

- ◆ 200 Mbit/s (≥ 1.1 V to 3.3 V translation)
- ◆ 200 Mbit/s (≥ 1.1 V to 2.5 V translation)
- ◆ 200 Mbit/s (≥ 1.1 V to 1.8 V translation)
- ◆ 150 Mbit/s (≥ 1.1 V to 1.5 V translation)
- ◆ 100 Mbit/s (≥ 1.1 V to 1.2 V translation)
- Suspend mode
- Bus hold on data inputs
- Latch-up performance exceeds 100 mA per JESD 78 Class II
- Inputs accept voltages up to 3.6 V
- I_{OFF} circuitry provides partial Power-down mode operation
- Multiple package options
- Specified from -40 °C to $+85$ °C and -40 °C to $+125$ °C

3. Ordering information

Table 1. Ordering information

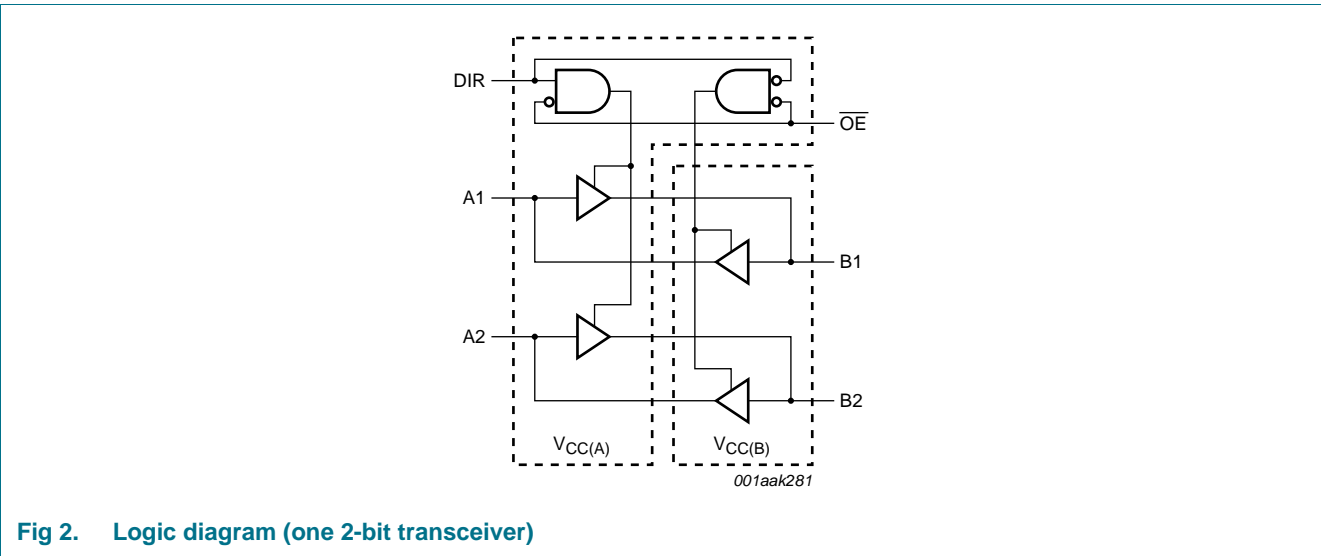
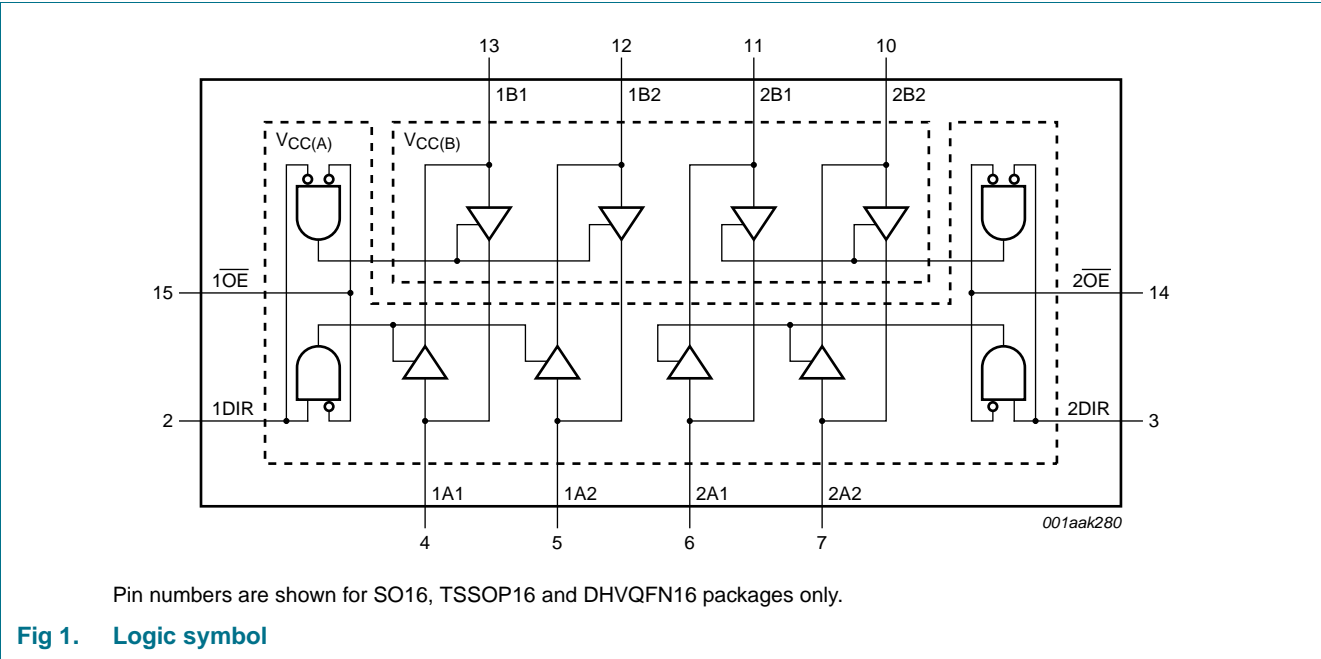
Type number	Package			
	Temperature range	Name	Description	Version
74AVCH4T245D	-40 °C to $+125$ °C	SO16	plastic small outline package; 16 leads; body width 3.9 mm	SOT109-1
74AVCH4T245PW	-40 °C to $+125$ °C	TSSOP16	plastic thin shrink small outline package; 16 leads; body width 4.4 mm	SOT403-1
74AVCH4T245BQ	-40 °C to $+125$ °C	DHVQFN16	plastic dual in-line compatible thermal enhanced very thin quad flat package; no leads; 16 terminals; body $2.5 \times 3.5 \times 0.85$ mm	SOT763-1
74AVCH4T245GU	-40 °C to $+125$ °C	XQFN16	plastic, extremely thin quad flat package; no leads; 16 terminals; body $1.80 \times 2.60 \times 0.50$ mm	SOT1161-1

4. Marking

Table 2. Marking codes

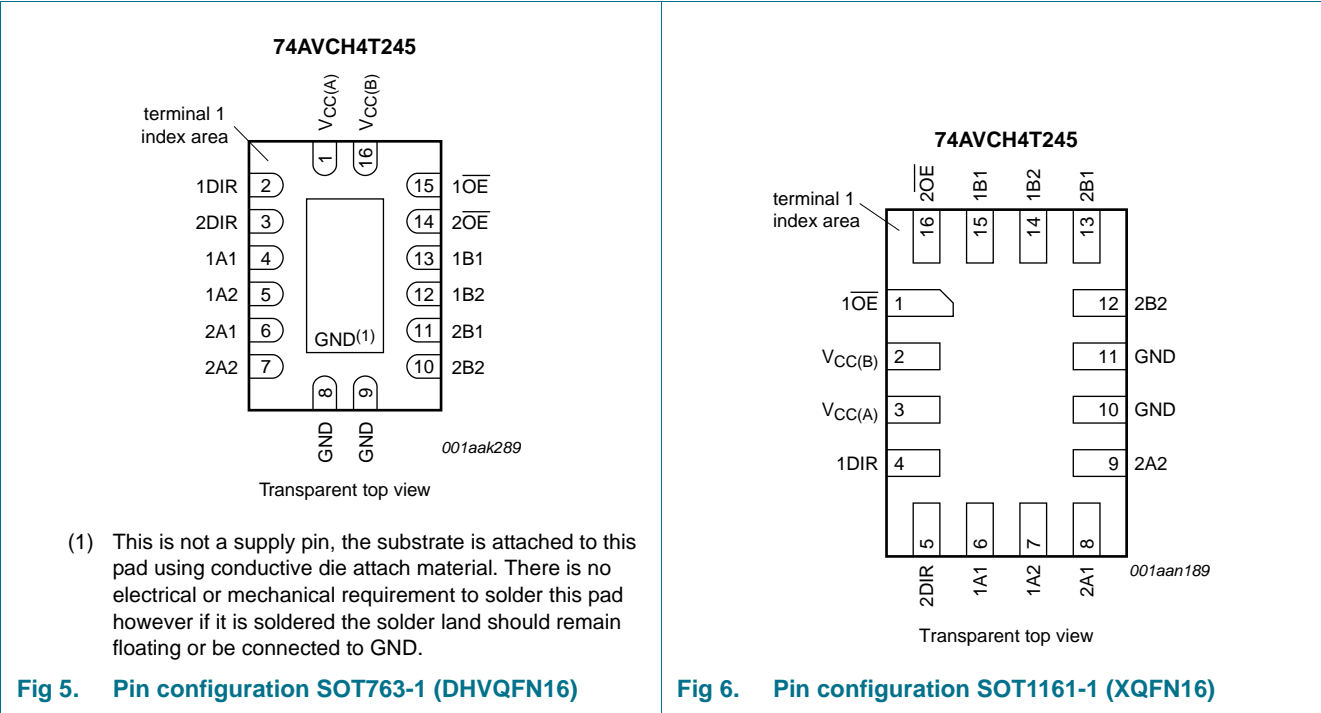
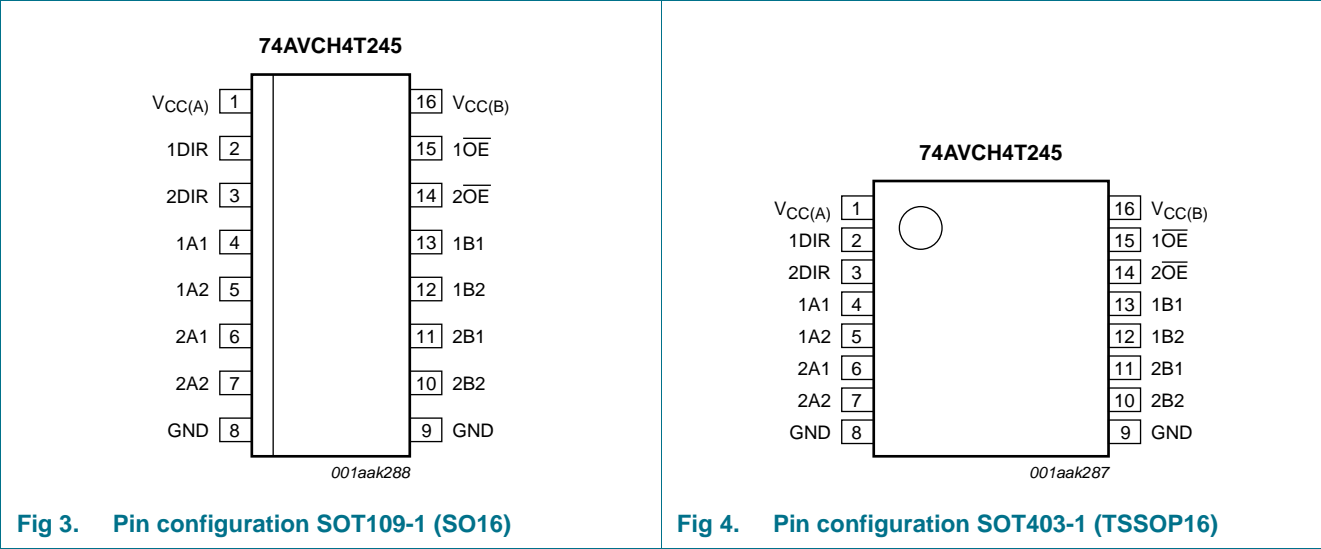
Type number	Marking code
74AVCH4T245D	74AVCH4T245D
74AVCH4T245PW	CH4T245
74AVCH4T245BQ	H4T245
74AVCH4T245GU	K4

