

### 3. Ordering information

Table 1. Ordering information

Type number	Package			
	Temperature range	Name	Description	Version
74LVC2T45DC	-40 °C to +125 °C	VSSOP8	plastic very thin shrink small outline package; 8 leads; body width 2.3 mm	SOT765-1
74LVCH2T45DC				
74LVC2T45GT	-40 °C to +125 °C	XSON8	plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 8 terminals; body 1 × 1.95 × 0.5 mm	SOT833-1
74LVCH2T45GT				
74LVC2T45GF	-40 °C to +125 °C	XSON8	extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 8 terminals; body 1.35 × 1 × 0.5 mm	SOT1089
74LVCH2T45GF				
74LVC2T45GM	-40 °C to +125 °C	XQFN8	plastic, extremely thin quad flat package; no leads; 8 terminals; body 1.6 × 1.6 × 0.5 mm	SOT902-2
74LVC2T45GN				
74LVCH2T45GN	-40 °C to +125 °C	XSON8	extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 8 terminals; body 1.2 × 1.0 × 0.35 mm	SOT1116
74LVC2T45GS				
74LVCH2T45GS	-40 °C to +125 °C	XSON8	extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 8 terminals; body 1.35 × 1.0 × 0.35 mm	SOT1203
74LVCH2T45GS				

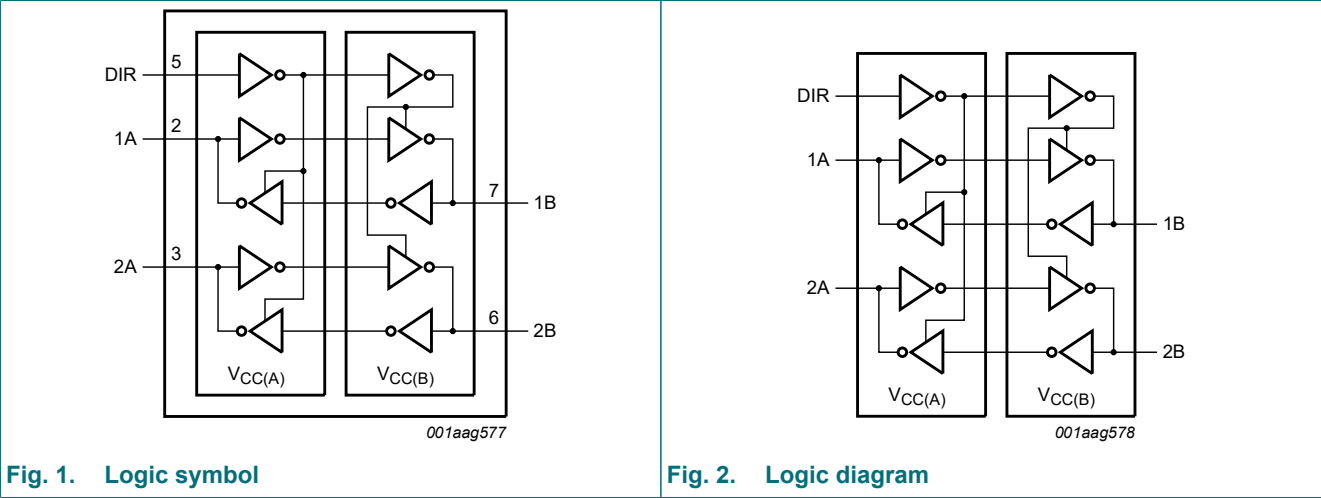
### 4. Marking

Table 2. Marking

Type number	Marking code [1]
74LVC2T45DC	V45
74LVCH2T45DC	X45
74LVC2T45GT	V45
74LVCH2T45GT	X45
74LVC2T45GF	V5
74LVCH2T45GF	X5
74LVC2T45GM	V45
74LVC2T45GN	V5
74LVCH2T45GN	X5
74LVC2T45GS	V5
74LVCH2T45GS	X5

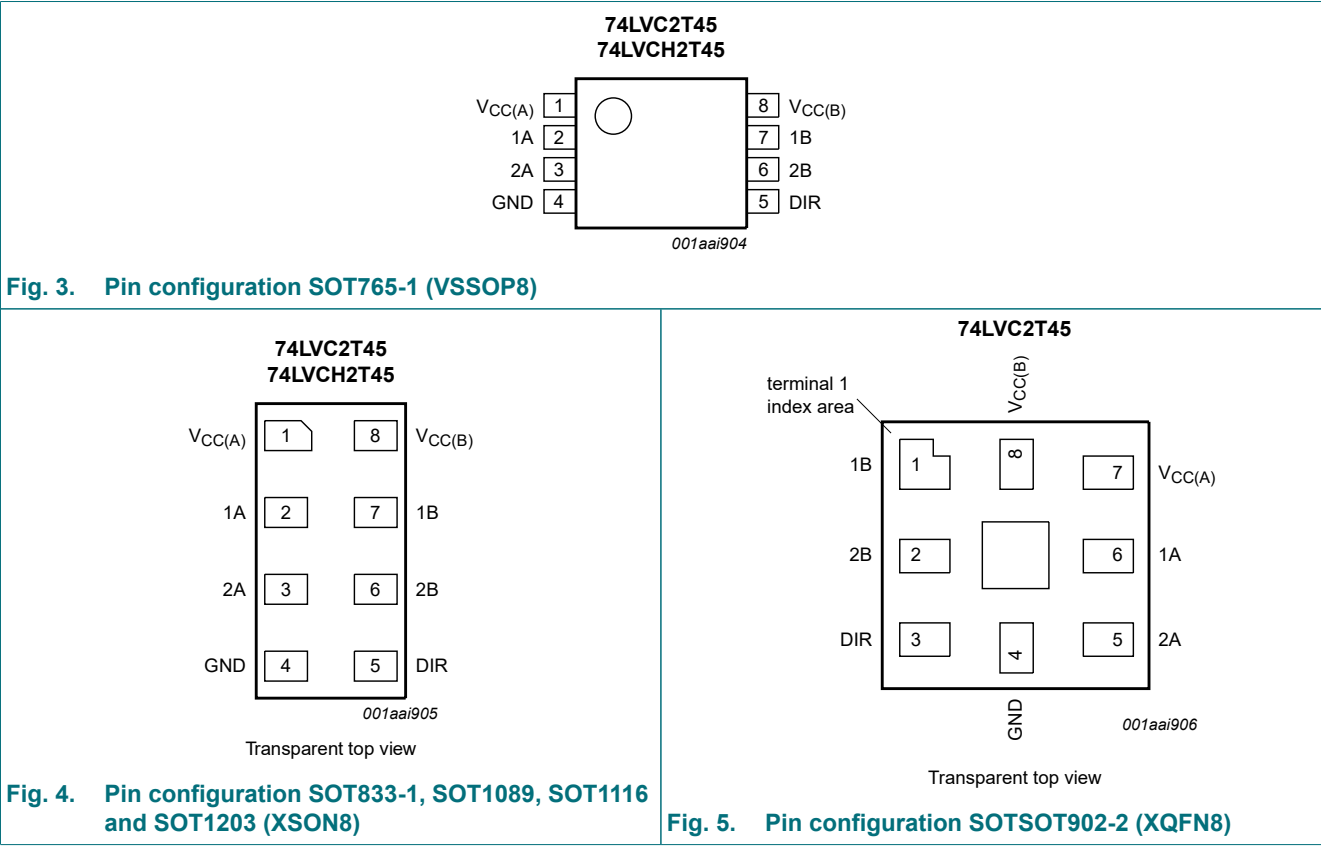
[1] The pin 1 indicator is located on the lower left corner of the device, below the marking code.

5. Functional diagram



6. Pinning information

6.1. Pinning



6.2. Pin description

Table 3. Pin description

Symbol	Pin		Description
	SOT765-1, SOT833-1, SOT1089, SOT1116 and SOT1203	SOT902-2	
V <sub>CC(A)</sub>	1	7	supply voltage A (port A and DIR)
1A	2	6	data input or output
2A	3	5	data input or output
GND	4	4	ground (0 V)
DIR	5	3	direction control
2B	6	2	data input or output
1B	7	1	data input or output
V <sub>CC(B)</sub>	8	8	supply voltage B (port B)

7. Functional description

Table 4. Function table

H = HIGH voltage level; L = LOW voltage level; X = don't care; Z = high-impedance OFF-state.

Supply voltage	Input	Input/output [1]	
V <sub>CC(A)</sub> , V <sub>CC(B)</sub>	DIR	nA	nB
1.2 V to 5.5 V	L	nA = nB	input
1.2 V to 5.5 V	H	input	nB = nA
GND [2]	X	Z	Z

[1] The input circuit of the data I/O is always active.  
[2] When either V<sub>CC(A)</sub> or V<sub>CC(B)</sub> is at GND level, the device goes into suspend mode.

## 8. Limiting values

**Table 5. Limiting values**

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
$V_{CC(A)}$	supply voltage A		-0.5	+6.5	V
$V_{CC(B)}$	supply voltage B		-0.5	+6.5	V
$I_{IK}$	input clamping current	$V_I < 0$ V	-50	-	mA
$V_I$	input voltage	[1]	-0.5	+6.5	V
$I_{OK}$	output clamping current	$V_O < 0$ V	-50	-	mA
$V_O$	output voltage	Active mode [1] [2] [3]	-0.5	$V_{CCO} + 0.5$	V
		Suspend or 3-state mode [1]	-0.5	+6.5	V
$I_O$	output current	$V_O = 0$ V to $V_{CCO}$ [2]	-	$\pm 50$	mA
$I_{CC}$	supply current	$I_{CC(A)}$ or $I_{CC(B)}$	-	100	mA
$I_{GND}$	ground current		-100	-	mA
$T_{stg}$	storage temperature		-65	+150	°C
$P_{tot}$	total power dissipation	$T_{amb} = -40$ °C to $+125$ °C [4]	-	250	mW

[1] The minimum input voltage ratings and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

[2]  $V_{CCO}$  is the supply voltage associated with the output port.

[3]  $V_{CCO} + 0.5$  V should not exceed 6.5 V.

[4] For SOT765-1 (VSSOP8) package:  $P_{tot}$  derates linearly with 4.9 mW/K above 99 °C.

For SOT833-1 (XSON8) package:  $P_{tot}$  derates linearly with 3.1 mW/K above 68 °C.

For SOT1089 (XSON8) package:  $P_{tot}$  derates linearly with 4.0 mW/K above 88 °C.

For SOT902-2 (XQFN8) packages:  $P_{tot}$  derates linearly with 4.1 mW/K above 89 °C.

For SOT1116 (XSON8) package:  $P_{tot}$  derates linearly with 4.2 mW/K above 90 °C.

For SOT1203 (XSON8) package:  $P_{tot}$  derates linearly with 3.6 mW/K above 81 °C.

## 9. Recommended operating conditions

**Table 6. Recommended operating conditions**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
$V_{CC(A)}$	supply voltage A		1.2	5.5	V
$V_{CC(B)}$	supply voltage B		1.2	5.5	V
$V_I$	input voltage		0	5.5	V
$V_O$	output voltage	Active mode [1]	0	$V_{CCO}$	V
		Suspend or 3-state mode	0	5.5	V
$T_{amb}$	ambient temperature		-40	+125	°C
$\Delta t/\Delta V$	input transition rise and fall rate	$V_{CCI} = 1.2$ V [2]	-	20	ns/V
		$V_{CCI} = 1.4$ V to 1.95 V	-	20	ns/V
		$V_{CCI} = 2.3$ V to 2.7 V	-	20	ns/V
		$V_{CCI} = 3$ V to 3.6 V	-	10	ns/V
		$V_{CCI} = 4.5$ V to 5.5 V	-	5	ns/V

[1]  $V_{CCO}$  is the supply voltage associated with the output port.

[2]  $V_{CCI}$  is the supply voltage associated with the input port.

## 10. Static characteristics

**Table 7. Typical static characteristics at  $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$** 

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_{OH}$	HIGH-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ ; $I_O = -3\text{ mA}$ ; $V_{CCO} = 1.2\text{ V}$ [1]	-	1.09	-	V
$V_{OL}$	LOW-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ ; $I_O = 3\text{ mA}$ ; $V_{CCO} = 1.2\text{ V}$ [1]	-	0.07	-	V
$I_I$	input leakage current	DIR input; $V_I = 0\text{ V}$ to $5.5\text{ V}$ ; $V_{CCI} = 1.2\text{ V}$ to $5.5\text{ V}$ [2]	-	-	$\pm 1$	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{BHL}$	bus hold LOW current	A or B port; $V_I = 0.42\text{ V}$ ; $V_{CCI} = 1.2\text{ V}$ [2]	-	19	-	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{BHH}$	bus hold HIGH current	A or B port; $V_I = 0.78\text{ V}$ ; $V_{CCI} = 1.2\text{ V}$ [2]	-	-19	-	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{BHLO}$	bus hold LOW overdrive current	A or B port; $V_{CCI} = 1.2\text{ V}$ [2] [3]	-	19	-	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{BHHO}$	bus hold HIGH overdrive current	A or B port; $V_{CCI} = 1.2\text{ V}$ [2] [3]	-	-19	-	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{OZ}$	OFF-state output current	A or B port; $V_O = 0\text{ V}$ or $V_{CCO}$ ; $V_{CCO} = 1.2\text{ V}$ to $5.5\text{ V}$ [1]	-	-	$\pm 1$	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{OFF}$	power-off leakage current	A port; $V_I$ or $V_O = 0\text{ V}$ to $5.5\text{ V}$ ; $V_{CC(A)} = 0\text{ V}$ ; $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2\text{ V}$ to $5.5\text{ V}$	-	-	$\pm 1$	$\mu\text{A}$
		B port; $V_I$ or $V_O = 0\text{ V}$ to $5.5\text{ V}$ ; $V_{CC(B)} = 0\text{ V}$ ; $V_{CC(A)} = 1.2\text{ V}$ to $5.5\text{ V}$	-	-	$\pm 1$	$\mu\text{A}$
$C_I$	input capacitance	DIR input; $V_I = 0\text{ V}$ or $3.3\text{ V}$ ; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 3.3\text{ V}$	-	2.2	-	pF
$C_{I/O}$	input/output capacitance	A and B port; suspend mode; $V_O = 3.3\text{ V}$ or $0\text{ V}$ ; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 3.3\text{ V}$	-	6.0	-	pF

[1]  $V_{CCO}$  is the supply voltage associated with the output port.

