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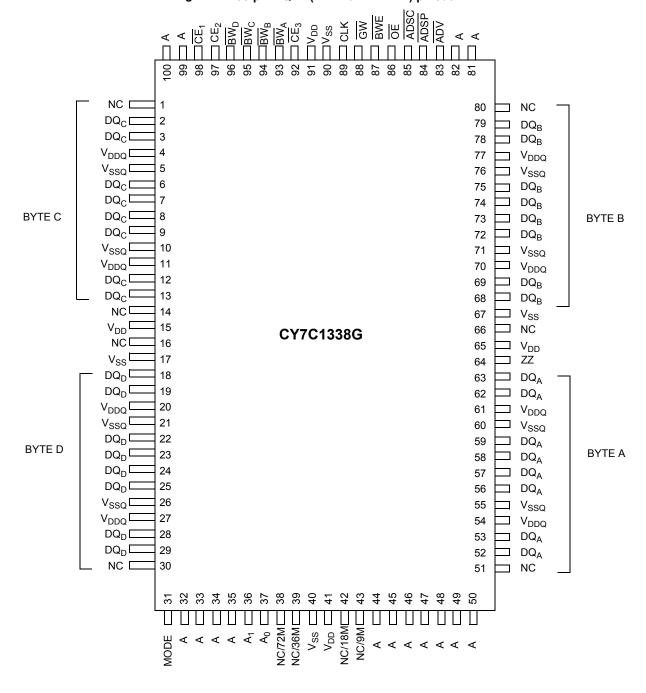


## **Selection Guide**

Description	100 MHz	Unit
Maximum access time	8.0	ns
Maximum operating current	205	mA
Maximum standby current	40	mA

# **Pin Configurations**

Figure 1. 100-pin TQFP (14 × 20 × 1.4 mm) pinout [1]



## Note

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<sup>1.</sup> Errata: The ZZ pin (Pin 64) needs to be externally connected to ground. For more information, see "Errata" on page 20.



# **Pin Definitions**

Name	I/O	Description
A <sub>0</sub> , A <sub>1</sub> , A	Input- synchronous	Address inputs used to select one of the 128K address locations. Sampled at the rising edge of the CLK if ADSP or ADSC is active LOW, and $CE_1$ , $CE_2$ , and $CE_3$ are sampled active. $A_{[1:0]}$ feed the 2-bit counter.
$\overline{\underline{BW}}_A, \overline{\underline{BW}}_B, \\ \overline{BW}_C, \overline{BW}_D$	Input- synchronous	<b>Byte write select inputs, active LOW</b> . Qualified with BWE to conduct byte writes to the SRAM. Sampled on the rising edge of CLK.
GW	Input- synchronous	<b>Global write enable input, active LOW</b> . When asserted LOW on the rising edge of CLK, a global write is conducted (all bytes are written, regardless of the values on $\overline{BW}_{[A:D]}$ and $\overline{BWE}$ ).
BWE	Input- synchronous	<b>Byte write enable input, active LOW</b> . Sampled on the rising edge of CLK. This signal must be asserted LOW to conduct a byte write.
CLK	Input-clock	Clock input. <u>Used</u> to capture all synchronous inputs to the device. Also used to increment the burst counter when ADV is asserted LOW, during a burst operation.
CE <sub>1</sub>	Input- synchronous	Chip enable 1 input, active LOW. Sampled on the rising edge of CLK. Used in conjunction with $CE_2$ and $CE_3$ to select/deselect the device. ADSP is ignored if $CE_1$ is HIGH. $CE_1$ is sampled only when a new external address is loaded.
CE <sub>2</sub>	Input- synchronous	Chip enable 2 input, active HIGH. Sampled on the rising edge of CLK. Used in conjunction with $\overline{\text{CE}_1}$ and $\overline{\text{CE}_3}$ to select/deselect the device. $\overline{\text{CE}_2}$ is sampled only when a new external address is loaded.
CE₃	Input- synchronous	Chip enable 3 input, active LOW. Sampled on the rising edge of CLK. Used in conjunction with $\overline{\text{CE}}_1$ and CE <sub>2</sub> to select/deselect the device. CE <sub>3</sub> is sampled only when a new external address is loaded.
ŌĒ	Input- asynchronous	Output enable, asynchronous input, active LOW. Controls the direction of the I/O pins. When LOW, the I/O pins behave as outputs. When deasserted HIGH, I/O pins are tri-stated, and act as input data pins. OE is masked during the first clock of a read cycle when emerging from a deselected state.
ADV	Input- synchronous	Advance input signal, sampled on the rising edge of CLK. When asserted, it automatically increments the address in a burst cycle.
ADSP	Input- synchronous	Address strobe from processor, sampled on the rising edge of CLK, active LOW. When asserted LOW, addresses presented to the device are captured in the address registers. $A_{[1:0]}$ are also loaded into the burst counter. When ADSP and ADSC are both asserted, only ADSP is recognized. ASDP is ignored when $\overline{CE}_1$ is deasserted HIGH.
ADSC	Input- synchronous	Address strobe from controller, sampled on the rising edge of CLK, active LOW. When asserted LOW, addresses presented to the device are captured in the address registers. A <sub>[1:0]</sub> are also loaded into the burst counter. When ADSP and ADSC are both asserted, only ADSP is recognized.
ZZ <sup>[2]</sup>	Input- asynchronous	<b>ZZ</b> "sleep" input, active HIGH. When asserted HIGH places the device in a non-time-critical "sleep" condition with data integrity preserved. During normal operation, this pin has to be low or left floating. ZZ pin has an internal pull-down.

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Note
2. Errata: The ZZ pin (Pin 64) needs to be externally connected to ground. For more information, see "Errata" on page 20.