5. Functional diagram



6. Pinning information

6.1 Pinning



6.2 Pin description

Table 3. Pin description

Symbol	Pin		Description
	SOT109-1, SOT403-1 and SOT763-1	SOT1161-1	
$V_{CC(A)}$	1	3	supply voltage A (nAn , \overline{nOE} and $nDIR$ inputs are referenced to $V_{CC(A)}$)
1DIR, 2DIR	2, 3	4, 5	direction control
1A1, 1A2	4, 5	6, 7	data input or output
2A1, 2A2	6, 7	8, 9	data input or output
GND ^[1]	8, 9	10, 11	ground (0 V)
2B2, 2B1	10, 11	12, 13	data input or output
1B2, 1B1	12, 13	14, 15	data input or output
$\overline{2OE}$, $\overline{1OE}$	14, 15	16, 1	output enable input (active LOW)
$V_{CC(B)}$	16	2	supply voltage B (nBn inputs are referenced to $V_{CC(B)}$)

[1] All GND pins must be connected to ground (0 V).

7. Functional description

Table 4. Function table^[1]

Supply voltage	Input		Input/output ^[3]	
$V_{CC(A)}$, $V_{CC(B)}$	\overline{nOE} ^[2]	$nDIR$ ^[2]	nAn ^[2]	nBn ^[2]
0.8 V to 3.6 V	L	L	$nAn = nBn$	input
0.8 V to 3.6 V	L	H	input	$nBn = nAn$
0.8 V to 3.6 V	H	X	Z	Z
GND ^[3]	X	X	Z	Z

[1] H = HIGH voltage level; L = LOW voltage level; X = don't care; Z = high-impedance OFF-state.

[2] The nAn , $nDIR$ and \overline{nOE} input circuit is referenced to $V_{CC(A)}$; The nBn input circuit is referenced to $V_{CC(B)}$.

[3] If at least one of $V_{CC(A)}$ or $V_{CC(B)}$ is at GND level, the device goes into suspend mode.

8. Limiting values

Table 5. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Max	Unit
$V_{CC(A)}$	supply voltage A			-0.5	+4.6	V
$V_{CC(B)}$	supply voltage B			-0.5	+4.6	V
I_{IK}	input clamping current	$V_I < 0$ V		-50	-	mA
V_I	input voltage		[1]	-0.5	+4.6	V
I_{OK}	output clamping current	$V_O < 0$ V		-50	-	mA
V_O	output voltage	Active mode	[1][2][3]	-0.5	$V_{CCO} + 0.5$	V
		Suspend or 3-state mode	[1]	-0.5	+4.6	V
I_O	output current	$V_O = 0$ V to V_{CCO}	[2]	-	± 50	mA
I_{CC}	supply current	per $V_{CC(A)}$ or $V_{CC(B)}$ pin		-	100	mA
I_{GND}	ground current	per GND pin		-100	-	mA
T_{stg}	storage temperature			-65	+150	°C
P_{tot}	total power dissipation	$T_{amb} = -40$ °C to +125 °C				
		SO16, TSSOP16 and DHVQFN16	[4]	-	500	mW
		XQFN16	[5]	-	250	mW

[1] The minimum input voltage ratings and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

[2] V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.

[3] $V_{CCO} + 0.5$ V should not exceed 4.6 V.

[4] For SO16 package: above 70 °C the value of P_{tot} derates linearly at 8 mW/K.

For TSSOP16 package: above 60 °C the value of P_{tot} derates linearly at 5.5 mW/K.

For DHVQFN16 package: above 60 °C the value of P_{tot} derates linearly at 4.5 mW/K.

[5] For XQFN16 package: above 133 °C the value of P_{tot} derates linearly with 14.5 mW/K.

9. Recommended operating conditions

Table 6. Recommended operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Max	Unit
$V_{CC(A)}$	supply voltage A			0.8	3.6	V
$V_{CC(B)}$	supply voltage B			0.8	3.6	V
V_I	input voltage			0	3.6	V
V_O	output voltage	Active mode	[1]	0	V_{CCO}	V
		Suspend or 3-state mode		0	3.6	V
T_{amb}	ambient temperature			-40	+125	°C
$\Delta t/\Delta V$	input transition rise and fall rate	$V_{CCI} = 0.8$ V to 3.6 V	[2]	-	5	ns/V

[1] V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.

[2] V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the input port.

10. Static characteristics

Table 7. Typical static characteristics at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ [1][2]

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{OH}	HIGH-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL}					
		$I_O = -1.5\text{ mA}$; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 0.8\text{ V}$		-	0.69	-	V
V_{OL}	LOW-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL}					
		$I_O = 1.5\text{ mA}$; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 0.8\text{ V}$		-	0.07	-	V
I_I	input leakage current	nDIR, \overline{nOE} input; $V_I = 0\text{ V}$ or 3.6 V ; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 0.8\text{ V}$ to 3.6 V		-	± 0.025	± 0.25	μA
I_{BHL}	bus hold LOW current	A or B port; $V_I = 0.42\text{ V}$; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 1.2\text{ V}$	[3]	-	26	-	μA
I_{BHH}	bus hold HIGH current	A or B port; $V_I = 0.78\text{ V}$; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 1.2\text{ V}$	[4]	-	-24	-	μA
I_{BHLO}	bus hold LOW overdrive current	A or B port; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 1.2\text{ V}$	[5]	-	27	-	μA
I_{BHHO}	bus hold HIGH overdrive current	A or B port; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 1.2\text{ V}$	[6]	-	-26	-	μA
I_{OZ}	OFF-state output current	A or B port; $V_O = 0\text{ V}$ or V_{CCO} ; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 3.6\text{ V}$	[7]	-	± 0.5	± 2.5	μA
		suspend mode A port; $V_O = 0\text{ V}$ or V_{CCO} ; $V_{CC(A)} = 3.6\text{ V}$; $V_{CC(B)} = 0\text{ V}$	[7]	-	± 0.5	± 2.5	μA
		suspend mode B port; $V_O = 0\text{ V}$ or V_{CCO} ; $V_{CC(A)} = 0\text{ V}$; $V_{CC(B)} = 3.6\text{ V}$	[7]	-	± 0.5	± 2.5	μA
I_{OFF}	power-off leakage current	A port; V_I or $V_O = 0\text{ V}$ to 3.6 V ; $V_{CC(A)} = 0\text{ V}$; $V_{CC(B)} = 0.8\text{ V}$ to 3.6 V		-	± 0.1	± 1	μA
		B port; V_I or $V_O = 0\text{ V}$ to 3.6 V ; $V_{CC(B)} = 0\text{ V}$; $V_{CC(A)} = 0.8\text{ V}$ to 3.6 V		-	± 0.1	± 1	μA
C_I	input capacitance	nDIR, \overline{nOE} input; $V_I = 0\text{ V}$ or 3.3 V ; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 3.3\text{ V}$		-	1.0	-	pF
$C_{I/O}$	input/output capacitance	A and B port; $V_O = 3.3\text{ V}$ or 0 V ; $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 3.3\text{ V}$		-	4.0	-	pF

[1] V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.

[2] V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the data input port.

[3] The bus hold circuit can sink at least the minimum low sustaining current at V_{IL} max. I_{BHL} should be measured after lowering V_I to GND and then raising it to V_{IL} max.

[4] The bus hold circuit can source at least the minimum high sustaining current at V_{IH} min. I_{BHH} should be measured after raising V_I to V_{CC} and then lowering it to V_{IH} min.

[5] An external driver must source at least I_{BHLO} to switch this node from LOW to HIGH.

[6] An external driver must sink at least I_{BHHO} to switch this node from HIGH to LOW.

[7] For I/O ports, the parameter I_{OZ} includes the input leakage current.

Table 8. Static characteristics [1][2]

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	–40 °C to +85 °C		–40 °C to +125 °C		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
V_{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage	data input					
		$V_{CCI} = 0.8\text{ V}$	$0.70V_{CCI}$	-	$0.70V_{CCI}$	-	V
		$V_{CCI} = 1.1\text{ V to }1.95\text{ V}$	$0.65V_{CCI}$	-	$0.65V_{CCI}$	-	V
		$V_{CCI} = 2.3\text{ V to }2.7\text{ V}$	1.6	-	1.6	-	V
		$V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V to }3.6\text{ V}$	2	-	2	-	V
		nDIR, \overline{nOE} input					
		$V_{CC(A)} = 0.8\text{ V}$	$0.70V_{CC(A)}$	-	$0.70V_{CC(A)}$	-	V
		$V_{CC(A)} = 1.1\text{ V to }1.95\text{ V}$	$0.65V_{CC(A)}$	-	$0.65V_{CC(A)}$	-	V
		$V_{CC(A)} = 2.3\text{ V to }2.7\text{ V}$	1.6	-	1.6	-	V
		$V_{CC(A)} = 3.0\text{ V to }3.6\text{ V}$	2	-	2	-	V
V_{IL}	LOW-level input voltage	data input					
		$V_{CCI} = 0.8\text{ V}$	-	$0.30V_{CCI}$	-	$0.30V_{CCI}$	V
		$V_{CCI} = 1.1\text{ V to }1.95\text{ V}$	-	$0.35V_{CCI}$	-	$0.35V_{CCI}$	V
		$V_{CCI} = 2.3\text{ V to }2.7\text{ V}$	-	0.7	-	0.7	V
		$V_{CCI} = 3.0\text{ V to }3.6\text{ V}$	-	0.8	-	0.8	V
		nDIR, \overline{nOE} input					
		$V_{CC(A)} = 0.8\text{ V}$	-	$0.30V_{CC(A)}$	-	$0.30V_{CC(A)}$	V
		$V_{CC(A)} = 1.1\text{ V to }1.95\text{ V}$	-	$0.35V_{CC(A)}$	-	$0.35V_{CC(A)}$	V
		$V_{CC(A)} = 2.3\text{ V to }2.7\text{ V}$	-	0.7	-	0.7	V
		$V_{CC(A)} = 3.0\text{ V to }3.6\text{ V}$	-	0.8	-	0.8	V
V_{OH}	HIGH-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH}\text{ or }V_{IL}$					
		$I_O = -100\text{ }\mu\text{A};$ $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 0.8\text{ V to }3.6\text{ V}$	$V_{CCO} - 0.1$	-	$V_{CCO} - 0.1$	-	V
		$I_O = -3\text{ mA};$ $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 1.1\text{ V}$	0.85	-	0.85	-	V
		$I_O = -6\text{ mA};$ $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 1.4\text{ V}$	1.05	-	1.05	-	V
		$I_O = -8\text{ mA};$ $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 1.65\text{ V}$	1.2	-	1.2	-	V
		$I_O = -9\text{ mA};$ $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 2.3\text{ V}$	1.75	-	1.75	-	V
		$I_O = -12\text{ mA};$ $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)} = 3.0\text{ V}$	2.3	-	2.3	-	V

