

LTC1321/LTC1322/LTC1335

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply Voltage		Output Voltage	
V_{CC}	6.5V	Drivers	–25V to 25V
V_{DD} (LTC1321/LTC1322 Only)	10V	Receivers	–0.3V to ($V_{CC} + 0.3V$)
V_{EE}	–10V	Output Short-Circuit Duration	Indefinite
Input Voltage		Operating Temperature Range	
Drivers	–0.3V to ($V_{CC} + 0.3V$)	LTC1321C/LTC1322C/LTC1335C	0°C to 70°C
Receivers	–25V to 25V	LTC1321I/LTC1322I/LTC1335I	–40°C to 85°C
ON/OFF, LB, SEL1,		Storage Temperature Range	–65°C to 150°C
SEL2, OE	–0.3V to ($V_{CC} + 0.3V$)	Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec)	300°C

PACKAGE/ORDER INFORMATION

2 RS485 DRIVERS/RECEIVERS 2 EIA/TIA-562 DRIVERS/RECEIVERS TOP VIEW N PACKAGE 24-LEAD PLASTIC DIP S PACKAGE 24-LEAD PLASTIC SOL $T_{JMAX} = 125^{\circ}C$, $\theta_{JA} = 75^{\circ}C/W$ (N) $T_{JMAX} = 125^{\circ}C$, $\theta_{JA} = 85^{\circ}C/W$ (S)	2 RS485 DRIVERS/RECEIVERS 4 EIA/TIA-562 DRIVERS/RECEIVERS TOP VIEW N PACKAGE 24-LEAD PLASTIC DIP S PACKAGE 24-LEAD PLASTIC SOL $T_{JMAX} = 125^{\circ}C$, $\theta_{JA} = 75^{\circ}C/W$ (N) $T_{JMAX} = 125^{\circ}C$, $\theta_{JA} = 85^{\circ}C/W$ (S)	2 RS485 DRIVERS/RECEIVERS 4 EIA/TIA-562 DRIVERS/RECEIVERS TOP VIEW N PACKAGE 24-LEAD PLASTIC DIP S PACKAGE 24-LEAD PLASTIC SOL $T_{JMAX} = 125^{\circ}C$, $\theta_{JA} = 75^{\circ}C/W$ (N) $T_{JMAX} = 125^{\circ}C$, $\theta_{JA} = 85^{\circ}C/W$ (S)
ORDER PART NUMBER	ORDER PART NUMBER	ORDER PART NUMBER
LTC1321CN LTC1321CS LTC1321IN LTC1321IS	LTC1322CN LTC1322CS LTC1322IN LTC1322IS	LTC1335CN LTC1335CS LTC1335IN LTC1335IS

Consult factory for Military grade parts.

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$V_{CC} = V_{DD}$ (LTC1321/LTC1322) = 5V $\pm 5\%$, $V_{EE} = -5V \pm 5\%$ (Notes 2, 3)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
RS485 Driver (SEL1 = SEL2 = HIGH)						
V_{OD1}	Differential Driver Output Voltage (Unloaded)	$I_O = 0$	●		5	V
V_{OD2}	Differential Driver Output Voltage (With Load)	Figure 1, R = 50 Ω (RS422) Figure 1, R = 27 Ω (RS485)	● ●	2.0 1.5	5 5	V V
ΔV_{OD}	Change in Magnitude of Driver Differential Output Voltage for Complementary Output States	Figure 1, R = 27 Ω or R = 50 Ω	●		0.2	V
V_{OC}	Driver Common-Mode Output Voltage	Figure 1, R = 27 Ω or R = 50 Ω	●		3	V
$\Delta V_{OC} $	Change in Magnitude of Driver Common-Mode Output Voltage for Complementary Output States	Figure 1, R = 27 Ω or R = 50 Ω	●		0.2	V
I_{OSD}	Driver Short-Circuit Current	$-7V \leq V_O \leq 12V$, $V_O = \text{HIGH}$ $-7V \leq V_O \leq 12V$, $V_O = \text{LOW}$ (Note 4)	● ●	35 10	250 250	mA mA
I_{OZD}	Three-State Output Current (Y, Z)	$-7V \leq V_O \leq 12V$	●	± 5	± 500	μA
EIA/TIA-562 Driver (SEL1 = SEL2 = LOW)						
V_O	Output Voltage Swing	Figure 4, $R_L = 3k$, Positive Figure 4, $R_L = 3k$, Negative	● ●	3.7 -3.7	4.2 -4.3	V V
I_{OSD}	Output Short-Circuit Current	$V_O = 0V$	●	± 11	± 60	mA
Driver Inputs and Control Inputs						
V_{IH}	Input High Voltage	D, DE, ON/OFF, SEL1, SEL2, $\overline{LB}$ OE (LTC1335)	● ●	2 2		V V
V_{IL}	Input Low Voltage	D, DE, ON/OFF, SEL1, SEL2, $\overline{LB}$ OE (LTC1335)	● ●		0.8 0.8	V V
I_{IN}	Input Current	D, SEL1, SEL2 DE, ON/OFF, $\overline{LB}$ OE (LTC1335)	● ● ●		± 10 -4 4	μA μA μA
RS485 Receiver (SEL1 = SEL2 = HIGH)						
V_{TH}	Differential Input Threshold Voltage	$-7V \leq V_{CM} \leq 7V$, Commercial $-7V \leq V_{CM} \leq 7V$, Industrial	● ●	-0.2 -0.3	0.2 0.3	V V
ΔV_{TH}	Input Hysteresis	$V_{CM} = 0V$	●		70	mV
I_{IN}	Input Current (A, B)	$-7V \leq V_{IN} \leq 12V$	●		± 1	mA
R_{IN}	Input Resistance	$-7V \leq V_{IN} \leq 12V$	●	12	24	k Ω
EIA/TIA-562 Receiver (SEL1 = SEL2 = LOW)						
V_{TH}	Receiver Input Voltage Threshold	Input Low Threshold Input High Threshold	● ●	0.8 1.1 1.7	2.4	V V
ΔV_{TH}	Receiver Input Hysteresis		●	0.1	0.6	1.0
R_{IN}	Receiver Input Resistance	$V_{IN} = \pm 10V$		3	5	7
Receiver Output						
V_{OH}	Receiver Output High Voltage	$I_O = -3mA$, $V_{IN} = 0V$, SEL1 = SEL2 = LOW	●	3.5	4.6	V
V_{OL}	Receiver Output Low Voltage	$I_O = 3mA$, $V_{IN} = 3V$, SEL1 = SEL2 = LOW	●		0.2	0.4
I_{OSR}	Short-Circuit Current	$0V \leq V_O \leq V_{CC}$	●	7	85	mA
I_{OZR}	Three-State Output Current	ON/OFF = 0V OE = V_{CC} (LTC1335)	● ●		± 10 ± 10	μA μA

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS $V_{CC} = V_{DD}$ (LTC1321/LTC1322) = 5V $\pm 5\%$, $V_{EE} = -5V \pm 5\%$ (Notes 2, 3)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Supply Currents							
I_{CC}	V_{CC} Supply Current	No Load (SEL1 = SEL2 = HIGH) Shutdown, ON/OFF = 0V	● ●		1000 15	2000 50	μA μA
I_{DD}	V_{DD} Supply Current (LTC1321/LTC1322)	No Load (SEL1 = SEL2 = LOW) Shutdown, ON/OFF = 0V	● ●		300 0.1	1000 50	μA μA
I_{EE}	V_{EE} Supply Current	No Load (SEL1 = SEL2 = HIGH) Shutdown, ON/OFF = 0V	● ●		-1000 -0.1	-2000 -50	μA μA