# Pin Definitions (continued)

Name	I/O	Description
DQs	I/O- synchronous	<b>Bidirectional data I/O lines</b> . As inputs, they feed into an on-chip data register that is triggered by the rising edge of CLK. As outputs, they deliver the data contained in the memory location specified by the addresses presented during the previous clock rise of the read cycle. The direction of the pins is controlled by OE. When OE is asserted LOW, the pins behave as outputs. When HIGH, DQs are placed in a tri-state condition.
$V_{DD}$	Power supply	Power supply inputs to the core of the device.
$V_{SS}$	Ground	Ground for the core of the device.
$V_{\mathrm{DDQ}}$	I/O power supply	Power supply for the I/O circuitry.
$V_{SSQ}$	I/O ground	Ground for the I/O circuitry.
MODE	Input- static	<b>Selects burst order</b> . When tied to GND selects linear burst sequence. When tied to V <sub>DD</sub> or left floating selects interleaved burst sequence. This is a strap pin and should remain static during device operation. Mode pin has an internal pull-up.
NC		No connects. Not Internally connected to the die.
NC/9M, NC/18M, NC/36M, NC/72M, NC/144M, NC/288M, NC/576M, NC/1G	-	<b>No connects</b> . Not internally connected to the die. NC/9M, NC/18M, NC/36M, NC/72M, NC/144M, NC/288M, NC/576M and NC/1G are address expansion pins that are not internally connected to the die.

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## Functional Overview

All synchronous inputs pass through input registers controlled by the rising edge of the clock. Maximum access delay from the clock rise ( $t_{C0}$ ) is 8.0 ns (100-MHz device).

The CY7C1338G supports secondary cache in systems utilizing either a linear or interleaved burst sequence. The interleaved burst order supports Pentium and i486™ processors. The linear burst sequence is suited for processors that utilize a linear burst sequence. The burst order is user-selectable, and is determined by sampling the MODE input. Accesses can be initiated with either the processor address strobe (ADSP) or the controller address strobe (ADSC). Address advancement through the burst sequence is controlled by the ADV input. A two-bit on-chip wraparound burst counter captures the first address in a burst sequence and automatically increments the address for the rest of the burst access.

Byte write operations are qualified with the byte write enable (BWE) and byte write select (BW $_{[A:D]}$ ) inputs. A global write enable (GW) overrides all byte write inputs and writes data to all four bytes. All writes are simplified with on-chip synchronous self-timed write circuitry.

Three synchronous chip selects  $(\overline{CE}_1, CE_2, \overline{CE}_3)$  and an asynchronous output enable  $(\overline{OE})$  provide for easy bank selection and output tri-state control. ADSP is ignored if  $\overline{CE}_1$  is HIGH.

## Single Read Accesses

A single read access is initiated when the <u>following</u> conditions are satisfied at <u>clock rise</u>: (1)  $CE_1$ ,  $CE_2$ , and  $CE_3$  are all asserted active, and (2) <u>ADSP</u> or ADSC is asserted LOW (if the access is initiated by ADSC, the write inputs must be deasserted during this first cycle). The address presented to the address inputs is latched into the address register and the burst counter/control logic and presented to the memory core. If the  $\overline{OE}$  input is asserted LOW, the requested data will be available at the data <u>out</u>puts a maximum to  $t_{CDV}$  after clock rise. ADSP is ignored if  $\overline{CE}_1$  is HIGH.

# Single Write Accesses Initiated by ADSP

This access is initiated when the following conditions are satisfied at clock rise: (1)  $\overline{CE_1}$ ,  $\overline{CE_2}$ ,  $\overline{CE_3}$  are all asserted active, and (2) ADSP is asserted LOW. The addresses presented are loaded into the address register and the burst inputs (GW, BWE, and  $\overline{BW_{[A:D]}}$ ) are ignored during this first clock cycle. If the write inputs are asserted active (see Write Cycle Descriptions table for appropriate states that indicate a write) on the next clock rise, the

appropriate data will be latched and written into the device. Byte writes are allowed. During byte writes,  $\overline{BW_A}$  controls  $DQ_A$  and  $\overline{BWB}$  controls  $DQ_B$ . BWC controls  $DQ_C$ , and  $\overline{BW_D}$  controls  $DQ_D$ . All I/Os are tri-stated during a byte write.Since this is a common I/O device, the asynchronous OE input signal must be deasserted and the I/Os must be tri-stated prior to the presentation of data to DQs. As a safety precaution, the data lines are tri-stated once a write cycle is detected, regardless of the state of  $\overline{OF}$ 

## Single Write Accesses Initiated by ADSC

This write access is initiated when the following conditions are satisfied at <u>clock</u> rise: (1)  $\overline{CE_1}$ ,  $\overline{CE_2}$ , and  $\overline{CE_3}$  are all asserted active, (2) ADSC is asserted LOW, (3) ADSP is deasserted HIGH, and (4) the write <u>input</u> signals (GW, BWE, and BW<sub>[A:D]</sub>) indicate a write access. ADSC is ignored if ADSP is active LOW.

The addresses presented are loaded into the address register and the burst counter/control logic and delivered to the memory core. The information presented to  $\mathsf{DQ}_{[A:D]}$  will be written into the specified address location. Byte writes are allowed. During byte writes,  $\mathsf{BW}_{\underline{A}}$  controls  $\mathsf{DQ}_{A}$ ,  $\mathsf{BW}_{B}$  controls  $\mathsf{DQ}_{B}$ ,  $\mathsf{BW}_{C}$  controls  $\mathsf{DQ}_{C}$ , and  $\mathsf{BW}_{D}$  controls  $\mathsf{DQ}_{D}$ . All I/Os are tri-stated when a write is detected, even a byte write. Since this is a common I/O device, the asynchronous OE input signal must be deasserted and the I/Os must be tri-stated prior to the presentation of data to DQs. As a safety precaution, the data lines are tri-stated once a write cycle is detected, regardless of the state of  $\overline{\mathsf{OE}}$ .

### **Burst Sequences**

The CY7C1338G provides an on-chip two-bit wraparound burst counter inside the SRAM. The burst counter is fed by A[1:0], and can follow either a linear or interleaved burst order. The burst order is determined by the state of the MODE input. A LOW on MODE will select a linear burst sequence. A HIGH on MODE will select an interleaved burst order. Leaving MODE unconnected will cause the device to default to a interleaved burst sequence.