Table 8. Static characteristics ...continued^{[1][2]}

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	–40 °C to +85 °C		–40 °C to +125 °C		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
V _{OL}	LOW-level output voltage	V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL}					
		I _O = 100 µA; V _{CC(A)} = V _{CC(B)} = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	0.1	-	0.1	V
		I _O = 3 mA; V _{CC(A)} = V _{CC(B)} = 1.1 V	-	0.25	-	0.25	V
		I _O = 6 mA; V _{CC(A)} = V _{CC(B)} = 1.4 V	-	0.35	-	0.35	V
		I _O = 8 mA; V _{CC(A)} = V _{CC(B)} = 1.65 V	-	0.45	-	0.45	V
		I _O = 9 mA; V _{CC(A)} = V _{CC(B)} = 2.3 V	-	0.55	-	0.55	V
		I _O = 12 mA; V _{CC(A)} = V _{CC(B)} = 3.0 V	-	0.7	-	0.7	V
I _I	input leakage current	nDIR, nOE input; V _I = 0 V or 3.6 V; V _{CC(A)} = V _{CC(B)} = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	±1	-	±5	µA
I _{BHL}	bus hold LOW current	A or B port ^[3]					
		V _I = 0.49 V; V _{CC(A)} = V _{CC(B)} = 1.4 V	15	-	15	-	µA
		V _I = 0.58 V; V _{CC(A)} = V _{CC(B)} = 1.65 V	25	-	25	-	µA
		V _I = 0.70 V; V _{CC(A)} = V _{CC(B)} = 2.3 V	45	-	45	-	µA
		V _I = 0.80 V; V _{CC(A)} = V _{CC(B)} = 3.0 V	100	-	90	-	µA
I _{BHH}	bus hold HIGH current	A or B port ^[4]					
		V _I = 0.91 V; V _{CC(A)} = V _{CC(B)} = 1.4 V	–15	-	–15	-	µA
		V _I = 1.07 V; V _{CC(A)} = V _{CC(B)} = 1.65 V	–25	-	–25	-	µA
		V _I = 1.60 V; V _{CC(A)} = V _{CC(B)} = 2.3 V	–45	-	–45	-	µA
		V _I = 2.00 V; V _{CC(A)} = V _{CC(B)} = 3.0 V	–100	-	–100	-	µA
I _{BHLO}	bus hold LOW overdrive current	A or B port ^[5]					
		V _{CC(A)} = V _{CC(B)} = 1.6 V	125	-	125	-	µA
		V _{CC(A)} = V _{CC(B)} = 1.95 V	200	-	200	-	µA
		V _{CC(A)} = V _{CC(B)} = 2.7 V	300	-	300	-	µA
		V _{CC(A)} = V _{CC(B)} = 3.6 V	500	-	500	-	µA
I _{BHHO}	bus hold HIGH overdrive current	A or B port ^[6]					
		V _{CC(A)} = V _{CC(B)} = 1.6 V	–125	-	–125	-	µA
		V _{CC(A)} = V _{CC(B)} = 1.95 V	–200	-	–200	-	µA
		V _{CC(A)} = V _{CC(B)} = 2.7 V	–300	-	–300	-	µA
		V _{CC(A)} = V _{CC(B)} = 3.6 V	–500	-	–500	-	µA

Table 8. Static characteristics ...continued[1][2]
At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	−40 °C to +85 °C		−40 °C to +125 °C		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
I _{OZ}	OFF-state output current	A or B port; V _O = 0 V or V _{CCO} ; V _{CC(A)} = V _{CC(B)} = 3.6 V	7	-	±5	-	±30 μA
		suspend mode A port; V _O = 0 V or V _{CCO} ; V _{CC(A)} = 3.6 V; V _{CC(B)} = 0 V	7	-	±5	-	±30 μA
		suspend mode B port; V _O = 0 V or V _{CCO} ; V _{CC(A)} = 0 V; V _{CC(B)} = 3.6 V	7	-	±5	-	±30 μA
I _{OFF}	power-off leakage current	A port; V _I or V _O = 0 V to 3.6 V; V _{CC(A)} = 0 V; V _{CC(B)} = 0.8 V to 3.6 V		-	±5	-	±30 μA
		B port; V _I or V _O = 0 V to 3.6 V; V _{CC(B)} = 0 V; V _{CC(A)} = 0.8 V to 3.6 V		-	±5	-	±30 μA

Table 8. Static characteristics ...continued^{[1][2]}

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	–40 °C to +85 °C		–40 °C to +125 °C		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
I _{CC}	supply current	A port; V _I = 0 V or V _{CCI} ; I _O = 0 A					
		V _{CC(A)} = 0.8 V to 3.6 V; V _{CC(B)} = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	10	-	55	μA
		V _{CC(A)} = 1.1 V to 3.6 V; V _{CC(B)} = 1.1 V to 3.6 V	-	8	-	50	μA
		V _{CC(A)} = 3.6 V; V _{CC(B)} = 0 V	-	8	-	50	μA
		V _{CC(A)} = 0 V; V _{CC(B)} = 3.6 V	–2	-	–12	-	μA
		B port; V _I = 0 V or V _{CCI} ; I _O = 0 A					
		V _{CC(A)} = 0.8 V to 3.6 V; V _{CC(B)} = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	10	-	55	μA
		V _{CC(A)} = 1.1 V to 3.6 V; V _{CC(B)} = 1.1 V to 3.6 V	-	8	-	50	μA
		V _{CC(A)} = 3.6 V; V _{CC(B)} = 0 V	–2	-	–12	-	μA
		V _{CC(A)} = 0 V; V _{CC(B)} = 3.6 V	-	8	-	50	μA
		A plus B port (I _{CC(A)} + I _{CC(B)}); I _O = 0 A; V _I = 0 V or V _{CCI} ; V _{CC(A)} = 0.8 V to 3.6 V; V _{CC(B)} = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	20	-	70	μA
		A plus B port (I _{CC(A)} + I _{CC(B)}); I _O = 0 A; V _I = 0 V or V _{CCI} ; V _{CC(A)} = 1.1 V to 3.6 V; V _{CC(B)} = 1.1 V to 3.6 V	-	16	-	65	μA

[1] V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.[2] V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the data input port.[3] The bus hold circuit can sink at least the minimum low sustaining current at V_{IL} max. I_{BHL} should be measured after lowering V_I to GND and then raising it to V_{IL} max.[4] The bus hold circuit can source at least the minimum high sustaining current at V_{IH} min. I_{BHH} should be measured after raising V_I to V_{CC} and then lowering it to V_{IH} min.[5] An external driver must source at least I_{BHLO} to switch this node from LOW to HIGH.[6] An external driver must sink at least I_{BHHO} to switch this node from HIGH to LOW.[7] For I/O ports, the parameter I_{OZ} includes the input leakage current.**Table 9.** Typical total supply current (I_{CC(A)} + I_{CC(B)})

V _{CC(A)}	V _{CC(B)}							Unit
	0 V	0.8 V	1.2 V	1.5 V	1.8 V	2.5 V	3.3 V	
0 V	0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	μA
0.8 V	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3	1.6	μA
1.2 V	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.8	μA
1.5 V	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.4	μA
1.8 V	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	μA
2.5 V	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	μA
3.3 V	0.1	1.6	0.8	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.1	μA

11. Dynamic characteristics

Table 10. Typical power dissipation capacitance at $V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)}$ and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ [1][2]
Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	$V_{CC(A)} = V_{CC(B)}$						Unit
			0.8 V	1.2 V	1.5 V	1.8 V	2.5 V	3.3 V	
C_{PD}	power dissipation capacitance	A port: (direction nAn to nBn); output enabled	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	pF
		A port: (direction nAn to nBn); output disabled	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	pF
		A port: (direction nBn to nAn); output enabled	9.5	9.7	9.8	9.9	10.7	11.9	pF
		A port: (direction nBn to nAn); output disabled	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	pF
		B port: (direction nAn to nBn); output enabled	9.5	9.7	9.8	9.9	10.7	11.9	pF
		B port: (direction nAn to nBn); output disabled	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	pF
		B port: (direction nBn to nAn); output enabled	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	pF
		B port: (direction nBn to nAn); output disabled	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	pF

[1] C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW).
 $P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i \times N + \Sigma(C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ where:
 f_i = input frequency in MHz;
 f_o = output frequency in MHz;
 C_L = load capacitance in pF;
 V_{CC} = supply voltage in V;
 N = number of inputs switching;
 $\Sigma(C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ = sum of the outputs.

[2] $f_i = 10\text{ MHz}$; $V_i = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$; $t_r = t_f = 1\text{ ns}$; $C_L = 0\text{ pF}$; $R_L = \infty\text{ }\Omega$.

