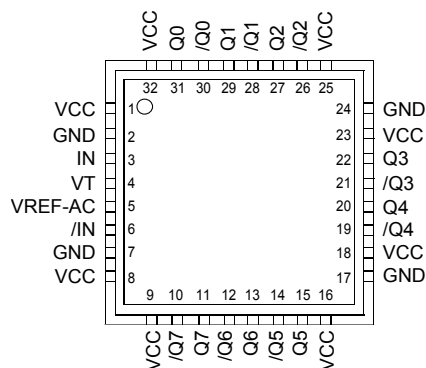


## PACKAGE/ORDERING INFORMATION



**Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>(1)</sup>**

Power Supply Voltage ( $V_{CC}$ )	.....	–0.5V to +4.0V
Input Voltage ( $V_{IN}$ )	.....	–0.5V to $V_{CC}$
Current ( $V_T$ )		
Source or sink current on $V_T$ pin	.....	±100mA
Input Current ( $V_T$ )		
Source or sink current on IN, /IN	.....	±50mA
Current ( $V_{REF}$ )		
Source or sink current on $V_{REF-AC}$ <sup>(3)</sup>	.....	±1.5mA
Lead Temperature Soldering, (20 sec.)	.....	260°C
Storage Temperature Range ( $T_S$ )	.....	–65°C to +150°C

**Operating Ratings<sup>(2)</sup>**

Power Supply Voltage ( $V_{CC}$ )	.....	+2.375V to +3.60V
Ambient Temperature Range ( $T_A$ )	.....	–40°C to +85°C
Package Thermal Resistance <sup>(4)</sup>		
MLF® ( $\theta_{JA}$ )		
Still-Air	.....	35°C/W
MLF® ( $\psi_{JB}$ )		
Junction-to-Board	.....	20°C/W

**DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS<sup>(5)</sup>** $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to } +85^\circ\text{C}$ 

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
$V_{CC}$	Power Supply Voltage	2.5V nominal 3.3V nominal	2.375 3.0	2.5 3.3	2.625 3.6	V
$I_{CC}$	Power Supply Current	$V_{CC} = \text{max.}$ No load. Includes current through 50 $\Omega$ pull-ups.		190	250	mA
$V_{IH}$	Input HIGH Voltage	IN, /IN, Note 6	$V_{CC}-1.6$		$V_{CC}$	V
$V_{IL}$	Input LOW Voltage	IN, /IN	0		$V_{IH}-0.1$	V
$V_{IN}$	Input Voltage Swing	IN, /IN, see Figure 1a.	0.1		1.7	V
$V_{DIFF\_IN}$	Differential Input Voltage Swing  IN0, /IN0 ,  IN1, /IN1	IN, /IN, see Figure 1b.	0.2			V
$R_{IN}$	In-to- $V_T$ Resistance		40	50	60	$\Omega$
$V_{TIN}$	Max. In-to- $V_T$ (IN, /IN)				1.28	V
$V_{REF-AC}$			$V_{CC}-1.3$	$V_{CC}-1.2$	$V_{CC}-1.1$	V

**LVPECL DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS<sup>(5)</sup>** $V_{CC} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$  or  $3.3V \pm 10\%$ ;  $R_L = 50\Omega$  to  $V_{CC}-2V$ ;  $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to } +85^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise stated.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
$V_{OH}$	Output HIGH Voltage		$V_{CC}-1.145$		$V_{CC}-0.895$	V
$V_{OL}$	Output LOW Voltage		$V_{CC}-1.945$		$V_{CC}-1.695$	V
$V_{OUT}$	Output Voltage Swing	see Figure 1a.	500	800		mV
$V_{DIFF\_OUT}$	Differential Voltage Swing	see Figure 1b.	1000	1600	2000	mV

**Notes:**

1. Permanent device damage may occur if Absolute Maximum Ratings are exceeded. This is a stress rating only and functional operation is not implied at conditions other than those detailed in the operational sections of this data sheet. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Ratings conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
2. The data sheet limits are not guaranteed if the device is operated beyond the operating ratings.
3. Due to the limited drive capability, use for input of the same package only.
4. Thermal performance assumes exposed pad is soldered (or equivalent) to the device's most negative potential (GND) on the PCB.  $\psi_{JB}$  uses 4-layer  $\theta_{JA}$  in still-air number unless otherwise stated.
5. The circuit is designed to meet the DC specifications shown in the above tables after thermal equilibrium has been established.
6.  $V_{IH}$  (min) not lower than 1.2V.

