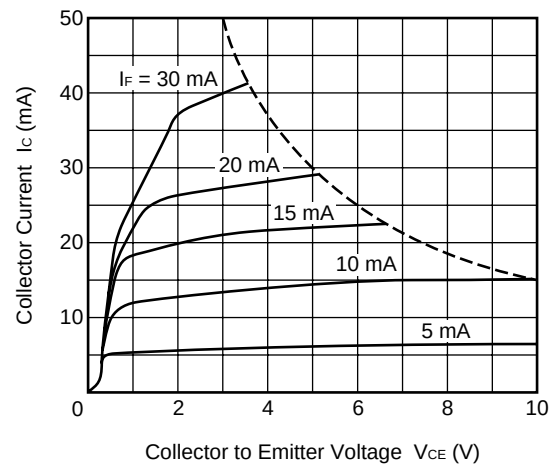
TRANSISTOR POWER DISSIPATION vs.
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



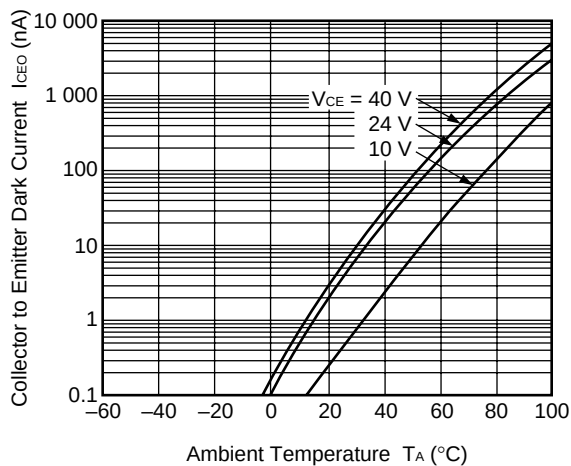
FORWARD CURRENT vs.
FORWARD VOLTAGE



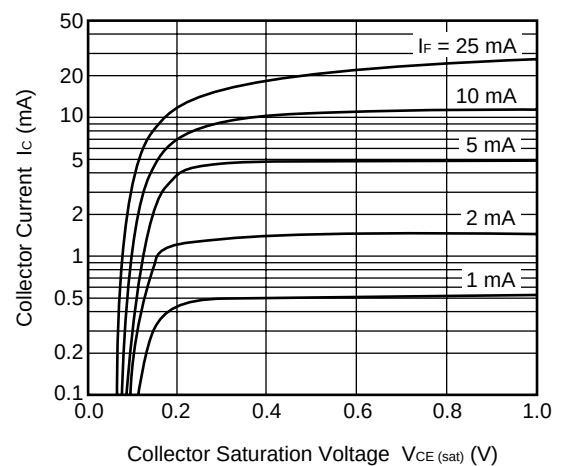
COLLECTOR CURRENT vs.
COLLECTOR TO EMITTER VOLTAGE



COLLECTOR TO EMITTER DARK
CURRENT vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

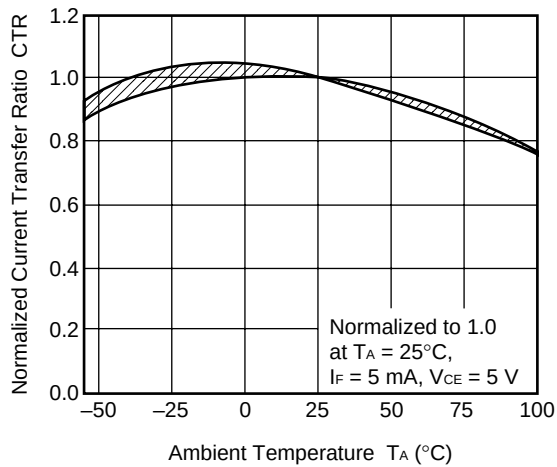


COLLECTOR CURRENT vs.
COLLECTOR SATURATION VOLTAGE

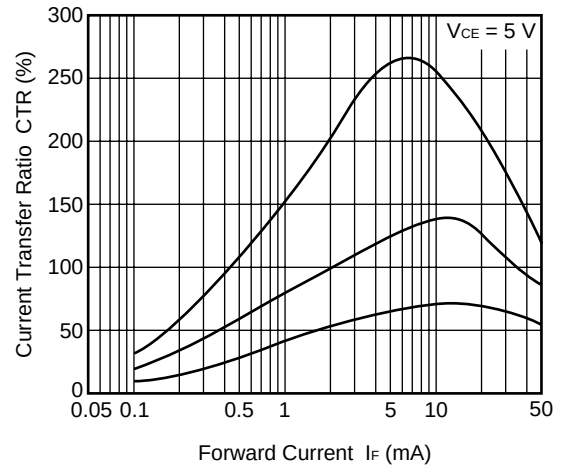


Remark The graphs indicate nominal characteristics.