[2]  $V_{CCI}$  is the supply voltage associated with the data input port.

[3] To guarantee the node switches, an external driver must source/sink at least  $I_{BHLO}/I_{BHHO}$  when the input is in the range  $V_{IL}$  to  $V_{IH}$ .

**Table 8. Static characteristics**

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	-40 °C to +85 °C		-40 °C to +125 °C		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
$V_{IH}$	HIGH-level input voltage	data input [1]					
		$V_{CCI} = 1.2\text{ V}$	$0.8V_{CCI}$	-	$0.8V_{CCI}$	-	V
		$V_{CCI} = 1.4\text{ V}$ to $1.95\text{ V}$	$0.65V_{CCI}$	-	$0.65V_{CCI}$	-	V
		$V_{CCI} = 2.3\text{ V}$ to $2.7\text{ V}$	1.7	-	1.7	-	V
		$V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$ to $3.6\text{ V}$	2.0	-	2.0	-	V
		$V_{CCI} = 4.5\text{ V}$ to $5.5\text{ V}$	$0.7V_{CCI}$	-	$0.7V_{CCI}$	-	V
		DIR input					
		$V_{CCI} = 1.2\text{ V}$	$0.8V_{CC(A)}$	-	$0.8V_{CC(A)}$	-	V
		$V_{CCI} = 1.4\text{ V}$ to $1.95\text{ V}$	$0.65V_{CC(A)}$	-	$0.65V_{CC(A)}$	-	V
		$V_{CCI} = 2.3\text{ V}$ to $2.7\text{ V}$	1.7	-	1.7	-	V
		$V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V}$ to $3.6\text{ V}$	2.0	-	2.0	-	V
		$V_{CCI} = 4.5\text{ V}$ to $5.5\text{ V}$	$0.7V_{CC(A)}$	-	$0.7V_{CC(A)}$	-	V

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	-40 °C to +85 °C		-40 °C to +125 °C		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW-level input voltage	data input [1]					
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 1.2 V	-	0.2V <sub>CCI</sub>	-	0.2V <sub>CCI</sub>	V
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.95 V	-	0.35V <sub>CCI</sub>	-	0.35V <sub>CCI</sub>	V
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	0.7	-	0.7	V
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	-	0.8	-	0.8	V
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	-	0.3V <sub>CCI</sub>	-	0.3V <sub>CCI</sub>	V
		DIR input					
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 1.2 V	-	0.2V <sub>CC(A)</sub>	-	0.2V <sub>CC(A)</sub>	V
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.95 V	-	0.35V <sub>CC(A)</sub>	-	0.35V <sub>CC(A)</sub>	V
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	0.7	-	0.7	V
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	-	0.8	-	0.8	V
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	-	0.3V <sub>CC(A)</sub>	-	0.3V <sub>CC(A)</sub>	V
V <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH-level output voltage	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub>					
		I <sub>O</sub> = -100 µA; V <sub>CCO</sub> = 1.2 V to 4.5 V [2]	V <sub>CCO</sub> - 0.1	-	V <sub>CCO</sub> - 0.1	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -6 mA; V <sub>CCO</sub> = 1.4 V	1.0	-	1.0	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -8 mA; V <sub>CCO</sub> = 1.65 V	1.2	-	1.2	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -12 mA; V <sub>CCO</sub> = 2.3 V	1.9	-	1.9	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -24 mA; V <sub>CCO</sub> = 3.0 V	2.4	-	2.4	-	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = -32 mA; V <sub>CCO</sub> = 4.5 V	3.8	-	3.8	-	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW-level output voltage	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IL</sub> [2]					
		I <sub>O</sub> = 100 µA; V <sub>CCO</sub> = 1.2 V to 4.5 V	-	0.1	-	0.1	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 6 mA; V <sub>CCO</sub> = 1.4 V	-	0.3	-	0.3	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 8 mA; V <sub>CCO</sub> = 1.65 V	-	0.45	-	0.45	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 12 mA; V <sub>CCO</sub> = 2.3 V	-	0.3	-	0.3	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 24 mA; V <sub>CCO</sub> = 3.0 V	-	0.55	-	0.55	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 32 mA; V <sub>CCO</sub> = 4.5 V	-	0.55	-	0.55	V
I <sub>I</sub>	input leakage current	DIR input; V <sub>I</sub> = 0 V to 5.5 V; V <sub>CCI</sub> = 1.2 V to 5.5 V	-	±2	-	±10	µA
I <sub>BHL</sub>	bus hold LOW current	A or B port [1]					
		V <sub>I</sub> = 0.49 V; V <sub>CCI</sub> = 1.4 V	15	-	10	-	µA
		V <sub>I</sub> = 0.58 V; V <sub>CCI</sub> = 1.65 V	25	-	20	-	µA
		V <sub>I</sub> = 0.70 V; V <sub>CCI</sub> = 2.3 V	45	-	45	-	µA
		V <sub>I</sub> = 0.80 V; V <sub>CCI</sub> = 3.0 V	100	-	80	-	µA
		V <sub>I</sub> = 1.35 V; V <sub>CCI</sub> = 4.5 V	100	-	100	-	µA
I <sub>BHH</sub>	bus hold HIGH current	A or B port [1]					
		V <sub>I</sub> = 0.91 V; V <sub>CCI</sub> = 1.4 V	-15	-	-10	-	µA
		V <sub>I</sub> = 1.07 V; V <sub>CCI</sub> = 1.65 V	-25	-	-20	-	µA
		V <sub>I</sub> = 1.60 V; V <sub>CCI</sub> = 2.3 V	-45	-	-45	-	µA
		V <sub>I</sub> = 2.00 V; V <sub>CCI</sub> = 3.0 V	-100	-	-80	-	µA
		V <sub>I</sub> = 3.15 V; V <sub>CCI</sub> = 4.5 V	-100	-	-100	-	µA

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	-40 °C to +85 °C		-40 °C to +125 °C		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
I <sub>BHLO</sub>	bus hold LOW overdrive current	A or B port [1] [3]					
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 1.6 V	125	-	125	-	µA
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 1.95 V	200	-	200	-	µA
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 2.7 V	300	-	300	-	µA
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 3.6 V	500	-	500	-	µA
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 5.5 V	900	-	900	-	µA
I <sub>BHHO</sub>	bus hold HIGH overdrive current	A or B port [1] [3]					
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 1.6 V	-125	-	-125	-	µA
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 1.95 V	-200	-	-200	-	µA
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 2.7 V	-300	-	-300	-	µA
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 3.6 V	-500	-	-500	-	µA
		V <sub>CCI</sub> = 5.5 V	-900	-	-900	-	µA
I <sub>OZ</sub>	OFF-state output current	A or B port; V <sub>O</sub> = 0 V or V <sub>CCO</sub> ; V <sub>CCO</sub> = 1.2 V to 5.5 V [2]	-	±2	-	±10	µA
I <sub>OFF</sub>	power-off leakage current	A port; V <sub>I</sub> or V <sub>O</sub> = 0 V to 5.5 V; V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 0 V; V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 1.2 V to 5.5 V	-	±2	-	±10	µA
		B port; V <sub>I</sub> or V <sub>O</sub> = 0 V to 5.5 V; V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 0 V; V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 1.2 V to 5.5 V	-	±2	-	±10	µA
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply current	A port; V <sub>I</sub> = 0 V or V <sub>CCI</sub> ; I <sub>O</sub> = 0 A [1]					
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> , V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 1.2 V to 5.5 V	-	8	-	8	µA
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> , V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 1.65 V to 5.5 V	-	3	-	3	µA
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 5.5 V; V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 0 V	-	2	-	2	µA
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 0 V; V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 5.5 V	-2	-	-2	-	µA
		B port; V <sub>I</sub> = 0 V or V <sub>CCI</sub> ; I <sub>O</sub> = 0 A					
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> , V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 1.2 V to 5.5 V	-	8	-	8	µA
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> , V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 1.65 V to 5.5 V	-	3	-	3	µA
		V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 0 V; V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 5.5 V	-2	-	-2	-	µA
		V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 5.5 V; V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 0 V	-	2	-	2	µA
		A plus B port (I <sub>CC(A)</sub> + I <sub>CC(B)</sub> ); I <sub>O</sub> = 0 A; V <sub>I</sub> = 0 V or V <sub>CCI</sub>					
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> , V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 1.2 V to 5.5 V	-	16	-	16	µA
		V <sub>CC(A)</sub> , V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 1.65 V to 5.5 V	-	4	-	4	µA
ΔI <sub>CC</sub>	additional supply current	per input; V <sub>CC(A)</sub> , V <sub>CC(B)</sub> = 3.0 V to 5.5 V					
		A port; A port at V <sub>CC(A)</sub> - 0.6 V; DIR at V <sub>CC(A)</sub> ; B port = open [4]	-	50	-	75	µA
		DIR input; DIR at V <sub>CC(A)</sub> - 0.6 V; A port at V <sub>CC(A)</sub> or GND; B port = open	-	50	-	75	µA
		B port; B port at V <sub>CC(B)</sub> - 0.6 V; DIR at GND; A port = open [4]	-	50	-	75	µA

[1] V<sub>CCI</sub> is the supply voltage associated with the data input port.

[2] V<sub>CCO</sub> is the supply voltage associated with the output port.

[3] To guarantee the node switches, an external driver must source/sink at least I<sub>BHLO</sub>/I<sub>BHHO</sub> when the input is in the range V<sub>IL</sub> to V<sub>IH</sub>.

[4] For non bus hold parts only (74LVC2T45).

## 11. Dynamic characteristics

**Table 9. Typical dynamic characteristics at  $V_{CC(A)} = 1.2\text{ V}$  and  $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$**

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Fig. 8; for waveforms see Fig. 6 and Fig. 7.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	$V_{CC(B)}$						Unit
			1.2 V	1.5 V	1.8 V	2.5 V	3.3 V	5.0 V	
$t_{PLH}$	LOW to HIGH propagation delay	A to B	10.6	8.1	7.0	5.8	5.3	5.1	ns
		B to A	10.6	9.5	9.0	8.5	8.3	8.2	ns
$t_{PHL}$	HIGH to LOW propagation delay	A to B	10.1	7.1	6.0	5.3	5.2	5.4	ns
		B to A	10.1	8.6	8.1	7.8	7.6	7.6	ns
$t_{PHZ}$	HIGH to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.4	ns
		DIR to B	12.0	9.4	9.0	7.8	8.4	7.9	ns
$t_{PLZ}$	LOW to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	ns
		DIR to B	9.5	7.8	7.7	6.9	7.6	7.0	ns
$t_{PZH}$	OFF-state to HIGH propagation delay	DIR to A [1]	20.1	17.3	16.7	15.4	15.9	15.2	ns
		DIR to B [1]	17.7	15.2	14.1	12.9	12.4	12.2	ns
$t_{PZL}$	OFF-state to LOW propagation delay	DIR to A [1]	22.1	18.0	17.1	15.6	16.0	15.5	ns
		DIR to B [1]	19.5	16.5	15.4	14.7	14.6	14.8	ns

[1]  $t_{PZH}$  and  $t_{PZL}$  are calculated values using the formula shown in Section 13.4.

**Table 10. Typical dynamic characteristics at  $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2\text{ V}$  and  $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$**

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Fig. 8; for waveforms see Fig. 6 and Fig. 7.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	$V_{CC(A)}$						Unit
			1.2 V	1.5 V	1.8 V	2.5 V	3.3 V	5.0 V	
$t_{PLH}$	LOW to HIGH propagation delay	A to B	10.6	9.5	9.0	8.5	8.3	8.2	ns
		B to A	10.6	8.1	7.0	5.8	5.3	5.1	ns
$t_{PHL}$	HIGH to LOW propagation delay	A to B	10.1	8.6	8.1	7.8	7.6	7.6	ns
		B to A	10.1	7.1	6.0	5.3	5.2	5.4	ns
$t_{PHZ}$	HIGH to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	9.4	6.5	5.7	4.1	4.1	3.0	ns
		DIR to B	12.0	6.1	5.4	4.6	4.3	4.0	ns
$t_{PLZ}$	LOW to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	7.1	4.9	4.5	3.2	3.4	2.5	ns
		DIR to B	9.5	7.3	6.6	5.9	5.7	5.6	ns
$t_{PZH}$	OFF-state to HIGH propagation delay	DIR to A [1]	20.1	15.4	13.6	11.7	11.0	10.7	ns
		DIR to B [1]	17.7	14.4	13.5	11.7	11.7	10.7	ns
$t_{PZL}$	OFF-state to LOW propagation delay	DIR to A [1]	22.1	13.2	11.4	9.9	9.5	9.4	ns
		DIR to B [1]	19.5	15.1	13.8	11.9	11.7	10.6	ns

[1]  $t_{PZH}$  and  $t_{PZL}$  are calculated values using the formula shown in Section 13.4.

**Table 11. Typical power dissipation capacitance at  $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)}$  and  $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$** 

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	$V_{CC(A)}$ and $V_{CC(B)}$				Unit
			1.8 V	2.5 V	3.3 V	5.0 V	
$C_{PD}$	power dissipation capacitance[1] [2]	A port: (direction A to B); B port: (direction B to A)	2	3	3	4	pF
		A port: (direction A to B); B port: (direction B to A)	15	16	16	18	pF

[1]  $C_{PD}$  is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation ( $P_D$  in  $\mu\text{W}$ ).

