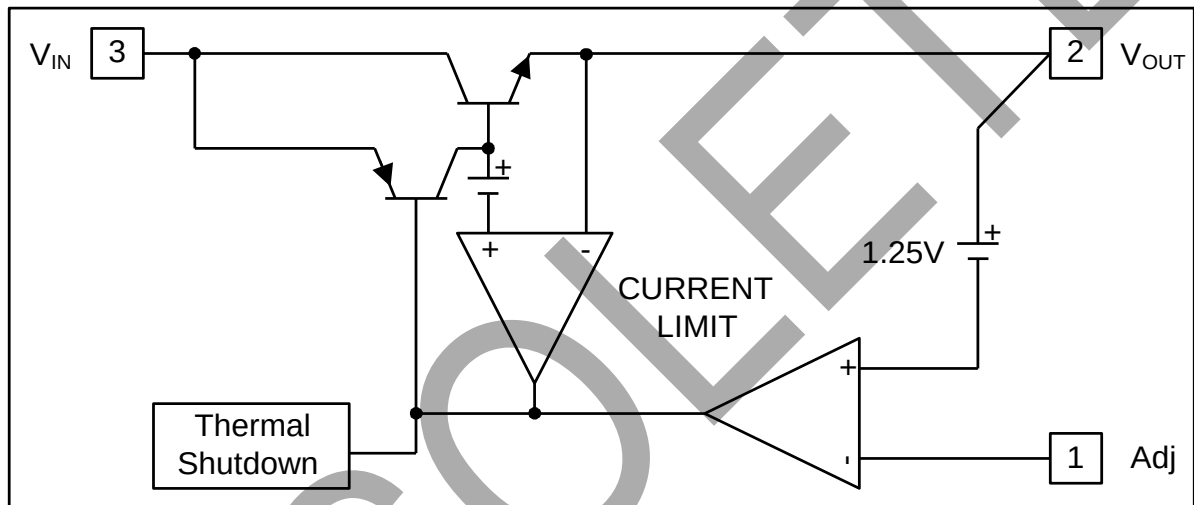


Pin Descriptions

Pin Name	I/O	Pin #	Description
Adj (GND)		1	Adjustable (Ground only for fixed mode)
V_{OUT}	O	2	The output of the regulator. A minimum of 10uF capacitor must be connected from this pin to ground to insure stability.
V_{IN}	I	3	The input pin of regulator. Typically a large storage capacitor is connected from this pin to ground to insure that the input voltage does not sag below the minimum dropout voltage during the load transient response. This pin must always be 1.4V higher than V_{OUT} in order for the device to regulate properly.

Functional Block Diagram



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Rating	Unit
V_{IN}	DC Supply Voltage	-0.3 to 12	V
T_{ST}	Storage Temperature	-65 to +150	°C
T_{MJ}	Maximum Junction Temperature	150	°C

Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
Top	Operating Junction Temperature Range	0	125	°C

Electrical Characteristics (Under Operating Conditions)

