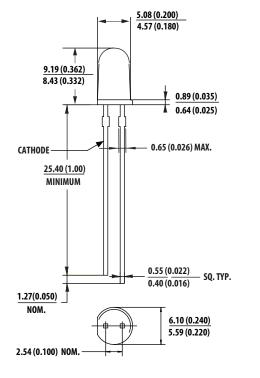
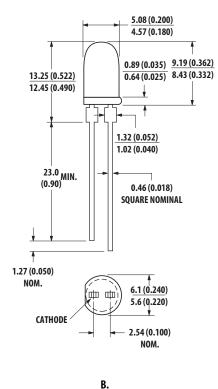
Package Dimensions

Package Outline A

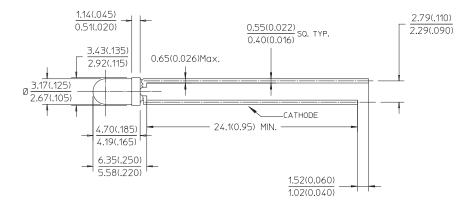




Package Outline B

A.

Package Outline C



NOTE:

- 1. All dimensions are in mm (in.).
- 2. An epoxy meniscus may extend about 1 mm (0.040 in.) down the leads.
- 3. For PCB hole recommendations, see the Precautions section.

Selection Guide

		Luminous Intensity Iv (mcd) at 1 mA			2θ _{1/2} ^a	Package
Package Description	Device HLMP-	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Degree	Outline
T-1¾ Red Tinted Diffused	D150	1.3	3.0	—	65	А
	D150-C00xx	1.3	3.0	—	65	A
T-1¾ Red Untinted Non-diffused	D155	5.4	10.0		24	В
	D155-F00xx	5.4	10.0	—	24	В
T-1 Red Tinted Diffused	K150	1.3	2.0	_	60	С
	K150-C00xx	1.3	2.0	—	60	С
	K150-CD0xx	1.3	2.0	4.2	60	С
T-1 Red Untinted Non-diffused	K155	2.1	3.0	_	45	С
	K155-D00xx	2.1	3.0	—	45	С

a. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off axis angle from lamp centerline where the luminous intensity is ½ the on-axis value.

Absolute Maximum Ratings at T_A = 25°C

Parameter	Value
Peak Forward Current ^a	300 mA
Average Forward Current ^b	20 mA
DC Current ^b	30 mA
Power Dissipation	87 mW
Reverse Voltage (I _R = 100 µA)	5V
Transient Forward Current (10 μs Pulse) ^c	500 mA
LED Junction Temperature	110°C
Operating Temperature Range	–20°C to +100°C
Storage Temperature Range	-40°C to +100°C

a. Maximum I_{PEAK} at f = 1 kHz, DF = 6.7%.

b. Derate linearly as shown in Figure 4.

c. The transient peak current is the maximum non-recurring peak current the device can withstand without damaging the LED die and wire bonds. It is not recommended that the device be operated at peak currents beyond the Absolute Maximum Peak Forward Current.

Electrical/Optical Characteristics at T_A = 25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Condition
Forward Voltage	V _F	_	1.6	2.2	V	I _F = 1 mA
Reverse Breakdown Voltage	V _R	5.0	15.0	—	V	I _R = 100 μA
Peak Wavelength	λ _p	—	645	_	nm	Measurement at Peak
Dominant Wavelength	λ_d	—	637	—	nm	Note ^a
Spectral Line Halfwidth	Δλ1⁄2	_	20	_	nm	Wavelength width at spectral distribution ½ power point.
Speed of Response	τ _S		30		ns	Exponential Time Constant, e ^{-t} /T _S
Capacitance	С	_	30	—	pF	V _F = 0, f = 1 MHz
Thermal Resistance	Rθ _{J-PIN}	—	260 ^b	_	°C/W	Junction to Cathode Lead
			210 ^c			
			290 ^d			
Luminous Efficacy	η_V		80	_	lm/W	Note ^e

a. The dominant wavelength, λ_d , is derived from the CIE chromaticity diagram and represents the color of the device.

b. HLMP-D150.

c. HLMP-D155.

d. HLMP-K150/-K155.

e. The radiant intensity, I_e , in watts per steradian, may be found from the equation $I_e = I_V/\eta_V$, where I_V is the luminous intensity in candelas and η_V is luminous efficacy in lumens/watt.