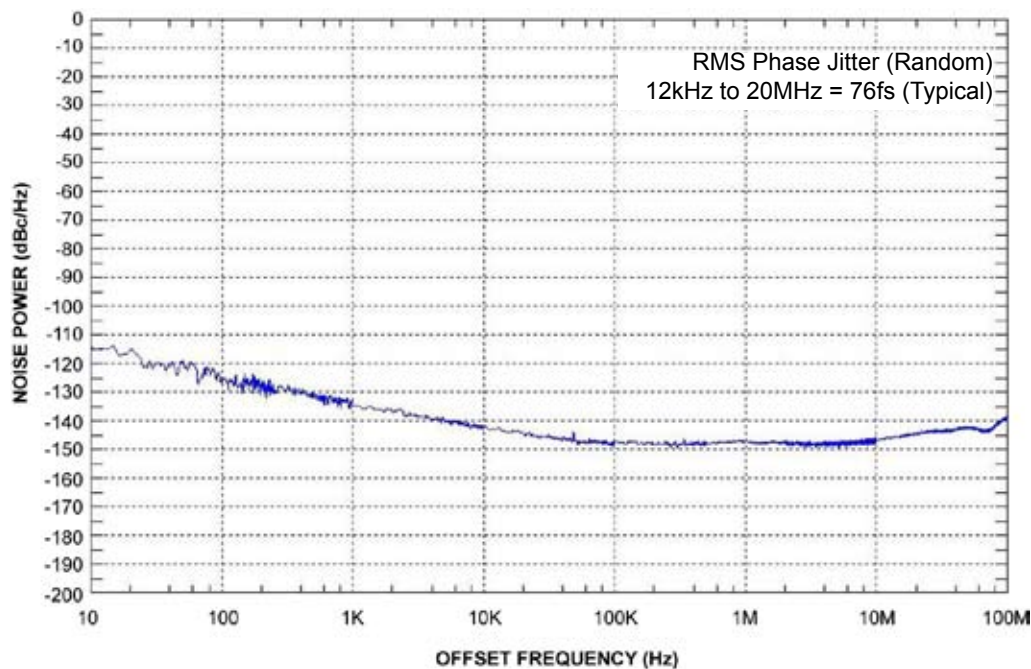
**AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS<sup>(7)</sup>**

$V_{CC} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$  or  $3.3V \pm 10\%$ ;  $R_L = 50\Omega$  to  $V_{CC} - 2V$ ;  $T_A = -40^\circ C$  to  $+85^\circ C$ , unless otherwise stated.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
$f_{MAX}$	Maximum Operating Frequency	$V_{OUT} \geq 400mV$ Clock	4			GHz
$t_{pd}$	Propagation Delay (IN-to-Q)		180	260	330	ps
$t_{pd\ tempco}$	Differential Propagation Delay Temperature Coefficient			35		fs/ $^\circ C$
$t_{SKEW}$	Output-to-Output Skew (within Device)	<b>Note 8</b>		7	20	ps
	Part-to-Part Skew	<b>Note 9</b>			100	ps
$t_{JITTER}$	RMS Phase Jitter	Output = 622MHz Integration Ranges 12kHz - 20MHz		76		fs
$t_r, t_f$	Output Rise/Fall Time	20% to 80%, at full output swing.	35	75	110	ps

**Notes:**

- High frequency AC electricals are guaranteed by design and characterization. All outputs loaded with  $50\Omega$  to  $V_{CC} - 2V$ ,  $V_{IN} \geq 100mV$ .
- Output-to-output skew is measured between outputs under identical transitions.
- Part-to-part skew is defined for two parts with identical power supply voltages at the same temperature and with no skew of the edges at the respective inputs. Part-to-part skew includes variation in  $t_{pd}$ .