Table 11. Typical dynamic characteristics at $V_{CC(A)} = 0.8\text{ V}$ and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$ [1]Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see [Figure 9](#); for wave forms see [Figure 7](#) and [Figure 8](#)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	$V_{CC(B)}$						Unit
			0.8 V	1.2 V	1.5 V	1.8 V	2.5 V	3.3 V	
t_{pd}	propagation delay	nAn to nBn	14.5	7.3	6.5	6.2	5.9	6.0	ns
		nBn to nAn	14.5	12.7	12.4	12.3	12.1	12.0	ns
t_{dis}	disable time	\overline{nOE} to nAn	14.3	14.3	14.3	14.3	14.3	14.3	ns
		\overline{nOE} to nBn	17.0	9.9	9.0	9.4	9.0	9.7	ns
t_{en}	enable time	\overline{nOE} to nAn	18.2	18.2	18.2	18.2	18.2	18.2	ns
		\overline{nOE} to nBn	19.2	10.7	9.8	9.6	9.7	10.2	ns

[1] t_{pd} is the same as t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} ; t_{dis} is the same as t_{PLZ} and t_{PHZ} ; t_{en} is the same as t_{PZL} and t_{PZH} .**Table 12. Typical dynamic characteristics at $V_{CC(B)} = 0.8\text{ V}$ and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$ [1]**Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see [Figure 9](#); for wave forms see [Figure 7](#) and [Figure 8](#)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	$V_{CC(A)}$						Unit
			0.8 V	1.2 V	1.5 V	1.8 V	2.5 V	3.3 V	
t_{pd}	propagation delay	nAn to nBn	14.5	12.7	12.4	12.3	12.1	12.0	ns
		nBn to nAn	14.5	7.3	6.5	6.2	5.9	6.0	ns
t_{dis}	disable time	\overline{nOE} to nAn	14.3	5.5	4.1	4.0	3.0	3.5	ns
		\overline{nOE} to nBn	17.0	13.8	13.4	13.1	12.9	12.7	ns
t_{en}	enable time	\overline{nOE} to nAn	18.2	5.6	4.0	3.2	2.4	2.2	ns
		\overline{nOE} to nBn	19.2	14.6	14.1	13.9	13.7	13.6	ns

[1] t_{pd} is the same as t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} ; t_{dis} is the same as t_{PLZ} and t_{PHZ} ; t_{en} is the same as t_{PZL} and t_{PZH} .

Table 13. Dynamic characteristics for temperature range –40 °C to +85 °C [1]

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see [Figure 9](#); for wave forms see [Figure 7](#) and [Figure 8](#).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V _{CC(B)}										Unit
			1.2 V ± 0.1 V		1.5 V ± 0.1 V		1.8 V ± 0.15 V		2.5 V ± 0.2 V		3.3 V ± 0.3 V		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V _{CC(A)} = 1.1 V to 1.3 V													
t _{pd}	propagation delay	nAn to nBn	0.5	9.4	0.5	7.1	0.5	6.2	0.5	5.2	0.5	5.1	ns
		nBn to nAn	0.5	9.4	0.5	8.9	0.5	8.7	0.5	8.4	0.5	8.2	ns
t _{dis}	disable time	n $\overline{\text{OE}}$ to nAn	1.8	10.9	1.8	10.9	1.8	10.9	1.8	10.9	1.8	10.9	ns
		n $\overline{\text{OE}}$ to nBn	1.9	12.4	1.9	9.6	1.9	9.5	1.4	8.1	1.2	9.1	ns
t _{en}	enable time	n $\overline{\text{OE}}$ to nAn	1.4	12.8	1.4	12.8	1.4	12.8	1.4	12.8	1.4	12.8	ns
		n $\overline{\text{OE}}$ to nBn	1.1	13.3	1.1	10.0	1.1	8.9	1.0	7.9	1.0	7.7	ns
V _{CC(A)} = 1.4 V to 1.6 V													
t _{pd}	propagation delay	nAn to nBn	0.3	8.9	0.3	6.3	0.3	5.2	0.3	4.2	0.3	4.2	ns
		nBn to nAn	0.7	7.1	0.7	6.3	0.5	6.0	0.4	5.7	0.3	5.6	ns
t _{dis}	disable time	n $\overline{\text{OE}}$ to nAn	1.8	10.2	1.8	10.2	1.5	10.2	1.3	10.2	1.6	10.2	ns
		n $\overline{\text{OE}}$ to nBn	1.9	11.3	1.9	10.3	1.9	9.1	1.4	7.4	1.2	7.6	ns
t _{en}	enable time	n $\overline{\text{OE}}$ to nAn	1.1	9.4	1.4	9.4	1.1	9.4	0.7	9.4	0.4	9.4	ns
		n $\overline{\text{OE}}$ to nBn	1.4	12.1	1.4	9.6	1.1	7.7	0.9	5.8	0.9	5.6	ns
V _{CC(A)} = 1.65 V to 1.95 V													
t _{pd}	propagation delay	nAn to nBn	0.1	8.7	0.1	6.0	0.1	4.9	0.1	3.9	0.3	3.9	ns
		nBn to nAn	0.6	6.2	0.6	5.3	0.5	4.9	0.3	4.6	0.3	4.5	ns
t _{dis}	disable time	n $\overline{\text{OE}}$ to nAn	1.8	8.6	1.6	8.6	1.8	8.6	1.3	8.6	1.6	8.6	ns
		n $\overline{\text{OE}}$ to nBn	1.7	10.9	1.7	9.9	1.6	8.7	1.2	6.9	1.0	6.9	ns
t _{en}	enable time	n $\overline{\text{OE}}$ to nAn	1.0	7.2	1.0	7.2	1.0	7.2	0.6	7.2	0.4	7.2	ns
		n $\overline{\text{OE}}$ to nBn	1.2	11.7	1.2	9.2	1.0	7.4	0.8	5.3	0.8	4.6	ns
V _{CC(A)} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V													
t _{pd}	propagation delay	nAn to nBn	0.1	8.4	0.1	5.7	0.1	4.6	0.2	3.5	0.1	3.6	ns
		nBn to nAn	0.6	5.2	0.6	4.2	0.4	3.9	0.2	3.4	0.2	3.3	ns
t _{dis}	disable time	n $\overline{\text{OE}}$ to nAn	1.0	6.2	1.0	6.2	1.0	6.2	1.0	6.2	1.0	6.2	ns
		n $\overline{\text{OE}}$ to nBn	1.5	10.4	1.5	8.8	1.3	8.2	1.1	6.2	0.9	5.2	ns
t _{en}	enable time	n $\overline{\text{OE}}$ to nAn	0.7	4.8	0.7	4.8	0.7	4.8	0.6	4.8	0.4	4.8	ns
		n $\overline{\text{OE}}$ to nBn	0.9	11.3	0.9	8.8	0.8	7.0	0.6	4.8	0.6	4.0	ns
V _{CC(A)} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V													
t _{pd}	propagation delay	nAn to nBn	0.1	8.2	0.1	5.6	0.1	4.5	0.1	3.3	0.1	2.9	ns
		nBn to nAn	0.6	5.1	0.6	4.2	0.4	3.4	0.2	3.0	0.1	2.8	ns
t _{dis}	disable time	n $\overline{\text{OE}}$ to nAn	0.7	5.6	0.7	5.6	0.7	5.6	0.7	5.6	0.7	5.6	ns
		n $\overline{\text{OE}}$ to nBn	1.4	10.2	1.4	9.3	1.2	8.1	1.0	6.4	0.8	6.2	ns
t _{en}	enable time	n $\overline{\text{OE}}$ to nAn	0.6	3.8	0.6	3.8	0.6	3.8	0.6	3.8	0.4	3.8	ns
		n $\overline{\text{OE}}$ to nBn	0.8	11.3	0.8	8.7	0.6	6.8	0.5	4.7	0.5	3.8	ns

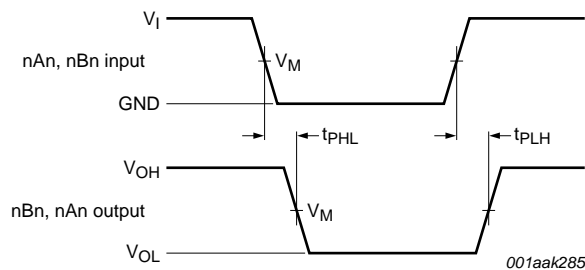
[1] t_{pd} is the same as t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} ; t_{dis} is the same as t_{PLZ} and t_{PHZ} ; t_{en} is the same as t_{PZL} and t_{PZH} .

Table 14. Dynamic characteristics for temperature range –40 °C to +125 °C [1]Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see [Figure 9](#); for wave forms see [Figure 7](#) and [Figure 8](#)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V _{CC(B)}										Unit
			1.2 V ± 0.1 V		1.5 V ± 0.1 V		1.8 V ± 0.15 V		2.5 V ± 0.2 V		3.3 V ± 0.3 V		
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V _{CC(A)} = 1.1 V to 1.3 V													
t _{pd}	propagation delay	nAn to nBn	0.5	10.4	0.5	7.9	0.5	6.9	0.5	5.8	0.5	5.7	ns
		nBn to nAn	0.5	10.4	0.5	9.8	0.5	9.6	0.5	9.3	0.5	9.1	ns
t _{dis}	disable time	n $\overline{\text{OE}}$ to nAn	1.8	12.0	1.8	12.0	1.8	12.0	1.8	12.0	1.8	12.0	ns
		n $\overline{\text{OE}}$ to nBn	1.9	13.7	1.9	10.6	1.9	10.5	1.4	9.0	1.2	10.1	ns
t _{en}	enable time	n $\overline{\text{OE}}$ to nAn	1.4	14.1	1.4	14.1	1.4	14.1	1.4	14.1	1.4	14.1	ns
		n $\overline{\text{OE}}$ to nBn	1.1	14.7	1.1	11.0	1.1	9.8	1.0	8.7	1.0	8.5	ns
V _{CC(A)} = 1.4 V to 1.6 V													
t _{pd}	propagation delay	nAn to nBn	0.3	9.8	0.3	7.0	0.3	5.8	0.3	4.7	0.3	4.7	ns
		nBn to nAn	0.7	7.9	0.7	7.0	0.5	6.6	0.4	6.3	0.3	6.2	ns
t _{dis}	disable time	n $\overline{\text{OE}}$ to nAn	1.8	11.3	1.8	11.3	1.5	11.3	1.3	11.3	1.6	11.3	ns
		n $\overline{\text{OE}}$ to nBn	1.9	12.5	1.9	11.4	1.9	10.1	1.4	8.2	1.2	8.4	ns
t _{en}	enable time	n $\overline{\text{OE}}$ to nAn	1.1	10.4	1.4	10.4	1.1	10.4	0.7	10.4	0.4	10.4	ns
		n $\overline{\text{OE}}$ to nBn	1.4	13.3	1.4	10.6	1.1	8.5	0.9	6.4	0.9	6.2	ns
V _{CC(A)} = 1.65 V to 1.95 V													
t _{pd}	propagation delay	nAn to nBn	0.1	9.6	0.1	6.6	0.1	5.4	0.1	4.3	0.3	4.3	ns
		nBn to nAn	0.6	6.9	0.6	5.9	0.5	5.4	0.3	5.1	0.3	5.0	ns
t _{dis}	disable time	n $\overline{\text{OE}}$ to nAn	1.8	9.5	1.6	9.5	1.8	9.5	1.3	9.5	1.6	9.5	ns
		n $\overline{\text{OE}}$ to nBn	1.7	12.0	1.7	10.9	1.6	9.6	1.2	7.6	1.0	7.6	ns
t _{en}	enable time	n $\overline{\text{OE}}$ to nAn	1.0	8.0	1.0	8.0	1.0	8.0	0.6	8.0	0.4	8.0	ns
		n $\overline{\text{OE}}$ to nBn	1.2	12.9	1.2	10.2	1.0	8.2	0.8	5.9	0.8	5.1	ns
V _{CC(A)} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V													
t _{pd}	propagation delay	nAn to nBn	0.1	9.3	0.1	6.3	0.1	5.1	0.2	4.0	0.1	4.0	ns
		nBn to nAn	0.6	5.8	0.6	4.7	0.4	4.3	0.2	3.9	0.2	3.8	ns
t _{dis}	disable time	n $\overline{\text{OE}}$ to nAn	1.0	6.9	1.0	6.9	1.0	6.9	1.0	6.9	1.0	6.9	ns
		n $\overline{\text{OE}}$ to nBn	1.5	11.5	1.5	10.4	1.3	9.1	1.1	6.9	0.9	5.8	ns
t _{en}	enable time	n $\overline{\text{OE}}$ to nAn	0.7	5.3	0.7	5.3	0.7	5.3	0.6	5.3	0.4	5.3	ns
		n $\overline{\text{OE}}$ to nBn	0.9	12.4	0.9	9.7	0.8	7.7	0.6	5.3	0.6	4.4	ns
V _{CC(A)} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V													
t _{pd}	propagation delay	nAn to nBn	0.1	9.1	0.1	6.2	0.1	5.0	0.1	3.8	0.1	3.3	ns
		nBn to nAn	0.6	5.7	0.6	4.7	0.4	3.9	0.2	3.4	0.1	3.3	ns
t _{dis}	disable time	n $\overline{\text{OE}}$ to nAn	0.7	6.2	0.7	6.2	0.7	6.2	0.7	6.2	0.7	6.2	ns
		n $\overline{\text{OE}}$ to nBn	1.4	11.3	1.4	10.3	1.2	9.0	1.0	7.1	0.8	6.9	ns
t _{en}	enable time	n $\overline{\text{OE}}$ to nAn	0.6	4.2	0.6	4.2	0.6	4.2	0.6	4.2	0.4	4.2	ns
		n $\overline{\text{OE}}$ to nBn	0.8	12.4	0.8	9.6	0.6	7.5	0.5	5.2	0.5	4.2	ns