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS $V_{CC} = V_{DD}$ (LTC1321/LTC1322) = 5V $\pm 5\%$, $V_{EE} = -5V \pm 5\%$ (Notes 2, 3)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
EIA/TIA-562 Mode (SEL1 = SEL2 = LOW)							
SR	Slew Rate	Figure 4, $R_L = 3k$, $C_L = 15pF$ Figure 4, $R_L = 3k$, $C_L = 1000pF$	● ●		14 7	30	V/ μs V/ μs
t_T	Transition Time	Figure 4, $R_L = 3k$, $C_L = 2500pF$	●	0.22	1.9	3.1	μs
t_{PLH}	Driver Input to Output	Figures 4,10, $R_L = 3k$, $C_L = 15pF$	●		0.6	4	μs
t_{PHL}	Driver Input to Output	Figures 4,10, $R_L = 3k$, $C_L = 15pF$	●		0.6	4	μs
t_{PLH}	Receiver Input to Output	Figures 5,11	●		0.3	6	μs
t_{PHL}	Receiver Input to Output	Figures 5,11	●		0.4	6	μs
RS485 Mode (SEL1 = SEL2 = HIGH)							
t_{PLH}	Driver Input to Output	Figures 2,7, $R_L = 54\Omega$, $C_L = 100pF$	●	20	40	70	ns
t_{PHL}	Driver Input to Output	Figures 2,7, $R_L = 54\Omega$, $C_L = 100pF$	●	20	40	70	ns
t_{SKEW}	Driver Output to Output	Figures 2,7, $R_L = 54\Omega$, $C_L = 100pF$	●		5	15	ns
t_r , t_f	Driver Rise or Fall Time	Figures 2,7, $R_L = 54\Omega$, $C_L = 100pF$	●	3	15	40	ns
t_{ZL}	Driver Enable to Output Low	Figures 3,8, $C_L = 100pF$, S1 Closed	●		50	90	ns
t_{ZH}	Driver Enable to Output High	Figures 3,8, $C_L = 100pF$, S2 Closed	●		50	90	ns
t_{LZ}	Driver Disable from Low	Figures 3,8, $C_L = 15pF$, S1 Closed	●		50	90	ns
t_{HZ}	Driver Disable from High	Figures 3,8, $C_L = 15pF$, S2 Closed	●		60	90	ns
t_{PLH}	Receiver Input to Output	Figures 2,9, $R_L = 54\Omega$, $C_L = 100pF$	●	20	60	140	ns
t_{PHL}	Receiver Input to Output	Figures 2,9, $R_L = 54\Omega$, $C_L = 100pF$	●	20	70	140	ns
t_{SKEW}	Differential Receiver Skew, $ t_{PLH} - t_{PHL} $	Figures 2,9, $R_L = 54\Omega$, $C_L = 100pF$	●		10		ns

Receiver Output Enable/Disable (LTC1335)

t_{ZL}	Receiver Enable to Output Low	Figures 6,12, $C_L = 15pF$, S1 Closed	●		40	90	ns
t_{ZH}	Receiver Enable to Output High	Figures 6,12, $C_L = 15pF$, S2 Closed	●		40	90	ns
t_{LZ}	Receiver Disable from Low	Figures 6,12, $C_L = 15pF$, S1 Closed	●		40	90	ns
t_{HZ}	Receiver Disable from High	Figures 6,12, $C_L = 15pF$, S2 Closed	●		50	90	ns

The ● denotes specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range.

Note 1: Absolute maximum ratings are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be guaranteed.

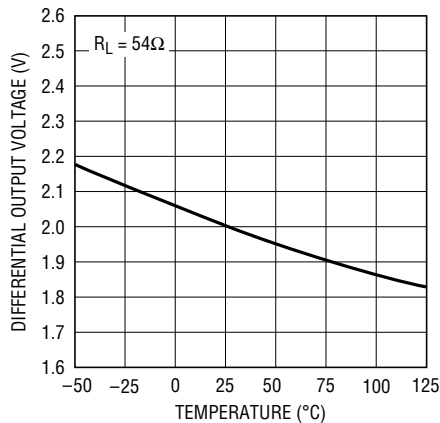
Note 2: All currents into device pins are positive; all currents out of device pins are negative. All voltages are referenced to device ground unless otherwise specified.

Note 3: All typicals are given at $V_{CC} = V_{DD}$ (LTC1321/LTC1322) = 5V, $V_{EE} = -5V$, and $T_A = 25^\circ C$.

Note 4: Short-circuit current for RS485 driver output low state folds back above V_{CC} . Peak current occurs around $V_O = 3V$.

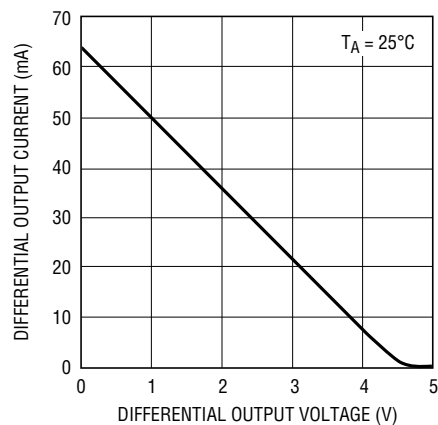
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

RS485 Driver Differential Output Voltage vs Temperature



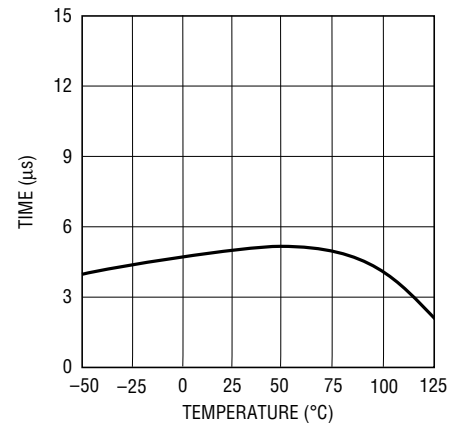
1321 G01

RS485 Driver Differential Output Current vs Output Voltage



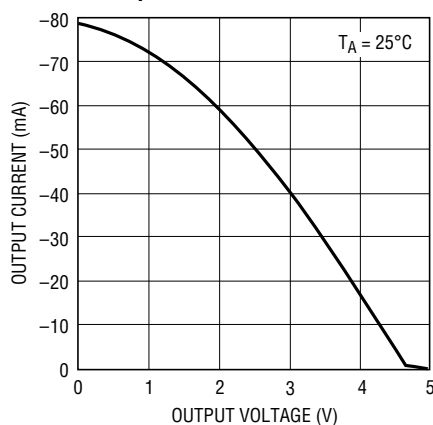
1321 G02

RS485 Driver Skew vs Temperature



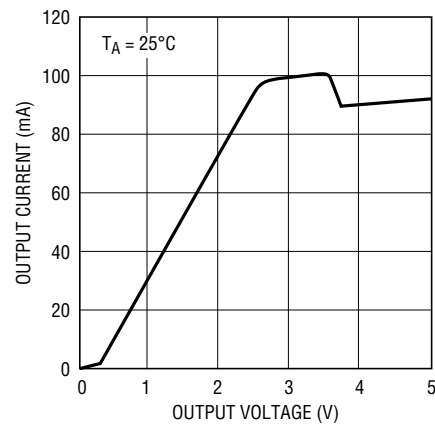
1321 G03

RS485 Driver Output High Voltage vs Output Current



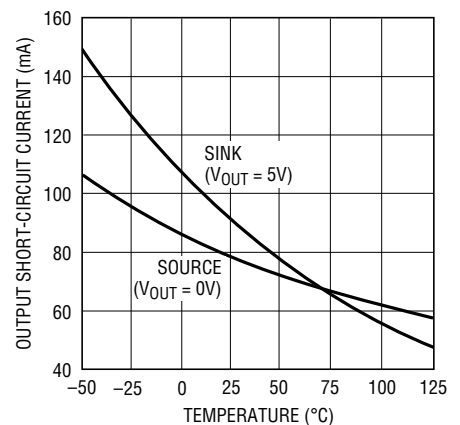
1321 G04

RS485 Driver Output Low Voltage vs Output Current



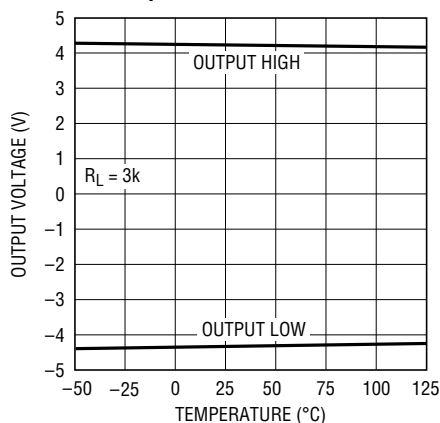
1321 G05

RS485 Driver Output Short-Circuit Current vs Temperature



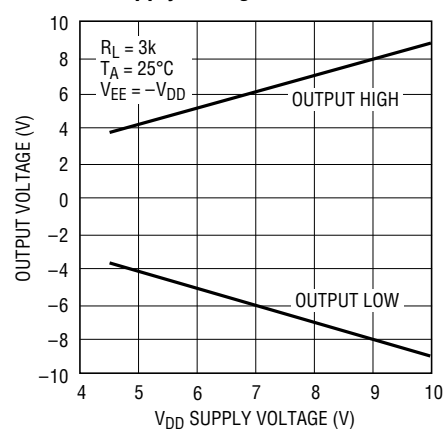
1321 G19

EIA562 Driver Output Voltage vs Temperature



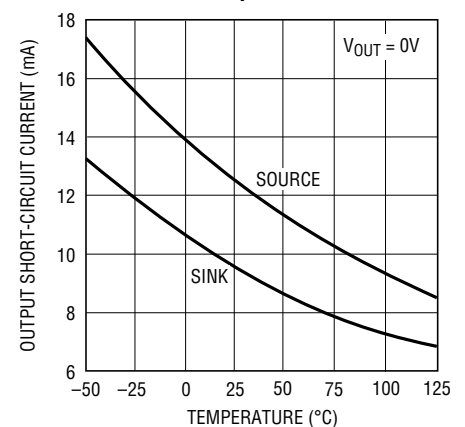
1321 G07

EIA562 Driver Output Voltage vs Supply Voltage



1321 G08

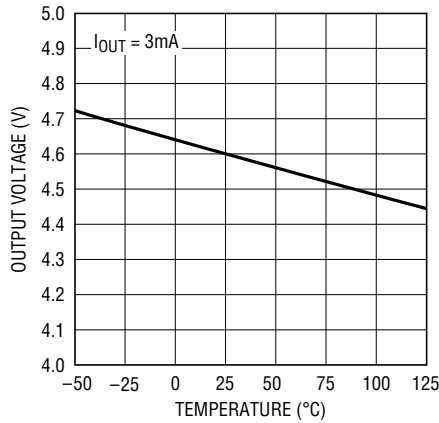
EIA562 Driver Output Short-Circuit Current vs Temperature