**PHASE NOISE****Phase Noise Plot: 622MHz @ 3.3V**

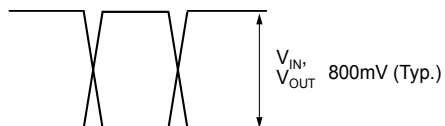
**SINGLE-ENDED AND DIFFERENTIAL SWINGS**

Figure 1a. Single-Ended Voltage Swing

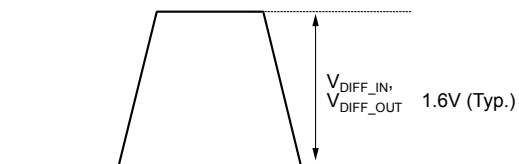
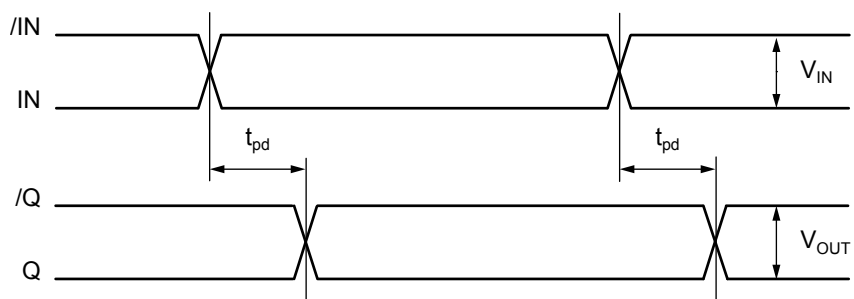
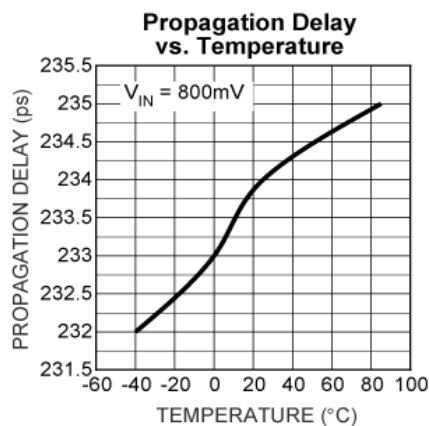
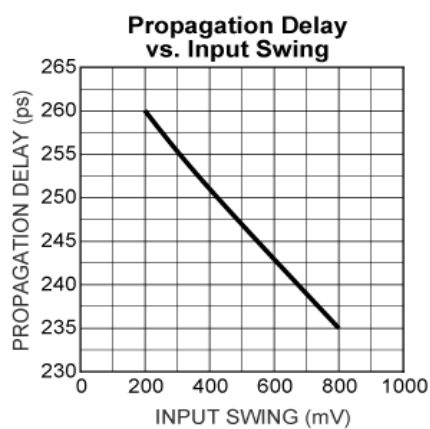
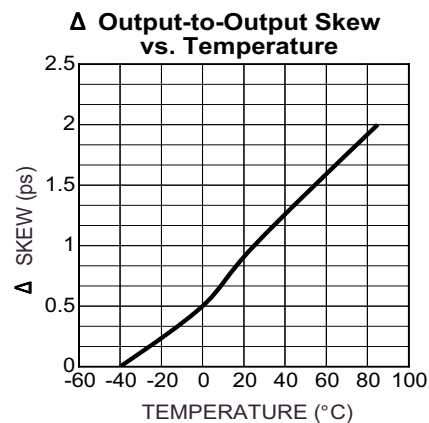
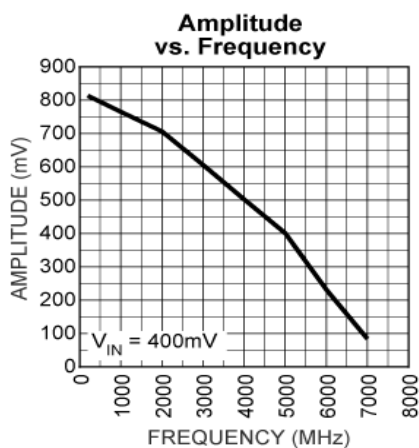
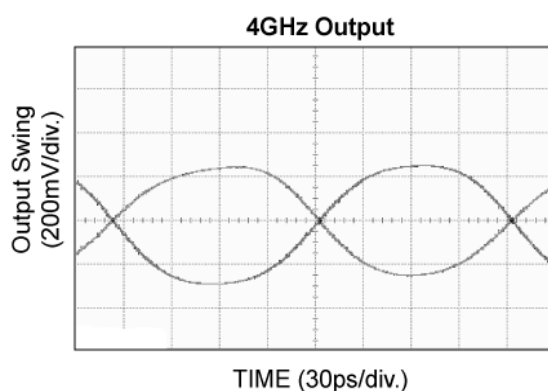
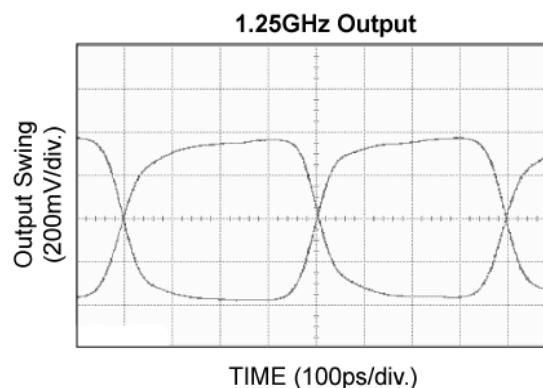
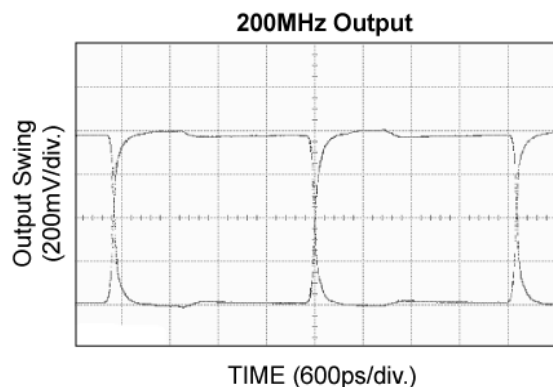