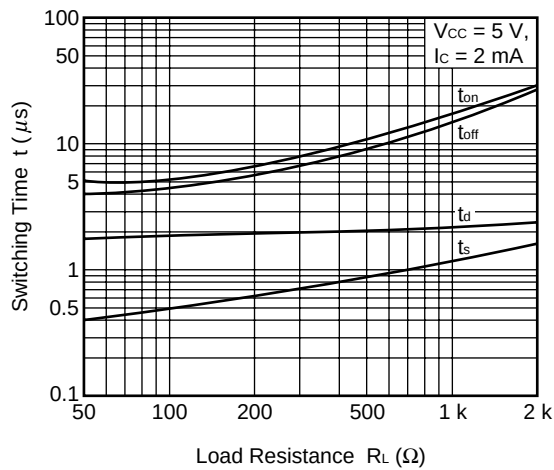
NORMALIZED CURRENT TRANSFER RATIO vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



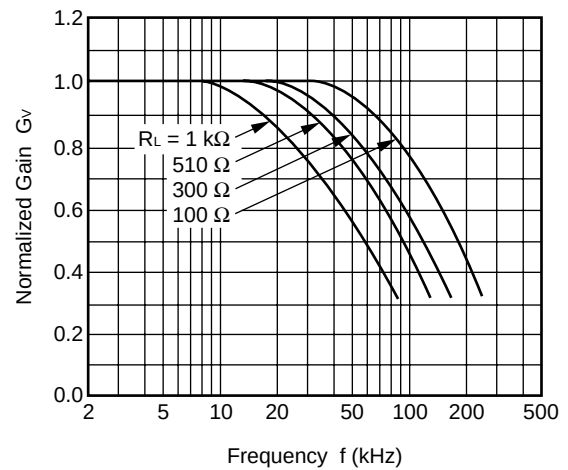
CURRENT TRANSFER RATIO vs. FORWARD CURRENT