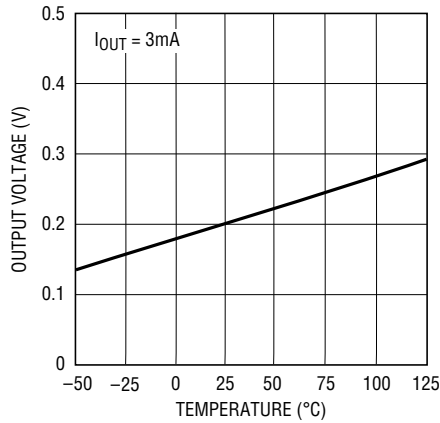
1321 G09

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

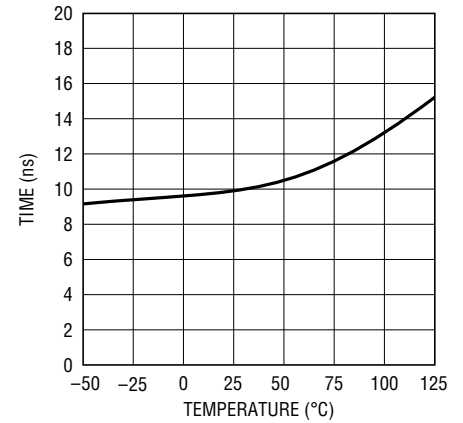
Receiver Output High Voltage vs Temperature



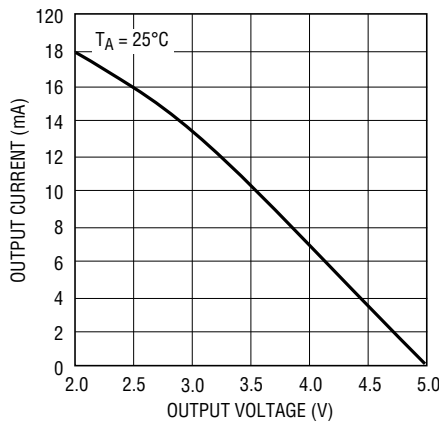
Receiver Output Low Voltage vs Temperature



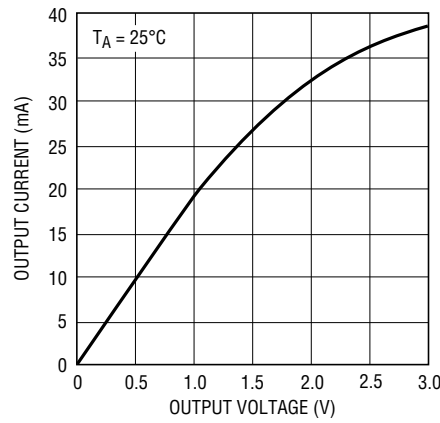
RS485 Receiver |tPLH - tPHL| vs Temperature



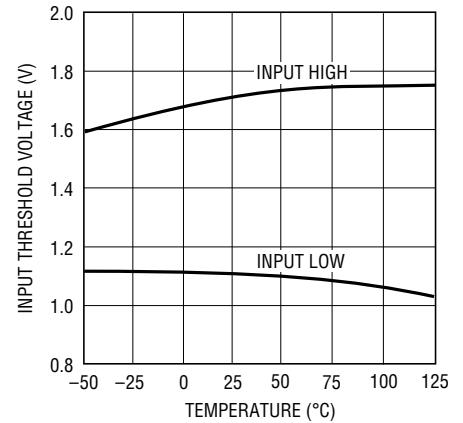
Receiver Output Current vs Output High Voltage



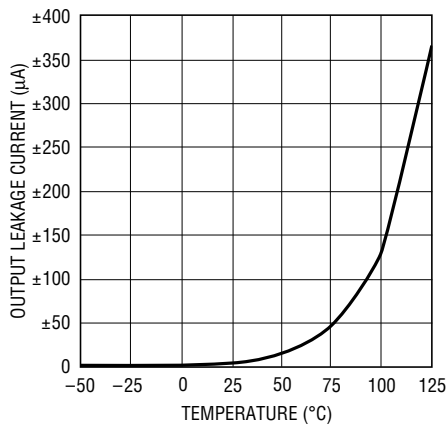
Receiver Output Current vs Output Low Voltage



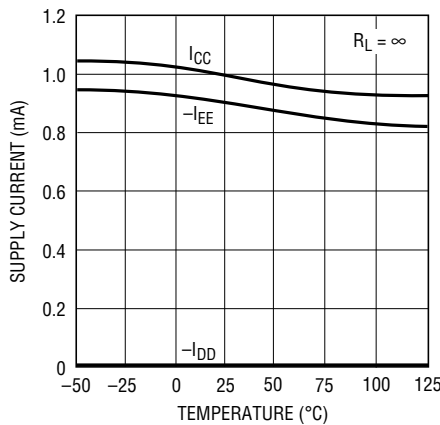
EIA562 Receiver Input Threshold Voltage vs Temperature



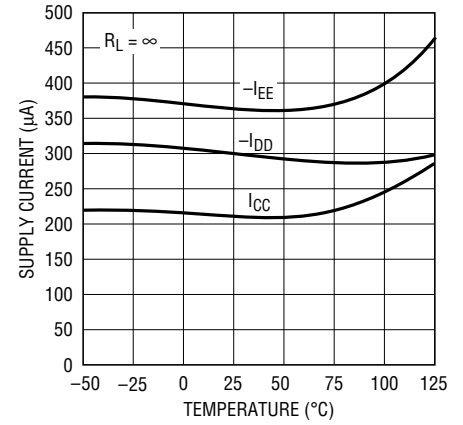
Driver Output Leakage Current (Disable/Shutdown) vs Temperature



Supply Current in RS485 Mode vs Temperature (Both Ports)



Supply Current in EIA562 Mode vs Temperature (Both Ports)



PIN FUNCTIONS

LTC1321

V_{DD} (Pin 1): Positive Supply Input for EIA/TIA-562 Drivers.

B1: (Pin 2): Receiver Input.

A1 (Pin 3): Receiver Input.

Z1 (Pin 4): Driver Output.

Y1 (Pin 5): Driver Output.

SEL1 (Pin 6): Interface Mode Select Input.

SEL2 (Pin 7): Interface Mode Select Input.

Y2 (Pin 8): Driver Output.

Z2 (Pin 9): Driver Output.

A2 (Pin 10): Receiver Input.

B2 (Pin 11): Receiver Input.

GND (Pin 12): Ground.

V_{EE} (Pin 13): Negative Supply.

NC (Pin 14): No Connection.

R_{A2} (Pin 15): Receiver Output.

DE2 (Pin 16): Driver Enable with Internal Pull-Up in RS485 Mode.

D_{Y2} (Pin 17): Driver Input.

ON/OFF (Pin 18): A HIGH logic input enables the transceivers. A LOW puts the device into shutdown mode and reduces I_{CC} to 15μA. This pin has an internal pull-up.

LB (Pin 19): Loopback Control Input. A LOW logic level enables loopback connections. This pin has an internal pull-up.

D_{Y1} (Pin 20): Driver Input.

DE1 (Pin 21): Driver Enable with Internal Pull-Up in RS485 Mode.

R_{A1} (Pin 22): Receiver Output.

NC (Pin 23): No Connection.

V_{CC} (Pin 24): Positive Supply; $4.75V \leq V_{CC} \leq 5.25V$.

LTC1322/LTC1335

OE/V_{DD} (Pin 1): For LTC1335, pin 1 is the receiver output enable with internal pull-down. For LTC1322, pin 1 is the positive supply input for EIA/TIA-562 drivers.

B1: (Pin 2): Receiver Input.

A1 (Pin 3): Receiver Input.

Z1 (Pin 4): Driver Output.

Y1 (Pin 5): Driver Output.

SEL1 (Pin 6): Interface Mode Select Input.

SEL2 (Pin 7): Interface Mode Select Input.

Y2 (Pin 8): Driver Output.

Z2 (Pin 9): Driver Output.

A2 (Pin 10): Receiver Input.

B2 (Pin 11): Receiver Input.

GND (Pin 12): Ground.

V_{EE} (Pin 13): Negative Supply.