### Sleep Mode

The ZZ input pin is an asynchronous input. Asserting ZZ places the SRAM in a power conservation "sleep" mode. Two clock cycles are required to enter into or exit from this "sleep" mode. While in this mode, data integrity is guaranteed. Accesses pending when entering the "sleep" mode are not considered valid nor is the completion of the operation guaranteed. The device must be deselected prior to entering the "sleep" mode. CEs, ADSP, and ADSC must remain inactive for the duration of tzzrec after the ZZ input returns LOW.

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## **Interleaved Burst Address Table**

(MODE = Floating or  $V_{DD}$ )

First Address A1:A0	Second Address A1:A0	Third Address A1:A0	Fourth Address A1:A0
00	01	10	11
01	00	11	10
10	11	00	01
11	10	01	00

## **Linear Burst Address Table**

(MODE = GND)

First Address A1:A0	Second Address A1:A0	Third Address A1:A0	Fourth Address A1:A0
00	01	10	11
01	10	11	00
10	11	00	01
11	00	01	10

## **ZZ Mode Electrical Characteristics**

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
$I_{DDZZ}$	Sleep mode standby current	$ZZ \ge V_{DD} - 0.2 \text{ V}$	_	40	mA
$t_{ZZS}$	Device operation to ZZ	$ZZ \ge V_{DD} - 0.2 \text{ V}$	_	2t <sub>CYC</sub>	ns
t <sub>ZZREC</sub>	ZZ recovery time	ZZ ≤ 0.2 V	2t <sub>CYC</sub>	_	ns
$t_{ZZI}$	ZZ active to sleep current	This parameter is sampled	-	2t <sub>CYC</sub>	ns
t <sub>RZZI</sub>	ZZ inactive to exit sleep current	This parameter is sampled	0	-	ns

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## **Truth Table**

The truth table for CY7C1338G follows. [3, 4, 5, 6, 7]

Cycle Description	Address Used	CE <sub>1</sub>	CE <sub>2</sub>	CE <sub>3</sub>	ZZ	ADSP	ADSC	ADV	WRITE	OE	CLK	DQ
Deselected cycle, power-down	None	Н	Х	Х	L	Х	L	Х	Х	Χ	L–H	Tri-state
Deselected cycle, power-down	None	L	L	Х	L	L	Х	Х	Х	Χ	L–H	Tri-state
Deselected cycle, power-down	None	L	Х	Н	L	L	Х	Х	Х	Χ	L–H	Tri-state
Deselected cycle, power-down	None	L	L	Х	L	Н	L	Х	Х	Χ	L–H	Tri-state
Deselected cycle, power-down	None	Х	Х	Н	L	Н	L	Х	Х	Χ	L–H	Tri-state
Sleep mode, power-down	None	Х	Х	Х	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Х	Tri-state
Read cycle, begin burst	External	L	Н	L	L	L	Х	Х	Х	L	L–H	Q
Read cycle, begin burst	External	L	Н	L	L	L	Х	Х	Х	Н	L–H	Tri-state
Write cycle, begin burst	External	L	Н	L	L	Н	L	Х	L	Χ	L–H	D
Read cycle, begin burst	External	L	Н	L	L	Н	L	Х	Н	L	L–H	Q
Read cycle, begin burst	External	L	Н	L	L	Н	L	Х	Н	Н	L–H	Tri-state
Read cycle, continue burst	Next	Х	Х	Х	L	Н	Н	L	Н	L	L–H	Q
Read cycle, continue burst	Next	Х	Х	Х	L	Н	Н	L	Н	Н	L–H	Tri-state
Read cycle, continue burst	Next	Н	Х	Х	L	Х	Н	L	Н	L	L–H	Q
Read cycle, continue burst	Next	Н	Х	Х	L	Х	Н	L	Н	Н	L–H	Tri-state
Write cycle, continue burst	Next	Х	Х	Х	L	Н	Н	L	L	Χ	L–H	D
Write cycle, continue burst	Next	Н	Х	Х	L	Х	Н	L	L	Χ	L–H	D
Read cycle, suspend burst	Current	Х	Х	Х	L	Н	Н	Н	Н	L	L–H	Q
Read cycle, suspend burst	Current	Х	Х	Х	L	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	L–H	Tri-state
Read cycle, suspend burst	Current	Н	Х	Х	L	Х	Н	Н	Н	L	L–H	Q
Read cycle, suspend burst	Current	Н	Х	Х	L	Х	Н	Н	Н	Н	L–H	Tri-state
Write cycle, suspend burst	Current	Х	Х	Х	L	Н	Н	Н	L	Χ	L–H	D
Write cycle, suspend burst	Current	Н	Х	Х	L	Х	Н	Н	L	Х	L–H	D

## Notes

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<sup>3.</sup> X = "Don't Care." H = Logic HIGH, L = Logic LOW.
4. WRITE = L when any one or more byte write enable signals (BW<sub>A</sub>, BW<sub>B</sub>, BW<sub>C</sub>, BW<sub>D</sub>) and BWE = L or GW= L. WRITE = H when all byte write enable signals (BW<sub>A</sub>, BW<sub>B</sub>, BW<sub>C</sub>, BW<sub>D</sub>), BWE, GW = H.

The DQ pins are controlled by the current cycle and the  $\overline{OE}$  signal.  $\overline{OE}$  is asynchronous and is not sampled with the clock. The SRAM always initiates a read cycle when  $\overline{ADSP}$  is asserted, regardless of the state of  $\overline{GW}$ ,  $\overline{BWE}$ , or  $\overline{BW}_X$ . Writes may occur only on subsequent clocks after the ADSP or with the assertion of  $\overline{ADSC}$ . As a result,  $\overline{OE}$  must be driven HIGH prior to the start of the write cycle to allow the outputs to tri-state.  $\overline{OE}$  is a don't care for the remainder of the write cycle.

<sup>7.</sup> OE is asynchronous and is not sampled with the clock rise. It is masked internally during write cycles. During a read cycle all data bits are tri-state when OE is inactive or when the device is deselected, and all data bits behave as output when OE is active (LOW).