Parameter	Conditions		Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Reference Voltage	AP1086-Adj	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $(V_{IN}-V_{OUT}) = 1.5\text{V}$, $I_O = 10\text{mA}$	1.225	1.250	1.275	
Output Voltage	AP1086-1.5	$I_{OUT} = 10\text{mA}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $3\text{V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 12\text{V}$	1.470	1.500	1.530	V
	AP1086-1.8	$I_{OUT} = 10\text{mA}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $3.3\text{V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 12\text{V}$	1.764	1.800	1.836	V
	AP1086-2.5	$I_{OUT} = 10\text{mA}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $4\text{V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 12\text{V}$	2.450	2.500	2.550	V
	AP1086-3.3	$I_{OUT} = 10\text{mA}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $4.8\text{V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 12\text{V}$	3.235	3.300	3.365	V
	AP1086-5.0	$I_{OUT} = 10\text{mA}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $6.5\text{V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 12\text{V}$	4.900	5.000	5.100	V
Line Regulation	AP1086-XXX	$I_O = 10\text{mA}$, $V_{OUT} + 1.5\text{V} < V_{IN} < 12\text{V}$	-	-	0.2	%
Load Regulation	AP1086-Adj	$V_{IN} = 3.3\text{V}$, $0\text{mA} < I_O < 1.5\text{A}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (Note 3, 4)	-	-	1	%
	AP1086-1.5	$V_{IN} = 3\text{V}$, $0\text{mA} < I_O < 1.5\text{A}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (Note 3, 4)	-	12	15	mV
	AP1086-1.8	$V_{IN} = 3.3\text{V}$, $0\text{mA} < I_O < 1.5\text{A}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (Note 3, 4)	-	15	18	mV
	AP1086-2.5	$V_{IN} = 4\text{V}$, $0\text{mA} < I_O < 1.5\text{A}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (Note 3, 4)	-	20	25	mV
	AP1086-3.3	$V_{IN} = 5\text{V}$, $0 \leq I_{OUT} \leq 1.5\text{A}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (Note 3, 4)	-	26	33	mV
	AP1086-5.0	$V_{IN} = 8\text{V}$, $0 \leq I_{OUT} \leq 1.5\text{A}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (Note 3, 4)	-	40	50	mV
Dropout Voltage ($V_{IN}-V_{OUT}$)	AP1086-Adj/-2.5/ -3.3/-3.6/-5.0	$I_{OUT} = 1.5\text{A}$, $\Delta V_{OUT} = 1\%V_{OUT}$	-	1.3	1.4	V
Current Limit	AP1086-Adj/-2.5/ -3.3/-3.6/-5.0	$(V_{IN}-V_{OUT}) = 5\text{V}$	1.6	-	-	A
Minimum Load Current (Note 5)	AP1086-XXX	$0^\circ\text{C} \leq T_J \leq 125^\circ\text{C}$	-	5	10	mA
Thermal Regulation	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, 30ms pulse		-	0.008	0.04	%/W
Ripple Rejection	$f = 120\text{Hz}$, $C_{OUT} = 25\mu\text{F}$ Tantalum, $I_{OUT} = 1.5\text{A}$					
	AP1086-XXX	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 3\text{V}$	-	60	70	dB
RMS Noise (% of V_{OUT})	$10\text{Hz} \leq f \leq 10\text{KHz}$		-	0.003	-	%
Temperature Stability	$I_O = 10\text{mA}$		-	0.5	-	%
θ_{JA} Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Ambient (No heat sink; No air flow)	TO252-3L		-	101	-	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
	TO263-3L		-	83	-	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
	TO220-3L		-	86	-	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
θ_{JC} Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Case	TO252-3L: Control Circuitry/Power Transistor		-	15	-	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
	TO263-3L: Control Circuitry/Power Transistor		-	0.65/2.7	-	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
	TO220-3L: Control Circuitry/Power Transistor		-	0.65/2.7	-	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

- Notes:
- See thermal regulation specifications for changes in output voltage due to heating effects. Line and load regulation are measured at a constant junction temperature by low duty cycle pulse testing. Load regulation is measured at the output lead = 1/18" from the package.
 - Line and load regulation are guaranteed up to the maximum power dissipation of 15W. Power dissipation is determined by the difference in input and output and the output current. Guaranteed maximum power dissipation will not be available over the full input/output range.
 - Quiescent current is defined as the minimum output current required in maintaining regulation. At 12V input/output differential the device is guaranteed to regulate if the output current is greater than 10mA.

Functional Description

Introduction

The AP1086 adjustable or fixed-mode Low Dropout (LDO) regulator is a 3 terminal device which can easily be programmed by internal mask change to any voltages within the range of 1.25V to $V_{IN}-1.4V$. The AP1086 only needs 1.4V differential between V_{IN} and V_{OUT} to maintain output regulation. In addition, the output voltage tolerances are also extremely tight and they include the transient response as part of the specification. For example, Intel VRE specification calls for a total of $\pm 100mV$ including initial tolerance, load regulation and 0 to 1.5A load step.

The AP1086 is specifically designed to meet the fast current transient needs as well as providing an accurate initial voltage, reducing the overall system cost with the need for fewer output capacitors.

Load Regulation

Since the AP1086 is only a 3 terminal device, it is not possible to provide true remote sensing of the output voltage at the load. But it can supply good load regulation by internal feedback bypass the external loss such as adjustable mode.

Stability

The AP1086 requires the use of an output capacitor as part of the frequency compensation in order to make the regulator stable. For most applications a minimum of 10uF aluminum electrolytic capacitor insures both stability and good transient response.

