

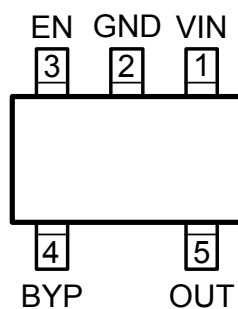
Ordering Information

Part Number	Output Voltage	Marking Code	Junction Temp. Range	Package
MIC5265-1.5YD5	1.5V	<u>N</u> 715	–40°C to +125°C	Pb-Free Thin SOT-23-5
MIC5265-1.8YD5	1.8V	<u>N</u> 718	–40°C to +125°C	Pb-Free Thin SOT-23-5
MIC5265-1.85YD5	1.85V	<u>N</u> 71J	–40°C to +125°C	Pb-Free Thin SOT-23-5
MIC5265-2.5YD5	2.5V	<u>N</u> 725	–40°C to +125°C	Pb-Free Thin SOT-23-5
MIC5265-2.6YD5	2.6V	<u>N</u> 726	–40°C to +125°C	Pb-Free Thin SOT-23-5
MIC5265-2.7YD5	2.7V	<u>N</u> 727	–40°C to +125°C	Pb-Free Thin SOT-23-5
MIC5265-2.8YD5	2.8V	<u>N</u> 728	–40°C to +125°C	Pb-Free Thin SOT-23-5
MIC5265-2.85YD5	2.85V	<u>N</u> 72J	–40°C to +125°C	Pb-Free Thin SOT-23-5
MIC5265-2.9YD5	2.9V	<u>N</u> 729	–40°C to +125°C	Pb-Free Thin SOT-23-5
MIC5265-3.0YD5	3.0V	<u>N</u> 730	–40°C to +125°C	Pb-Free Thin SOT-23-5
MIC5265-3.1YD5	3.1V	<u>N</u> 731	–40°C to +125°C	Pb-Free Thin SOT-23-5
MIC5265-3.2YD5	3.2V	<u>N</u> 732	–40°C to +125°C	Pb-Free Thin SOT-23-5
MIC5265-3.3YD5	3.3V	<u>N</u> 733	–40°C to +125°C	Pb-Free Thin SOT-23-5

Note:

1. Other Voltage Combinations available. Contact Micrel, Inc. for details.

Pin Configuration



Lead-Free Thin SOT-23-5 (M5)

Pin Description

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Function
1	IN	Supply Voltage
2	GND	Ground
3	EN	Enable/Shutdown (Input): CMOS compatible input. Logic high = enable; logic low = shutdown. Do not leave open.
4	BYP	Reference Bypass: Connect external $0.01\mu\text{F} \leq C_{\text{BYP}} \leq 1.0\mu\text{F}$ capacitor to GND to reduce output noise. May be left open.
5	OUT	Regulator Output

Absolute Maximum Ratings⁽¹⁾

Supply Input Voltage (V_{IN})	0V to +7V
Enable Input Voltage (V_{EN1})	0V to +7V
Power Dissipation (P_D)	Internally Limited ⁽³⁾
Junction Temperature (T_J)	-40°C to 125°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, #sec.)	260°C
Storage Temperature (T_S)	-55°C to 150°C
EDS Rating ⁽⁴⁾	2kV

Operating Ratings⁽²⁾

Supply Input Voltage (V_{IN})	+2.7V to +5.5V
Enable Input Voltage (V_{EN})	0V to + V_{IN}
Junction Temperature (T_A)	-40°C to +125°C
Junction Thermal Resistance	
Thin SOT-23-5 (θ_{JA})	235°C/W