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i \times N + \Sigma(C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

 $f_i$  = input frequency in MHz; $f_o$  = output frequency in MHz; $C_L$  = load capacitance in pF; $V_{CC}$  = supply voltage in V; $N$  = number of inputs switching; $\Sigma(C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$  = sum of the outputs.[2]  $f_i = 10\text{ MHz}$ ;  $V_i = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$ ;  $t_r = t_f = 1\text{ ns}$ ;  $C_L = 0\text{ pF}$ ;  $R_L = \infty\text{ }\Omega$ .**Table 12. Dynamic characteristics for temperature range  $-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$** 

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Fig. 8; for waveforms see Fig. 6 and Fig. 7.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V <sub>CC(B)</sub>										Unit
			1.5 V ± 0.1 V		1.8 V ± 0.15 V		2.5 V ± 0.2 V		3.3 V ± 0.3 V		5.0 V ± 0.5 V		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V													
t <sub>PLH</sub>	LOW to HIGH propagation delay	A to B	2.8	21.3	2.4	17.6	2.0	13.5	1.7	11.8	1.6	10.5	ns
		B to A	2.8	21.3	2.6	19.1	2.3	14.9	2.3	12.4	2.2	12.0	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>	HIGH to LOW propagation delay	A to B	2.6	19.3	2.2	15.3	1.8	11.8	1.7	10.9	1.7	10.8	ns
		B to A	2.6	19.3	2.4	17.3	2.3	13.2	2.2	11.3	2.3	11.0	ns
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	HIGH to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	3.0	18.7	3.0	18.7	3.0	18.7	3.0	18.7	3.0	18.7	ns
		DIR to B	3.5	24.8	3.5	23.6	3.0	11.0	3.3	11.3	2.8	10.3	ns
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	LOW to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	2.4	11.4	2.4	11.4	2.4	11.4	2.4	11.4	2.4	11.4	ns
		DIR to B	2.8	18.3	3.0	17.2	2.5	9.4	3.0	10.1	2.5	9.4	ns
t <sub>PZH</sub>	OFF-state to HIGH propagation delay	DIR to A <a href="#">[1]</a>	-	39.6	-	36.3	-	24.3	-	22.5	-	21.4	ns
		DIR to B <a href="#">[1]</a>	-	32.7	-	29.0	-	24.9	-	23.2	-	21.9	ns
t <sub>PZL</sub>	OFF-state to LOW propagation delay	DIR to A <a href="#">[1]</a>	-	44.1	-	40.9	-	24.2	-	22.6	-	21.3	ns
		DIR to B <a href="#">[1]</a>	-	38.0	-	34.0	-	30.5	-	29.6	-	29.5	ns

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V <sub>CC(B)</sub>										Unit
			1.5 V ± 0.1 V		1.8 V ± 0.15 V		2.5 V ± 0.2 V		3.3 V ± 0.3 V		5.0 V ± 0.5 V		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V													
t <sub>PLH</sub>	LOW to HIGH propagation delay	A to B	2.6	19.1	2.2	17.7	2.2	9.3	1.7	7.2	1.4	6.8	ns
		B to A	2.4	17.6	2.2	17.7	2.3	16.0	2.1	15.5	1.9	15.1	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>	HIGH to LOW propagation delay	A to B	2.4	17.3	2.0	14.3	1.6	8.5	1.8	7.1	1.7	7.0	ns
		B to A	2.2	15.3	2.0	14.3	2.1	12.9	2.0	12.6	1.8	12.2	ns
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	HIGH to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	2.9	17.1	2.9	17.1	2.9	17.1	2.9	17.1	2.9	17.1	ns
		DIR to B	3.2	24.1	3.2	21.9	2.7	11.5	3.0	10.3	2.5	8.2	ns
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	LOW to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	2.4	10.5	2.4	10.5	2.4	10.5	2.4	10.5	2.4	10.5	ns
		DIR to B	2.5	17.6	2.6	16.0	2.2	9.2	2.7	8.4	2.4	7.1	ns
t <sub>PZH</sub>	OFF-state to HIGH propagation delay	DIR to A <a href="#">[1]</a>	-	35.2	-	33.7	-	25.2	-	23.9	-	22.2	ns
		DIR to B <a href="#">[1]</a>	-	29.6	-	28.2	-	19.8	-	17.7	-	17.3	ns
t <sub>PZL</sub>	OFF-state to LOW propagation delay	DIR to A <a href="#">[1]</a>	-	39.4	-	36.2	-	24.4	-	22.9	-	20.4	ns
		DIR to B <a href="#">[1]</a>	-	34.4	-	31.4	-	25.6	-	24.2	-	24.1	ns
V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V													
t <sub>PLH</sub>	LOW to HIGH propagation delay	A to B	2.3	17.9	2.3	16.0	1.5	8.5	1.3	6.2	1.1	4.8	ns
		B to A	2.0	13.5	2.2	9.3	1.5	8.5	1.4	8.0	1.0	7.5	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>	HIGH to LOW propagation delay	A to B	2.3	15.8	2.1	12.9	1.4	7.5	1.3	5.4	0.9	4.6	ns
		B to A	1.8	11.8	1.9	8.5	1.4	7.5	1.3	7.0	0.9	6.2	ns
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	HIGH to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	2.1	8.1	2.1	8.1	2.1	8.1	2.1	8.1	2.1	8.1	ns
		DIR to B	3.0	22.5	3.0	21.4	2.5	11.0	2.8	9.3	2.3	6.9	ns
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	LOW to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	1.7	5.8	1.7	5.8	1.7	5.8	1.7	5.8	1.7	5.8	ns
		DIR to B	2.3	14.6	2.5	13.2	2.0	9.0	2.5	8.4	1.8	5.8	ns
t <sub>PZH</sub>	OFF-state to HIGH propagation delay	DIR to A <a href="#">[1]</a>	-	28.1	-	22.5	-	17.5	-	16.4	-	13.3	ns
		DIR to B <a href="#">[1]</a>	-	23.7	-	21.8	-	14.3	-	12.0	-	10.6	ns
t <sub>PZL</sub>	OFF-state to LOW propagation delay	DIR to A <a href="#">[1]</a>	-	34.3	-	29.9	-	18.5	-	16.3	-	13.1	ns
		DIR to B <a href="#">[1]</a>	-	23.9	-	21.0	-	15.6	-	13.5	-	12.7	ns
V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V													
t <sub>PLH</sub>	LOW to HIGH propagation delay	A to B	2.3	17.1	2.1	15.5	1.4	8.0	0.8	5.6	0.7	4.4	ns
		B to A	1.7	11.8	1.7	7.2	1.3	6.2	0.7	5.6	0.6	5.4	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>	HIGH to LOW propagation delay	A to B	2.2	15.6	2.0	12.6	1.3	7.0	0.8	5.0	0.7	4.0	ns
		B to A	1.7	10.9	1.8	7.1	1.3	5.4	0.8	5.0	0.7	4.5	ns
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	HIGH to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	2.3	7.3	2.3	7.3	2.3	7.3	2.3	7.3	2.7	7.3	ns
		DIR to B	2.9	18.0	2.9	16.5	2.3	10.1	2.7	8.6	2.2	6.3	ns
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	LOW to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	2.0	5.6	2.0	5.6	2.0	5.6	2.0	5.6	2.0	5.6	ns
		DIR to B	2.3	13.6	2.4	12.5	1.9	7.8	2.3	7.1	1.7	4.9	ns
t <sub>PZH</sub>	OFF-state to HIGH propagation delay	DIR to A <a href="#">[1]</a>	-	25.4	-	19.7	-	14.0	-	12.7	-	10.3	ns
		DIR to B <a href="#">[1]</a>	-	22.7	-	21.1	-	13.6	-	11.2	-	10.0	ns
t <sub>PZL</sub>	OFF-state to LOW propagation delay	DIR to A <a href="#">[1]</a>	-	28.9	-	23.6	-	15.5	-	13.6	-	10.8	ns
		DIR to B <a href="#">[1]</a>	-	22.9	-	19.9	-	14.3	-	12.3	-	11.3	ns

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V <sub>CC(B)</sub>										Unit
			1.5 V ± 0.1 V		1.8 V ± 0.15 V		2.5 V ± 0.2 V		3.3 V ± 0.3 V		5.0 V ± 0.5 V		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V													
t <sub>PLH</sub>	LOW to HIGH propagation delay	A to B	2.2	16.6	1.9	15.1	1.0	7.5	0.7	5.4	0.5	3.9	ns
		B to A	1.6	10.5	1.4	6.8	1.0	4.8	0.7	4.4	0.5	3.9	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>	HIGH to LOW propagation delay	A to B	2.3	15.3	1.8	12.2	1.0	6.2	0.7	4.5	0.5	3.5	ns
		B to A	1.7	10.8	1.7	7.0	0.9	4.6	0.7	4.0	0.5	3.5	ns
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	HIGH to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	1.7	5.4	1.7	5.4	1.7	5.4	1.7	5.4	1.7	5.4	ns
		DIR to B	2.9	17.3	2.9	16.1	2.3	9.7	2.7	8.0	2.5	5.7	ns
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	LOW to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	1.4	3.7	1.4	3.7	1.3	3.7	1.0	3.7	0.9	3.7	ns
		DIR to B	2.3	13.1	2.4	12.1	1.9	7.4	2.3	7.0	1.8	4.5	ns
t <sub>PZH</sub>	OFF-state to HIGH propagation delay	DIR to A <a href="#">[1]</a>	-	23.6	-	18.9	-	12.2	-	11.4	-	8.4	ns
		DIR to B <a href="#">[1]</a>	-	20.3	-	18.8	-	11.2	-	9.1	-	7.6	ns
t <sub>PZL</sub>	OFF-state to LOW propagation delay	DIR to A <a href="#">[1]</a>	-	28.1	-	23.1	-	14.3	-	12.0	-	9.2	ns
		DIR to B <a href="#">[1]</a>	-	20.7	-	17.6	-	11.6	-	9.9	-	8.9	ns

[1]  $t_{PZH}$  and  $t_{PZL}$  are calculated values using the formula shown in [Section 13.4](#).

**Table 13. Dynamic characteristics for temperature range  $-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+125\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$**

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see [Fig. 8](#); for waveforms see [Fig. 6](#) and [Fig. 7](#).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V <sub>CC(B)</sub>										Unit
			1.5 V ± 0.1 V		1.8 V ± 0.15 V		2.5 V ± 0.2 V		3.3 V ± 0.3 V		5.0 V ± 0.5 V		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V													
t <sub>PLH</sub>	LOW to HIGH propagation delay	A to B	2.5	23.5	2.1	19.4	1.8	14.9	1.5	13.0	1.4	11.6	ns
		B to A	2.5	23.5	2.3	21.1	2.0	16.4	2.0	13.7	1.9	13.2	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>	HIGH to LOW propagation delay	A to B	2.3	21.3	1.9	16.9	1.6	13.0	1.5	12.0	1.5	11.9	ns
		B to A	2.3	21.3	2.1	19.1	2.0	14.6	1.9	12.5	2.0	12.1	ns
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	HIGH to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	2.7	20.6	2.7	20.6	2.7	20.6	2.7	20.6	2.7	20.6	ns
		DIR to B	3.1	27.3	3.1	26.0	2.7	12.1	2.9	12.5	2.5	11.4	ns
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	LOW to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	2.1	12.6	2.1	12.6	2.1	12.6	2.1	12.6	2.1	12.6	ns
		DIR to B	2.5	20.2	2.7	19.0	2.2	10.4	2.7	11.2	2.2	10.4	ns
t <sub>PZH</sub>	OFF-state to HIGH propagation delay	DIR to A <a href="#">[1]</a>	-	43.7	-	40.1	-	26.8	-	24.9	-	23.6	ns
		DIR to B <a href="#">[1]</a>	-	36.1	-	32.0	-	27.5	-	25.6	-	24.2	ns
t <sub>PZL</sub>	OFF-state to LOW propagation delay	DIR to A <a href="#">[1]</a>	-	48.6	-	45.1	-	26.7	-	25.0	-	23.5	ns
		DIR to B <a href="#">[1]</a>	-	41.9	-	37.5	-	33.6	-	32.6	-	32.5	ns