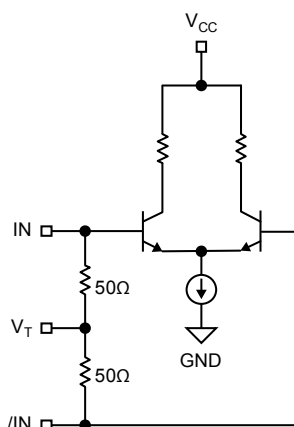
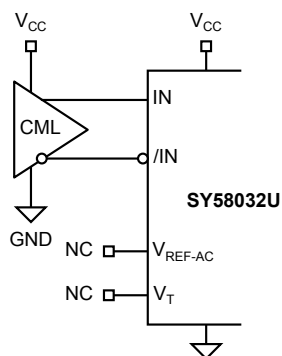
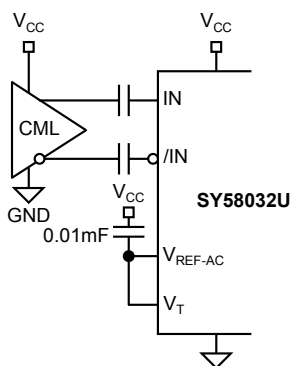
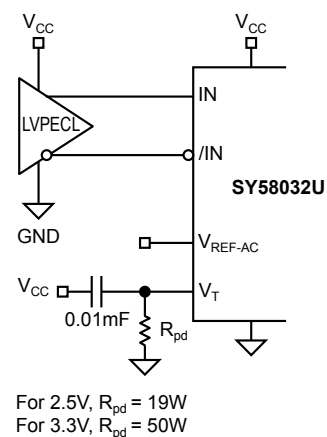
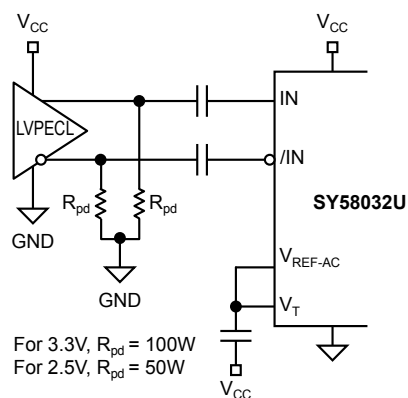
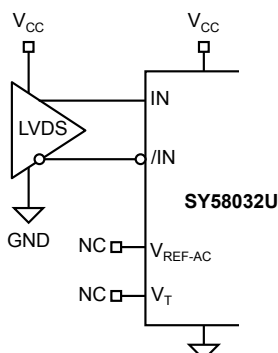
Figure 1b. Differential Voltage Swing