Electrical Characteristics⁽⁵⁾

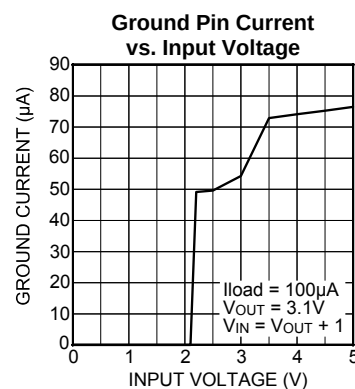
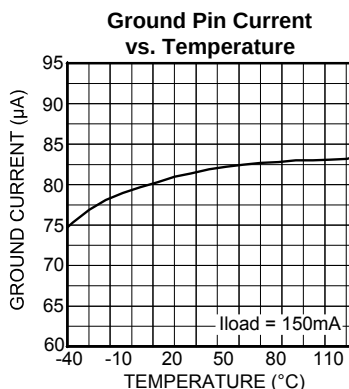
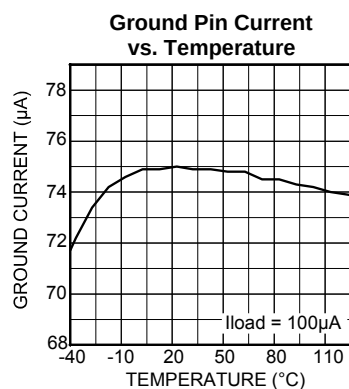
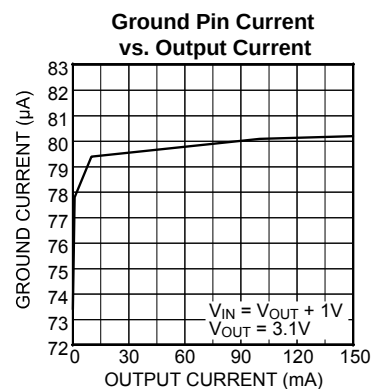
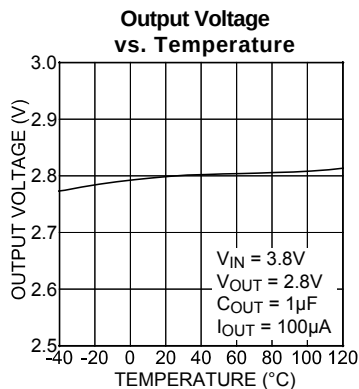
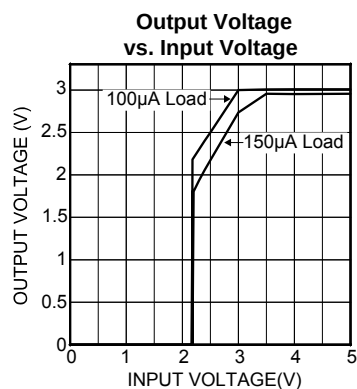
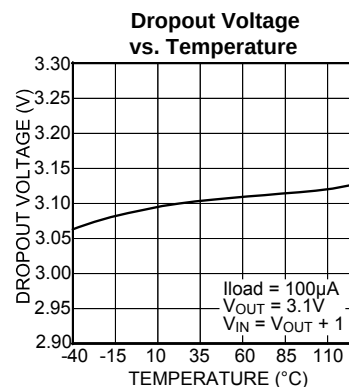
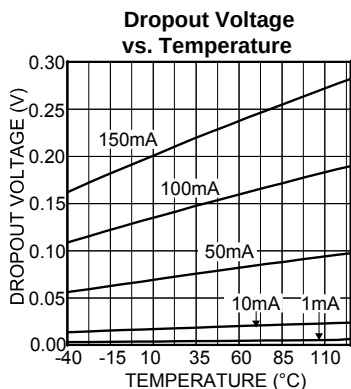
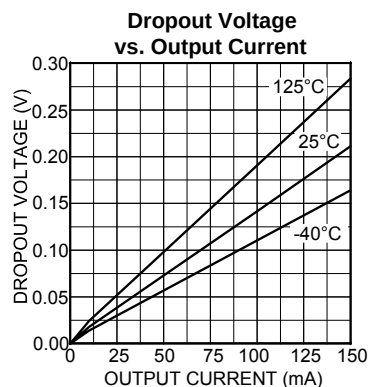
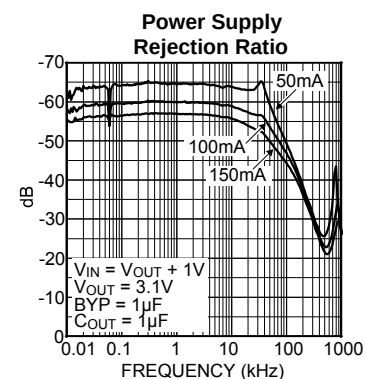
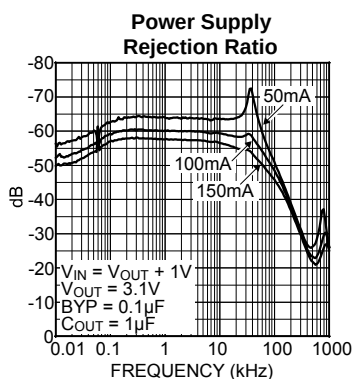
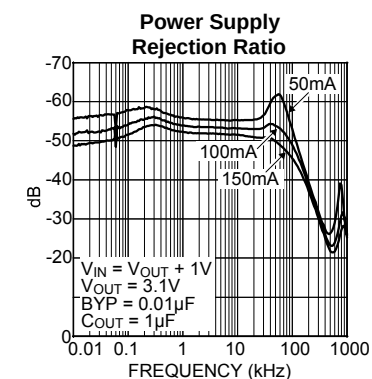
$V_{EN} = V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$; $I_L = 100\mu A$; $C_L = 1.0\mu F$; $C_{BYP} = 0.01\mu F$ per output; $T_A = 25^\circ C$, **bold** values indicate $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ C$; unless noted.

Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Output Voltage Accuracy	$I_{OUT} = 100\mu A$	-2 -3		2 3	% %
Line Regulation	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$ to 5.5V		0.05	0.2	%
Load Regulation	$I_{OUT} = 0.1mA$ to 150mA		2	3	%
Dropout Voltage	$I_{OUT} = 50mA$ $I_{OUT} = 150mA$		75 210	500	mV mV
Quiescent Current	$V_{EN} < 0.2V$		0.2	2	μA
Ground Pin Current	$I_{OUT} = 0mA$ $I_{OUT} = 150mA$		75 80	120 150	μA μA
PSRR (Ripple Rejection)	$f = 100Hz$, $C_{BYP} = 0.1\mu F$, $I_{LOAD} = 50mA$ $f = 1kHz$, $C_{BYP} = 0.1\mu F$, $I_{LOAD} = 50mA$ $f = 10kHz$, $C_{BYP} = 0.1\mu F$, $I_{LOAD} = 50mA$		62 64 64		dB dB dB
Current Limit	$V_{OUT} = 0V$		225		mA
Output Noise	$C_{OUT} = 1.0\mu F$, $C_{BYP} = 0.1\mu F$, $f = 10Hz$ to 100kHz		57		μV (rms)
Enable Input (EN1 and EN2)					
Enable Input Logic Low	$V_{IN} = 2.7V$ to 5.5V, regulator shutdown			0.2	V
Enable Input Logic High	$V_{IN} = 2.7V$ to 5.5V, regulator enabled	1.6			V
Enable Input Current	$V_{IL} < 0.4V$, regulator shutdown $V_{IH} > 1.6V$, regulator enabled		0.01 0.01		μA μA
Thermal Shutdown					
Thermal Shutdown Temperature			150		°C
Hysteresis			10		°C
Turn-on/Turn-off Characteristics					
Turn-on Time			40	150	μs
Discharge Resistance			500		Ω