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V <sub>CC(B)</sub>										Unit
			1.5 V ± 0.1 V		1.8 V ± 0.15 V		2.5 V ± 0.2 V		3.3 V ± 0.3 V		5.0 V ± 0.5 V		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V													
t <sub>PLH</sub>	LOW to HIGH propagation delay	A to B	2.3	21.1	1.9	19.5	1.9	10.3	1.5	8.0	1.2	7.5	ns
		B to A	2.1	19.4	1.9	19.5	2.0	17.6	1.8	17.1	1.7	16.7	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>	HIGH to LOW propagation delay	A to B	2.1	19.1	1.8	15.8	1.4	9.4	1.6	7.9	1.5	7.7	ns
		B to A	1.9	16.9	1.8	15.8	1.8	14.2	1.8	13.9	1.6	13.5	ns
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	HIGH to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	2.6	18.9	2.6	18.9	2.6	18.9	2.6	18.9	2.6	18.9	ns
		DIR to B	2.8	26.6	2.8	24.1	2.4	12.7	2.7	11.4	2.2	9.1	ns
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	LOW to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	2.1	11.6	2.1	11.6	2.1	11.6	2.1	11.6	2.1	11.6	ns
		DIR to B	2.2	19.4	2.3	17.6	1.9	10.2	2.4	9.3	2.1	7.9	ns
t <sub>PZH</sub>	OFF-state to HIGH propagation delay	DIR to A <a href="#">[1]</a>	-	38.8	-	37.1	-	27.8	-	26.4	-	24.6	ns
		DIR to B <a href="#">[1]</a>	-	32.7	-	31.1	-	21.9	-	19.6	-	19.1	ns
t <sub>PZL</sub>	OFF-state to LOW propagation delay	DIR to A <a href="#">[1]</a>	-	43.5	-	39.9	-	26.9	-	25.3	-	22.6	ns
		DIR to B <a href="#">[1]</a>	-	38.0	-	34.7	-	28.3	-	26.8	-	26.6	ns
V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V													
t <sub>PLH</sub>	LOW to HIGH propagation delay	A to B	2.0	19.7	2.0	17.6	1.3	9.4	1.1	6.9	0.9	5.3	ns
		B to A	1.8	14.9	1.9	10.3	1.3	9.4	1.2	8.8	0.9	8.3	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>	HIGH to LOW propagation delay	A to B	2.0	17.4	1.8	14.2	1.2	8.3	1.1	6.0	0.8	5.1	ns
		B to A	1.6	13.0	1.7	9.4	1.2	8.3	1.1	7.7	0.8	6.9	ns
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	HIGH to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	1.8	9.0	1.8	9.0	1.8	9.0	1.8	9.0	1.8	9.0	ns
		DIR to B	2.7	24.8	2.7	23.6	2.2	12.1	2.5	10.3	2.0	7.6	ns
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	LOW to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	1.5	6.4	1.5	6.4	1.5	6.4	1.5	6.4	1.5	6.4	ns
		DIR to B	2.0	16.1	2.2	14.6	1.8	9.9	2.2	9.3	1.6	6.4	ns
t <sub>PZH</sub>	OFF-state to HIGH propagation delay	DIR to A <a href="#">[1]</a>	-	31.0	-	24.9	-	19.3	-	18.1	-	14.7	ns
		DIR to B <a href="#">[1]</a>	-	26.1	-	24.0	-	15.8	-	13.3	-	11.7	ns
t <sub>PZL</sub>	OFF-state to LOW propagation delay	DIR to A <a href="#">[1]</a>	-	37.8	-	33.0	-	20.4	-	18.0	-	14.5	ns
		DIR to B <a href="#">[1]</a>	-	26.4	-	23.2	-	17.3	-	15.0	-	14.1	ns
V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V													
t <sub>PLH</sub>	LOW to HIGH propagation delay	A to B	2.0	18.9	1.8	17.1	1.2	8.8	0.7	6.2	0.6	4.9	ns
		B to A	1.5	13.0	1.5	8.0	1.1	6.9	0.6	6.2	0.5	6.0	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>	HIGH to LOW propagation delay	A to B	1.9	17.2	1.8	13.9	1.1	7.7	0.7	5.5	0.6	4.4	ns
		B to A	1.5	12.0	1.6	7.9	1.1	6.0	0.7	5.5	0.6	5.0	ns
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	HIGH to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	2.0	8.1	2.0	8.1	2.0	8.1	2.0	8.1	2.4	8.1	ns
		DIR to B	2.6	19.8	2.6	18.2	2.0	11.2	2.4	9.5	1.9	7.0	ns
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	LOW to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	1.8	6.2	1.8	6.2	1.8	6.2	1.8	6.2	1.8	6.2	ns
		DIR to B	2.0	15.0	2.1	13.8	1.7	8.6	2.0	7.9	1.5	5.4	ns
t <sub>PZH</sub>	OFF-state to HIGH propagation delay	DIR to A <a href="#">[1]</a>	-	28.0	-	21.8	-	15.5	-	14.1	-	11.4	ns
		DIR to B <a href="#">[1]</a>	-	25.1	-	23.3	-	15.0	-	12.4	-	11.1	ns
t <sub>PZL</sub>	OFF-state to LOW propagation delay	DIR to A <a href="#">[1]</a>	-	31.8	-	26.1	-	17.2	-	15.0	-	12.0	ns
		DIR to B <a href="#">[1]</a>	-	25.3	-	22.0	-	15.8	-	13.6	-	12.5	ns

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V <sub>CC(B)</sub>										Unit
			1.5 V ± 0.1 V		1.8 V ± 0.15 V		2.5 V ± 0.2 V		3.3 V ± 0.3 V		5.0 V ± 0.5 V		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V <sub>CC(A)</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V													
t <sub>PLH</sub>	LOW to HIGH propagation delay	A to B	1.9	18.3	1.7	16.7	0.9	8.3	0.6	6.0	0.4	4.3	ns
		B to A	1.4	11.6	1.2	7.5	0.9	5.3	0.6	4.9	0.4	4.3	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>	HIGH to LOW propagation delay	A to B	2.0	16.9	1.6	13.5	0.9	6.9	0.6	5.0	0.4	3.9	ns
		B to A	1.5	11.9	1.5	7.7	0.8	5.1	0.6	4.4	0.4	3.9	ns
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	HIGH to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	1.5	6.0	1.5	6.0	1.5	6.0	1.5	6.0	1.5	6.0	ns
		DIR to B	2.6	19.1	2.6	17.8	2.0	10.7	2.4	8.8	2.2	6.3	ns
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	LOW to OFF-state propagation delay	DIR to A	1.2	4.1	1.2	4.1	1.1	4.1	0.9	4.1	0.8	4.1	ns
		DIR to B	2.0	14.5	2.1	13.4	1.7	8.2	2.0	7.7	1.6	5.0	ns
t <sub>PZH</sub>	OFF-state to HIGH propagation delay	DIR to A <a href="#">[1]</a>	-	26.1	-	20.9	-	13.5	-	12.6	-	9.3	ns
		DIR to B <a href="#">[1]</a>	-	22.4	-	20.8	-	12.4	-	10.1	-	8.4	ns
t <sub>PZL</sub>	OFF-state to LOW propagation delay	DIR to A <a href="#">[1]</a>	-	31.0	-	25.5	-	15.8	-	13.2	-	10.2	ns
		DIR to B <a href="#">[1]</a>	-	22.9	-	19.5	-	12.9	-	11.0	-	9.9	ns

[1]  $t_{PZH}$  and  $t_{PZL}$  are calculated values using the formula shown in [Section 13.4](#).

11.1. Waveforms and test circuit

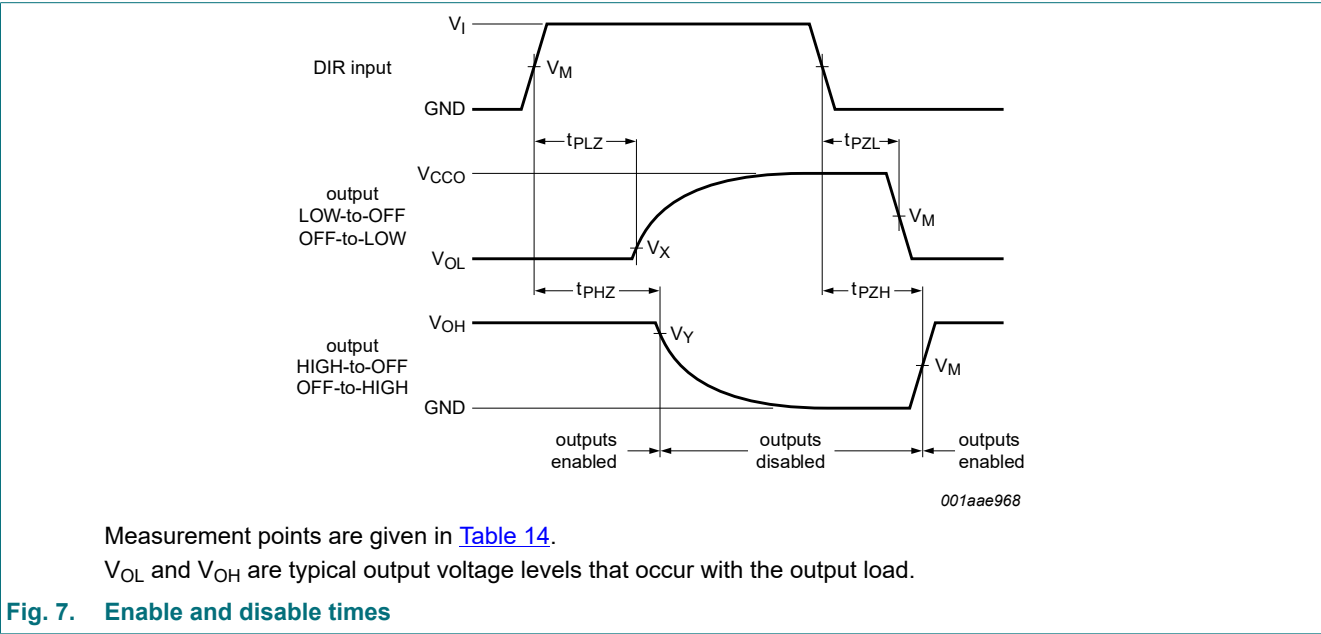
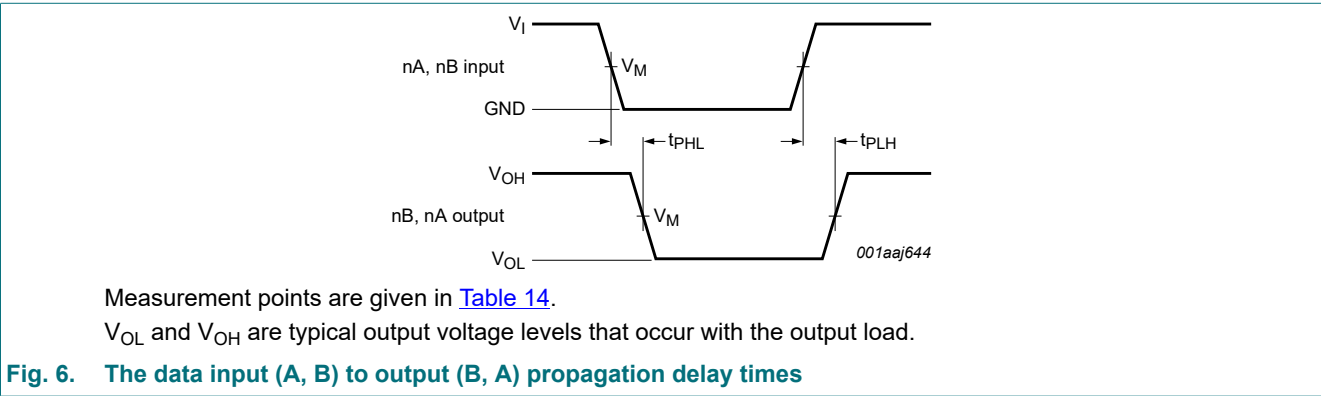
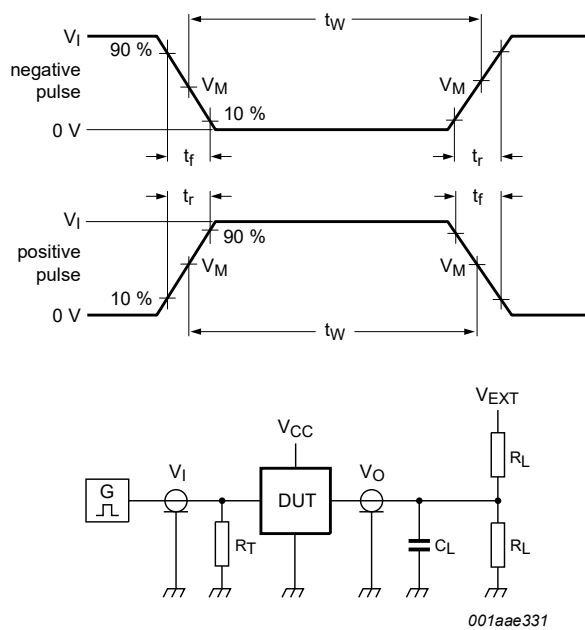


Table 14. Measurement points

Supply voltage	Input [1]	Output [2]		
$V_{CC(A)}, V_{CC(B)}$	$V_M$	$V_M$	$V_X$	$V_Y$
1.2 V to 1.6 V	$0.5V_{CCI}$	$0.5V_{CCO}$	$V_{OL} + 0.1\text{ V}$	$V_{OH} - 0.1\text{ V}$
1.65 V to 2.7 V	$0.5V_{CCI}$	$0.5V_{CCO}$	$V_{OL} + 0.15\text{ V}$	$V_{OH} - 0.15\text{ V}$
3.0 V to 5.5 V	$0.5V_{CCI}$	$0.5V_{CCO}$	$V_{OL} + 0.3\text{ V}$	$V_{OH} - 0.3\text{ V}$

[1]  $V_{CCI}$  is the supply voltage associated with the data input port.  
[2]  $V_{CCO}$  is the supply voltage associated with the output port.



Test data is given in [Table 15](#).  
 $R_L$  = Load resistance.  
 $C_L$  = Load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance.  
 $R_T$  = Termination resistance.  
 $V_{EXT}$  = External voltage for measuring switching times.

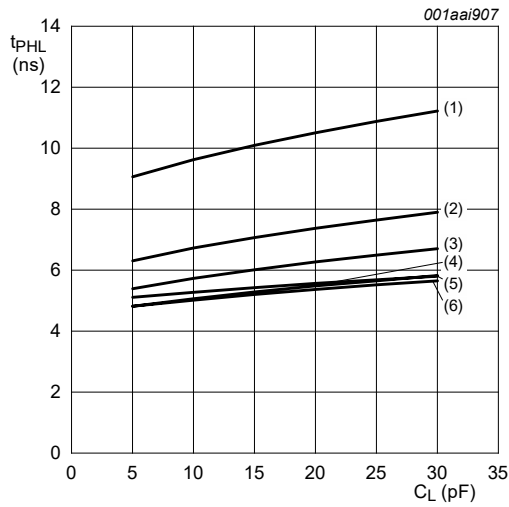
Fig. 8. Test circuit for measuring switching times

Table 15. Test data

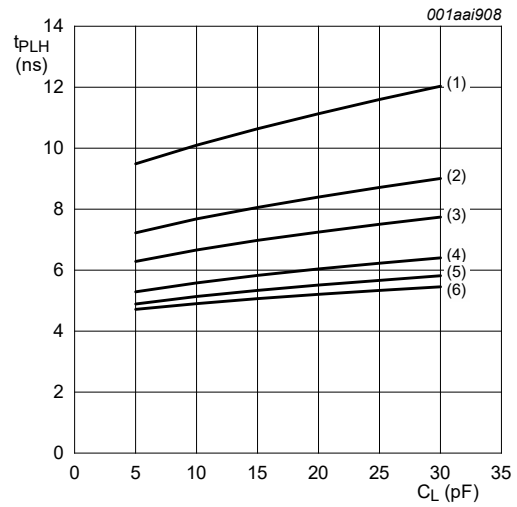
Supply voltage	Input		Load		$V_{EXT}$		
$V_{CC(A)}, V_{CC(B)}$	$V_I$ [1]	$\Delta t/\Delta V$ [2]	$C_L$	$R_L$	$t_{PLH}, t_{PHL}$	$t_{PZH}, t_{PHZ}$	$t_{PZL}, t_{PLZ}$ [3]
1.2 V to 5.5 V	$V_{CCI}$	$\leq 1.0 \text{ ns/V}$	15 pF	2 k $\Omega$	open	GND	$2V_{CCO}$

[1]  $V_{CCI}$  is the supply voltage associated with the data input port.  
[2]  $dV/dt \geq 1.0 \text{ V/ns}$ .  
[3]  $V_{CCO}$  is the supply voltage associated with the output port.