**TIMING DIAGRAM**

**TYPICAL OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS**

$V_{CC} = 2.5V$ ,  $GND = 0$ ,  $V_{IN} = 100mV$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise stated.



**INPUT BUFFER****Figure 2. Simplified Differential Input Buffer****INPUT INTERFACE APPLICATIONS****Figure 3a. DC-Coupled CML  
Input Interface***Option: May connect  $V_T$  to  $V_{CC}$ .***Figure 3b. AC-Coupled CML  
Input Interface****Figure 3c. LVPECL  
Input Interface****Figure 3d. AC-Coupled LVPECL  
Input Interface****Figure 3e. LVDS  
Input Interface**

LVPECL OUTPUT

LVPECL has high input impedance, and very low output impedance (open emitter), and small signal swing which results in low EMI. LVPECL is ideal for driving 50Ω and 100Ω controlled impedance transmission lines. There are several techniques for terminating the LVPECL output: Parallel

Termination-Thevenin Equivalent, Parallel Termination (3-resistor), and AC-coupled Termination. Unused output pairs may be left floating. However, single-ended outputs must be terminated, or balanced.

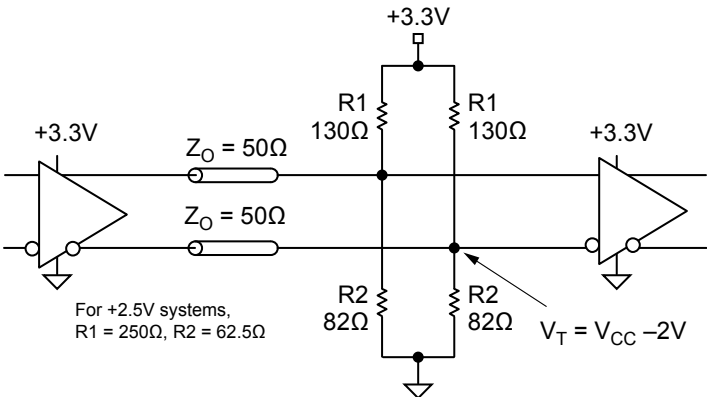


Figure 4. Parallel Termination-Thevenin Equivalent

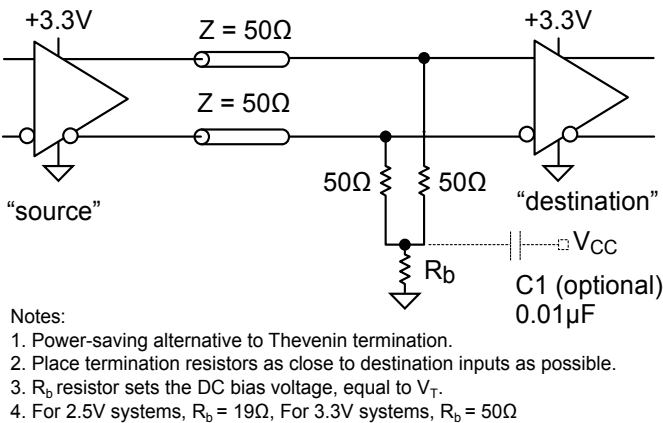
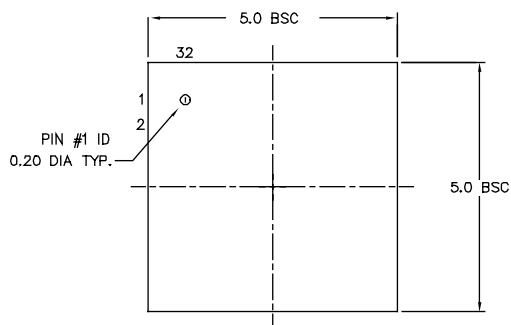