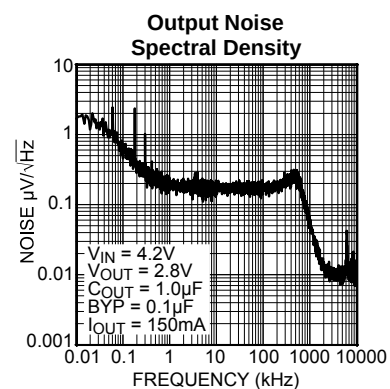
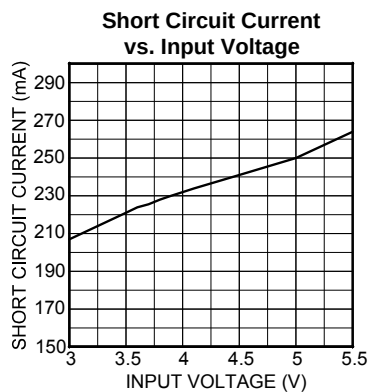
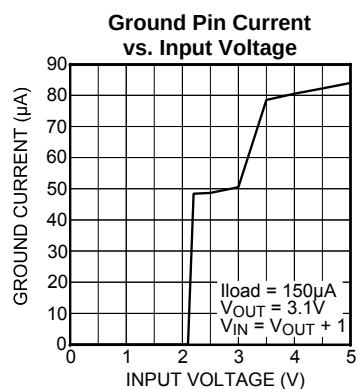
Notes:

- Exceeding the absolute maximum rating may damage the device.
- The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating rating.
- The maximum allowable power dissipation of any T_A (ambient temperature) is $P_{D(max)} = (T_{J(max)} - T_A) / \theta_{JA}$. Exceeding the maximum allowable power dissipation will result in excessive die temperature, and the regulator will go into thermal shutdown. The θ_{JA} of the MIC5265x.xYD5 (all versions) is 235°C/W on a PC board (see "Thermal Considerations" section for further details).
- Devices are ESD sensitive. Handling precautions recommended. Human body model, 1.5k in series with 100pF.
- Specification for packaged product only.

Typical Characteristics

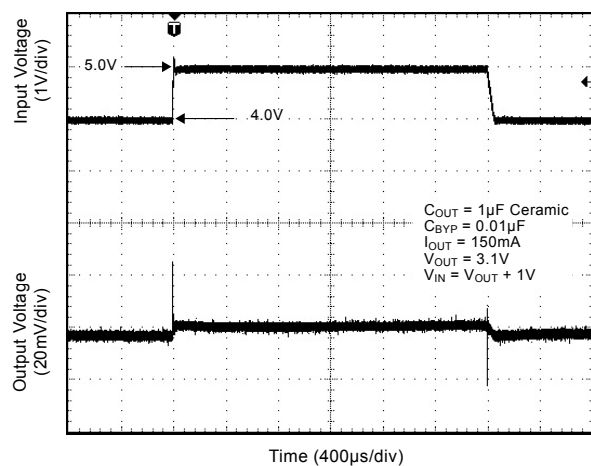


Typical Characteristics (continued)