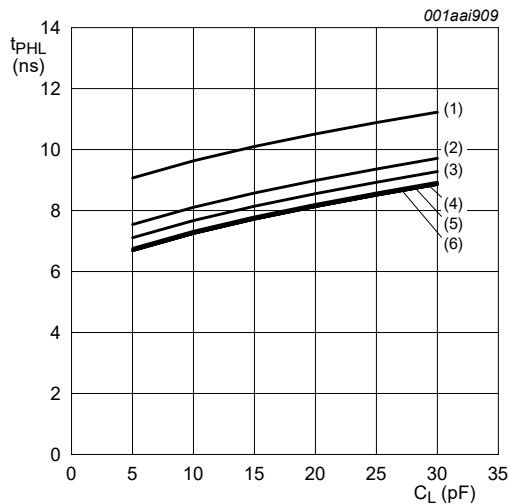
## 12. Typical propagation delay characteristics



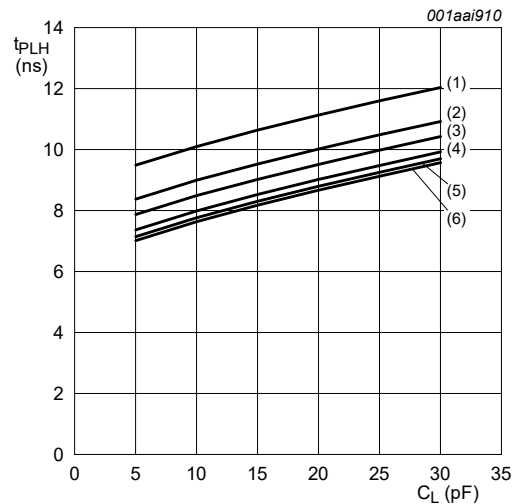
a. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (A to B)



b. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (A to B)



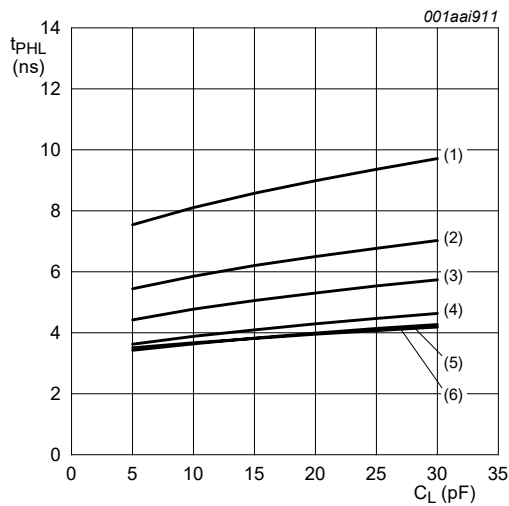
c. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (B to A)



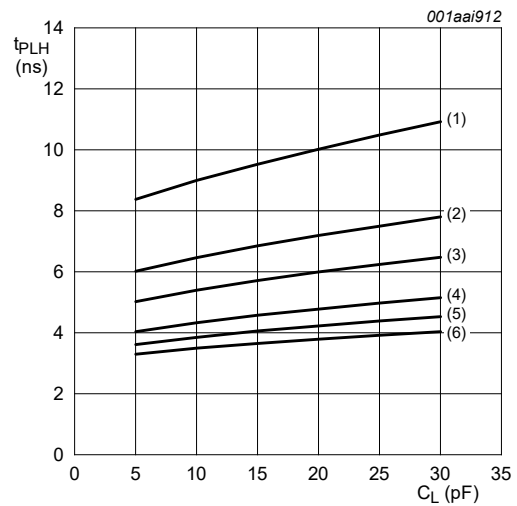
d. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (B to A)

- (1)  $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2$  V.
- (2)  $V_{CC(B)} = 1.5$  V.
- (3)  $V_{CC(B)} = 1.8$  V.
- (4)  $V_{CC(B)} = 2.5$  V.
- (5)  $V_{CC(B)} = 3.3$  V.
- (6)  $V_{CC(B)} = 5.0$  V.

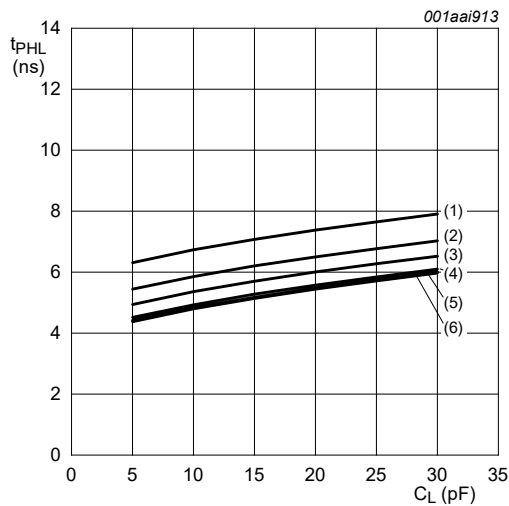
**Fig. 9.** Typical propagation delay versus load capacitance;  $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $V_{CC(A)} = 1.2$  V



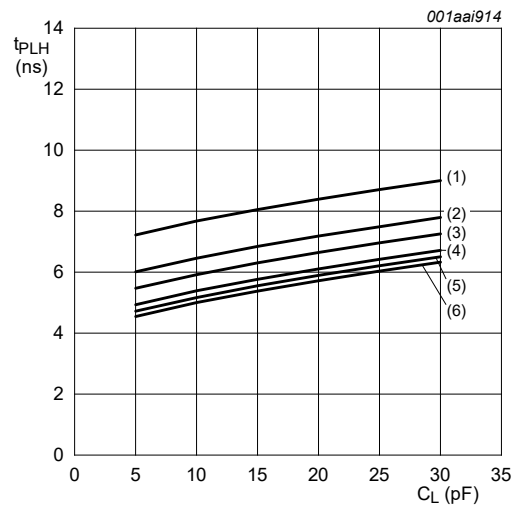
a. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (A to B)



b. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (A to B)



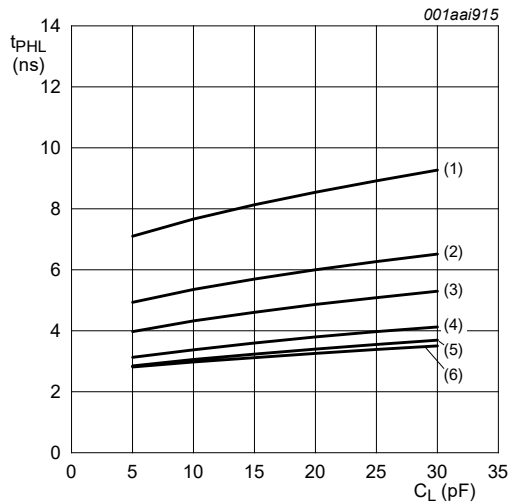
c. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (B to A)



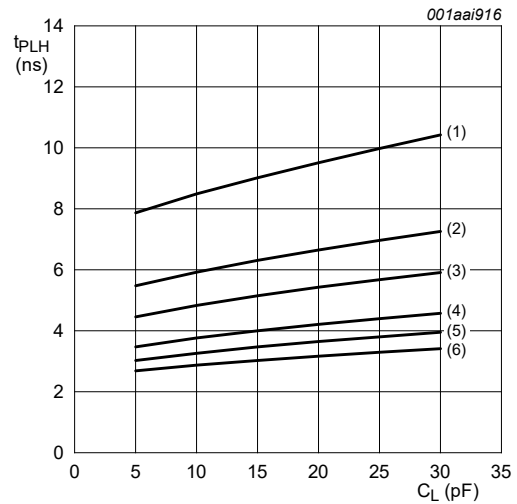
d. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (B to A)

- (1)  $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2$  V.
- (2)  $V_{CC(B)} = 1.5$  V.
- (3)  $V_{CC(B)} = 1.8$  V.
- (4)  $V_{CC(B)} = 2.5$  V.
- (5)  $V_{CC(B)} = 3.3$  V.
- (6)  $V_{CC(B)} = 5.0$  V.

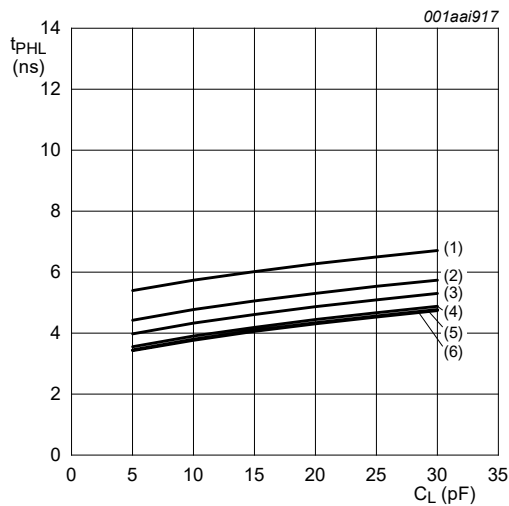
Fig. 10. Typical propagation delay versus load capacitance;  $T_{amb} = 25$  °C;  $V_{CC(A)} = 1.5$  V



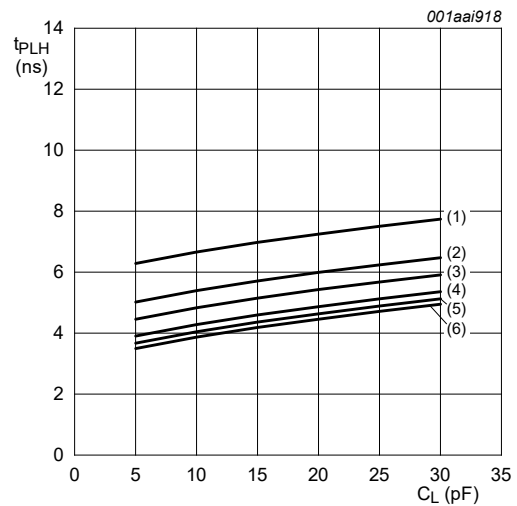
a. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (A to B)



b. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (A to B)



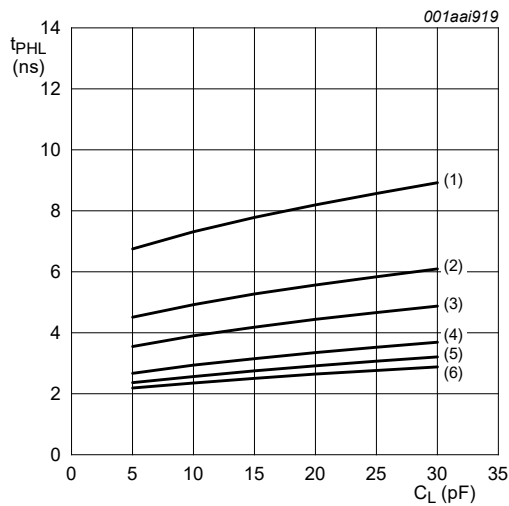
c. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (B to A)



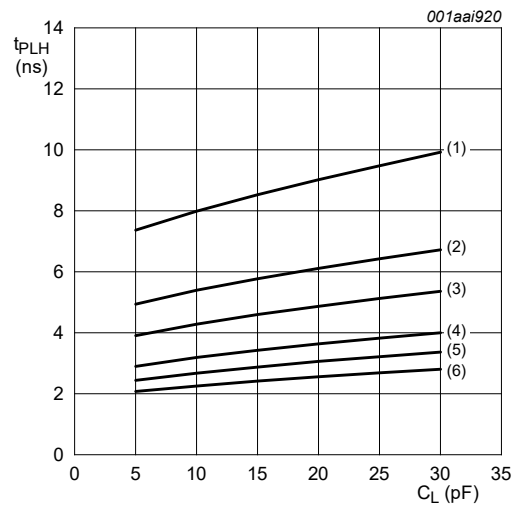
d. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (B to A)

- (1)  $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2$  V.
- (2)  $V_{CC(B)} = 1.5$  V.
- (3)  $V_{CC(B)} = 1.8$  V.
- (4)  $V_{CC(B)} = 2.5$  V.
- (5)  $V_{CC(B)} = 3.3$  V.
- (6)  $V_{CC(B)} = 5.0$  V.