Part Numbering System

HLMP-	X ₁	X ₂	X ₃	X 4	-	X ₅	X ₆	X ₇	X 8	X ₉	
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Code	Description	Option	
X ₁	Package type	D	T-1¾ (5 mm)
		К	T-1 (3 mm)
X ₂	Color options	1	AlGaAs Red
X ₃ X ₄	Lens type	50	Tinted, diffused
		55	Untinted, non-diffused
X ₅	Minimum intensity bin	See Intensity Bin Limits	
X ₆	Maximum intensity bin	0	Open binning (no maximum limit)
X ₇	Color bin selection	0	Full range
X ₈ X ₉	Packaging option	00	Bulk packaging
		02	Tape and reel
		A1	Right angle housing, uneven leads
		B2	Right angle housing, even leads

Intensity Bin Limits

		Intensity R	ange (mcd)
Color	Bin	Min.	Max.
Red	С	1.5	2.4
	D	2.4	3.8
	E	3.8	6.1
	F	6.1	9.7
	G	9.7	15.5
	Н	15.5	24.8
	Ι	24.8	39.6
	J	39.6	63.4
	К	63.4	101.5
	L	101.5	162.4
	М	162.4	234.6
	Ν	234.6	340.0
	0	340.0	540.0
	Р	540.0	850.0
	Q	850.0	1200.0
	R	1200.0	1700.0
	S	1700.0	2400.0
	Т	2400.0	3400.0
	U	3400.0	4900.0
	V	4900.0	7100.0
	W	7100.0	10200.0
	Х	10200.0	14800.0
	Y	14800.0	21400.0
	Z	21400.0	30900.0

Maximum tolerance for each bin limit is \pm 18%.

Mechanical Option Matrix

Mechanical Option Code	Definition
00	Bulk Packaging, minimum increment 500 pieces/bag
02	Tape and Reel, straight leads, minimum increment 1300 pieces (T-1¾), 800 pieces (T-1)
A1	T-1 Right Angle Housing, uneven leads, minimum increment 500 pieces/bag
B2	T-1¾ Right Angle Housing, even leads, minimum increment 500 pieces/bag

NOTE: All categories are established for classification of products. Products may not be available in all categories. Please contact your local Broadcom representative for further clarification/information.

Figure 1: Relative Intensity vs. Wavelength

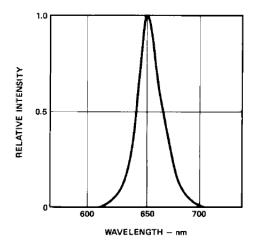


Figure 3: Relative Luminous Intensity vs. DC Forward Current

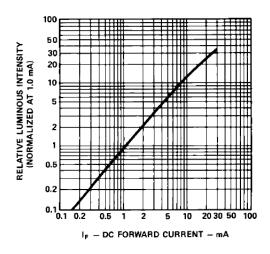


Figure 5: Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Angular Displacement, HLMP-D150

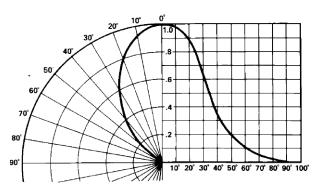


Figure 2: Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

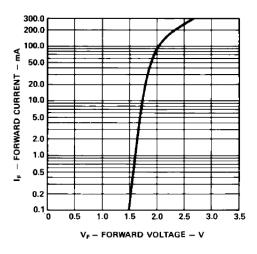
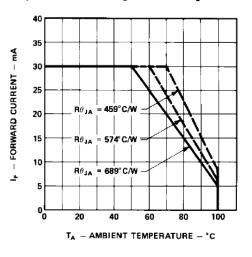
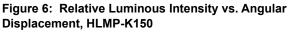


Figure 4: Maximum Forward DC Current vs. Ambient Temperature. Derating based on T_J MAX. = 110°C.





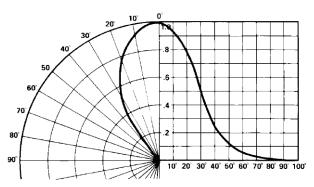
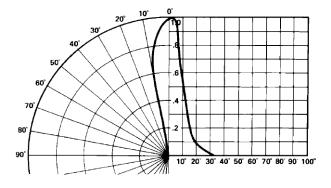


Figure 7: Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Angular Displacement, HLMP-D155



Precautions

Lead Forming

- The leads of an LED lamp may be preformed or cut to length prior to insertion and soldering on PC board.
- For better control, use the proper tool to precisely form and cut the leads to applicable length rather than doing it manually.
- If manual lead cutting is necessary, cut the leads after the soldering process. The solder connection forms a mechanical ground that prevents mechanical stress due to lead cutting from traveling into LED package. Use this method for the hand soldering operation, because the excess lead length also acts as small heat sink.

Soldering and Handling

- Take care during the PCB assembly and soldering process to prevent damage to the LED component.
- LED component may be effectively hand soldered to PCB. However, do this under unavoidable circumstances, such as rework. The closest manual soldering distance of the soldering heat source (soldering iron's tip) to the body is 1.59 mm. Soldering the LED using soldering iron tip closer than 1.59 mm might damage the LED.

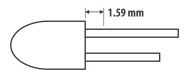
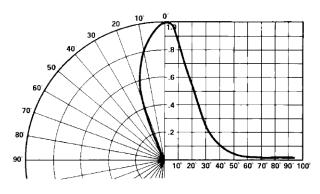


Figure 8: Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Angular Displacement, HLMP-K155



- Apply ESD precautions on the soldering station and personnel to prevent ESD damage to the LED component that is ESD sensitive. Refer to Broadcom application note AN 1142 for details. The soldering iron used must have a grounded tip to ensure electrostatic charge is properly grounded.
- Recommended soldering condition.