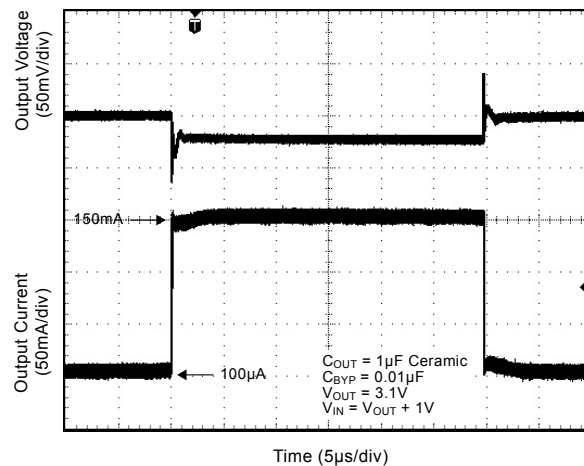


Functional Characteristics

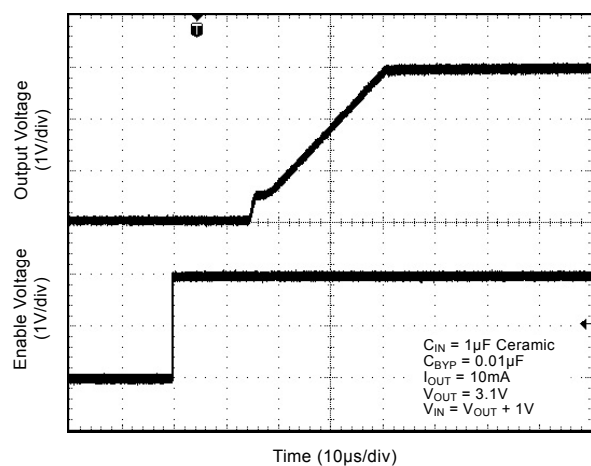
Line Transient Response



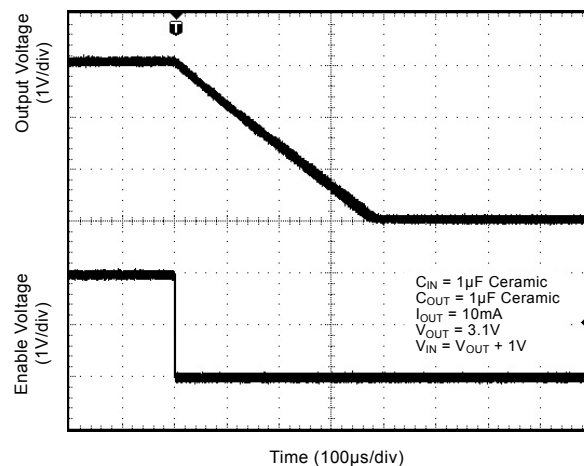
Load Transient Response



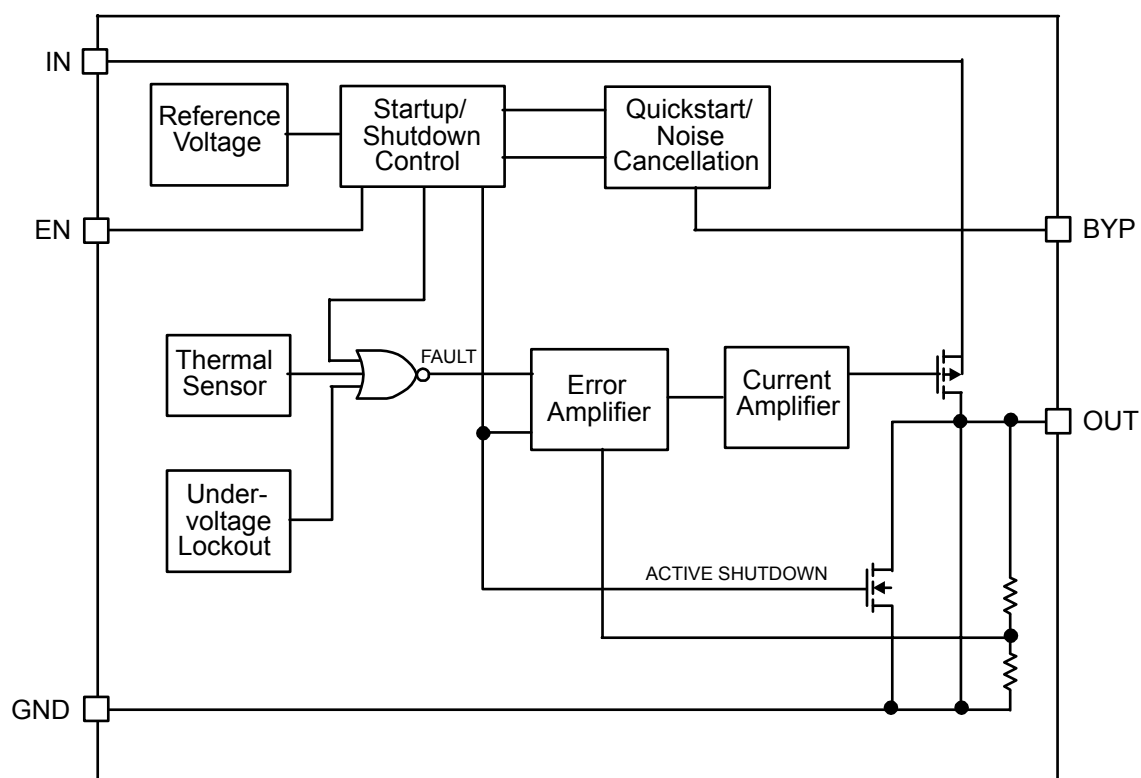
Enable Pin Delay



Shutdown Delay



Block Diagram



MIC5265 Diagram

Applications Information

Enable/Shutdown

The MIC5265 comes with an active-high enable pin that allows the regulator in each output to be disabled. Forcing the enable pin low disables the regulator and sends it into a “zero” off-mode current state. In this state, current consumed by the regulator goes nearly to zero. Forcing the enable pin high enables the output voltage. This part is CMOS and the enable pin cannot be left floating; a floating enable pin may cause an indeterminate state on the output.

Input Capacitor

The MIC5265 is a high performance, high bandwidth device. Therefore, it requires well-bypassed input supplies for optimal performance. A 1 μ F capacitor is required from the input to ground to provide stability. Low-ESR ceramic capacitors provide optimal performance at a minimum of space. Additional high-frequency capacitors, such as small valued NPO dielectric type capacitors, help filter out high-frequency noise and are good practice in any RF-based circuit.

Output Capacitor

The MIC5265 requires an output capacitor for stability. The design requires 1 μ F or greater on each output to maintain stability. The design is optimized for use with low-ESR ceramic chip capacitors. High ESR capacitors may cause high frequency oscillation. The maximum recommended ESR is 300m Ω . The output capacitor can be increased, but performance has been optimized for a 1 μ F ceramic output capacitor and does not improve significantly with larger capacitance.

X7R/X5R dielectric-type ceramic capacitors are recommended because of their temperature performance. X7R type capacitors change capacitance by 15% over their operating temperature range and are the most stable type of ceramic capacitors. Z5U and Y5V dielectric capacitors change value by as much as 50% and 60%, respectively, over their operating temperature ranges. To use a ceramic chip capacitor with Y5V dielectric, the value must be much higher than an X7R ceramic capacitor to ensure the same minimum capacitance over the equivalent operating temperature range.

Bypass Capacitor