R_{B2} (Pin 14): Receiver Output.

R_{A2} (Pin 15): Receiver Output.

D_{Z2}/DE2 (Pin 16): EIA/TIA-562 Driver Input in EIA562 Mode. RS485 Driver Enable with Internal Pull-Up in RS485 Mode.

D_{Y2} (Pin 17): Driver Input.

ON/OFF (Pin 18): A HIGH logic input enables the transceivers. A LOW puts the device into shutdown mode and reduces I_{CC} to 15μA. This pin has an internal pull-up.

LB (Pin 19): Loopback Control Input. A LOW logic level enables loopback connections. This pin has an internal pull-up.

D_{Y1} (Pin 20): Driver Input.

D_{Z1}/DE1 (Pin 21): EIA/TIA-562 Driver Input in EIA562 Mode. RS485 Driver Enable with Internal Pull-up in RS485 Mode.

R_{A1} (Pin 22): Receiver Output.

R_{B1} (Pin 23): Receiver Output.

V_{CC} (Pin 24): Positive Supply; $4.75V \leq V_{CC} \leq 5.25V$.

FUNCTION TABLES

LTC1321

RS485 Driver Mode

INPUTS				LINE CONDITION	OUTPUTS	
ON/OFF	SEL	DE	D		Y	Z
1	1	1	0	No Fault	0	1
1	1	1	1	No Fault	1	0
1	1	1	X	Fault	Z	Z
1	1	0	X	X	Z	Z
0	1	X	X	X	Z	Z

RS485 Receiver Mode

INPUTS			OUTPUT R
ON/OFF	SEL	A – B	
1	1	< –0.2V	0
1	1	> 0.2V	1
1	1	Inputs Open	1
0	1	X	Z

RS232/EIA562 Driver Mode

INPUTS			LINE CONDITION	OUTPUT Y
ON/OFF	SEL	D		
1	0	0	No Fault	1
1	0	1	No Fault	0
1	0	X	Fault	Z
0	0	X	X	Z

RS232/EIA562 Receiver Mode

INPUTS			OUTPUT R
ON/OFF	SEL	A	
1	0	0	1
1	0	1	0
1	0	Inputs Open	1
0	0	X	Z

LTC1322

RS485 Driver Mode

INPUTS				LINE CONDITION	OUTPUTS	
ON/OFF	SEL	DE	D		Y	Z
1	1	1	0	No Fault	0	1
1	1	1	1	No Fault	1	0
1	1	1	X	Fault	Z	Z
1	1	0	X	X	Z	Z
0	1	X	X	X	Z	Z

RS485 Receiver Mode

INPUTS			OUTPUT R
ON/OFF	SEL	A – B	
1	1	< –0.2V	0
1	1	> 0.2V	1
1	1	Inputs Open	1
0	1	X	Z

RS232/EIA562 Driver Mode

INPUTS			LINE CONDITION	OUTPUT Y, Z
ON/OFF	SEL	D		
1	0	0	No Fault	1
1	0	1	No Fault	0
1	0	X	Fault	Z
0	0	X	X	Z

RS232/EIA562 Receiver Mode

INPUTS			OUTPUT R
ON/OFF	SEL	A OR B	
1	0	0	1
1	0	1	0
1	0	Input Open	1
0	0	X	Z

FUNCTION TABLES

LTC1335

RS485 Driver Mode

INPUTS				LINE CONDITION	OUTPUTS	
ON/OFF	SEL	DE	D		Y	Z
1	1	1	0	No Fault	0	1
1	1	1	1	No Fault	1	0
1	1	1	X	Fault	Z	Z
1	1	0	X	X	Z	Z
0	1	X	X	X	Z	Z

RS485 Receiver Mode

INPUTS				OUTPUT R
ON/OFF	SEL	OE	A – B	
1	1	0	$< -0.2V$	0
1	1	0	$> 0.2V$	1
1	1	0	Inputs Open	1
1	1	1	X	Z
0	1	X	X	Z

EIA562 Driver Mode

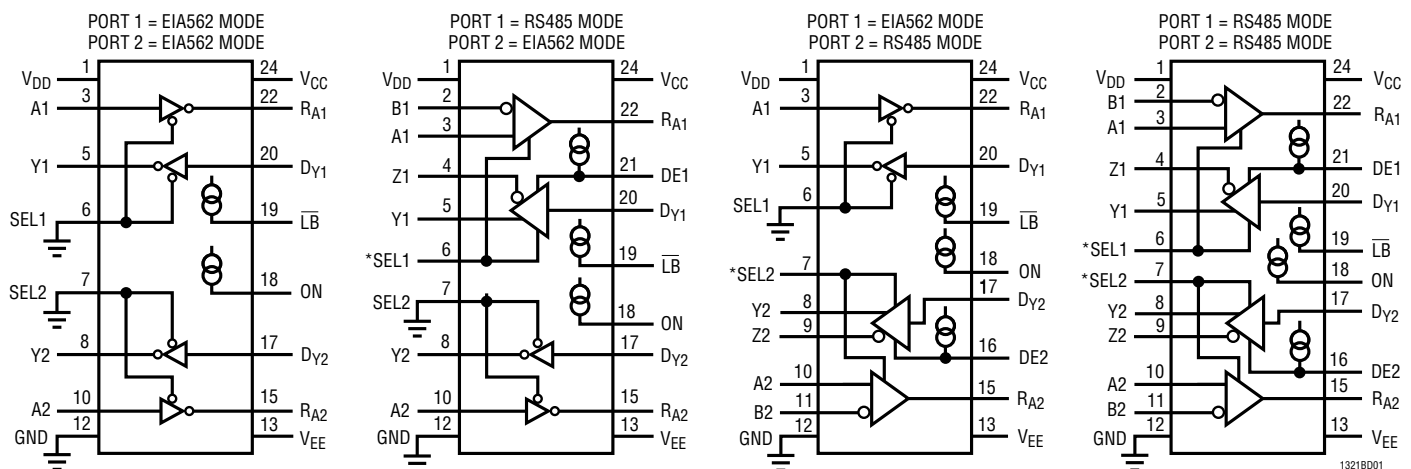
INPUTS			LINE CONDITION	OUTPUT Y, Z
ON/OFF	SEL	D		
1	0	0	No Fault	1
1	0	1	No Fault	0
1	0	X	Fault	Z
0	0	X	X	Z