# **Partial Truth Table for Read/Write**

The partial truth table for Read/Write for CY7C1338G follows. [8, 9]

Function	GW	BWE	BW <sub>D</sub>	BW <sub>C</sub>	BW <sub>B</sub>	BW <sub>A</sub>
Read	Н	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х
Read	Н	L	Н	Н	Н	Н
Write byte A	Н	L	Н	Н	Н	L
Write byte B	Н	L	Н	Н	L	Н
Write bytes B, A	Н	L	Н	Н	L	L
Write byte C	Н	L	Н	L	Н	Н
Write bytes C, A	Н	L	Н	L	Н	L
Write bytes C, B	Н	L	Н	L	L	Н
Write bytes C, B, A	Н	L	Н	L	L	L
Write byte D	Н	L	L	Н	Н	Н
Write bytes D, A	Н	L	L	Н	Н	L
Write bytes D, B	Н	L	L	Н	L	Н
Write bytes D, B, A	Н	L	L	Н	L	L
Write bytes D, B	Н	L	L	L	Н	Н
Write bytes D, B, A	Н	L	L	L	Н	L
Write bytes D, C, A	Н	L	L	L	L	Н
Write all bytes	Н	L	L	L	L	L
Write all bytes	L	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

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<sup>8.</sup> X = "Don't Care." H = Logic HIGH, L = Logic LOW.
9. Table only lists a partial listing of the byte write combinations. Any combination of BW<sub>X</sub> is valid. Appropriate write will be done based on which byte write is active.



# **Maximum Ratings**

Exceeding maximum ratings may shorten the useful life of the device. User guidelines are not tested. Storage temperature ......-65 °C to +150 °C Ambient temperature with Supply voltage on  $V_{DD}$  relative to GND ......-0.5 V to +4.6 V Supply voltage on  $V_{DDQ}$  relative to GND ...... -0.5~V to  $+V_{DD}$ DC voltage applied to outputs in tri-state ......-0.5 V to V<sub>DDQ</sub> + 0.5 V

DC input voltage	–0.5 V to V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.5 V
Current into outputs (LOW)	20 mA
Static discharge voltage (per MIL-STD-883, method 3015)	> 2001 V
Latch-up current	> 200 mA

## **Operating Range**

Range	Ambient Temperature	V <sub>DD</sub>	$V_{\mathrm{DDQ}}$
Commercial	0 °C to +70 °C	3.3 V – 5% / + 10%	2.5 V – 5% to V <sub>DD</sub>

## **Electrical Characteristics**

Over the Operating Range

Parameter [10, 11]	Description	Test Conditions		Min	Max	Unit
$V_{DD}$	Power supply voltage			3.135	3.6	V
$V_{\mathrm{DDQ}}$	I/O supply voltage				$V_{DD}$	V
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output HIGH voltage	for 3.3 V I/O, I <sub>OH</sub> = -4.0 mA		2.4	_	V
		for 2.5 V I/O, I <sub>OH</sub> = -1.0 mA		2.0	_	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output LOW voltage	for 3.3 V I/O, I <sub>OL</sub> = 8.0 mA		-	0.4	V
		for 2.5 V I/O, I <sub>OL</sub> = 1.0 mA		-	0.4	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input HIGH voltage	for 3.3 V I/O		2.0	$V_{DD} + 0.3$	V
		for 2.5 V I/O		1.7	$V_{DD} + 0.3$	V
$V_{IL}$	Input LOW voltage [10]	for 3.3 V I/O		-0.3	0.8	V
		for 2.5 V I/O		-0.3	0.7	V
I <sub>X</sub>	Input leakage current except ZZ and MODE	$GND \le V_I \le V_{DDQ}$		<b>–</b> 5	5	μA
	Input current of MODE	Input = V <sub>SS</sub>		-30	_	μΑ
		Input = V <sub>DD</sub>		_	5	μA
	Input current of ZZ	Input = V <sub>SS</sub>		-5	_	μΑ
		Input = V <sub>DD</sub>		-	30	μΑ
I <sub>OZ</sub>	Output leakage current	$GND \le V_I \le V_{DDQ}$ , output disabled		<b>-</b> 5	5	μA
I <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> operating supply current	$V_{DD}$ = Max, $I_{OUT}$ = 0 mA, 10-ns cycle, f = $f_{MAX}$ = 1/ $t_{CYC}$ 100 MHz		_	205	mA
I <sub>SB1</sub>	Automatic CE power-down current – TTL inputs			-	80	mA
I <sub>SB2</sub>	Automatic CE power-down current – CMOS inputs	$\begin{array}{l} \text{Max V}_{DD}, \text{ device deselected,} \\ \text{V}_{IN} \geq \text{V}_{DD} - 0.3  \text{V or V}_{IN} \leq 0.3  \text{V,} \\ \text{f = 0, inputs static} \end{array}$	10-ns cycle, 100 MHz	-	40	mA
I <sub>SB3</sub>	Automatic CE power-down current – CMOS inputs	$\begin{array}{ll} \text{Max V}_{DD}, \text{ device deselected,} \\ \text{V}_{IN}\!\geq\!\text{V}_{DDQ}\!-\!0.3\text{V or}\text{V}_{IN}\!\leq\!0.3\text{V,} \\ \text{f}=\text{f}_{MAX}, \text{ inputs switching} \end{array} \hspace{-0.5cm} \begin{array}{ll} \text{10-ns cycle,} \\ \text{100 MHz} \end{array}$		-	65	mA
I <sub>SB4</sub>	Automatic CE power-down current – TTL inputs	$\begin{array}{l} \text{Max V}_{DD}, \text{ device deselected,} \\ \text{V}_{IN} \geq \text{V}_{DD} - 0.3 \text{ V or V}_{IN} \leq 0.3 \text{ V,} \\ \text{f = 0, inputs static} \end{array}$	10-ns cycle, 100 MHz	-	45	mA

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<sup>10.</sup> Overshoot:  $V_{IL(AC)} < V_{DD} + 1.5 \text{ V}$  (pulse width less than  $t_{CYC}/2$ ), undershoot:  $V_{IL(AC)} > -2 \text{ V}$  (Pulse width less than  $t_{CYC}/2$ ). 11.  $T_{Power-up}$ : Assumes a linear ramp from 0 V to  $V_{DD(min)}$  within 200 ms. During this time  $V_{IH} < V_{DD}$  and  $V_{DDQ} \le V_{DD}$ .