A capacitor can be placed from the noise bypass pin to ground to reduce output voltage noise. The capacitor bypasses the internal reference. A 0.01 μ F capacitor is recommended for applications that require low-noise outputs. The bypass capacitor can be increased, further reducing noise and improving PSRR. Turn-on time increases slightly with respect to bypass capacitance. A unique quick-start circuit allows the MIC5265 to drive a

large capacitor on the bypass pin without significantly slowing turn-on time.

Active Shutdown

The MIC5265 also features an active shutdown clamp, which is an N-channel MOSFET that turns on when the device is disabled. This allows the output capacitor and load to discharge, de-energizing the load.

No-Load Stability

The MIC5265 will remain stable and in regulation with no load unlike many other voltage regulators. This is especially important in CMOS RAM keep-alive applications.

Thermal Considerations

The MIC5265 is designed to provide 150mA of continuous current per output in a very small package. Maximum ambient operating temperature can be calculated based on the output current and the voltage drop across the part. Given that the input voltage is 5.0V, the output voltage is 2.8V, and the output current is 100mA.

The actual power dissipation of the regulator circuit can be determined using the equation:

$$PD = (VIN - VOUT) I_{OUT} + VIN I_{GND}$$

Because this device is CMOS and the ground current is typically <100 μ A over the load range, the power dissipation contributed by the ground current is < 1% and can be ignored for this calculation.

$$PD = (5.0V - 2.8V) \times 150mA$$

$$PD = 0.33W$$

To determine the maximum ambient operating temperature of the package, use the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of the device and the following basic equation:

$$P_{D(max)} = \left(\frac{T_{J(max)} - T_A}{\theta_{JA}} \right)$$

TJ(max) = 125°C, the max. junction temperature of the die θ_{JA} thermal resistance = 235°C/W

MIC5265 Junction-To-Ambient Thermal Resistance

Package	θ_{JA} Recommended Minimum Footprint	θ_{JA} 1" Sq. Copper Clad	θ_{JC}
SOT-23-5 (M5 or D5)	235°C/W	125°C	145°C/W

Thermal Resistance

Substituting PD for PD(max) and solving for the ambient operating temperature will give the maximum operating conditions for the regulator circuit. The junction-to-ambient thermal resistance for the minimum footprint is 235°C/W. The maximum power dissipation must not be exceeded for proper operation.