EIA562 Receiver Mode

INPUTS				OUTPUT R
ON/OFF	SEL	OE	A OR B	
1	0	0	0	1
1	0	0	1	0
1	0	0	Input Open	1
1	0	1	X	Z
0	0	X	X	Z

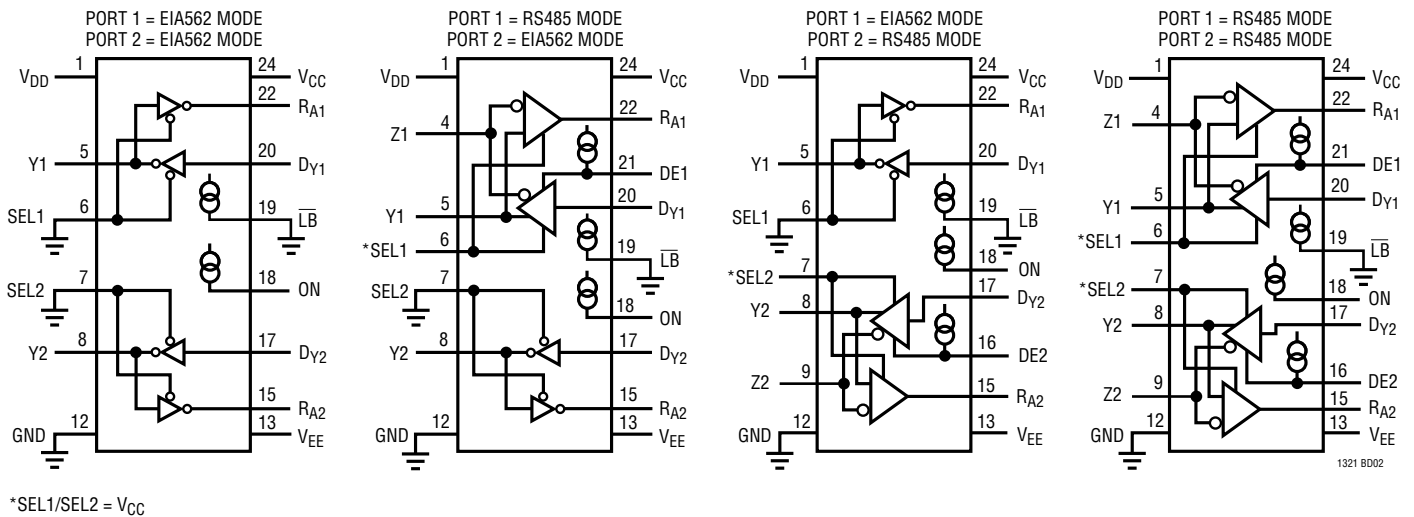
BLOCK DIAGRAMS

LTC1321 Interface Configuration Without Loopback

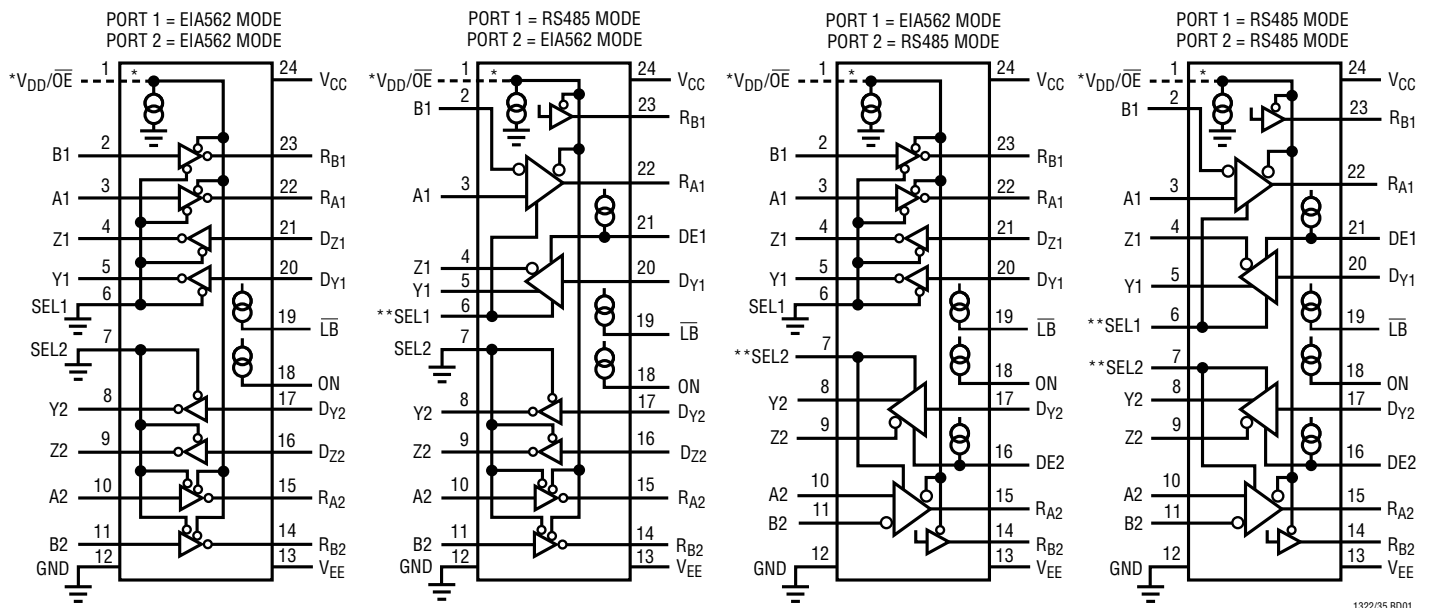


BLOCK DIAGRAMS

LTC1321 Interface Configuration With Loopback



LTC1322/LTC1335 Interface Configuration Without Loopback

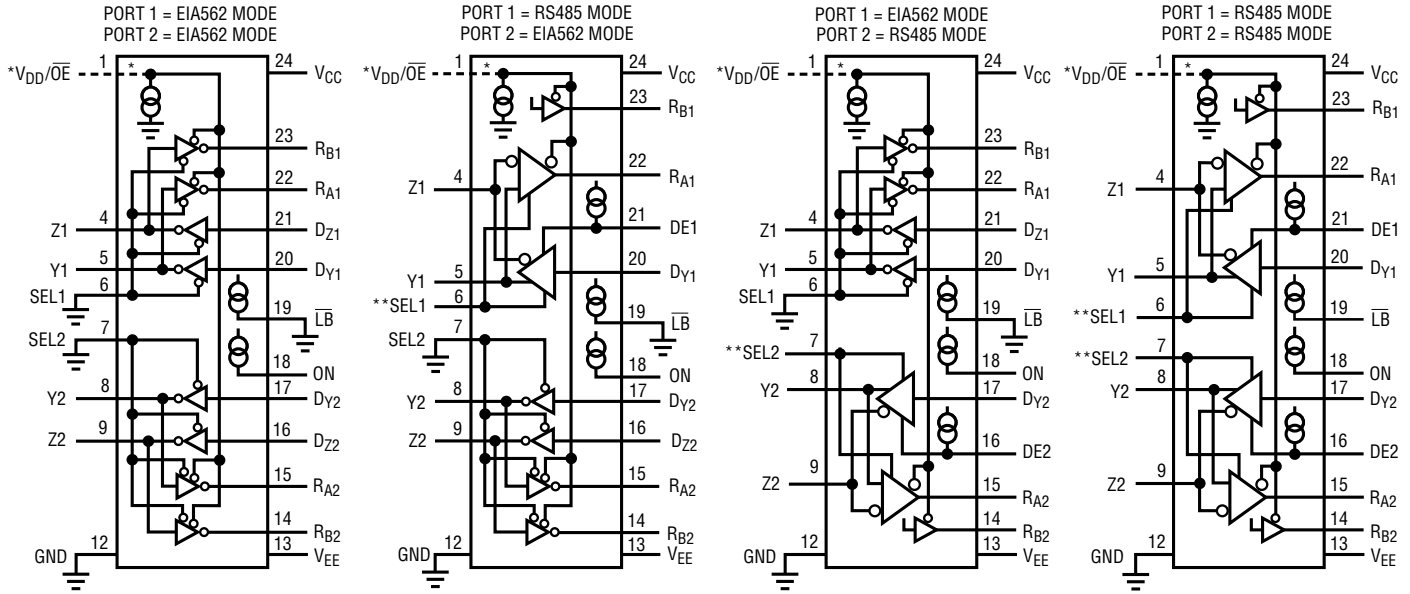


* FOR LTC1322 ONLY, PIN 1 IS V_{DD}, AND OE IS ALWAYS ENABLED.
FOR LTC1335, PIN 1 IS OE, AND V_{DD} IS CONNECTED TO V_{CC}.