# Capacitance

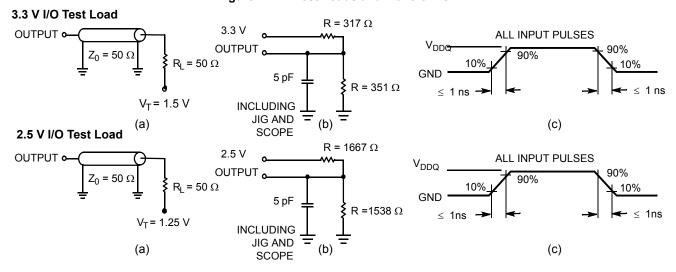
Parameter [12]	Description	Test Conditions	100-pin TQFP Max	Unit
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input capacitance	$T_A = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}, f = 1 \text{MHz},$	5	pF
C <sub>CLK</sub>	Clock input capacitance	$V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V}, V_{DDQ} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	5	pF
C <sub>I/O</sub>	Input/Output capacitance		5	pF

## **Thermal Resistance**

Parameter [12]	Description	Test Conditions	100-pin TQFP Package	Unit
$\Theta_{JA}$	Thermal resistance (junction to ambient)	Test conditions follow standard test methods and procedures for measuring thermal impedance, per		°C/W
$\Theta_{\sf JC}$	Thermal resistance (junction to case)	EIA/JESD51.	6.85	°C/W

## **AC Test Loads and Waveforms**

Figure 2. AC Test Loads and Waveforms



#### Note

<sup>12.</sup> Tested initially and after any design or process change that may affect these parameters.



# **Switching Characteristics**

Over the Operating Range

Parameter [13, 14]	Description	-1	00	I I mid
Parameter [10, 11]	Description	Min	Max	Unit
t <sub>POWER</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> (typical) to the first access <sup>[15]</sup>	1	_	ms
Clock			•	
t <sub>CYC</sub>	Clock cycle time	10	_	ns
t <sub>CH</sub>	Clock HIGH	4.0	_	ns
t <sub>CL</sub>	Clock LOW	4.0	_	ns
Output Times				•
t <sub>CDV</sub>	Data output valid after CLK rise	-	8.0	ns
t <sub>DOH</sub>	Data output hold after CLK rise	2.0	_	ns
t <sub>CLZ</sub>	Clock to low Z [16, 17, 18]	0	_	ns
t <sub>CHZ</sub>	Clock to high Z [16, 17, 18]	-	3.5	ns
t <sub>OEV</sub>	OE LOW to output valid	-	3.5	ns
t <sub>OELZ</sub>	OE LOW to output low Z [16, 17, 18]	0	_	ns
t <sub>OEHZ</sub>	OE HIGH to output high Z [16, 17, 18]	-	3.5	ns
Setup Times				
t <sub>AS</sub>	Address set-up before CLK rise	2.0	_	ns
t <sub>ADS</sub>	ADSP, ADSC set-up before CLK rise	2.0	_	ns
t <sub>ADVS</sub>	ADV set-up before CLK rise	2.0	_	ns
t <sub>WES</sub>	GW, BWE, BW <sub>X</sub> set-up before CLK rise	2.0	_	ns
t <sub>DS</sub>	Data input set-up before CLK rise	1.5	_	ns
t <sub>CES</sub>	Chip enable set-up	2.0	_	ns
Hold Times				
t <sub>AH</sub>	Address hold after CLK rise	0.5	_	ns
t <sub>ADH</sub>	ADSP, ADSC hold after CLK rise	0.5	_	ns
t <sub>WEH</sub>	GW, BWE, BW <sub>X</sub> hold after CLK rise	0.5	_	ns
t <sub>ADVH</sub>	ADV hold after CLK rise	0.5	_	ns
t <sub>DH</sub>	Data input hold after CLK rise	0.5	_	ns
t <sub>CEH</sub>	Chip enable hold after CLK rise	0.5	-	ns

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<sup>13.</sup> Timing reference level is 1.5 V when V<sub>DDQ</sub> = 3.3 V and is 1.25 V when V<sub>DDQ</sub> = 2.5 V.

14. Test conditions shown in (a) of Figure 2 on page 11 unless otherwise noted.

15. This part has a voltage regulator internally; t<sub>POWER</sub> is the time that the power needs to be supplied above V<sub>DD(minimum)</sub> initially before a read or write operation can be initiated.

<sup>16.</sup> t<sub>CHZ</sub>, t<sub>CLZ</sub>, t<sub>OELZ</sub>, and t<sub>OEHZ</sub> are specified with AC test conditions shown in part (b) of Figure 2 on page 11. Transition is measured ±200 mV from steady-state voltage.

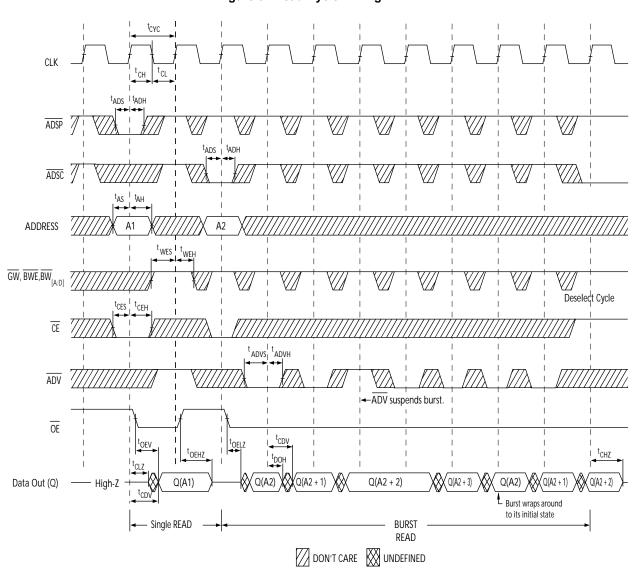
17. At any given voltage and temperature, t<sub>OEHZ</sub> is less than t<sub>OELZ</sub> and t<sub>CHZ</sub> is less than t<sub>CLZ</sub> to eliminate bus contention between SRAMs when sharing the same data bus. These specifications do not imply a bus contention condition, but reflect parameters guaranteed over worst case user conditions. Device is designed to achieve high Z prior to low Z under the same system conditions.