For example, when operating the MIC5265-2.8YD5 at an input voltage of 5.0V at 150mA with a minimum footprint layout, the maximum ambient operating temperature T_A can be determined as follows:

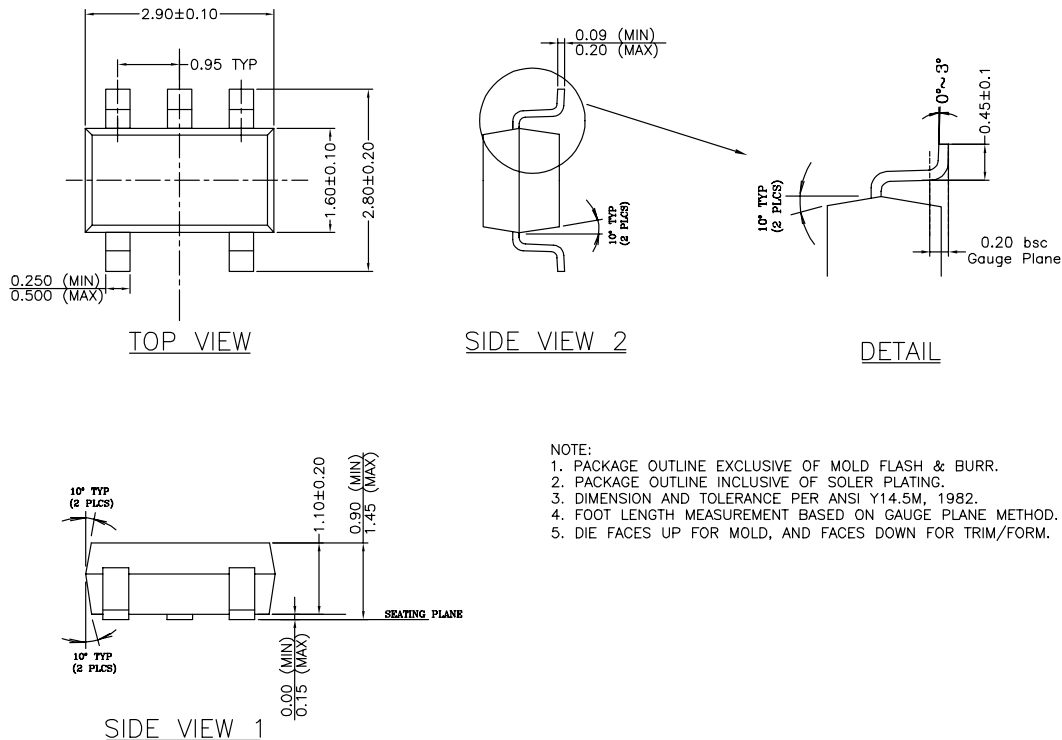
$$0.33W = \frac{125^{\circ}\text{C} - T_A}{235^{\circ}\text{C/W}}$$

$$T_A = 47.45^{\circ}\text{C}$$

Therefore, a 2.8V application at 150mA of output current can accept an ambient operating temperature of 47°C in a SOT-23-5 package. For a full discussion of heat sinking and thermal effects on voltage regulators, refer to the "Regulator Thermals" section of Micrel's Designing with Low-Dropout Voltage Regulators handbook. This information can be found on Micrel's website at:

http://www.micrel.com/_PDF/other/LDOBk_ds.pdf

Package Information



Thin SOT-23-5 (M5)

MICREL, INC. 2180 FORTUNE DRIVE SAN JOSE, CA 95131 USA

TEL +1 (408) 944-0800 FAX +1 (408) 474-1000 WEB <http://www.micrel.com>

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