** SEL1/SEL2 = V_{CC}.

BLOCK DIAGRAMS

LTC1322/LTC1335 Interface Configuration With Loopback



TEST CIRCUITS

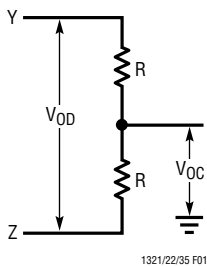


Figure 1. RS485 Driver Test Load

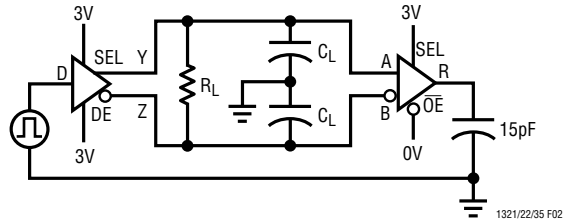


Figure 2. RS485 Driver/Receiver Timing Test Circuit

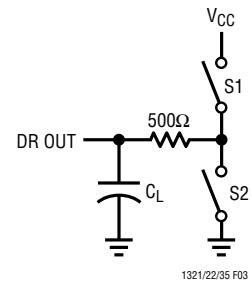


Figure 3. RS485 Driver Output Enable/Disable Timing Test Load

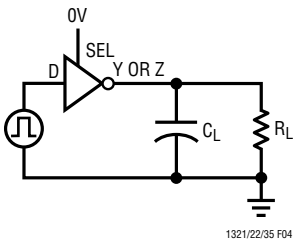


Figure 4. EIA/TIA-562 Driver Timing Test Circuit

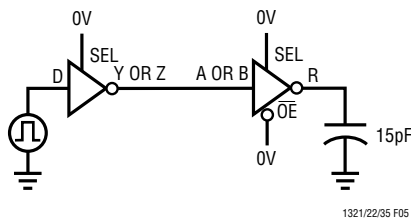


Figure 5. EIA/TIA-562 Receiver Timing Test Circuit

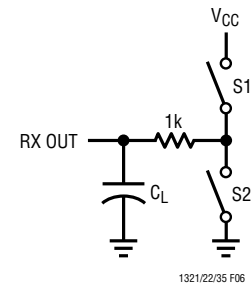


Figure 6. Receiver Output Enable/Disable Timing Test Load



SWITCHING WAVEFORMS

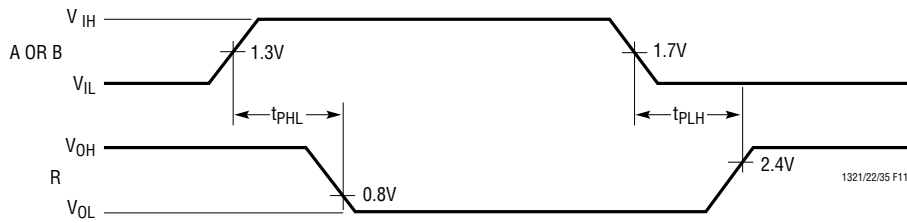


Figure 11. EIA/TIA-562 Receiver Propagation Delays

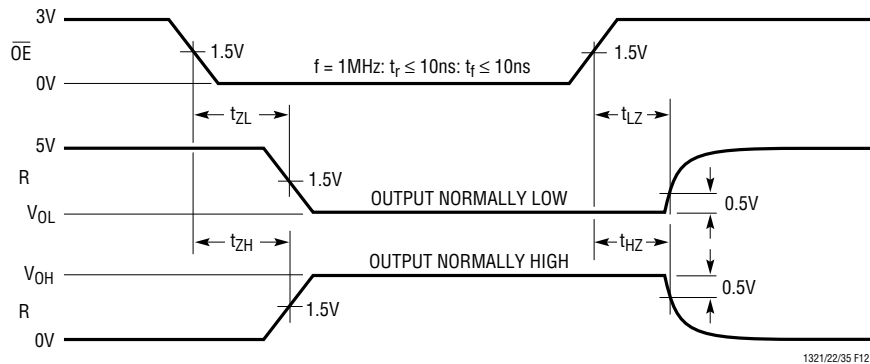


Figure 12. Receiver Enable and Disable Times

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

Basic Theory of Operation

The LTC1321/LTC1322/LTC1335 each have two interface ports. Each port may be configured as single-ended EIA562 transceiver(s) or differential RS485 transceiver by forcing the port's selection input to a LOW or HIGH, respectively. The LTC1321 provides one EIA562 driver and one EIA562 receiver per port to maintain same pinout as SP301. The LTC1322 and LTC1335 each provide two drivers and two receivers per port. Additionally, the LTC1321 and LTC1322 single-ended ports are RS232 compatible with higher V_{DD} and V_{EE} supply levels.

All the interface drivers feature three-state outputs. Interface outputs are forced into high impedance when the driver is disabled, in the shutdown mode, or with the power off.

All the interface driver outputs are fault protected by a current limiting and thermal shutdown circuit. The thermal shutdown circuit disables both the EIA562 and RS485 driver outputs when the die temperature reaches 150°C. The thermal shutdown circuit enables the drivers when the die temperature cools to 135°C.

In RS485 mode, shutdown mode or with the power off, the input resistance of the receiver is 24k. The input resistance drops to 6.3k in EIA562 mode.

A logic LOW at the $\overline{ON}/\overline{OFF}$ pin shuts down the device and forces all the outputs into a high impedance state. A logic HIGH enables the device. An internal 4μA current source to V_{CC} pulls the $\overline{ON}/\overline{OFF}$ pin HIGH if left open.

In RS485 mode, an internal 4μA current source pulls the driver enable pin HIGH if left open. The RS485 receiver has a 4μA current source at the noninverting input. If both the RS485 receiver inputs are open, the output is a high state. Both the current sources are disabled in the EIA562 mode.

For LTC1335, a logic LOW at the $\overline{OE}$ pin enables all the receiver outputs and a logic HIGH disables all the receiver outputs. An internal 4μA current source pulls the $\overline{OE}$ pin LOW if left open.

A loopback mode enables internal connections from driver outputs to receiver inputs for self-test when the

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

$\overline{\text{LB}}$ pin has a LOW logic state. The driver outputs are not isolated from the external loads. This allows transmitter verification under the loaded condition. An internal $4\mu\text{A}$ current source pulls the $\overline{\text{LB}}$ pin HIGH if left open and disables the loopback configuration.

EIA562/RS485 Applications

EIA562 and RS485 output levels are supported when LTC1321/LTC1322/LTC1335 are powered from $\pm 5\text{V}$ supplies. The LTC1321/LTC1322 require the V_{DD} and V_{CC} pins to be tied together and connected to 5V supply (Figure 13). The V_{DD} and V_{CC} are connected internally and brought out at V_{CC} pin in the LTC1335. The unloaded outputs will swing from -5V to 5V in EIA562 mode, and from 0V to 5V in RS485 mode.

RS232/RS485 Applications

If true RS232-compatible outputs are required, the LTC1321/LTC1322 may be used with the V_{DD} and V_{EE} supply voltages increased to provide the additional signal swing. To meet RS232, V_{DD} must be between 6.5V and 10V , and V_{EE} must be between -6.5V and -10V . V_{CC} remains connected to 5V . If only $\pm 12\text{V}$ supplies are available, inexpensive Zener diodes (Z1 and Z2) may be connected in series with V_{DD} and V_{EE} supply pins as shown in Figure 14. An optional 16V Zener diode between V_{CC} and V_{EE} is recommended to keep the maximum voltage between V_{CC} and V_{EE} within safe limits.

LocalTalk®/AppleTalk® Applications

The LTC1321/LTC1322/LTC1335 can be used to provide AppleTalk/LocalTalk-compatible signals in RS485 mode. Figure 15 shows one half of an LTC1335 connected to an LTC1320 AppleTalk transceiver in a typical LocalTalk configuration. Figure 16 shows a typical direct-wire connection with the LTC1335 as the DCE transceiver and the LTC1320 as the DTE transceiver. The LTC1321/LTC1322/LTC1335 RS485 mode is capable of meeting all AppleTalk protocol specifications.