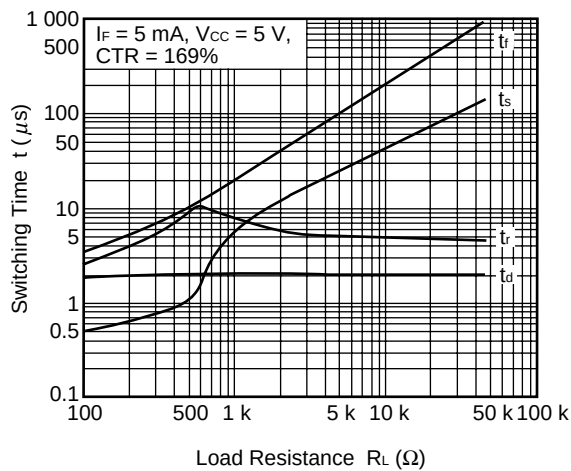
SWITCHING TIME vs. LOAD RESISTANCE



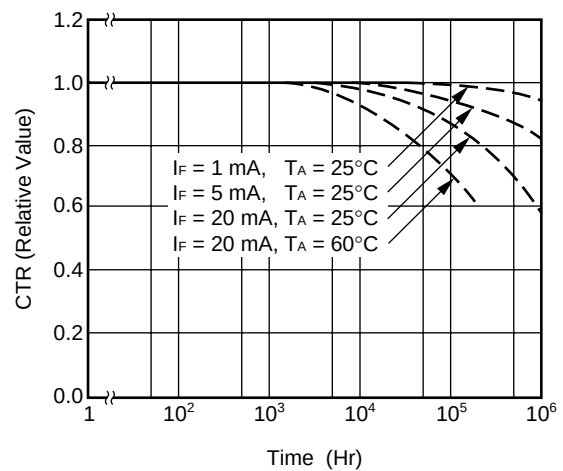
FREQUENCY RESPONSE



SWITCHING TIME vs. LOAD RESISTANCE



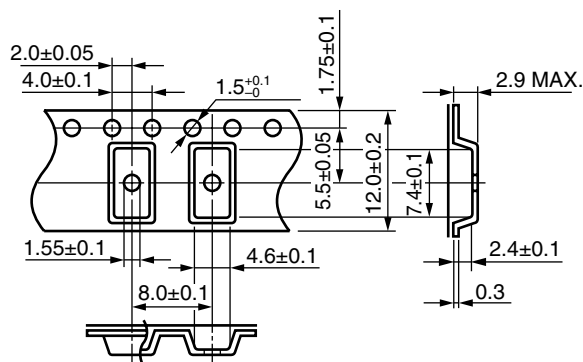
LONG TERM CTR DEGRADATION



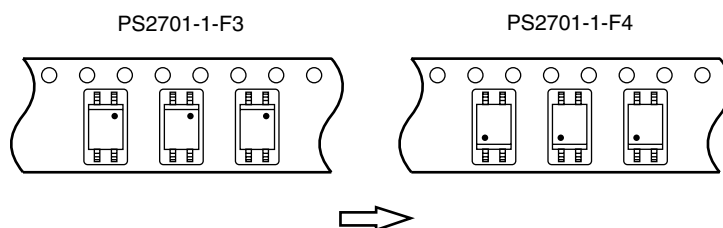
Remark The graphs indicate nominal characteristics.

TAPING SPECIFICATIONS (in millimeters)

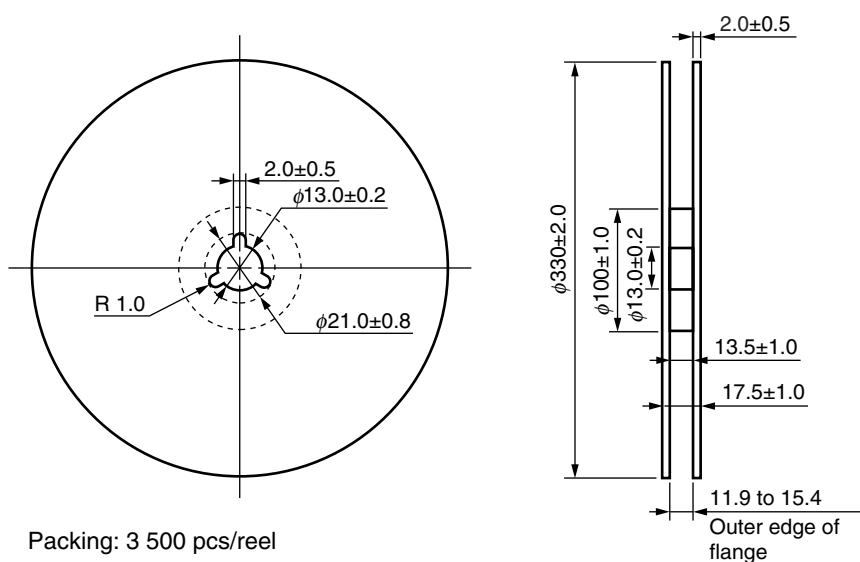
Outline and Dimensions (Tape)



Tape Direction



Outline and Dimensions (Reel)



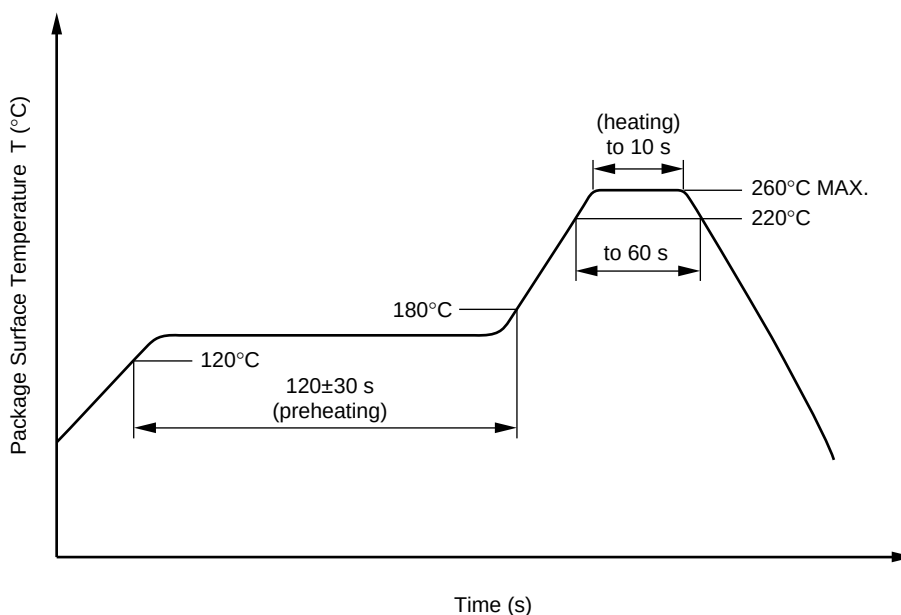
NOTES ON HANDLING

1. Recommended soldering conditions

(1) Infrared reflow soldering

- Peak reflow temperature 260°C or below (package surface temperature)
- Time of peak reflow temperature 10 seconds or less
- Time of temperature higher than 220°C 60 seconds or less
- Time to preheat temperature from 120 to 180°C 120±30 s
- Number of reflows Three
- Flux Rosin flux containing small amount of chlorine (The flux with a maximum chlorine content of 0.2 Wt% is recommended.)