Wave Soldering ^a , ^b	Manual Solder Dipping		
Pre-heat Temperature	105°C max.		
Pre-heat Time	60s max.		
Peak Temperature	250°C max.	260°C max.	
Dwell Time	3s max.	5s max.	

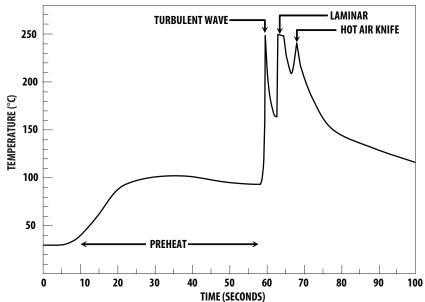
a. The preceding conditions refer to measurement with a thermocouple mounted at the bottom of the PCB.

- b. Use only bottom pre-heaters to reduce thermal stress experienced by LED.
- Set and maintain wave soldering parameters according to the recommended temperature and dwell time.
 Perform daily checks on the soldering profile to ensure that it always conforms to the recommended soldering conditions.

NOTE:

- PCBs with different size and design (component density) will have a different heat mass (heat capacity). This might cause a change in temperature experienced by the board if the same wave soldering setting is used. Therefore, re-calibrate the soldering profile again before loading a new type of PCB.
- Take extra precautions during wave soldering to ensure that the maximum wave temperature does not exceed 250°C and the solder contact time does not exceed 3s. Over-stressing the LED during the soldering process might cause premature failure to the LED due to delamination.
- Loosely fit any alignment fixture that is being applied during wave soldering and do not apply weight or force on the LED. Use non-metal material because it will absorb less heat during the wave soldering process.
- At elevated temperature, LED is more susceptible to mechanical stress. Therefore, allow the PCB to cool down to room temperature prior to handling, which includes removal of alignment fixture or pallet.
- If PCB board contains both through-hole (TH) LED and other surface-mount components, solder surface-mount components on the top side of the PCB. If the surface mount must be on the bottom side, solder these components using reflow soldering prior to the insertion of the TH LED.





 The recommended PC board plated through holes (PTH) size for LED component leads follows.

	LED Component Lead Size	Diagonal	Plated Through- Hole Diameter
Lead size (typ.)	0.45 × 0.45 mm (0.018 × 0.018 in.)		0.98 to 1.08 mm (0.039 to 0.043 in.)
Dambar shear- off area (max.)		0.919 mm (0.036 in.)	
Lead size (typ.)	0.50 × 0.50 mm (0.020 × 0.020 in.)	0.707 mm (0.028 in.)	1.05 to 1.15 mm (0.041 to 0.045 in.)
Dambar shear- off area (max.)		0.99 mm (0.039 in.)	

 Over-sizing the PTH can lead to twisted LED after clinching. On the other hand under sizing the PTH can cause difficulty inserting the TH LED.

Refer to application note AN5334 for more information about soldering and handling of TH LED lamps.

Recommended solder: Sn63 (Leaded solder alloy) SAC305 (Lead free solder alloy)

Flux: Rosin flux

Solder bath temperature: 245°C± 5°C (maximum peak temperature = 250°C)

Dwell time: 1.5s – 3.0s (maximum = 3 seconds)

Note: Allow for board to be sufficiently cooled to room temperature before exerting mechanical force. Recommended solder: Sn63 (Leaded solder alloy) SAC305 (Lead free solder alloy)

Flux: Rosin flux

Solder bath temperature: 245°C± 5°C (maximum peak temperature = 250°C)

Dwell time: 1.5s - 3.0s (maximum = 3 seconds)

0 Note: Allow for board to be sufficiently cooled to room temperature before exerting mechanical force.

Broadcom

Packaging Label

Avago Mother Label (Available on Packaging Box of Ammo Pack and Shipping Box)

(1P) Item: Part Number 	STANDARD LABEL LS0002 RoHS Compliant e3 max temp 250C (Q) QTY: Quantity	
LPN:	CAT: Intensity Bin	
(9D)MFG Date: Manufacturing Date	BIN: Color Bin	
(P) Customer Item: ┃		
(V) Vendor ID: ┃	(9D) Date Code: Date Code	
DeptID:	Made In: Country of Origin	

Avago Baby Label (Only Available on Bulk Packaging)

AVAGO TECHNOLOGIES Lamps Baby Label	RoHS Compliant e3 max temp 250C			
(1P) PART #: Part Number				
(1T) LOT #: Lot Number 				
(9D)MFG DATE: Manufacturing Date	QUANTITY: Packing Quantity			
C/O: Country of Origin				
Customer P/N:	CAT: Intensity Bin			
Supplier Code:	BIN: Color Bin			
	DATECODE: Date Code			

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