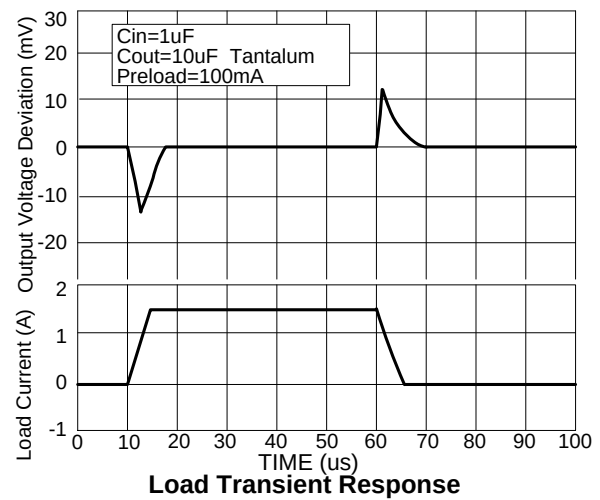
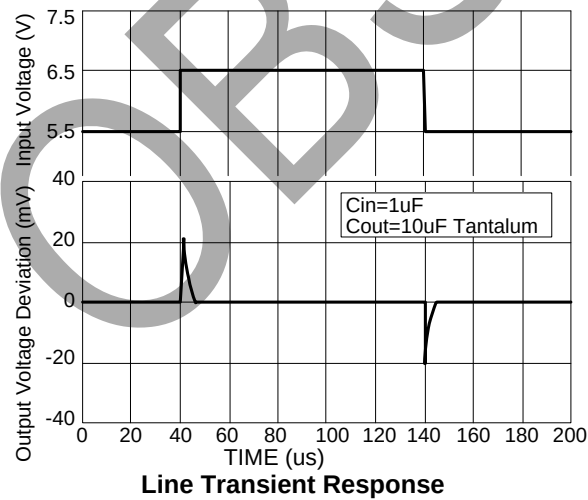
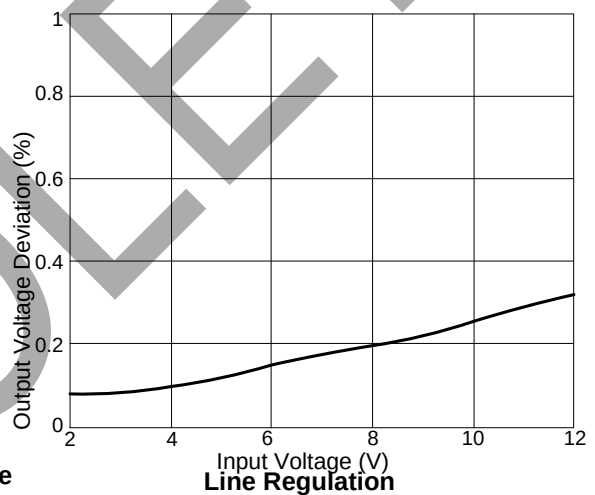
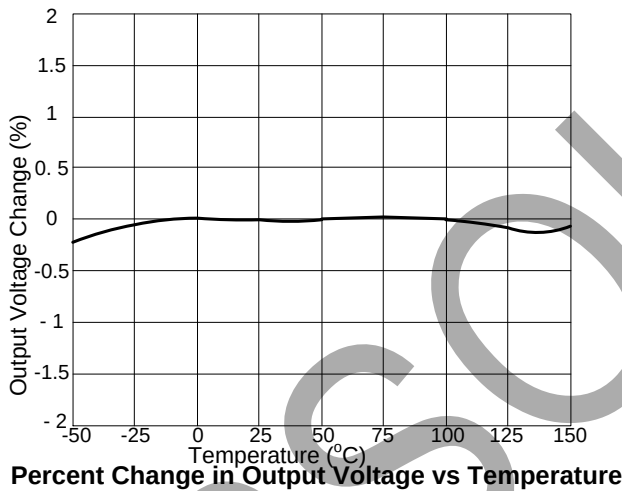
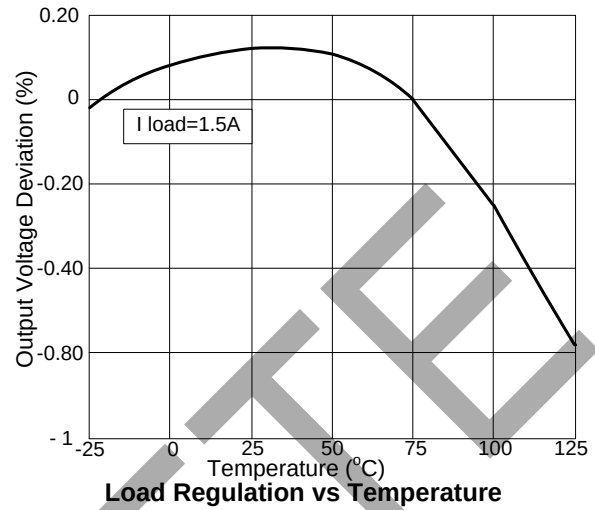
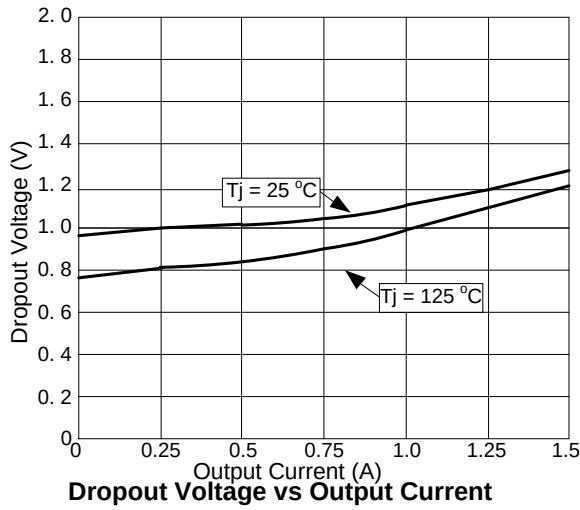
Thermal Design