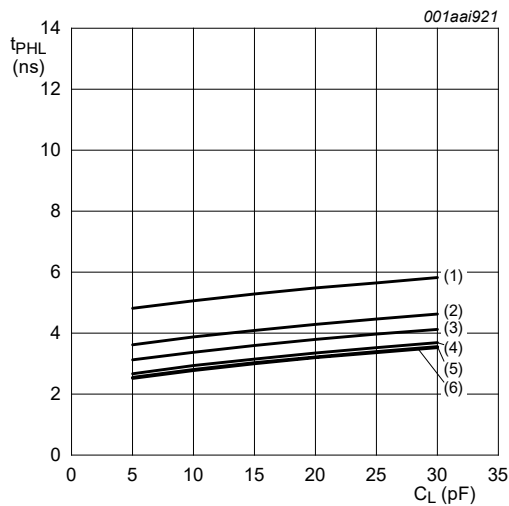
Fig. 11. Typical propagation delay versus load capacitance;  $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $V_{CC(A)} = 1.8$  V



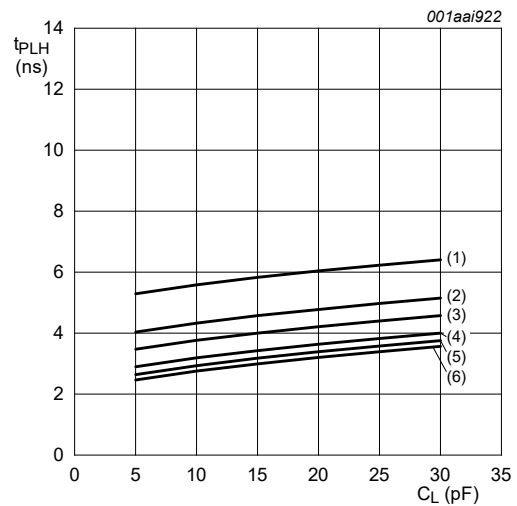
a. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (A to B)



b. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (A to B)



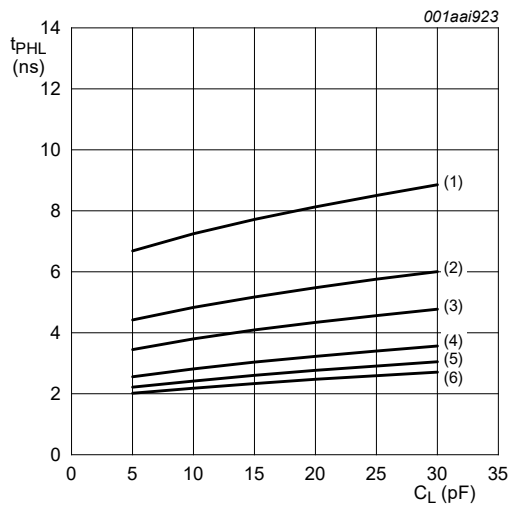
c. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (B to A)



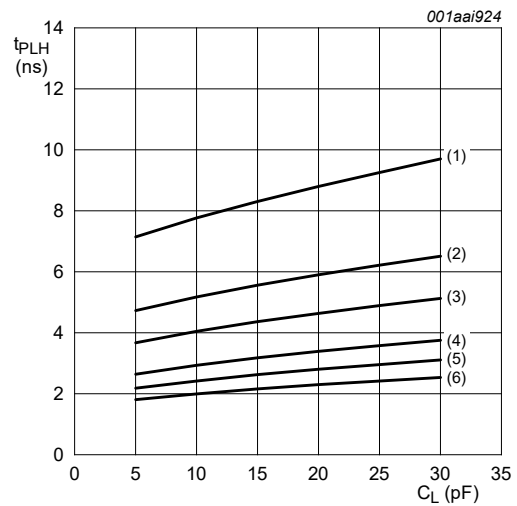
d. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (B to A)

- (1)  $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2$  V.
- (2)  $V_{CC(B)} = 1.5$  V.
- (3)  $V_{CC(B)} = 1.8$  V.
- (4)  $V_{CC(B)} = 2.5$  V.
- (5)  $V_{CC(B)} = 3.3$  V.
- (6)  $V_{CC(B)} = 5.0$  V.

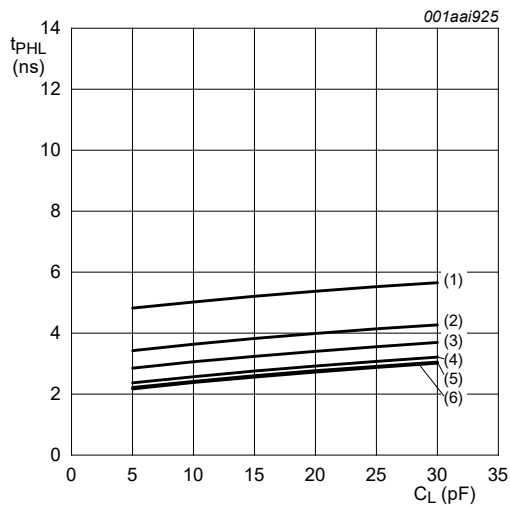
Fig. 12. Typical propagation delay versus load capacitance;  $T_{amb} = 25$  °C;  $V_{CC(A)} = 2.5$  V



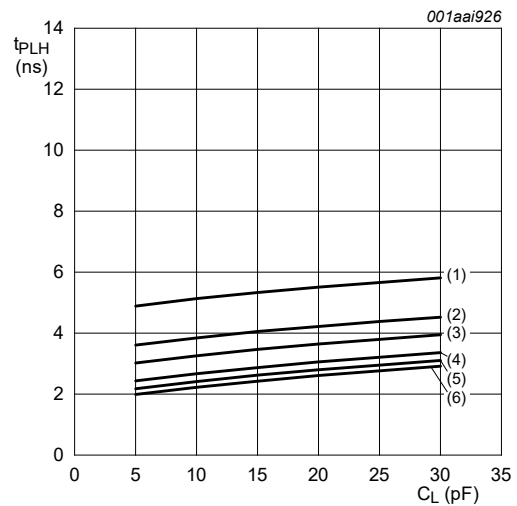
a. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (A to B)



b. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (A to B)



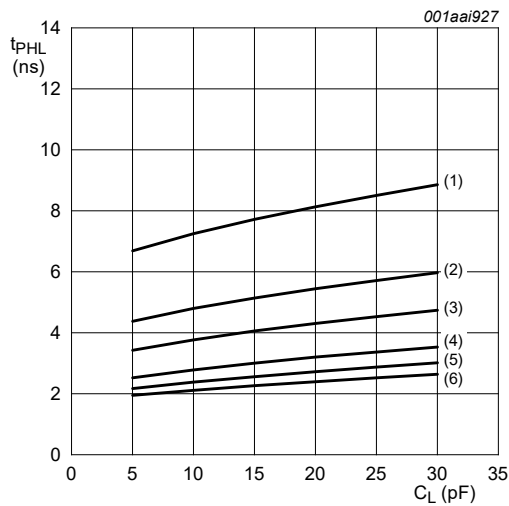
c. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (B to A)



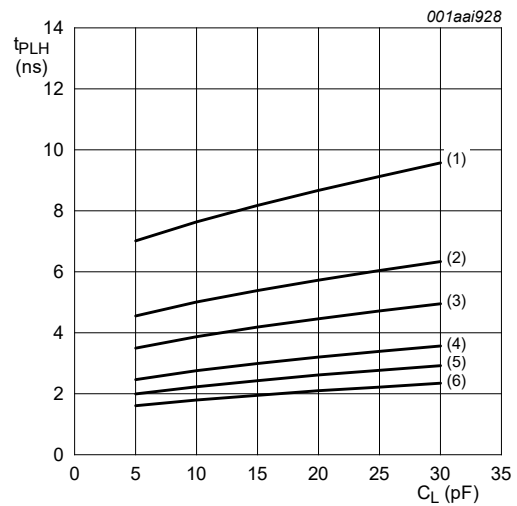
d. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (B to A)

- (1)  $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2$  V.
- (2)  $V_{CC(B)} = 1.5$  V.
- (3)  $V_{CC(B)} = 1.8$  V.
- (4)  $V_{CC(B)} = 2.5$  V.
- (5)  $V_{CC(B)} = 3.3$  V.
- (6)  $V_{CC(B)} = 5.0$  V.

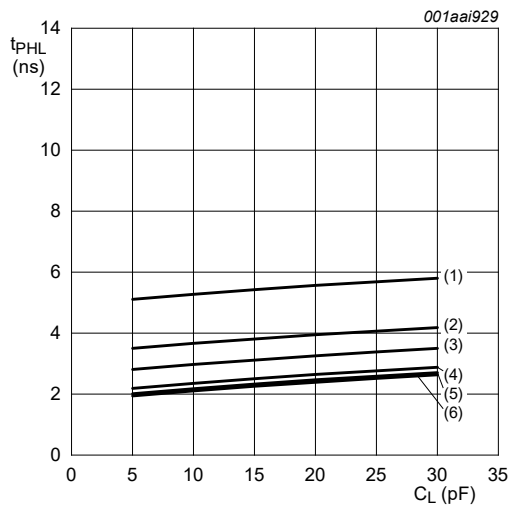
Fig. 13. Typical propagation delay versus load capacitance;  $T_{amb} = 25$  °C;  $V_{CC(A)} = 3.3$  V



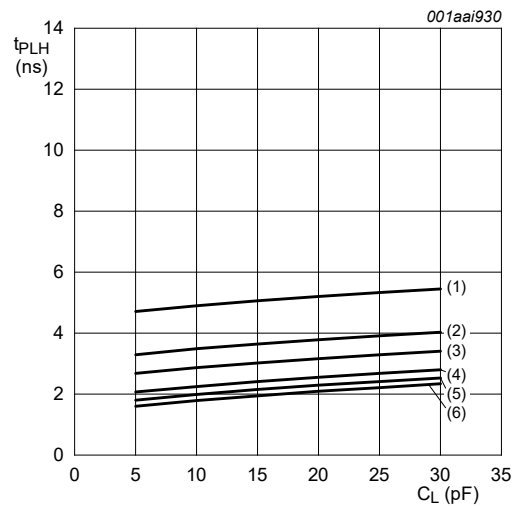
a. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (A to B)



b. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (A to B)



c. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (B to A)



d. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (B to A)

- (1)  $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2$  V.
- (2)  $V_{CC(B)} = 1.5$  V.
- (3)  $V_{CC(B)} = 1.8$  V.
- (4)  $V_{CC(B)} = 2.5$  V.
- (5)  $V_{CC(B)} = 3.3$  V.
- (6)  $V_{CC(B)} = 5.0$  V.

Fig. 14. Typical propagation delay versus load capacitance;  $T_{amb} = 25$  °C;  $V_{CC(A)} = 5.0$  V

13. Application information

13.1. Unidirectional logic level-shifting application

The circuit given in Fig. 15 is an example of the 74LVC2T45; 74LVCH2T45 being used in a unidirectional logic level-shifting application.

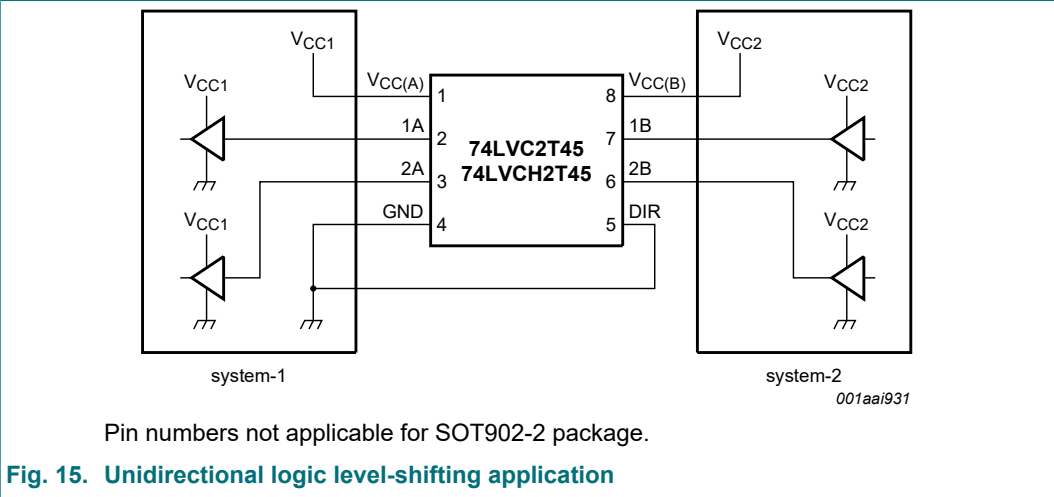


Table 16. Description of unidirectional logic level-shifting application

Pin	Name	Function	Description
1	V <sub>CC(A)</sub>	V <sub>CC1</sub>	supply voltage of system-1 (1.2 V to 5.5 V)
2	1A	OUT	output level depends on V <sub>CC1</sub> voltage
3	2A	OUT	output level depends on V <sub>CC1</sub> voltage
4	GND	GND	device GND
5	DIR	DIR	the GND (LOW level) determines B port to A port direction
6	2B	IN	input threshold value depends on V <sub>CC2</sub> voltage
7	1B	IN	input threshold value depends on V <sub>CC2</sub> voltage
8	V <sub>CC(B)</sub>	V <sub>CC2</sub>	supply voltage of system-2 (1.2 V to 5.5 V)

13.2. Bidirectional logic level-shifting application

Fig. 16 shows the 74LVC2T45; 74LVCH2T45 being used in a bidirectional logic level-shifting application. Since the device does not have an output enable pin, the system designer should take precautions to avoid bus contention between system-1 and system-2 when changing directions.

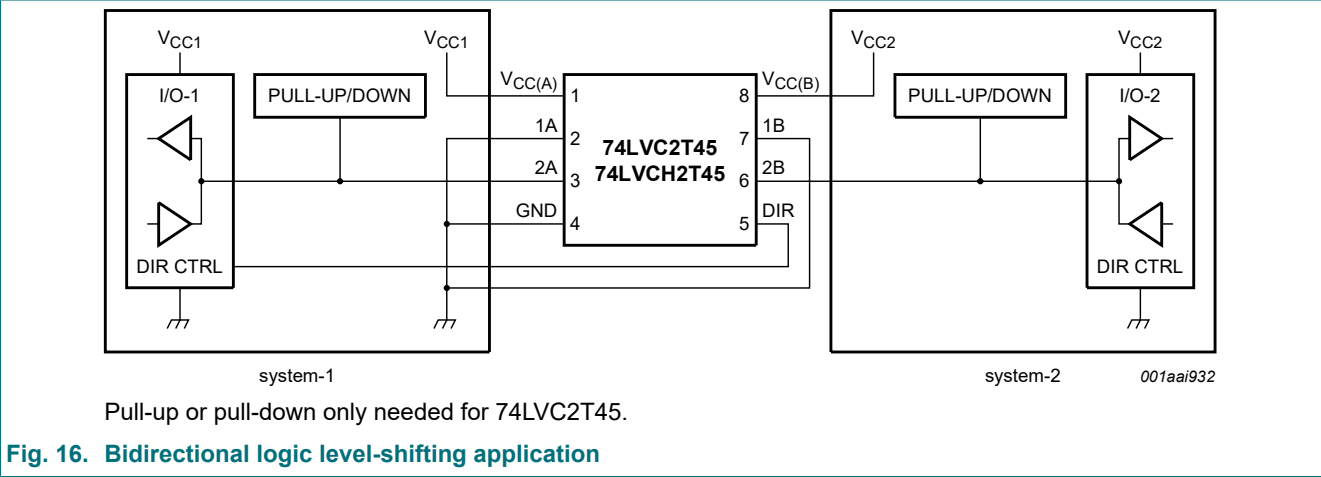


Table 17 gives a sequence that will illustrate data transmission from system-1 to system-2 and then from system-2 to system-1.