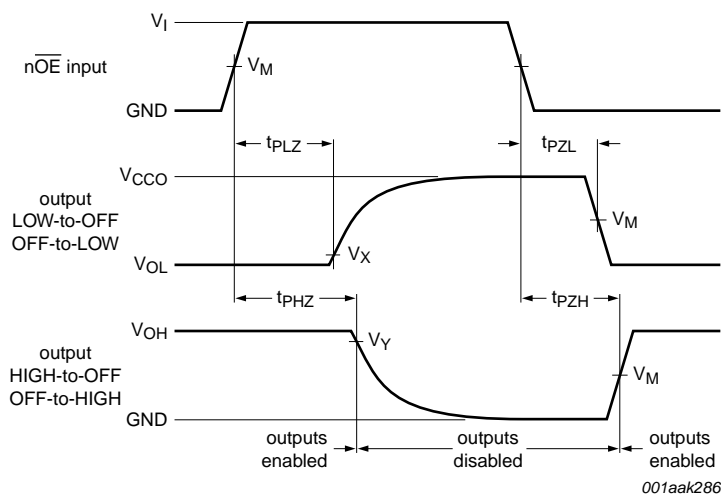
[1] t_{pd} is the same as t_{PLH} and t_{PHL}; t_{dis} is the same as t_{PLZ} and t_{PHZ}; t_{en} is the same as t_{pZL} and t_{pZH}.

12. Waveforms



Measurement points are given in [Table 15](#).
 V_{OL} and V_{OH} are typical output voltage levels that occur with the output load.

Fig 7. The data input (nAn, nBn) to output (nBn, nAn) propagation delay times



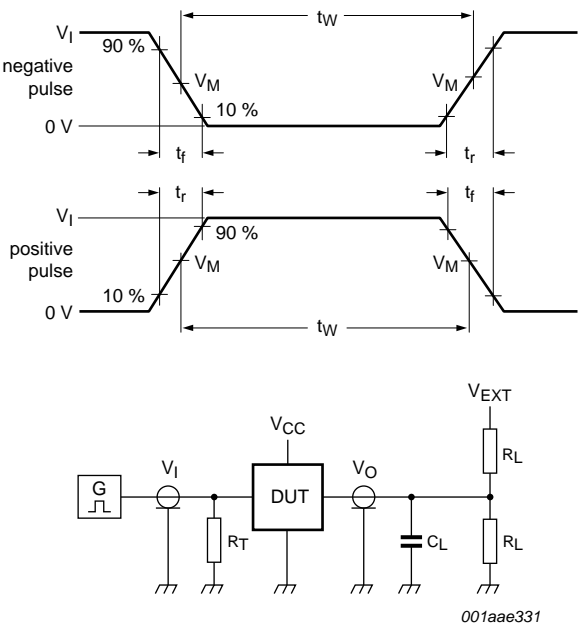
Measurement points are given in [Table 15](#).
 V_{OL} and V_{OH} are typical output voltage levels that occur with the output load.

Fig 8. Enable and disable times

Table 15. Measurement points

Supply voltage	Input ^[1]	Output ^[2]		
$V_{CC(A)}, V_{CC(B)}$	V_M	V_M	V_X	V_Y
0.8 V to 1.6 V	$0.5V_{CCI}$	$0.5V_{CCO}$	$V_{OL} + 0.1\text{ V}$	$V_{OH} - 0.1\text{ V}$
1.65 V to 2.7 V	$0.5V_{CCI}$	$0.5V_{CCO}$	$V_{OL} + 0.15\text{ V}$	$V_{OH} - 0.15\text{ V}$
3.0 V to 3.6 V	$0.5V_{CCI}$	$0.5V_{CCO}$	$V_{OL} + 0.3\text{ V}$	$V_{OH} - 0.3\text{ V}$

[1] V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the data input port.
[2] V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.



Test data is given in [Table 16](#).
 R_L = Load resistance.
 C_L = Load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance.
 R_T = Termination resistance.
 V_{EXT} = External voltage for measuring switching times.

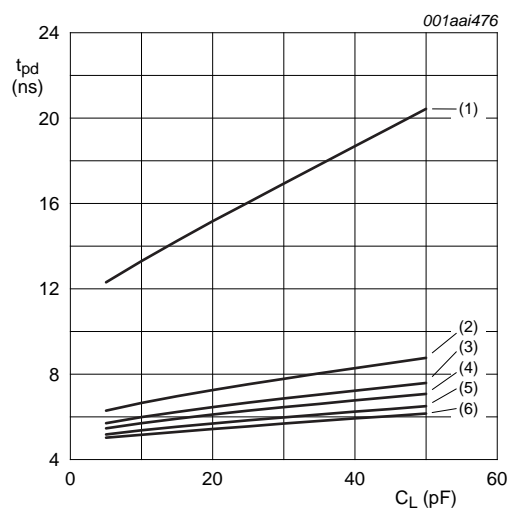
Fig 9. Test circuit for measuring switching times

Table 16. Test data

Supply voltage	Input		Load		V_{EXT}		
$V_{CC(A)}, V_{CC(B)}$	V_I ^[1]	$\Delta t/\Delta V$ ^[2]	C_L	R_L	t_{PLH}, t_{PHL}	t_{PZH}, t_{PHZ}	t_{PZL}, t_{PLZ} ^[3]
0.8 V to 1.6 V	V_{CCI}	$\leq 1.0 \text{ ns/V}$	15 pF	2 k Ω	open	GND	$2V_{CCO}$
1.65 V to 2.7 V	V_{CCI}	$\leq 1.0 \text{ ns/V}$	15 pF	2 k Ω	open	GND	$2V_{CCO}$
3.0 V to 3.6 V	V_{CCI}	$\leq 1.0 \text{ ns/V}$	15 pF	2 k Ω	open	GND	$2V_{CCO}$

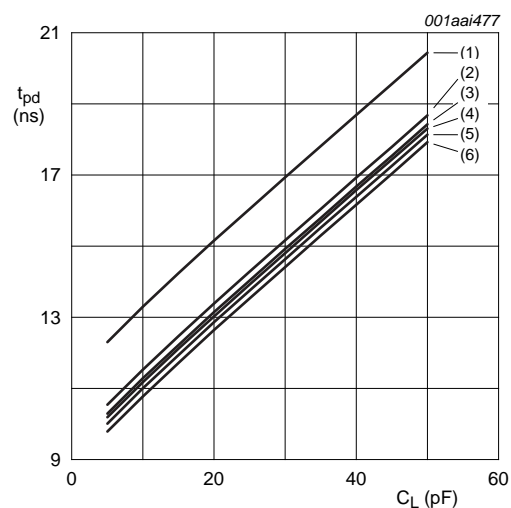
[1] V_{CCI} is the supply voltage associated with the data input port.
[2] $dV/dt \geq 1.0 \text{ V/ns}$
[3] V_{CCO} is the supply voltage associated with the output port.

13. Typical propagation delay characteristics



a. Propagation delay (nAn to nBn); $V_{CC(A)} = 0.8 \text{ V}$

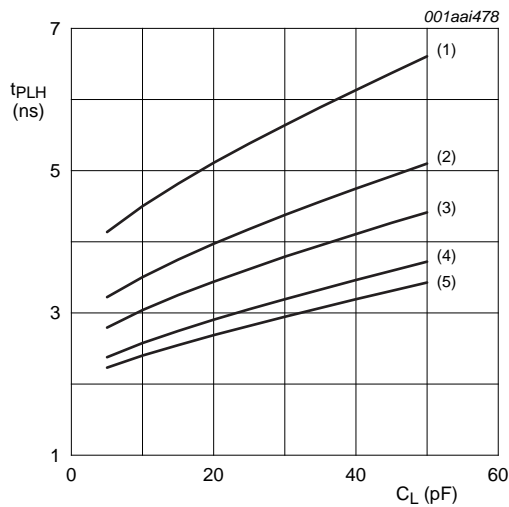
- (1) $V_{CC(B)} = 0.8 \text{ V}$.
- (2) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2 \text{ V}$.
- (3) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.5 \text{ V}$.
- (4) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.8 \text{ V}$.
- (5) $V_{CC(B)} = 2.5 \text{ V}$.
- (6) $V_{CC(B)} = 3.3 \text{ V}$.



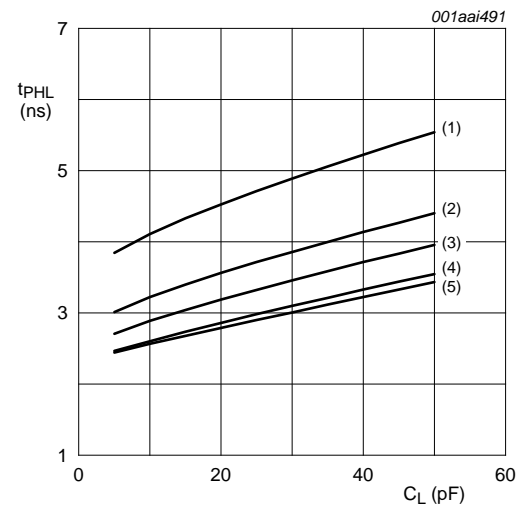
b. Propagation delay (nAn to nBn); $V_{CC(B)} = 0.8 \text{ V}$

- (1) $V_{CC(A)} = 0.8 \text{ V}$.
- (2) $V_{CC(A)} = 1.2 \text{ V}$.
- (3) $V_{CC(A)} = 1.5 \text{ V}$.
- (4) $V_{CC(A)} = 1.8 \text{ V}$.
- (5) $V_{CC(A)} = 2.5 \text{ V}$.
- (6) $V_{CC(A)} = 3.3 \text{ V}$.