<sup>18.</sup> This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.



# **Timing Diagrams**

Figure 3. Read Cycle Timing [19]

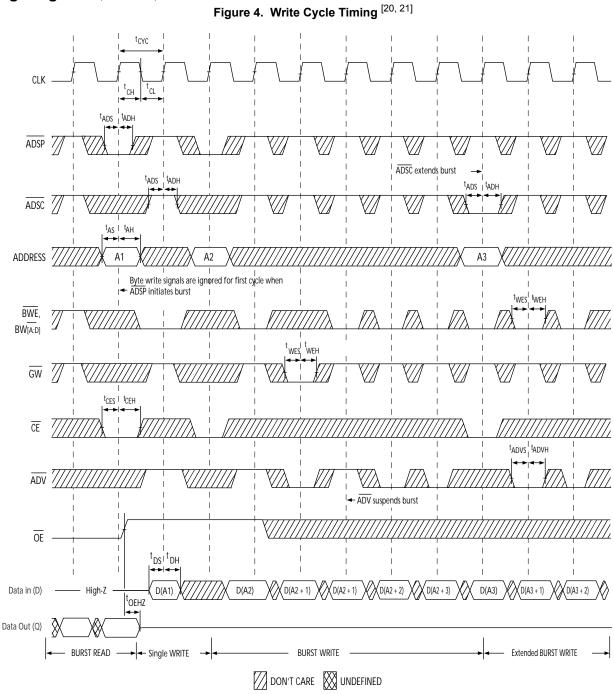


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<sup>19.</sup> On this diagram, when  $\overline{CE}$  is LOW:  $\overline{CE}_1$  is LOW,  $\overline{CE}_2$  is HIGH and  $\overline{CE}_3$  is LOW. When  $\overline{CE}$  is HIGH:  $\overline{CE}_1$  is HIGH or  $\overline{CE}_2$  is LOW or  $\overline{CE}_3$  is HIGH.



## Timing Diagrams (continued)



#### Notes

20. On this diagram, when  $\overline{CE}$  is LOW:  $\overline{CE}_1$  is LOW,  $\overline{CE}_2$  is HIGH and  $\overline{CE}_3$  is LOW. When  $\overline{CE}$  is HIGH:  $\overline{CE}_1$  is HIGH or  $\overline{CE}_2$  is LOW or  $\overline{CE}_3$  is HIGH. 21. Full width write can be initiated by either  $\overline{GW}$  LOW; or by  $\overline{GW}$  HIGH,  $\overline{BWE}$  LOW and  $\overline{BW}_{[A:D]}$  LOW.



# Timing Diagrams (continued)

Figure 5. Read/Write Timing  $^{[22,\,23,\,24]}$ t<sub>CYC</sub> tADH t<sub>ADS</sub> ADSP **ADDRESS**  $^{\rm t}_{\rm WES}$   $^{\rm t}_{\rm WEH}$  $\overline{BWE}$ ,  $\overline{BW}$ [A:D] t<sub>CES</sub> i t<sub>CEH</sub> CE OE  $t_{\text{DS}}\stackrel{\cdot}{i}t_{\text{DH}}$ **←**<sup>†</sup>OELZ D(A6) High-Z D(A3) Data In (D) OEHZ t<sub>CDV</sub> Data Out (Q) Q(A4+1) Q(A4+2) Q(A4+3) Q(A1) Q(A2) BURST READ Back-to-Back Back-to-Back READs - Single WRITE

DON'T CARE WUNDEFINED

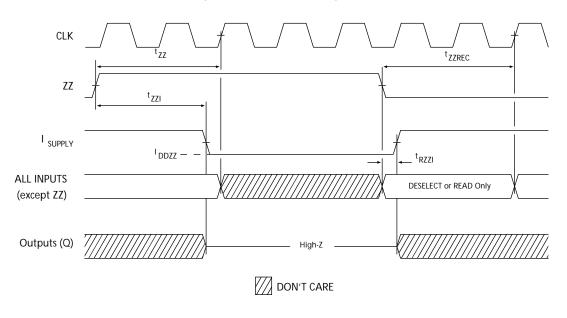
WRITES

<sup>22.</sup> On this diagram, when  $\overline{CE}$  is LOW:  $\overline{CE}_1$  is LOW,  $\overline{CE}_2$  is HIGH and  $\overline{CE}_3$  is LOW. When  $\overline{CE}$  is HIGH:  $\overline{CE}_1$  is HIGH or  $\overline{CE}_2$  is LOW or  $\overline{CE}_3$  is HIGH. 23. The data bus (Q) remains in high Z following a WRITE cycle, unless a new read access is initiated by  $\overline{ADSP}$  or  $\overline{ADSC}$ . 24.  $\overline{GW}$  is HIGH.



# Timing Diagrams (continued)

Figure 6. ZZ Mode Timing  $^{[25,\ 26]}$ 



**Notes**25. Device must be deselected when entering ZZ mode. See Cycle Descriptions table for all possible signal conditions to deselect the device.
26. DQs are in high Z when exiting ZZ sleep mode.



## **Ordering Information**

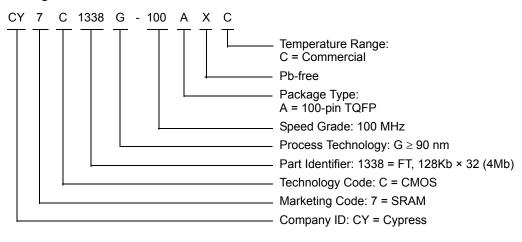
Cypress offers other versions of this type of product in many different configurations and features. The following table contains only the list of parts that are currently available.