Recommended Temperature Profile of Infrared Reflow



(2) Wave soldering

- Temperature 260°C or below (molten solder temperature)
- Time 10 seconds or less
- Preheating conditions 120°C or below (package surface temperature)
- Number of times One (Allowed to be dipped in solder including plastic mold portion.)
- Flux Rosin flux containing small amount of chlorine (The flux with a maximum chlorine content of 0.2 Wt% is recommended.)

(3) Soldering by soldering iron

- Peak temperature (lead part temperature) 350°C or below
- Time (each pins) 3 seconds or less
- Flux Rosin flux containing small amount of chlorine (The flux with a maximum chlorine content of 0.2 Wt% is recommended.)

(a) Soldering of leads should be made at the point 1.5 to 2.0 mm from the root of the lead.

(b) Please be sure that the temperature of the package would not be heated over 100°C.

(4) Cautions

- Fluxes

Avoid removing the residual flux with freon-based and chlorine-based cleaning solvent.

2. Cautions regarding noise

Be aware that when voltage is applied suddenly between the photocoupler's input and output or between collector-emitters at startup, the output transistor may enter the on state, even if the voltage is within the absolute maximum ratings.

3. Measurement conditions of current transfer ratios (CTR), which differ according to photocoupler

Check the setting values before use, since the forward current conditions at CTR measurement differ according to product.

When using products other than at the specified forward current, the characteristics curves may differ from the standard curves due to CTR value variations or the like. This tendency may sometimes be obvious, especially below $I_F = 1$ mA.

Therefore, check the characteristics under the actual operating conditions and thoroughly take variations or the like into consideration before use.

USAGE CAUTIONS

1. Protect against static electricity when handling.
2. Avoid storage at a high temperature and high humidity.

<R> SPECIFICATION OF VDE MARKS LICENSE DOCUMENT

Parameter	Symbol	Spec.	Unit
Climatic test class (IEC 60068-1/DIN EN 60068-1)		55/110/21	
Dielectric strength maximum operating isolation voltage Test voltage (partial discharge test, procedure a for type test and random test) $U_{pr} = 1.5 \times U_{IORM}$, $P_d < 5$ pC	U_{IORM} U_{pr}	707 1 060	V_{peak} V_{peak}
Test voltage (partial discharge test, procedure b for all devices) $U_{pr} = 1.875 \times U_{IORM}$, $P_d < 5$ pC	U_{pr}	1 325	V_{peak}
Highest permissible overvoltage	U_{TR}	6 000	V_{peak}
Degree of pollution (DIN EN 60664-1 VDE0110 Part 1)		2	
Clearance distance		>5.0	mm
Creepage distance		>5.0	mm
Comparative tracking index (IEC 60112/DIN EN 60112 (VDE 0303 Part 11))	CTI	175	
Material group (DIN EN 60664-1 VDE0110 Part 1)		III a	
Storage temperature range	T_{stg}	-55 to +150	°C
Operating temperature range	T_A	-55 to +110	°C
Isolation resistance, minimum value $V_{IO} = 500$ V dc at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{IO} = 500$ V dc at T_A MAX. at least 100°C	Ris MIN. Ris MIN.	10^{12} 10^{11}	Ω Ω
Safety maximum ratings (maximum permissible in case of fault, see thermal derating curve) Package temperature Current (input current I_F , $P_{Si} = 0$) Power (output or total power dissipation) Isolation resistance $V_{IO} = 500$ V dc at $T_A = T_{Si}$	T_{Si} I_{Si} P_{Si} Ris MIN.	150 300 500 10^9	°C mA mW Ω

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M8E 02.11-1

Caution

GaAs Products

This product uses gallium arsenide (GaAs).

GaAs vapor and powder are hazardous to human health if inhaled or ingested, so please observe the following points.

- Follow related laws and ordinances when disposing of the product. If there are no applicable laws and/or ordinances, dispose of the product as recommended below.
 1. Commission a disposal company able to (with a license to) collect, transport and dispose of materials that contain arsenic and other such industrial waste materials.
 2. Exclude the product from general industrial waste and household garbage, and ensure that the product is controlled (as industrial waste subject to special control) up until final disposal.
- Do not burn, destroy, cut, crush, or chemically dissolve the product.
- Do not lick the product or in any way allow it to enter the mouth.