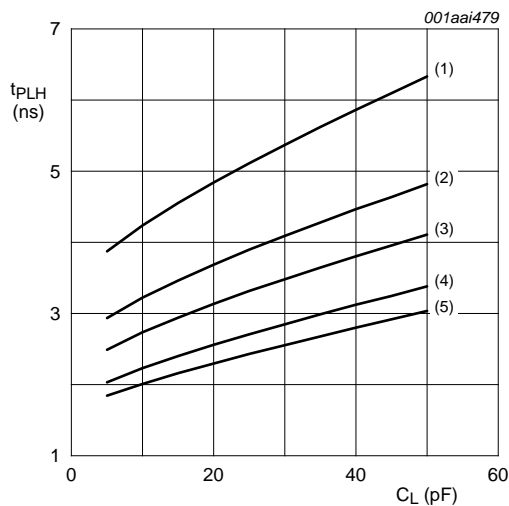
Fig 10. Typical propagation delay versus load capacitance; $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$



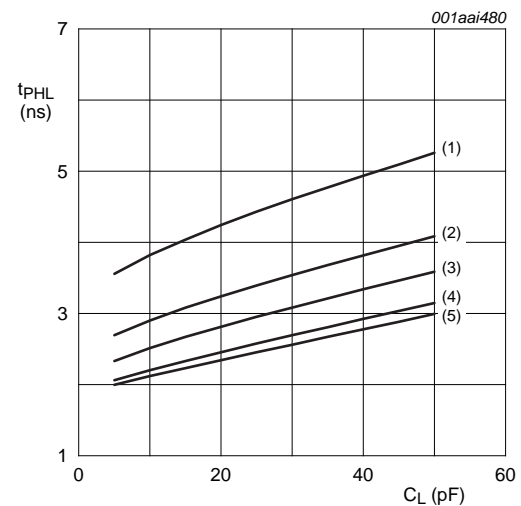
a. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (nAn to nBn);
 $V_{CC(A)} = 1.2 \text{ V}$



b. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (nAn to nBn);
 $V_{CC(A)} = 1.2 \text{ V}$



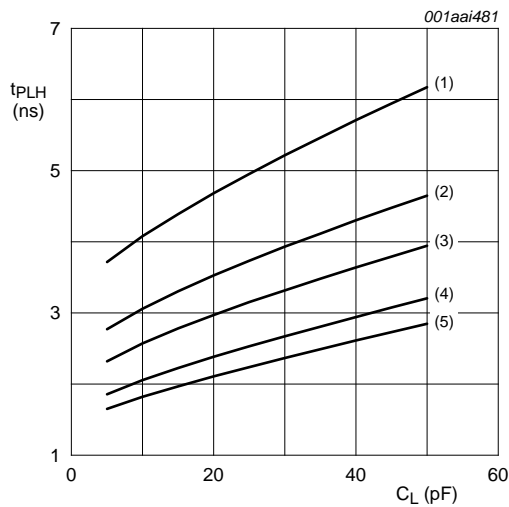
c. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (nAn to nBn);
 $V_{CC(A)} = 1.5 \text{ V}$



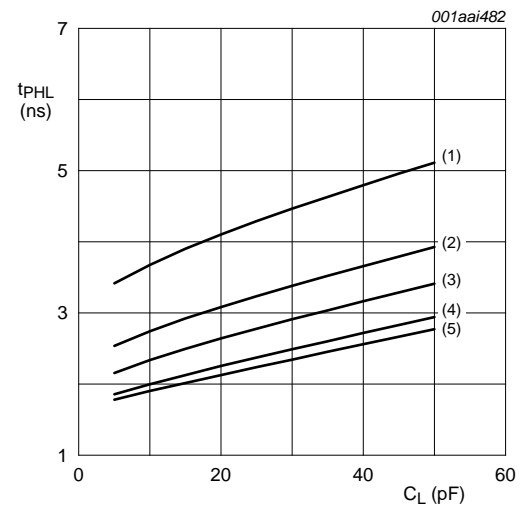
d. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (nAn to nBn);
 $V_{CC(A)} = 1.5 \text{ V}$

- (1) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2 \text{ V}$.
- (2) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.5 \text{ V}$.
- (3) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.8 \text{ V}$.
- (4) $V_{CC(B)} = 2.5 \text{ V}$.
- (5) $V_{CC(B)} = 3.3 \text{ V}$.

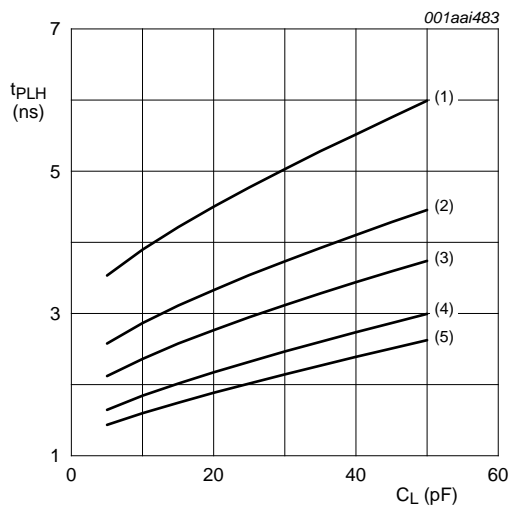
Fig 11. Typical propagation delay versus load capacitance; $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$



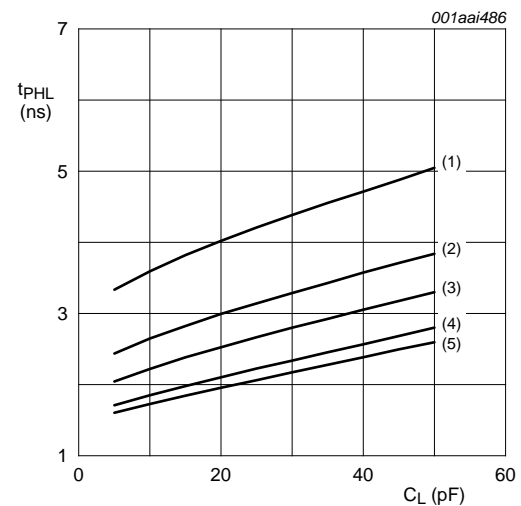
a. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (nAn to nBn);
 $V_{CC(A)} = 1.8 \text{ V}$



b. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (nAn to nBn);
 $V_{CC(A)} = 1.8 \text{ V}$



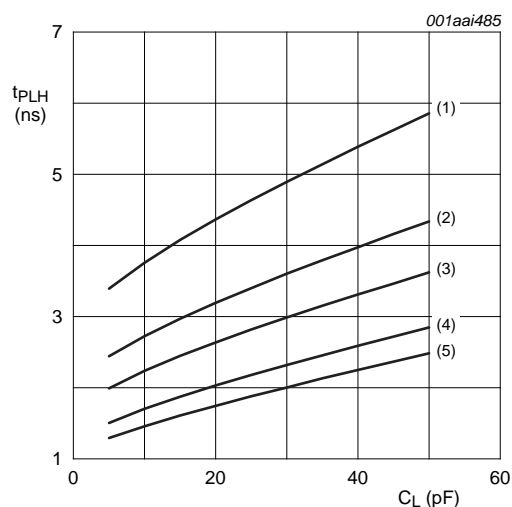
c. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (nAn to nBn);
 $V_{CC(A)} = 2.5 \text{ V}$



d. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (nAn to nBn);
 $V_{CC(A)} = 2.5 \text{ V}$

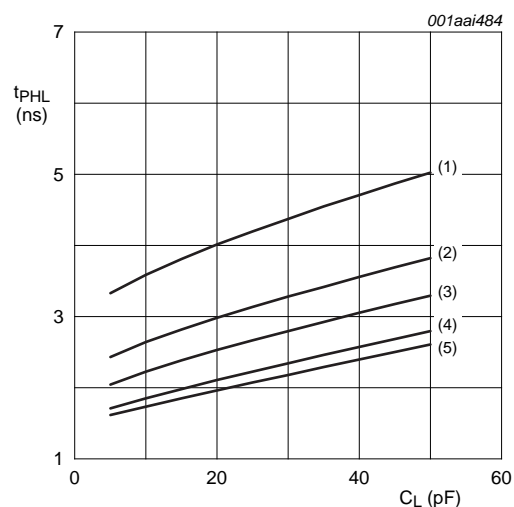
- (1) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2 \text{ V}$.
- (2) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.5 \text{ V}$.
- (3) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.8 \text{ V}$.
- (4) $V_{CC(B)} = 2.5 \text{ V}$.
- (5) $V_{CC(B)} = 3.3 \text{ V}$.

Fig 12. Typical propagation delay versus load capacitance; $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$



a. LOW to HIGH propagation delay (nAn to nBn);
 $V_{CC(A)} = 3.3 \text{ V}$

- (1) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.2 \text{ V}$.
- (2) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.5 \text{ V}$.
- (3) $V_{CC(B)} = 1.8 \text{ V}$.
- (4) $V_{CC(B)} = 2.5 \text{ V}$.
- (5) $V_{CC(B)} = 3.3 \text{ V}$.



b. HIGH to LOW propagation delay (nAn to nBn);
 $V_{CC(A)} = 3.3 \text{ V}$

Fig 13. Typical propagation delay versus load capacitance; $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