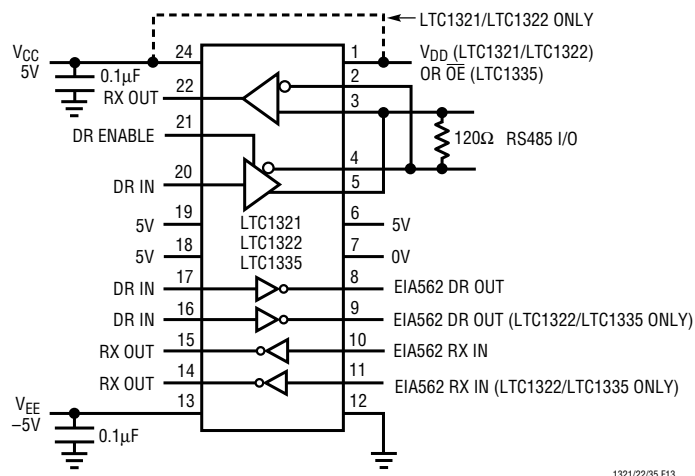


Figure 13. EIA562/RS485 Interfaces with $\pm 5\text{V}$ Supplies

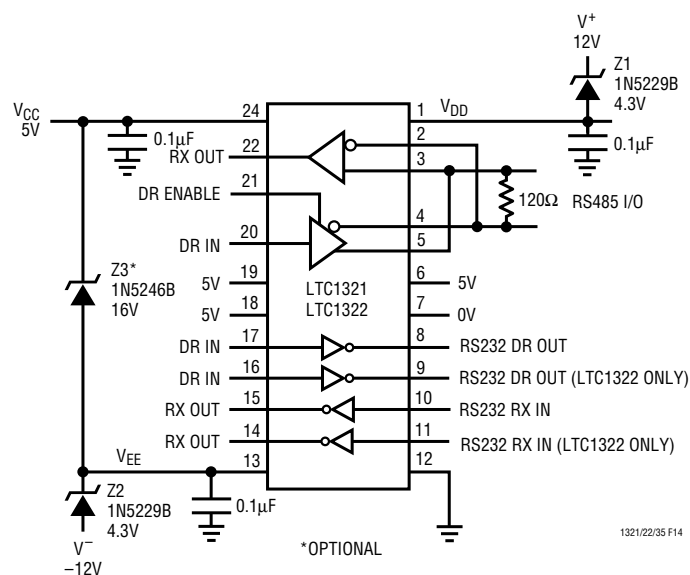


Figure 14. RS232/RS485 Interfaces with 5V , $\pm 12\text{V}$ Supplies

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

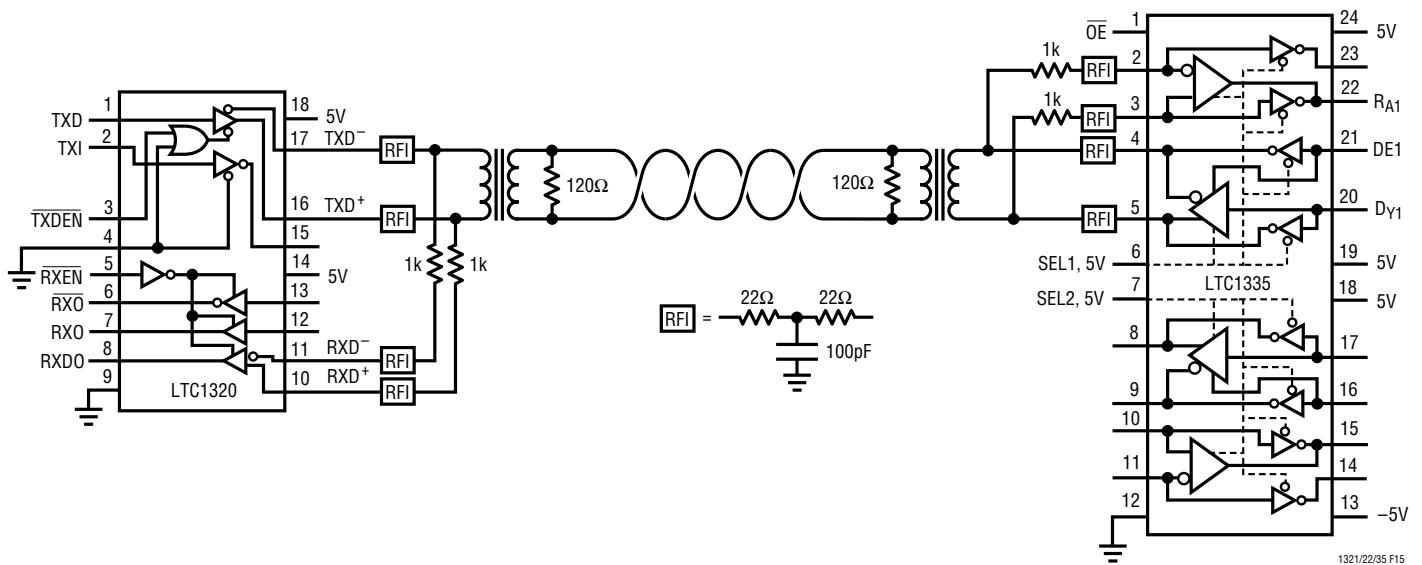


Figure 15. Apple LocalTalk Implemented Using LTC1320 and LTC1335 Transceivers

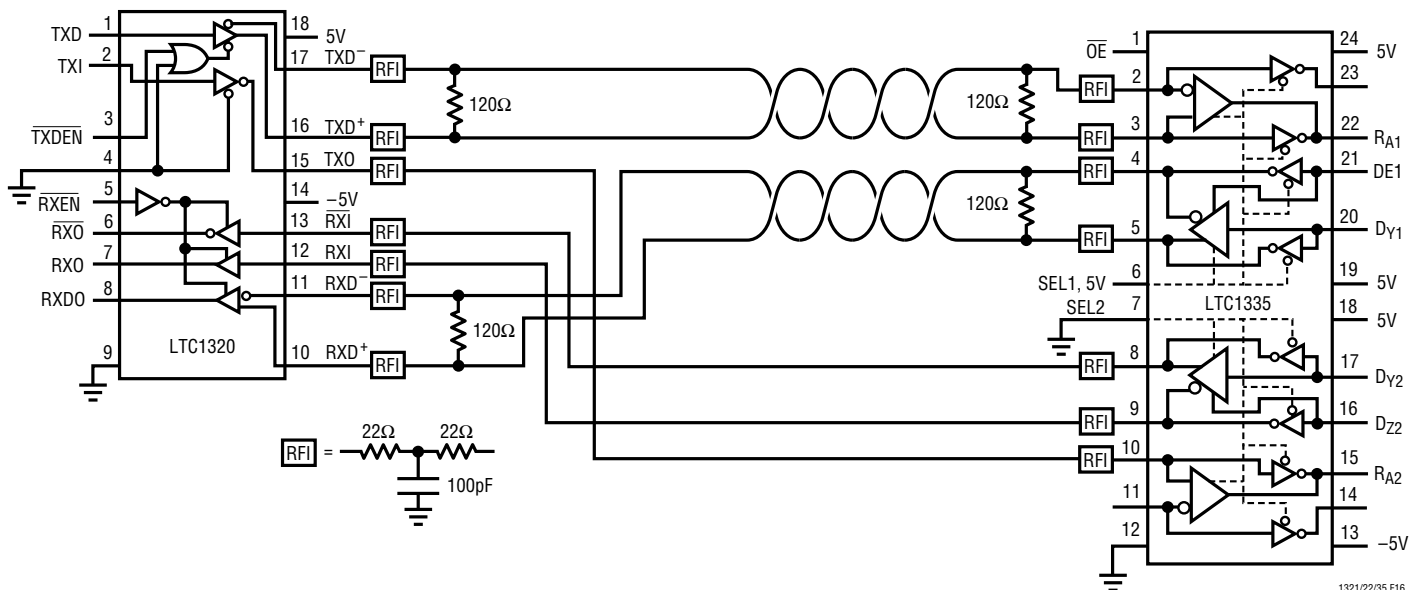


Figure 16. AppleTalk Direct Connect Using LTC1320 for DTE and LTC1335 for DCE Transceivers

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

A typical EIA562/RS232 interface application is shown in Figure 17 with LTC1322. A typical EIA562 interface application with LTC1335 is shown in Figure 18.

A typical connection for RS485 transceiver is shown in Figure 19. A twisted pair of wires connects up to 32 drivers

and receivers for half duplex multi-point data transmission. The wires must be terminated at both ends with resistors equal to the wire's characteristic impedance, generally 120Ω . An optional shield around the twisted pair helps to reduce unwanted noise and should be connected to ground at one end.

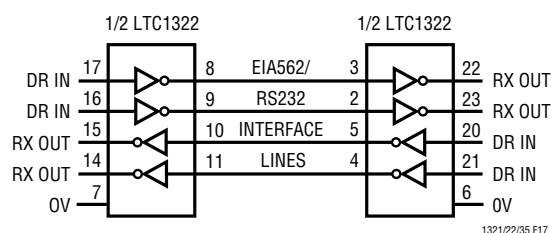


Figure 17. Typical Connection for EIA562/RS232 Interface

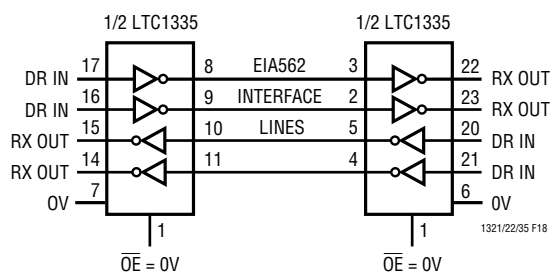


Figure 18. Typical Connection for EIA562 Interface

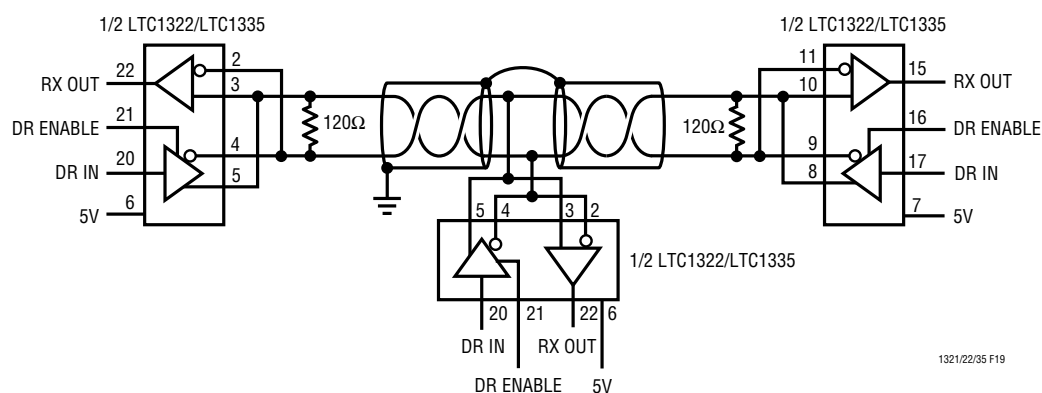


Figure 19. Typical Connection for RS485 Interface

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

A typical RS422 connection shown in Figure 20 allows one driver and ten receivers on a twisted pair of wires terminated with a 100Ω resistor at one end. The ground shield is optional.

A typical twisted pair line repeater is shown in Figure 21. As data transmission rate drops with increased cable length, repeater can be inserted to improve transmission rate or to transmit beyond 4000 feet limit.