For a complete listing of all options, visit the Cypress website at <a href="http://www.cypress.com/products">www.cypress.com/products</a> or contact your local sales representative.

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Speed (MHz)	Ordering Code	Package Diagram	Part and Package Type	Operating Range
100	CY7C1338G-100AXC	51-85050	100-pin TQFP (14 × 20 × 1.4 mm) Pb-free	Commercial

## **Ordering Code Definitions**

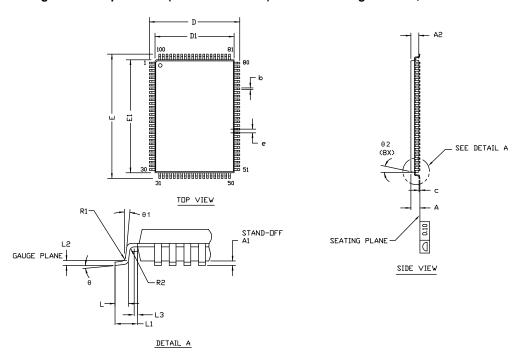


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# **Package Diagrams**

Figure 7. 100-pin TQFP (16 × 22 × 1.6 mm) A100RA Package Outline, 51-85050



SYMBOL	DIM	ENSIC	NS
STIVIDOL	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.
Α	_	_	1.60
A1	0.05	_	0.15
A2	1.35	1.40	1.45
D	15.80	16.00	16.20
D1	13.90	14.00	14.10
E	21.80	22.00	22.20
E1	19.90	20.00	20.10
R1	0.08	_	0.20
R2	0.08	_	0.20
θ	0°	_	7°
θ1	0°	_	_
θ2	11°	12°	13°
С	_	_	0.20
b	0.22	0.30	0.38
L	0.45	0.60	0.75
L1	1.00 REF		
L2	0	.25 BS	С
L3	0.20		
е	0.	.65 TY	P

#### NOTE:

- 1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
- BODY LENGTH DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION/END FLASH.

  MOLD PROTRUSION/END FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.0098 in (0.25 mm) PER SIDE. BODY LENGTH DIMENSIONS ARE MAX PLASTIC BODY SIZE INCLUDING MOLD MISMATCH.
- 3. JEDEC SPECIFICATION NO. REF: MS-026.

51-85050 \*F



# **Acronyms**

Acronym	Description		
CE	Chip Enable		
CMOS	Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor		
EIA	Electronic Industries Alliance		
I/O	Input/Output		
JEDEC	Joint Electron Devices Engineering Council		
OE	Output Enable		
SRAM	Static Random Access Memory		
TQFP	Thin Quad Flat Pack		
TTL	Transistor-Transistor Logic		

# **Document Conventions**

## **Units of Measure**

Symbol	Unit of Measure
°C	degree Celsius
MHz	megahertz
μΑ	microampere
mA	milliampere
mm	millimeter
ms	millisecond
mV	millivolt
nm	nanometer
ns	nanosecond
Ω	ohm
%	percent
pF	picofarad
V	volt
W	watt

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## **Errata**

This section describes the Ram9 Sync ZZ pin issue. Details include trigger conditions, the devices affected, proposed workaround and silicon revision applicability. Please contact your local Cypress sales representative if you have further questions.

### **Part Numbers Affected**

Density & Revision	Package Type	Operating Range
4Mb-Ram9 Synchronous SRAMs: CY7C133*G	100-pin TQFP	Commercial

### **Product Status**

All of the devices in the Ram9 4Mb Sync family are qualified and available in production quantities.

## Ram9 Sync ZZ Pin Issues Errata Summary

The following table defines the errata applicable to available Ram9 4Mb Sync family devices.

Item	Issues	Description	Device	Fix Status
1.		When asserted HIGH, the ZZ pin places device in a "sleep" condition with data integrity preserved. The ZZ pin currently does not have an internal pull-down resistor and hence cannot be left floating externally by the user during normal mode of operation.	,	For the 4M Ram9 (90 nm) devices, there is no plan to fix this issue.

### 1. ZZ Pin Issue

## ■ PROBLEM DEFINITION

The problem occurs only when the device is operated in the normal mode with ZZ pin left floating. The ZZ pin on the SRAM device does not have an internal pull-down resistor. Switching noise in the system may cause the SRAM to recognize a HIGH on the ZZ input, which may cause the SRAM to enter sleep mode. This could result in incorrect or undesirable operation of the SRAM.

## ■ TRIGGER CONDITIONS

Device operated with ZZ pin left floating.

#### ■ SCOPE OF IMPACT

When the ZZ pin is left floating, the device delivers incorrect data.

#### ■ WORKAROUND

Tie the ZZ pin externally to ground.

#### **■ FIX STATUS**

For the 4M Ram9 (90 nm) devices, there is no plan to fix this issue.