14. Package outline

SO16: plastic small outline package; 16 leads; body width 3.9 mm

SOT109-1

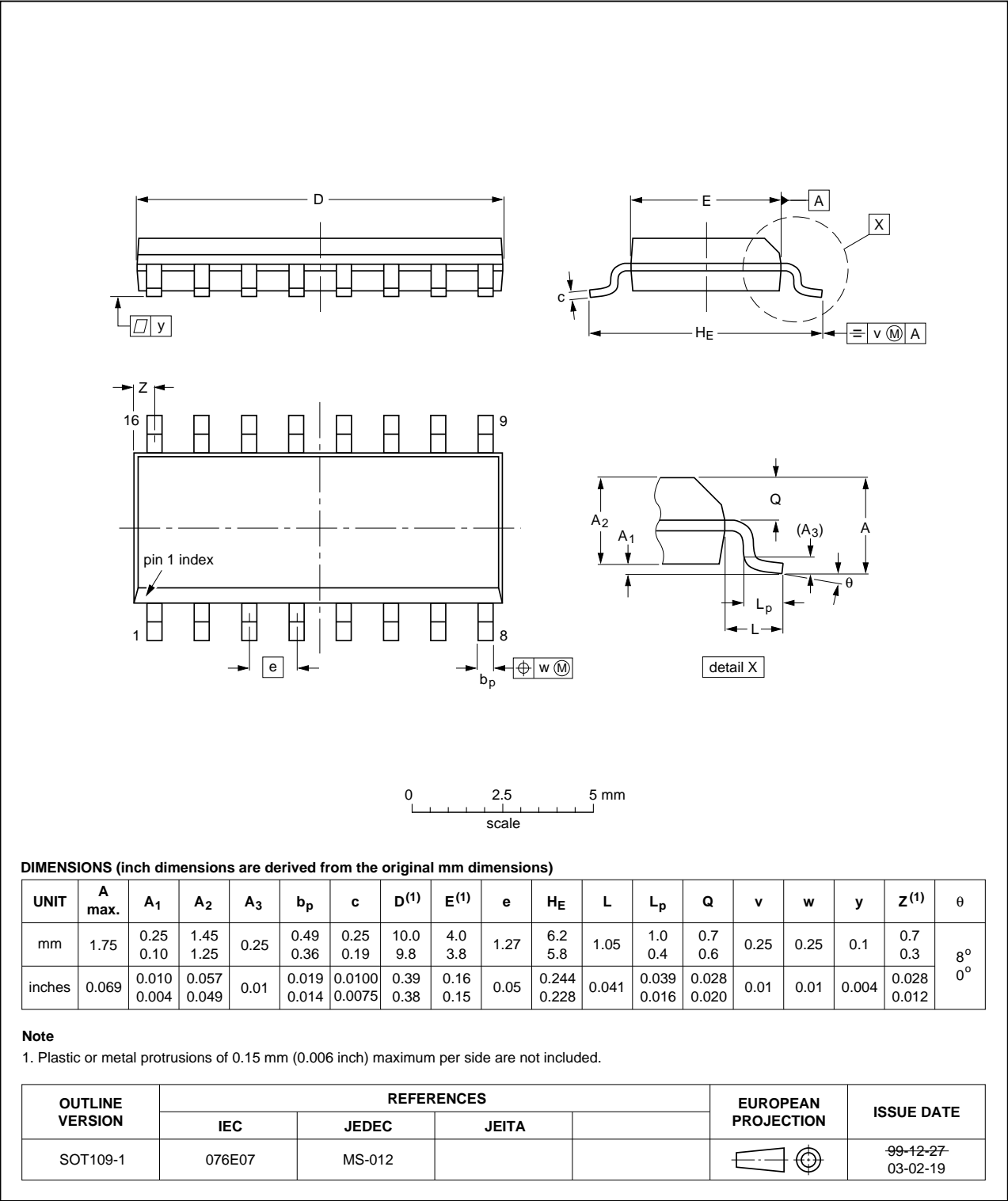


Fig 14. Package outline SOT109-1 (SO16)

TSSOP16: plastic thin shrink small outline package; 16 leads; body width 4.4 mm

SOT403-1

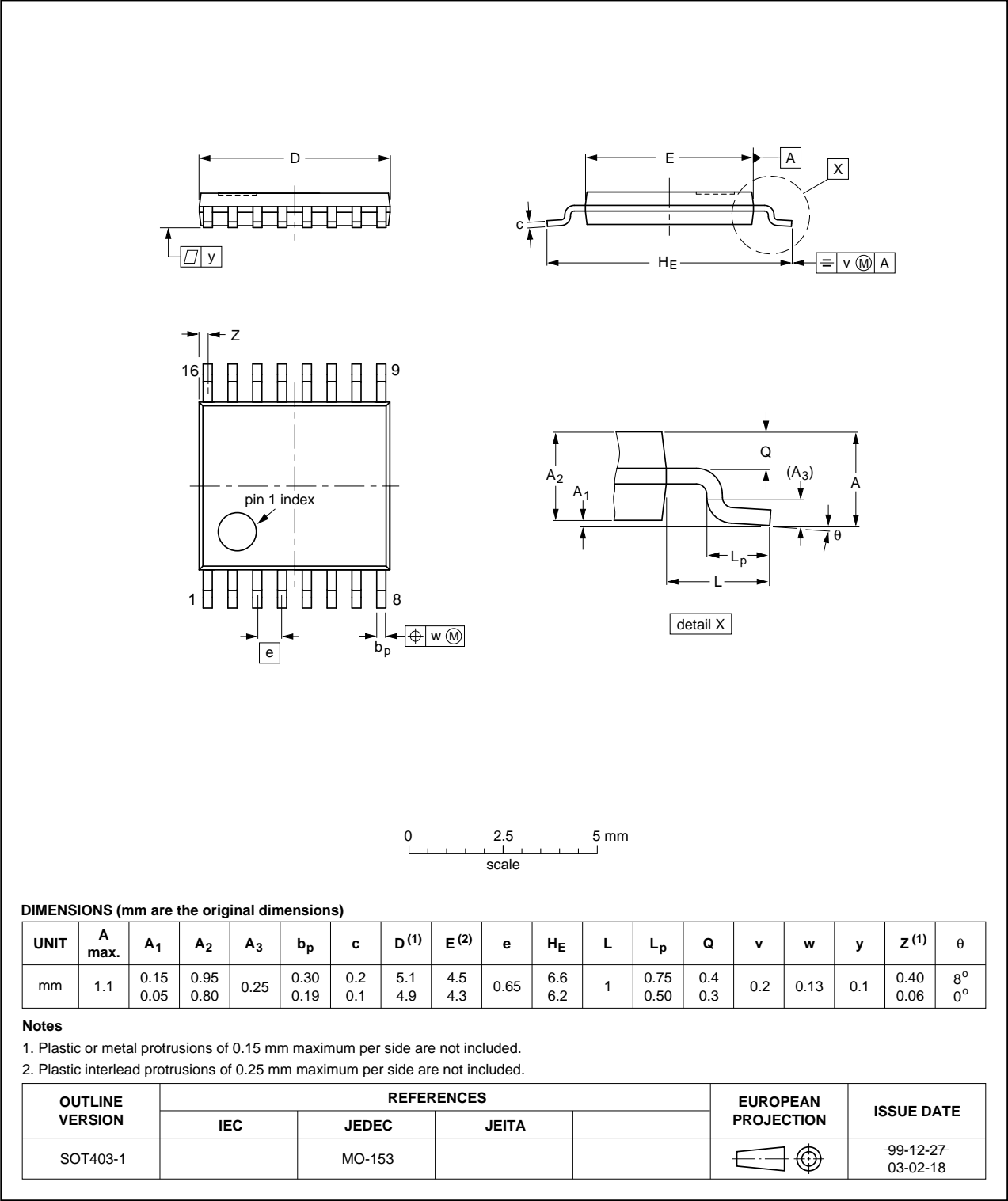


Fig 15. Package outline SOT403-1 (TSSOP16)

DHVQFN16: plastic dual in-line compatible thermal enhanced very thin quad flat package; no leads; 16 terminals; body 2.5 x 3.5 x 0.85 mm SOT763-1

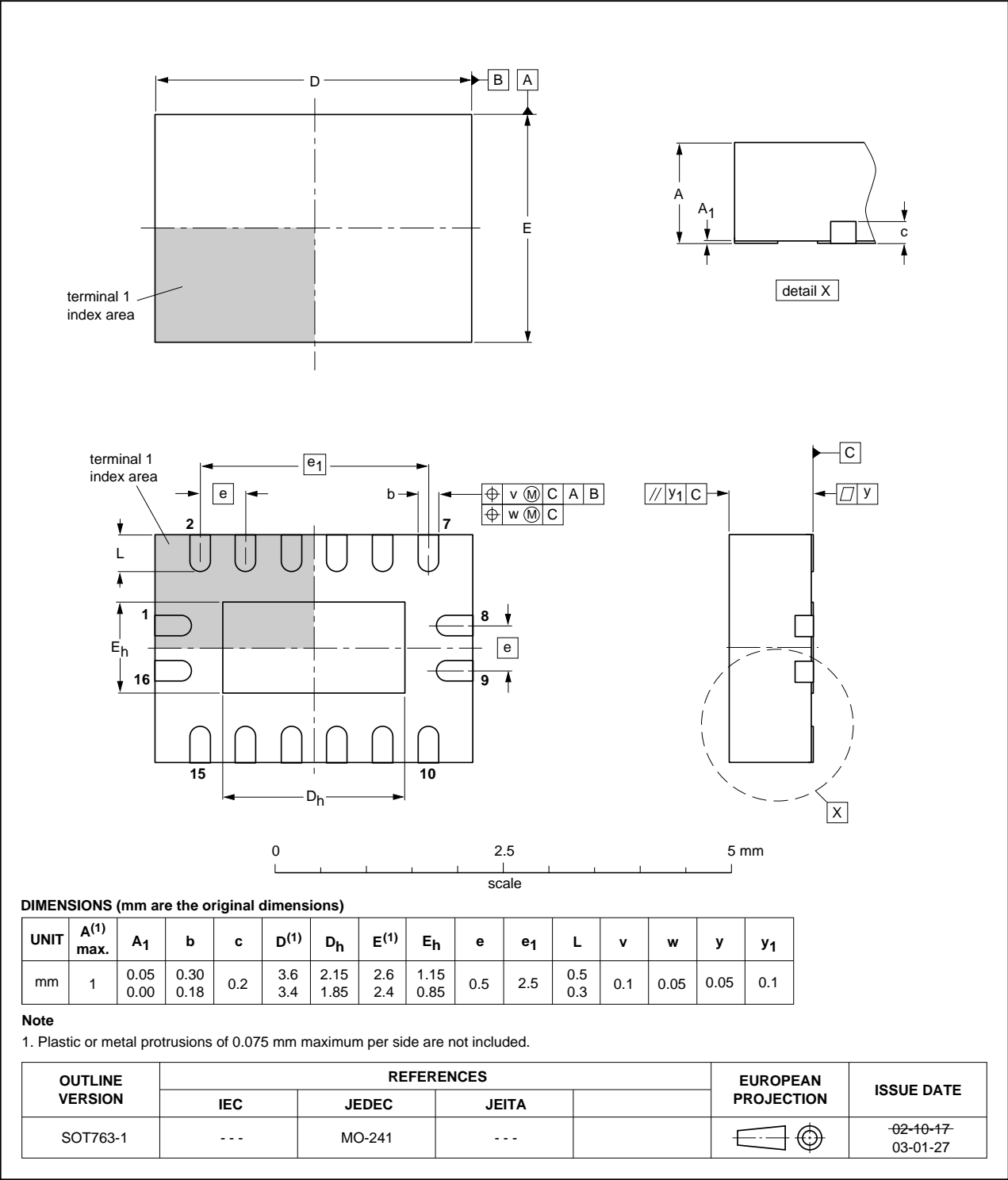


Fig 16. Package outline SOT763-1 (DHVQFN16)

XQFN16: plastic, extremely thin quad flat package; no leads;
16 terminals; body 1.80 x 2.60 x 0.50 mm