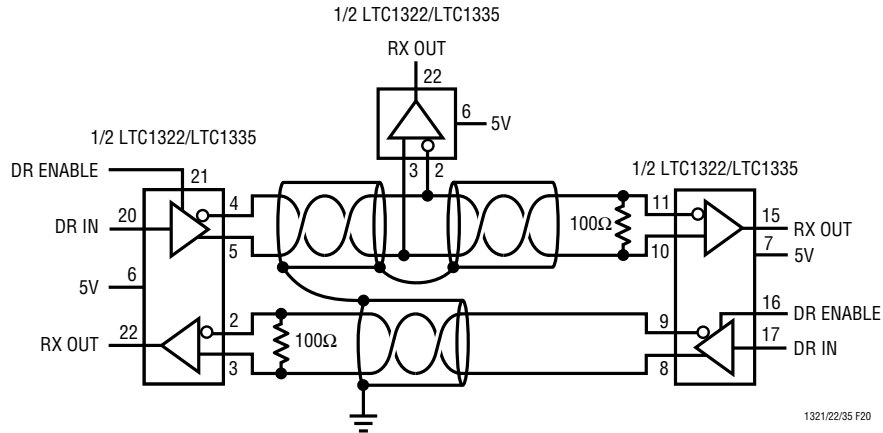


Figure 20. Typical Connection for RS422 Interface

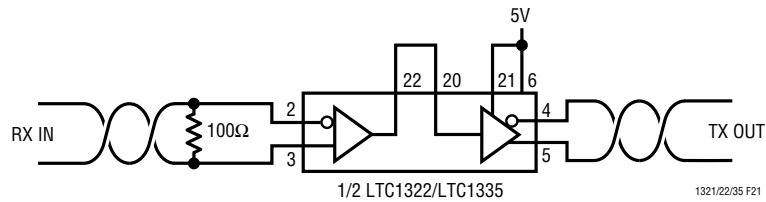


Figure 21. Typical Cable Repeater for RS422 Interface

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

The LTC1322/LTC1335 can be used to translate EIA562 to RS422 interface level or vice versa as shown in Figure 22. One port is configured as EIA562 transceiver and the other as RS485 transceiver. The LTC1322 can also support RS232 to RS422 level translation if V_{DD} is between 6.5V and 10V, and V_{EE} is between -6.5V and -10V.

Using two LTC1321/LTC1335 as level translators, the EIA562/RS232 interface distance can be extended to 4000 feet with twisted wires (Figure 23).

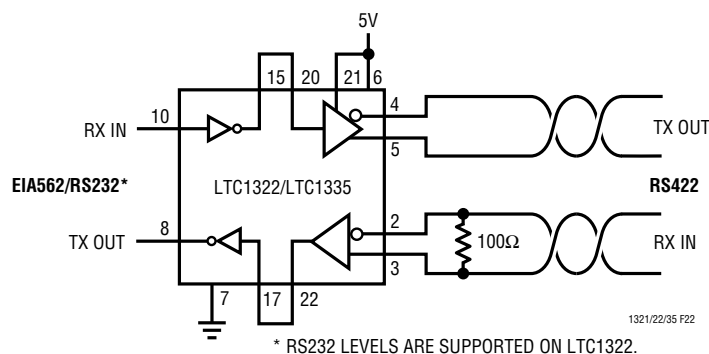


Figure 22. Typical EIA562/RS232 to RS422 Level Translator

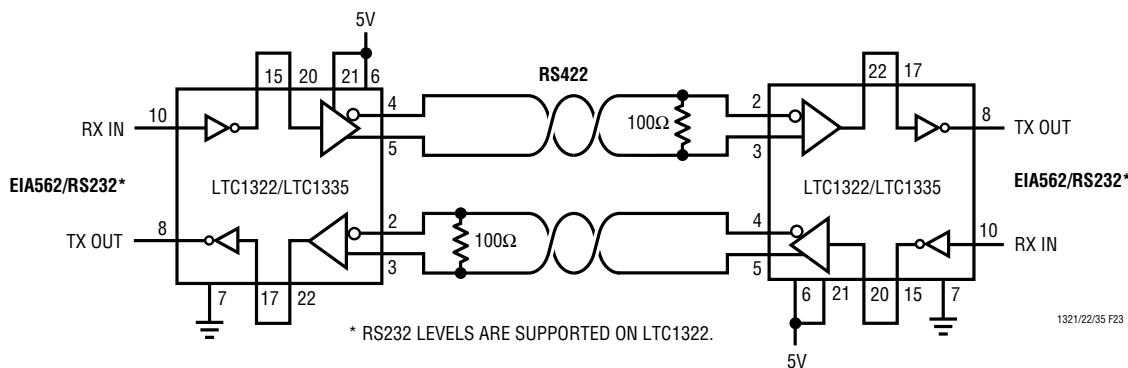
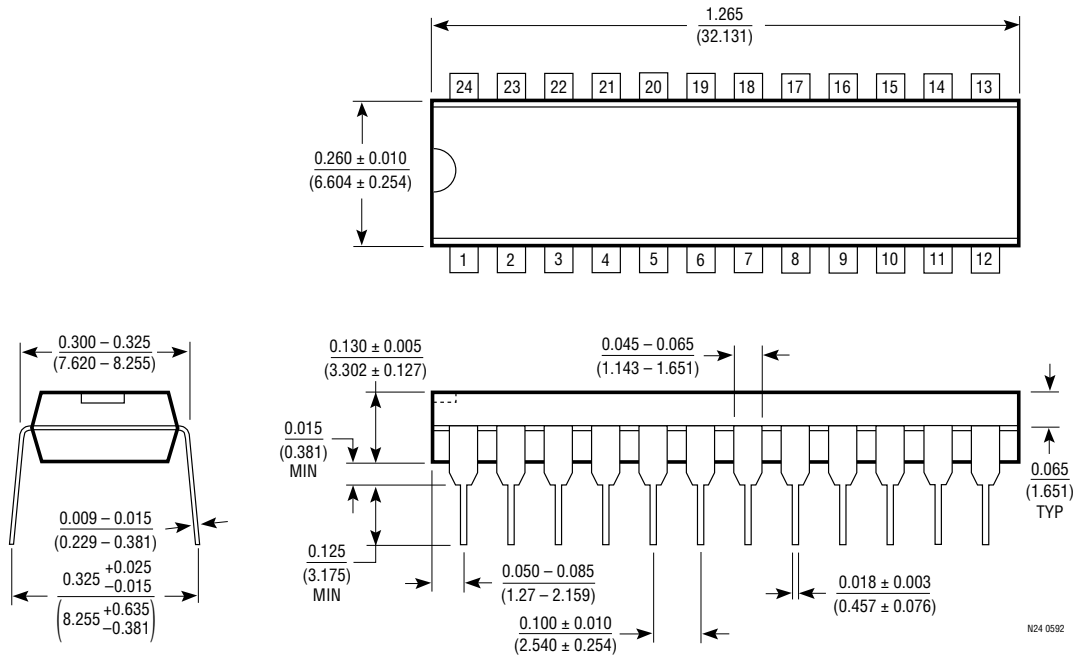


Figure 23. Typical Cable Extension for EIA562/RS232 Interface

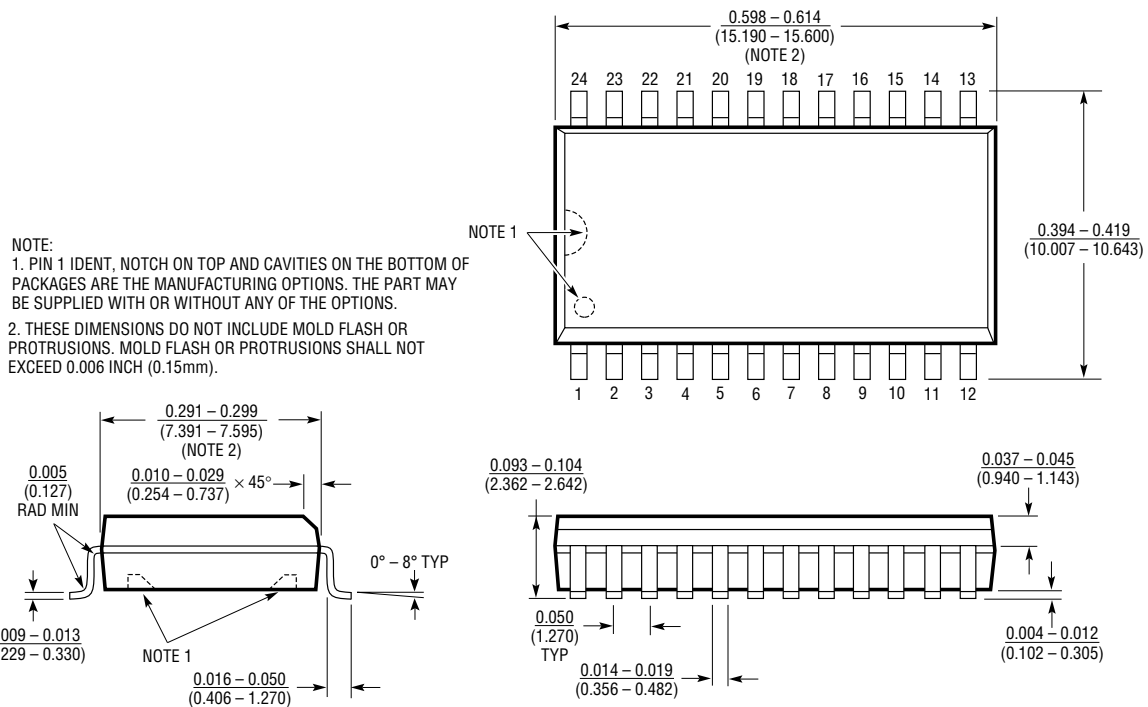
PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

Dimensions in inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted.

N Package 24-Lead Plastic DIP



S Package 24-Lead Plastic SOL



SOL24 0392

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