The AP1086 incorporates an internal thermal shutdown that protects the device when the junction temperature exceeds the maximum allowable junction temperature. Although this device can operate with junction temperatures in the range of 150°C, it is recommended that the selected heat sink be chosen such that during maximum continuous load operation the junction temperature is kept below the temperature.

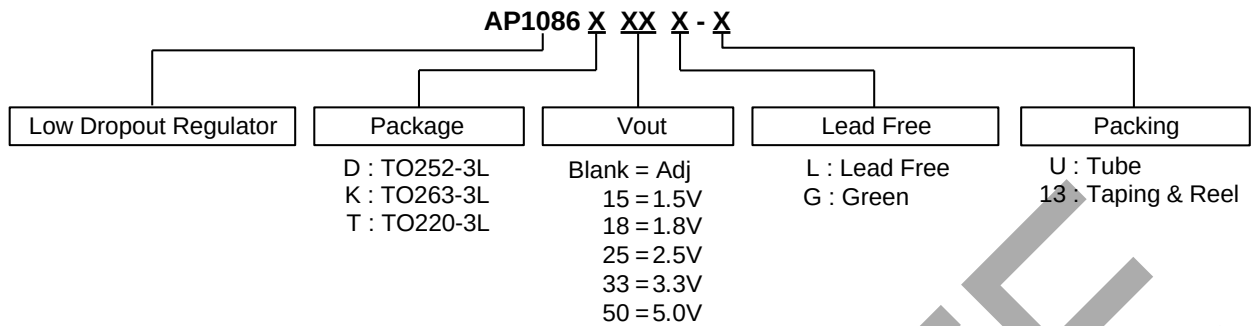
Layout Consideration

The output capacitors must be located as close to the V_{OUT} terminal of the device as possible. It is recommended to use a section of a layer of the PC board as a plane to connect the V_{OUT} pin to the output capacitors to prevent any high frequency oscillation that may result due to excessive trace inductance.

Typical Performance Characteristics



Ordering Information



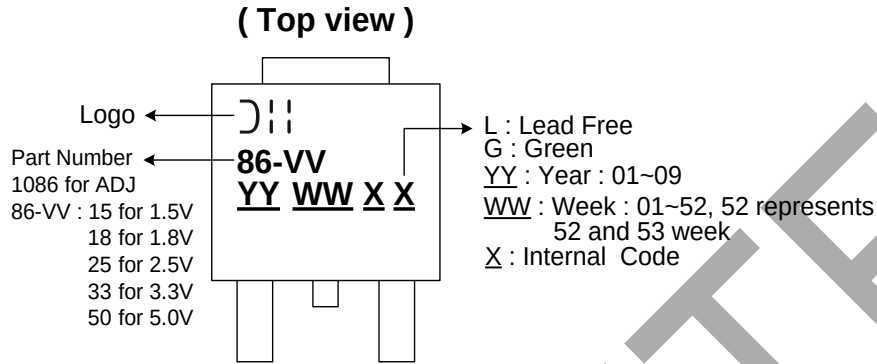
Device	Package Code	Packaging (Note 6)	Tube		13" Tape and Reel	
			Quantity	Part Number Suffix	Quantity	Part Number Suffix
AP1086DXXL-13	D	TO252-3L	NA	NA	2500/Tape & Reel	-13
AP1086DXXG-13	D	TO252-3L	NA	NA	2500/Tape & Reel	-13
AP1086KXXL-13	K	TO263-3L	NA	NA	800/Tape & Reel	-13
AP1086KXXG-13	K	TO263-3L	NA	NA	800/Tape & Reel	-13
AP1086TXXL-U	T	TO220-3L	50	-U	NA	NA
AP1086TXXG-U	T	TO220-3L	50	-U	NA	NA