SOT1161-1

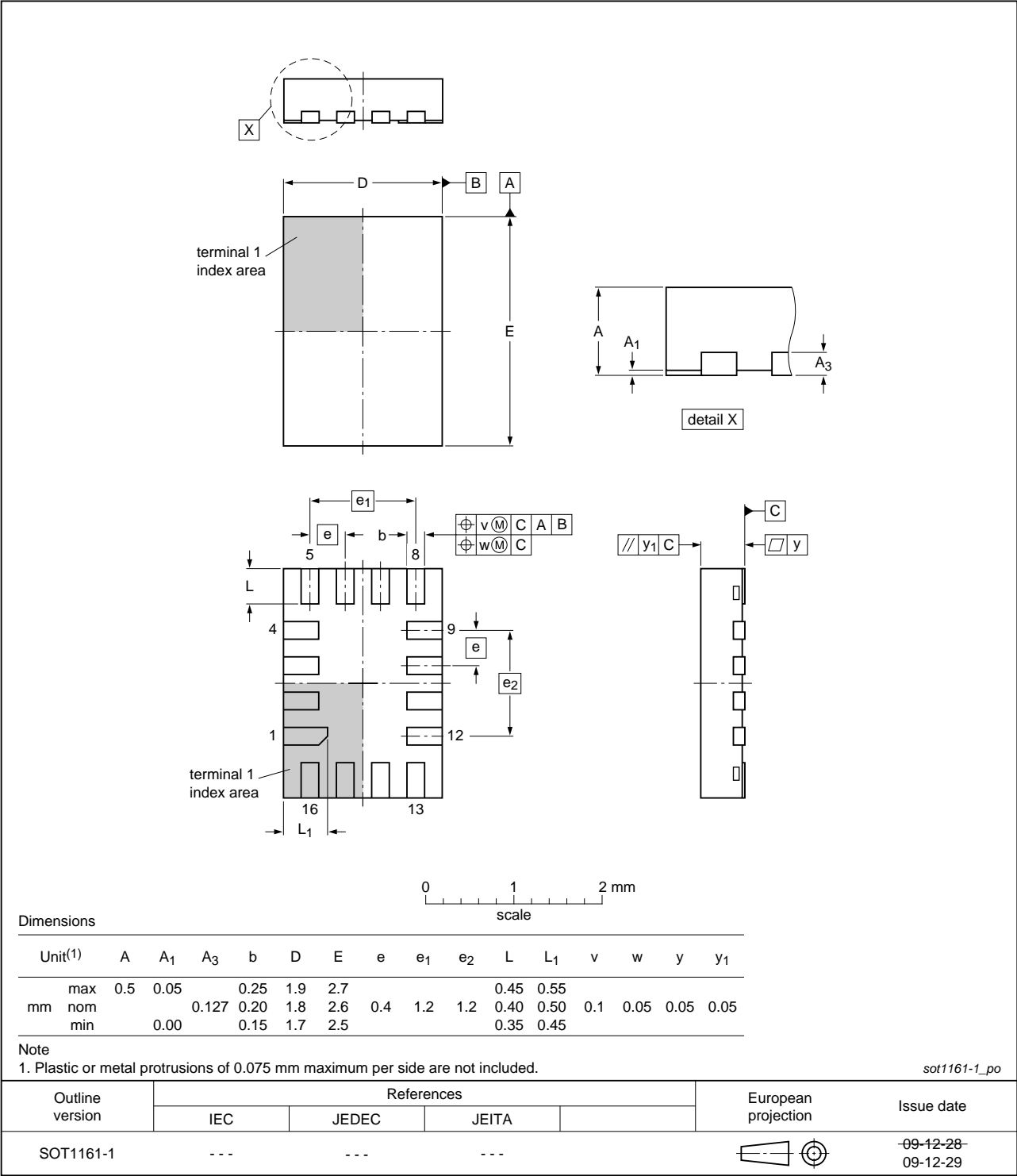


Fig 17. Package outline SOT1161-1 (XQFN16)

15. Abbreviations

Table 17. Abbreviations

Acronym	Description
CDM	Charged Device Model
DUT	Device Under Test
ESD	ElectroStatic Discharge
HBM	Human Body Model
MM	Machine Model

16. Revision history

Table 18. Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes
74AVCH4T245 v.5	20151217	Product data sheet	-	74AVCH4T245 v.4
Modifications:	• Table 5 : conditions I _{CC} and I _{GND} changed (errata).			
74AVCH4T245 v.4	20111214	Product data sheet	-	74AVCH4T245 v.3
Modifications:	• Legal pages updated.			
74AVCH4T245 v.3	20110927	Product data sheet	-	74AVCH4T245 v.2
74AVCH4T245 v.2	20101203	Product data sheet	-	74AVCH4T245 v.1
74AVCH4T245 v.1	20090806	Product data sheet	-	-

17. Legal information

17.1 Data sheet status

Document status ^{[1][2]}	Product status ^[3]	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

[1] Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.

[2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions".

[3] The product status of device(s) described in this document may have changed since this document was published and may differ in case of multiple devices. The latest product status information is available on the Internet at URL <http://www.nexperia.com>.

17.2 Definitions

Draft — The document is a draft version only. The content is still under internal review and subject to formal approval, which may result in modifications or additions. Nexperia does not give any representations or warranties as to the accuracy or completeness of information included herein and shall have no liability for the consequences of use of such information.

Short data sheet — A short data sheet is an extract from a full data sheet with the same product type number(s) and title. A short data sheet is intended for quick reference only and should not be relied upon to contain detailed and full information. For detailed and full information see the relevant full data sheet, which is available on request via the local Nexperia sales office. In case of any inconsistency or conflict with the short data sheet, the full data sheet shall prevail.

Product specification — The information and data provided in a Product data sheet shall define the specification of the product as agreed between Nexperia and its customer, unless Nexperia and customer have explicitly agreed otherwise in writing. In no event however, shall an agreement be valid in which the Nexperia product is deemed to offer functions and qualities beyond those described in the Product data sheet.

17.3 Disclaimers

Limited warranty and liability — Information in this document is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, Nexperia does not give any representations or warranties, expressed or implied, as to the accuracy or completeness of such information and shall have no liability for the consequences of use of such information. Nexperia takes no responsibility for the content in this document if provided by an information source outside of Nexperia.

In no event shall Nexperia be liable for any indirect, incidental, punitive, special or consequential damages (including - without limitation - lost profits, lost savings, business interruption, costs related to the removal or replacement of any products or rework charges) whether or not such damages are based on tort (including negligence), warranty, breach of contract or any other legal theory.

Notwithstanding any damages that customer might incur for any reason whatsoever, Nexperia's aggregate and cumulative liability towards customer for the products described herein shall be limited in accordance with the *Terms and conditions of commercial sale* of Nexperia.

Right to make changes — Nexperia reserves the right to make changes to information published in this document, including without limitation specifications and product descriptions, at any time and without notice. This document supersedes and replaces all information supplied prior to the publication hereof.

Suitability for use — Nexperia products are not designed, authorized or warranted to be suitable for use in life support, life-critical or safety-critical systems or equipment, nor in applications where failure or malfunction of a Nexperia product can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury, death or severe property or environmental damage. Nexperia and its suppliers accept no liability for inclusion and/or use of Nexperia products in such equipment or applications and therefore such inclusion and/or use is at the customer's own risk.

Applications — Applications that are described herein for any of these products are for illustrative purposes only. Nexperia makes no representation or warranty that such applications will be suitable for the specified use without further testing or modification.

Customers are responsible for the design and operation of their applications and products using Nexperia products, and Nexperia accepts no liability for any assistance with applications or customer product design. It is customer's sole responsibility to determine whether the Nexperia product is suitable and fit for the customer's applications and products planned, as well as for the planned application and use of customer's third party customer(s). Customers should provide appropriate design and operating safeguards to minimize the risks associated with their applications and products.

Nexperia does not accept any liability related to any default, damage, costs or problem which is based on any weakness or default in the customer's applications or products, or the application or use by customer's third party customer(s). Customer is responsible for doing all necessary testing for the customer's applications and products using Nexperia products in order to avoid a default of the applications and the products or of the application or use by customer's third party customer(s). Nexperia does not accept any liability in this respect.

Limiting values — Stress above one or more limiting values (as defined in the Absolute Maximum Ratings System of IEC 60134) will cause permanent damage to the device. Limiting values are stress ratings only and (proper) operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those given in the Recommended operating conditions section (if present) or the Characteristics sections of this document is not warranted. Constant or repeated exposure to limiting values will permanently and irreversibly affect the quality and reliability of the device.

Terms and conditions of commercial sale — Nexperia products are sold subject to the general terms and conditions of commercial sale, as published at <http://www.nexperia.com/profile/terms>, unless otherwise agreed in a valid written individual agreement. In case an individual agreement is concluded only the terms and conditions of the respective agreement shall apply. Nexperia hereby expressly objects to applying the customer's general terms and conditions with regard to the purchase of Nexperia products by customer.

No offer to sell or license — Nothing in this document may be interpreted or construed as an offer to sell products that is open for acceptance or the grant, conveyance or implication of any license under any copyrights, patents or other industrial or intellectual property rights.

Export control — This document as well as the item(s) described herein may be subject to export control regulations. Export might require a prior authorization from competent authorities.

Non-automotive qualified products — Unless this data sheet expressly states that this specific Nexperia product is automotive qualified, the product is not suitable for automotive use. It is neither qualified nor tested in accordance with automotive testing or application requirements. Nexperia accepts no liability for inclusion and/or use of non-automotive qualified products in automotive equipment or applications.

In the event that customer uses the product for design-in and use in automotive applications to automotive specifications and standards, customer (a) shall use the product without Nexperia's warranty of the product for such automotive applications, use and specifications, and (b) whenever customer uses the product for automotive applications beyond

Nexperia's specifications such use shall be solely at customer's own risk, and (c) customer fully indemnifies Nexperia for any liability, damages or failed product claims resulting from customer design and use of the product for automotive applications beyond Nexperia's standard warranty and Nexperia's product specifications.

Translations — A non-English (translated) version of a document is for reference only. The English version shall prevail in case of any discrepancy between the translated and English versions.

17.4 Trademarks

Notice: All referenced brands, product names, service names and trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

18. Contact information

For more information, please visit: <http://www.nexperia.com>

For sales office addresses, please send an email to: salesaddresses@nexperia.com

19. Contents

1	General description	1
2	Features and benefits	1
3	Ordering information	2
4	Marking	2
5	Functional diagram	3
6	Pinning information	4
6.1	Pinning	4
6.2	Pin description	5
7	Functional description	5
8	Limiting values	6
9	Recommended operating conditions	6
10	Static characteristics	7
11	Dynamic characteristics	12
12	Waveforms	16
13	Typical propagation delay characteristics ..	18
14	Package outline	22
15	Abbreviations	26
16	Revision history	26
17	Legal information	27
17.1	Data sheet status	27
17.2	Definitions	27
17.3	Disclaimers	27
17.4	Trademarks	28
18	Contact information	28
19	Contents	29