Table 17. Description of bidirectional logic level-shifting application

H = HIGH voltage level;  
L = LOW voltage level;  
Z = high-impedance OFF-state.

State	DIR CTRL	I/O-1	I/O-2	Description
1	H	output	input	system-1 data to system-2
2	H	Z	Z	system-2 is getting ready to send data to system-1. I/O-1 and I/O-2 are disabled. The bus-line state depends on bus hold
3	L	Z	Z	DIR bit is set LOW. I/O-1 and I/O-2 still are disabled. The bus-line state depends on bus hold
4	L	input	output	system-2 data to system-1

13.3. Power-up considerations

The device is designed such that no special power-up sequence is required other than GND being applied first.

Table 18. Typical total supply current ( $I_{CC(A)} + I_{CC(B)}$ )

V <sub>CC(A)</sub>	V <sub>CC(B)</sub>					Unit
	0 V	1.8 V	2.5 V	3.3 V	5.0 V	
0 V	0	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1	μA
1.8 V	< 1	< 2	< 2	< 2	2	μA
2.5 V	< 1	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	μA
3.3 V	< 1	< 2	< 2	< 2	< 2	μA
5.0 V	< 1	2	< 2	< 2	< 2	μA

### 13.4. Enable times

Calculate the enable times for the 74LVC2T45; 74LVCH2T45 using the following formulas:

- $t_{PZH} \text{ (DIR to A)} = t_{PLZ} \text{ (DIR to B)} + t_{PLH} \text{ (B to A)}$
- $t_{PZL} \text{ (DIR to A)} = t_{PHZ} \text{ (DIR to B)} + t_{PHL} \text{ (B to A)}$
- $t_{PZH} \text{ (DIR to B)} = t_{PLZ} \text{ (DIR to A)} + t_{PLH} \text{ (A to B)}$
- $t_{PZL} \text{ (DIR to B)} = t_{PHZ} \text{ (DIR to A)} + t_{PHL} \text{ (A to B)}$

In a bidirectional application, these enable times provide the maximum delay from the time the DIR bit is switched until an output is expected. For example, if the 74LVC2T45; 74LVCH2T45 initially is transmitting from A to B, then the DIR bit is switched, the B port of the device must be disabled before presenting it with an input. After the B port has been disabled, an input signal applied to it appears on the corresponding A port after the specified propagation delay.

14. Package outline

VSSOP8: plastic very thin shrink small outline package; 8 leads; body width 2.3 mm SOT765-1

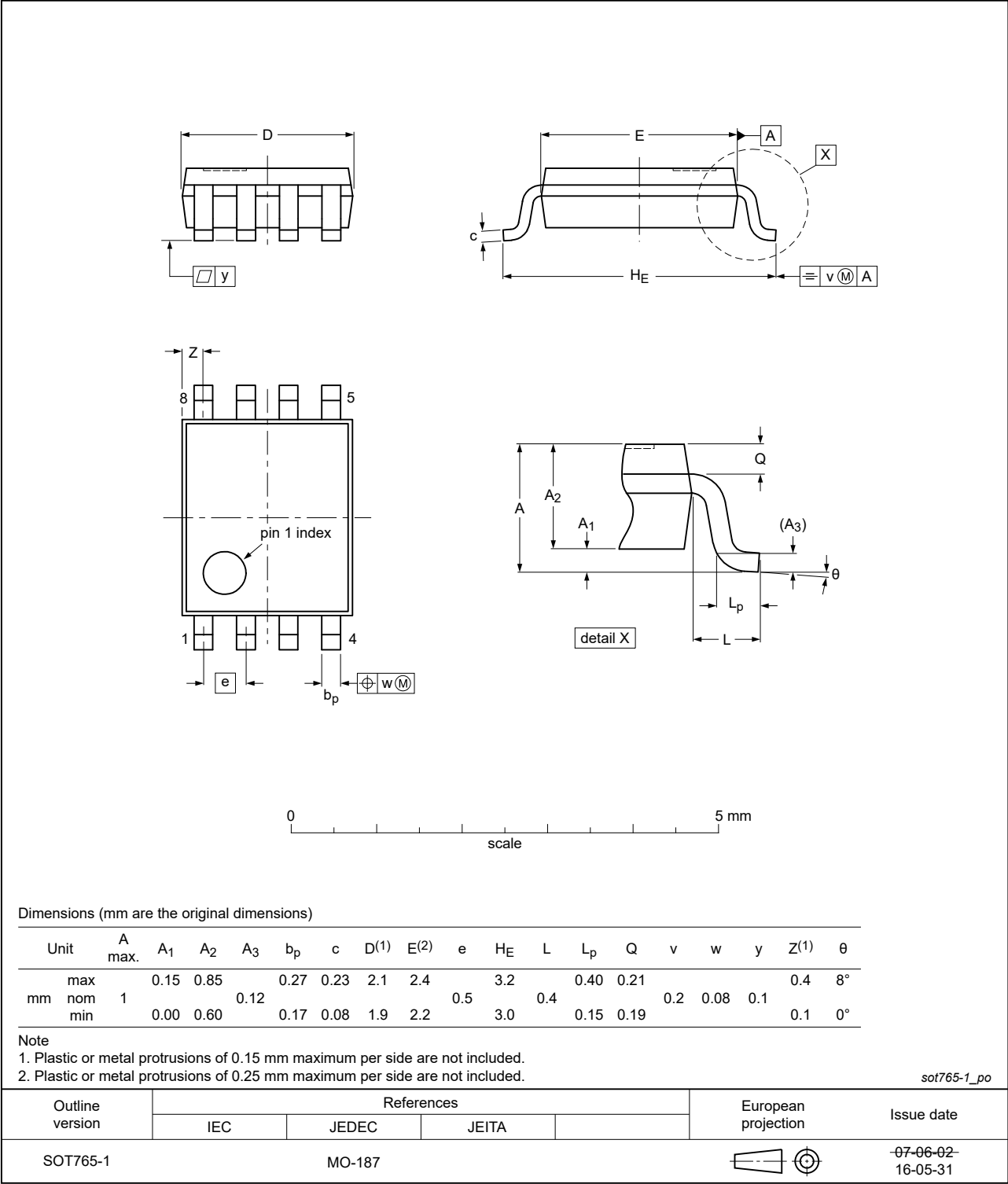


Fig. 17. Package outline SOT765-1 (VSSOP8)

XSON8: plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 8 terminals; body 1 x 1.95 x 0.5 mm

SOT833-1

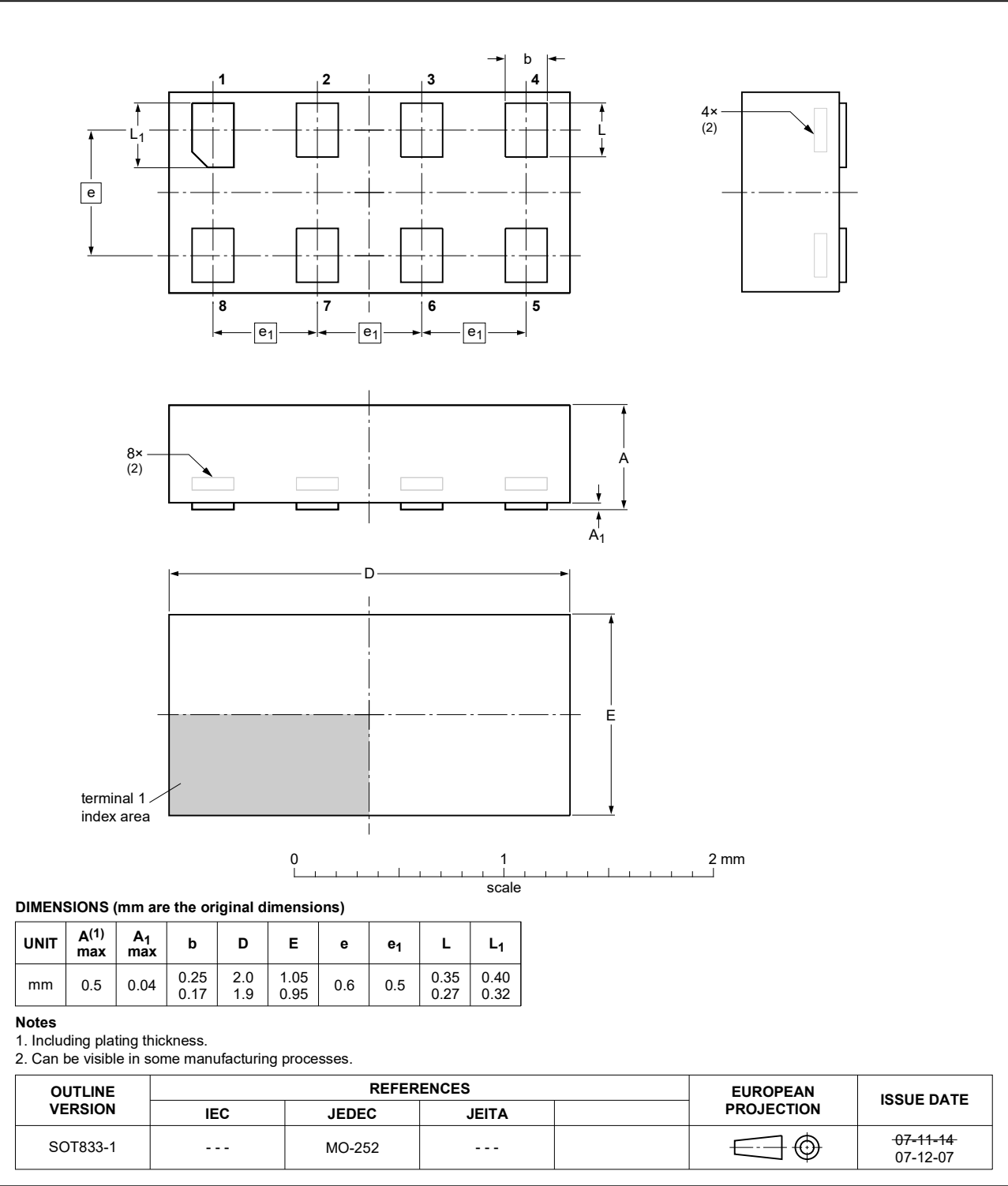


Fig. 18. Package outline SOT833-1 (XSON8)

XSON8: extremely thin small outline package; no leads;  
8 terminals; body 1.35 x 1 x 0.5 mm

SOT1089

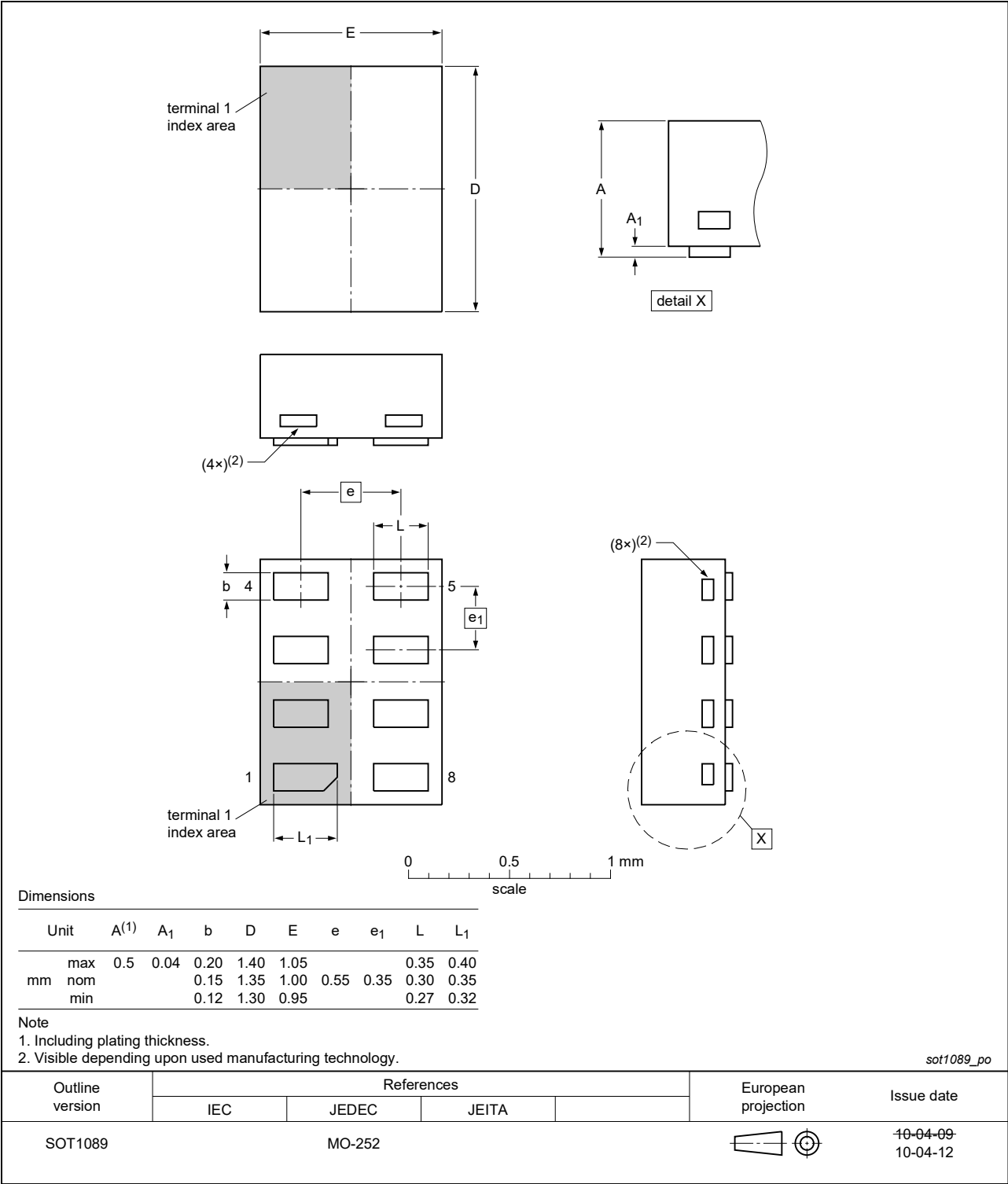


Fig. 19. Package outline SOT1089 (XSON8)