Note: 6. Pad layout as shown in Diodes Incorporated's package outline PDFs, which can be found on our website at <http://www.diodes.com/package-outlines.html>.

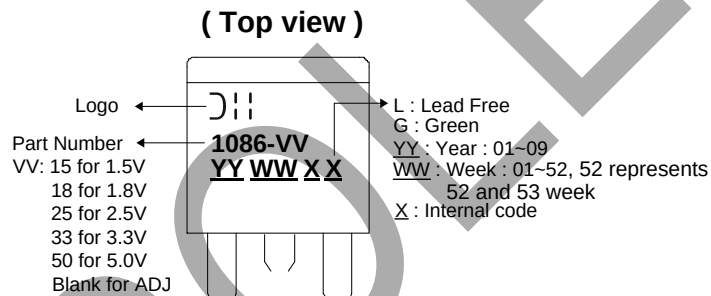
OBSOLETE - PART DISCONTINUED

Marking Information

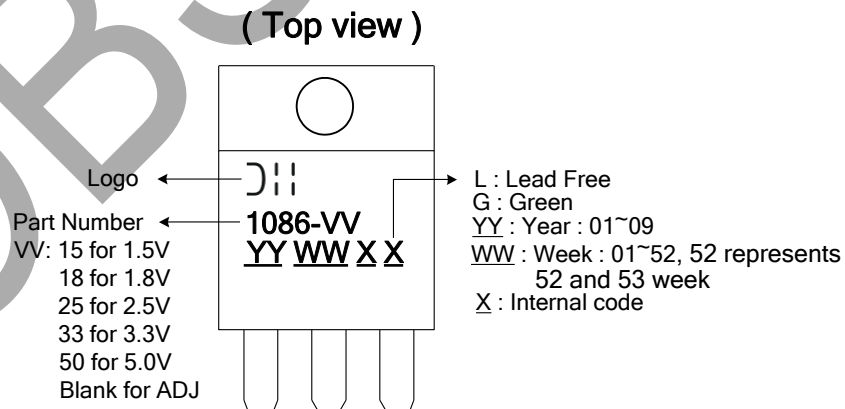
(1) TO252-3L



(2) TO263-3L



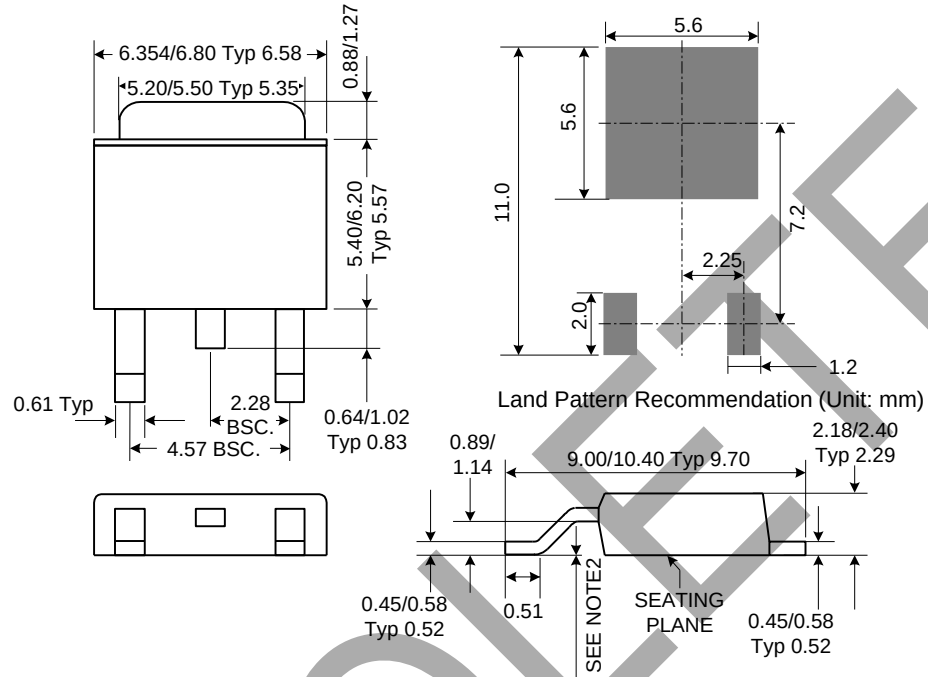
(3) TO220-3L



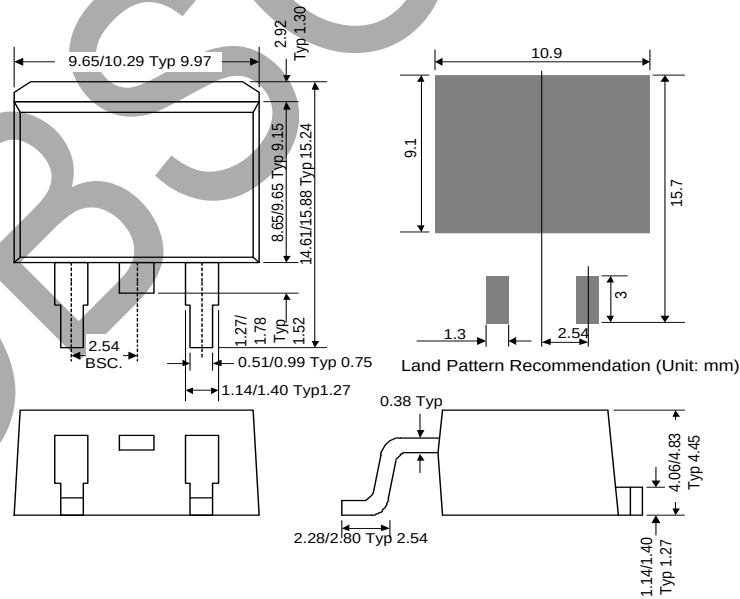