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# **Document History Page**

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**B 333626 See ECN SYT Updated Features (Removed 66 MHz frequency related information) Updated Selectical Characteristics (Removed 66 MHz frequency related information). Updated Selectical Characteristics (Removed 66 MHz frequency related information). Updated Selectical Characteristics (Removed 66 MHz frequency relation formation). Updated Ordering Information (Updated part numbers (Added Pb-fre package) and Pb-free package) and Pb-free package) and Pb-free package availability below the table).  *B 333626 See ECN SYT Updated Features (Removed 117 MHz frequency related information (Updated Pinconfigurations) (Modified Address Expansion balls in the for 100-pin TQFP and 119-ball BGA Packages as per JEDEC stand Updated Pinconfigurations (Modified Address Expansion balls in the for 100-pin TQFP and 119-ball BGA Packages as per JEDEC stand Updated Pinconfigurations (Updated ZZ Mode Electrical Characteristics (Updated Este conditions for VoL parameters, removed 117 MHz frequency related information). Updated Electrical Characteristics (Updated test conditions for VoL parameters, removed 117 MHz frequency related information). Updated Electrical Characteristics (Updated Este conditions for VoL parameters, removed 117 MHz frequency related information). Updated Thermal Resistance (Replaced TBD's for Θ <sub>JA</sub> and Θ <sub>JC</sub> to trespective values). Updated Ordering Information (By shading and unshading MPNs as availability, removed comment on the availability of BGA Pb-free parameters respective values). Updated Electrical Characteristics (Removed I <sub>QS</sub> parameter and its updated Note 11 (Changed test condition from V <sub>IH</sub> ≤ V <sub>QD</sub> to V <sub>IH</sub> < V <sub>C</sub> changed 'Input Load Current except ZZ and MODE'). Updated Electrical Characteristics (Removed Information tall updated Package Diagrams).  *E 2896584 03/20/2010 NJY Updated Maximum Ratings (Added the Maximum Rating for Supply on V <sub>DD</sub> Calead Maximum Ratings (Added the Maximum Rating for Supply Updated Ordering Information (Updated part numbers). Updated Ordering Information (Removed ob	Rev. I	ECN No.	Issue Date	~	Description of Change
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Changed address of Cypress Semiconductor Corporation from "390 First Street" to "198 Champion Court".  Updated Electrical Characteristics (Removed I <sub>OS</sub> parameter and its updated Note 11 (Changed test condition from V <sub>IH</sub> ≤ V <sub>DD</sub> to V <sub>IH</sub> < V <sub>C</sub> changed "Input Load Current except ZZ and MODE" to "Input Leakage except ZZ and MODE").  Updated Ordering Information (Updated part numbers, replaced Package Diagrams in the Ordering Information tal Updated Package Diagrams.  *D 480368 See ECN VKN Updated Maximum Ratings (Added the Maximum Rating for Supply on V <sub>DDQ</sub> Relative to GND).  Updated Ordering Information (Updated part numbers).  *E 2896584 03/20/2010 NJY Updated Ordering Information (Removed obsolete part numbers).  Updated Package Diagrams.  *F 3036754 09/23/2010 NJY Added Ordering Code Definitions.	*B	333626	See ECN	SYT	Updated Functional Overview (Updated ZZ Mode Electrical Characteristics (Replaced 'Snooze' with 'Sleep')). Updated Truth Table (Replaced 'Snooze' with 'Sleep'). Updated Electrical Characteristics (Updated test conditions for $V_{OL}$ and $V_{OH}$ parameters, removed 117 MHz frequency related information). Updated Thermal Resistance (Replaced TBD's for $\Theta_{JA}$ and $\Theta_{JC}$ to their
on V <sub>DDQ</sub> Relative to GND). Updated Ordering Information (Updated part numbers).  *E 2896584 03/20/2010 NJY Updated Ordering Information (Removed obsolete part numbers). Updated Package Diagrams.  *F 3036754 09/23/2010 NJY Added Ordering Code Definitions.	*C	418633	See ECN	RXU	Changed address of Cypress Semiconductor Corporation from "3901 North First Street" to "198 Champion Court". Updated Electrical Characteristics (Removed $I_{OS}$ parameter and its details, updated Note 11 (Changed test condition from $V_{IH} \leq V_{DD}$ to $V_{IH} < V_{DD}$ ), changed "Input Load Current except ZZ and MODE" to "Input Leakage Current" except ZZ and MODE"). Updated Ordering Information (Updated part numbers, replaced Package Name column with Package Diagram in the Ordering Information table).
*E 2896584 03/20/2010 NJY Updated Ordering Information (Removed obsolete part numbers). Updated Package Diagrams.  *F 3036754 09/23/2010 NJY Added Ordering Code Definitions.	*D	480368	See ECN	VKN	Updated Maximum Ratings (Added the Maximum Rating for Supply Voltage on V <sub>DDQ</sub> Relative to GND). Updated Ordering Information (Updated part numbers).
	*E 2	2896584	03/20/2010	NJY	Updated Ordering Information (Removed obsolete part numbers).
Minor edits.  Updated to new template.	*F ;	3036754	09/23/2010	NJY	Added Acronyms and Units of Measure. Minor edits.
*G 3365114 09/07/2011 PRIT Updated Package Diagrams.	*G	3365114	09/07/2011	PRIT	Updated Package Diagrams.

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# **Document History Page** (continued)

	Number: 38		,	Flow-Through Sync SRAM
Rev.	ECN No.	Issue Date	Orig. of Change	Description of Change
*H	3589101	05/10/2012	NJY / PRIT	Updated Features (Removed 133 MHz frequency related information, remove 119-ball BGA package related information).  Updated Functional Description (Removed the Note "For best-practices recommendations, please refer to the Cypress application note System Desig Guidelines on www.cypress.com." and its reference, removed 133 MHz frequency related information).  Updated Selection Guide (Removed 133 MHz frequency related information Updated Pin Configurations (Removed 119-ball BGA package related information).  Updated Functional Overview (Removed 133 MHz frequency related information).  Updated Operating Range (Removed Industrial Temperature Range).  Updated Electrical Characteristics (Removed 133 MHz frequency related information).  Updated Capacitance (Removed 119-ball BGA package related information).  Updated Thermal Resistance (Removed 119-ball BGA package related information).  Updated Switching Characteristics (Removed 133 MHz frequency related information).  Updated Package Diagrams (Removed 119-ball BGA package related information).
*	3751125	09/21/2012	PRIT	No technical updates. Completing Sunset Review.
*J	3984870	05/02/2013	PRIT	Added Errata.
*K	4039556	06/25/2013	PRIT	Added Errata Footnotes. Updated to new template.
*L	4050044	07/04/2013	PRIT	Minor updates only (Correction in revision in footer).
*M	4150660	10/08/2013	PRIT	Updated Errata.
*N	4592746	12/09/2014	PRIT	Updated Functional Description: Added "For a complete list of related documentation, click here." at the end Updated Package Diagrams.
*O	5331479	06/30/2016	PRIT	Updated Truth Table. Updated to new template.
*P	5514112	11/08/2016	PRIT	Updated Package Diagrams: spec 51-85050 – Changed revision from *E to *F. Updated to new template. Completing Sunset Review.

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