XQFN8: plastic, extremely thin quad flat package; no leads;  
8 terminals; body 1.6 x 1.6 x 0.5 mm

SOT902-2

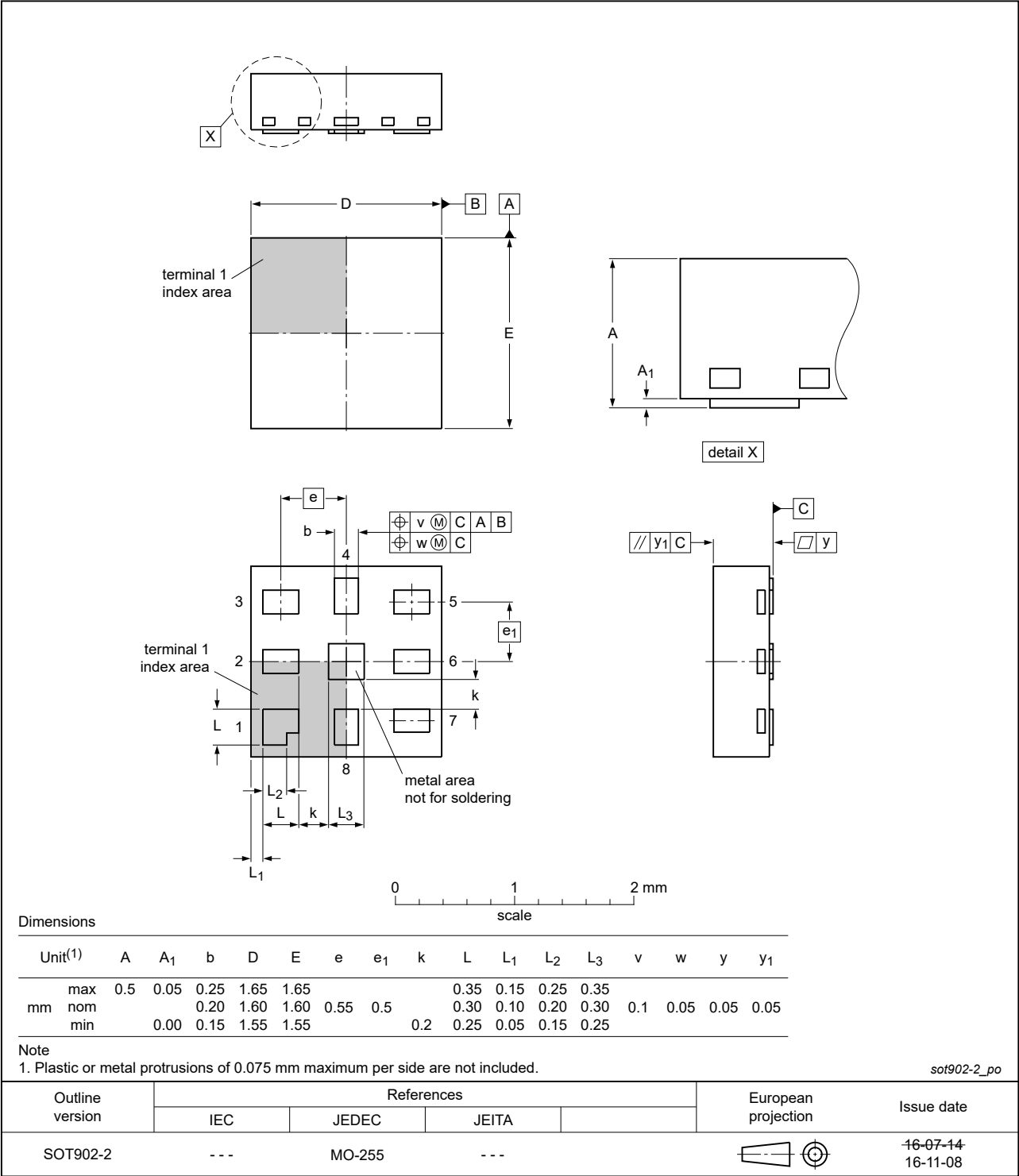


Fig. 20. Package outline SOT902-2 (XQFN8)

XSON8: extremely thin small outline package; no leads;  
8 terminals; body 1.2 x 1.0 x 0.35 mm

SOT1116

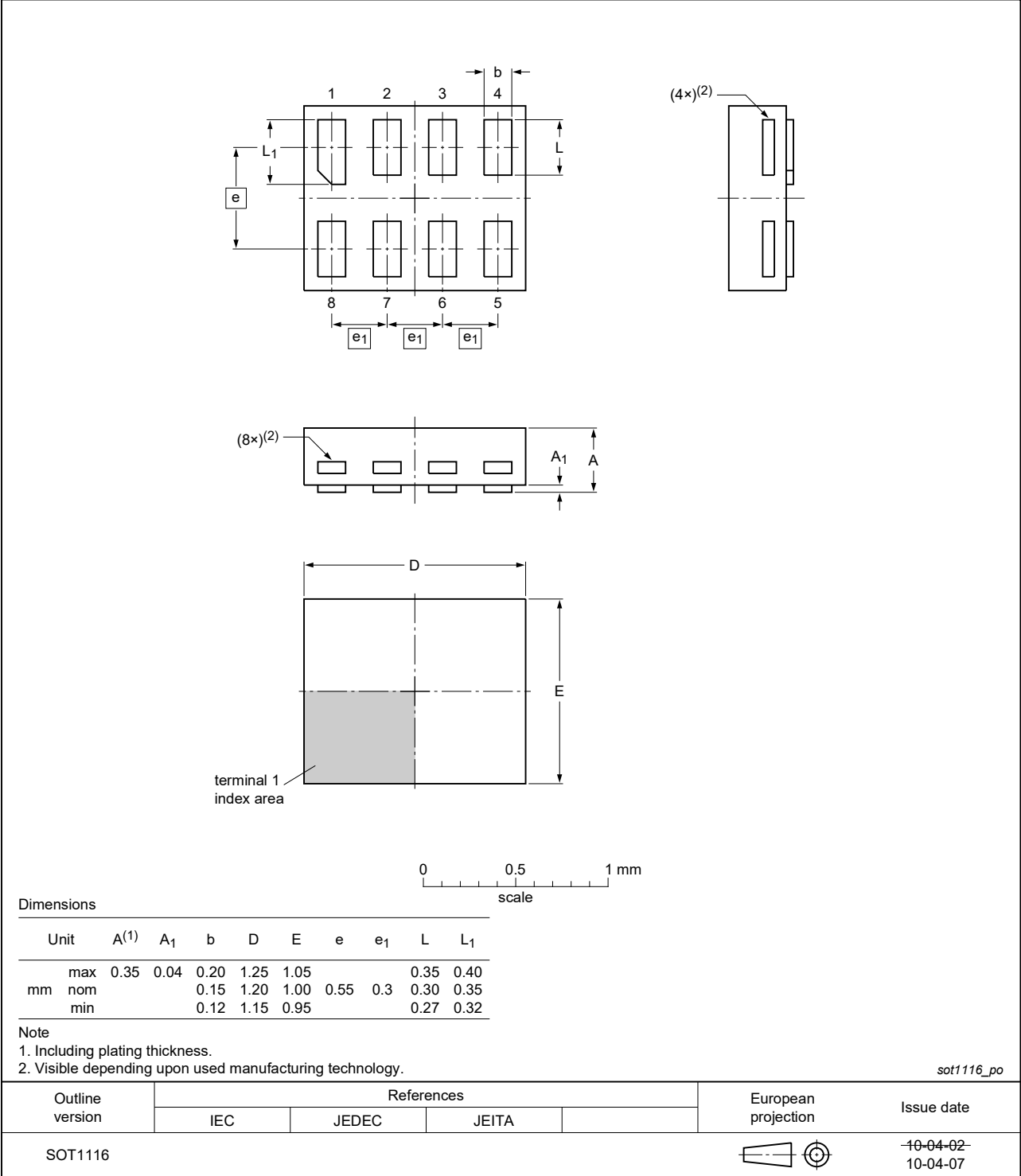


Fig. 21. Package outline SOT1116 (XSON8)

XSON8: extremely thin small outline package; no leads;  
8 terminals; body 1.35 x 1.0 x 0.35 mm

SOT1203

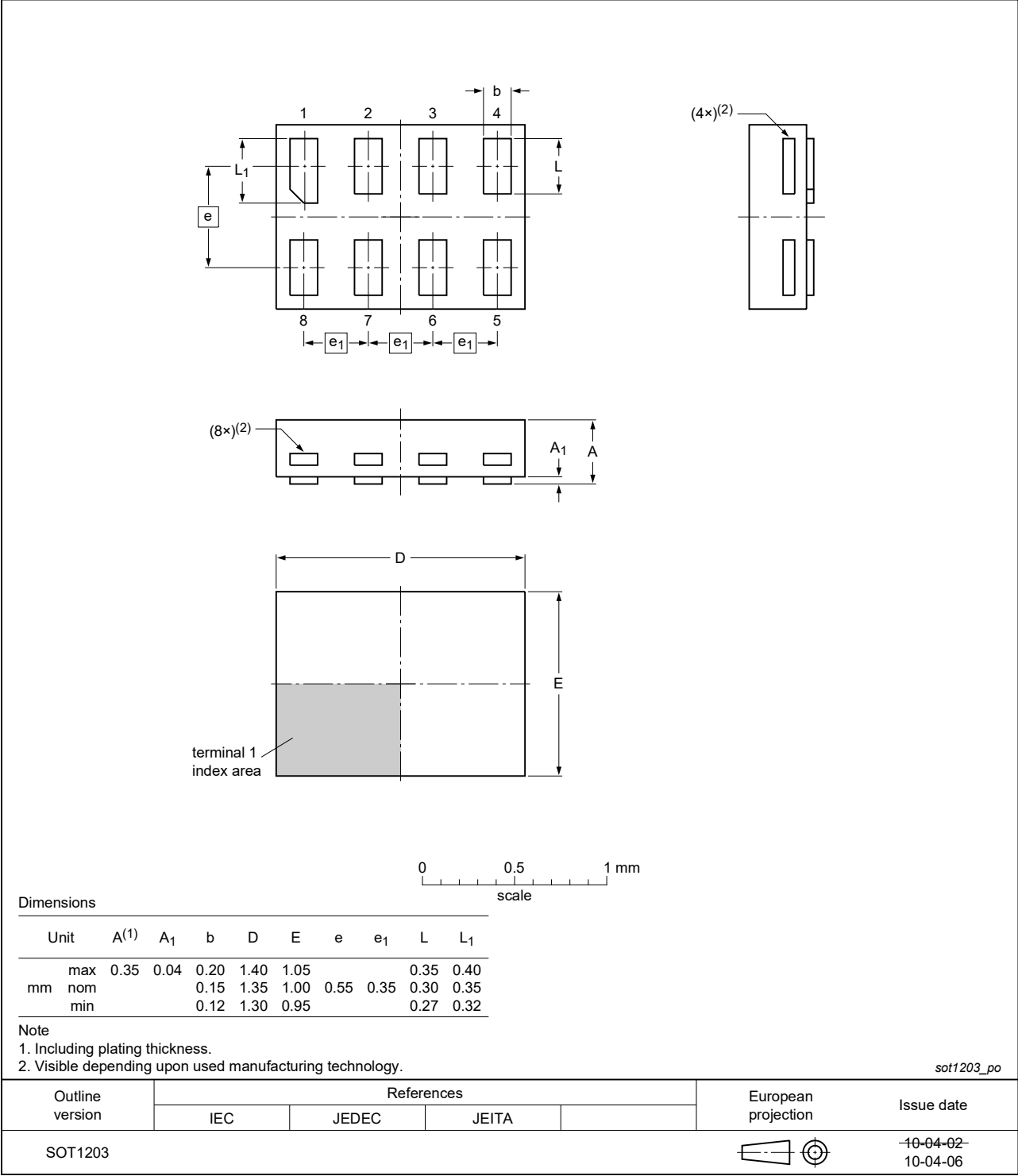


Fig. 22. Package outline SOT1203 (XSON8)

## 15. Abbreviations

Table 19. Abbreviations

Acronym	Description
CDM	Charged Device Model
DUT	Device Under Test
ESD	ElectroStatic Discharge
HBM	Human Body Model
MM	Machine Model

## 16. Revision history

Table 20. Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes
74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.10	20210511	Product data sheet	-	74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.9
Modifications:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Type number 74LVCH2T45GM (SOT902-2 / XQFN8) removed.</li> <li><a href="#">Section 8</a>: Derating values for <math>P_{tot}</math> total power dissipation updated.</li> </ul>			
74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.9	20180813	Product data sheet	-	74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.8
Modifications:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The format of this data sheet has been redesigned to comply with the identity guidelines of Nexperia.</li> <li>Legal texts have been adapted to the new company name where appropriate.</li> <li>Type numbers 74LVC2T45GD and 74LVCH2T45GD (SOT996-2) removed.</li> <li><a href="#">Fig. 17</a>: Package outline drawing (SOT765-1) modified.</li> </ul>			
74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.8	20130329	Product data sheet	-	74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.7
Modifications:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>For type numbers 74LVC2T45GD and 74LVCH2T45GD XSON8U has changed to XSON8.</li> </ul>			
74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.7	20120619	Product data sheet	-	74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.6
Modifications:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>For type numbers 74LVC2T45GM and 74LVCH2T45GM the SOT code has changed to SOT902-2.</li> </ul>			
74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.6	20111209	Product data sheet	-	74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.5
Modifications:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Legal pages updated.</li> </ul>			
74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.5	20110927	Product data sheet	-	74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.4
74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.4	20100820	Product data sheet	-	74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.3
74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.3	20100119	Product data sheet	-	74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.2
74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.2	20090205	Product data sheet	-	74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.1
74LVC_LVCH2T45 v.1	20081118	Product data sheet	-	-

## 17. Legal information

### Data sheet status

Document status [1][2]	Product status [3]	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

- [1] Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.
- [2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions".
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