Package Outline Dimensions (All Dimensions in mm)

Please see <http://www.diodes.com/package-outlines.html> for the latest version.

(1) Package type: TO252-3L



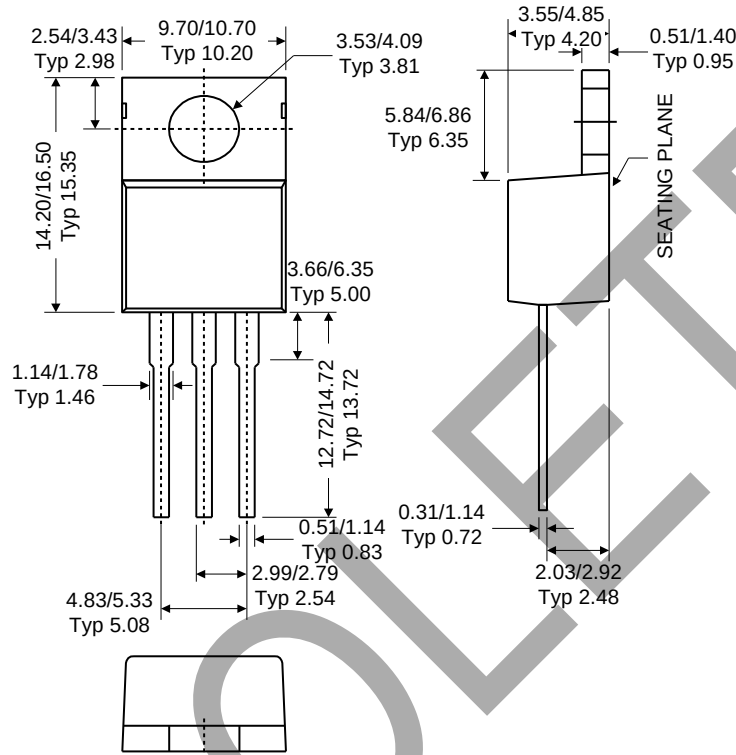
(2) Package type: TO263-3L



Package Outline Dimensions (All Dimensions in mm) (continued)

Please see <http://www.diodes.com/package-outlines.html> for the latest version.

(3) Package type: TO220-3L



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