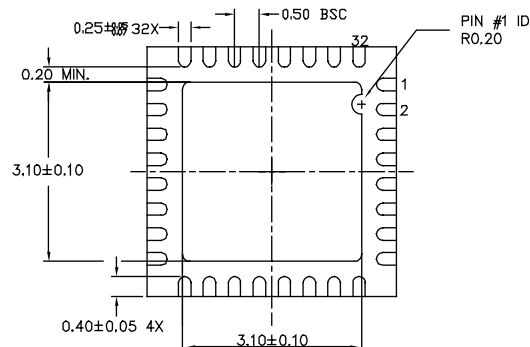
Figure 5. Parallel Termination (3-Resistor)

RELATED MICREL PRODUCTS AND SUPPORT DOCUMENTATION

Part Number	Function	Data Sheet Link
SY58031U	Ultra-Precision 1:8 Fanout Buffer with 400mV CML Outputs and Internal I/O Termination	<a href="http://www.micrel.com/product-info/products/sy58031u.shtml">http://www.micrel.com/product-info/products/sy58031u.shtml</a>
SY58032U	Ultra-Precision 1:8 Fanout Buffer with LVPECL Outputs and Internal Termination	<a href="http://www.micrel.com/product-info/products/sy58032u.shtml">http://www.micrel.com/product-info/products/sy58032u.shtml</a>
SY58033U	Ultra-Precision 1:8 Fanout Buffer with 400mV LVPECL Outputs and Internal Termination	<a href="http://www.micrel.com/product-info/products/sy58033u.shtml">http://www.micrel.com/product-info/products/sy58033u.shtml</a>
	32-MLF® Manufacturing Guidelines Exposed Pad Application Note	<a href="http://www.amkor.com/products/notes_papers/MLF_AppNote_0902.pdf">www.amkor.com/products/notes_papers/MLF_AppNote_0902.pdf</a>
	HBW Solutions	<a href="http://www.micrel.com/product-info/as/solutions.shtml">http://www.micrel.com/product-info/as/solutions.shtml</a>

**32-PIN MicroLeadFrame® (MLF-32)**

TOP VIEW



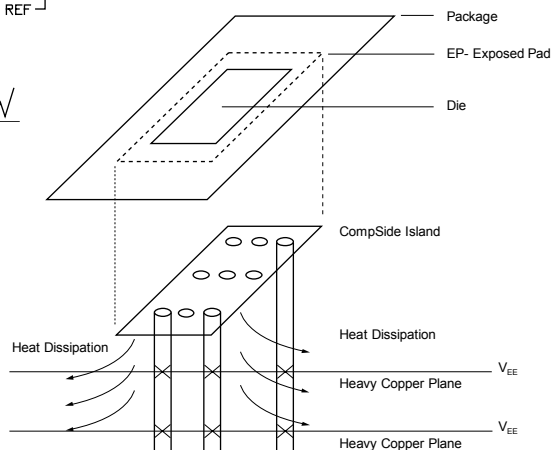
BOTTOM VIEW



SIDE VIEW

## NOTE:

1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
2. MAX. PACKAGE WARPAGE IS 0.05 mm.
3. MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE BURRS IS 0.076 mm IN ALL DIRECTIONS.
4. PIN #1 ID ON TOP WILL BE LASER/INK MARKED.



**PCB Thermal Consideration for 32-Pin MLF® Package**  
(Always solder, or equivalent, the exposed pad to the PCB)

**Package Notes:**

1. Package meets Level 2 qualification.
2. All parts are dry-packaged before shipment.
3. Exposed pads must be soldered to a ground for proper thermal management.

**MICREL, INC. 2180 FORTUNE DRIVE SAN JOSE, CA 95131 USA**

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