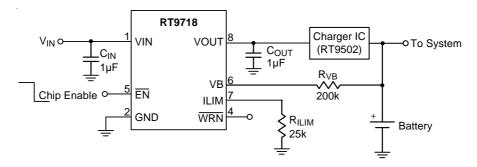


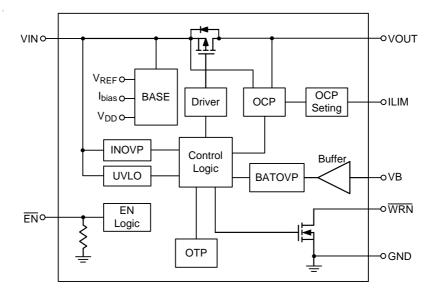
## **Typical Application Circuit**



### **Functional Pin Description**

Pin No.	Pin Name	Pin Function
1	VIN	The input power source. The VIN can withstand up to 30V input.
2	GND	Analog Ground.
3	NC	No Internal Connection.
4	WRN	This is an open-drain logic output that turns LOW when any protection event occurs.
F	EN	Chip Enable (Active Low). Pull this pin to low or leave it floating to enable the IC and
5		force it to high to disable the IC.
6	VB	Battery voltage monitoring input. This pin is connected to the battery pack positive
0		terminal via an isolation resistor.
7	ILIM	Over current protection threshold setting pin. Connect a resistor between this pin
1		and GND to set the OCP threshold.
8	VOUT	Output through the power MOSFET.
0 (Expass Red)	GND	The exposed pad must be soldered to a large PCB and connected to GND for
9 (Expose Pad)		maximum thermal dissipation.

## **Function Block Diagram**



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## Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

• Supply Input Voltage, V <sub>IN</sub>	–0.3V to 30V
• VOUT, VB	–0.3V to 7V
Other Pins	–0.3V to 6V
• Power Dissipation, $P_D @ T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	
WDFN-8L 2x2	0.606W
Package Thermal Resistance (Note 2)	
WDFN-8L 2x2, $\theta_{JA}$	165°C/W
WDFN-8L 2x2, θ <sub>JC</sub>	20°C/W
Junction Temperature	150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.)	260°C
Storage Temperature Range	–65°C to 150°C
ESD Susceptibility (Note 3)	
HBM (Human Body Mode)	2kV
MM (Machine Mode)	200V

## Recommended Operating Conditions (Note 4)

Junction Temperature Range	$-40^{\circ}C$ to $125^{\circ}C$
Ambient Temperature Range	–40°C to 85°C

### **Electrical Characteristics**

(V<sub>IN</sub> = 5V,  $T_A$  = 25°C, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter		Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Power On Reset							
	RT9718A	VIN		4		6.5	
	RT9718B			4		5.5	V
Operation Voltage	RT9718C			4		5.9	V
	RT9718D			4		6.9	
Supply Voltage POR	Threshold	Vpor	V <sub>POR</sub> Rising	2.5	2.7	2.9	V
Deglitch Time of PO	R				8		ms
Under Voltage Lockout Threshold		Vuvlo	V <sub>UVLO</sub> Falling	2.45		2.75	V
Input Quiescent Current		lq	$\overline{EN} = 0V$		500	600	μA
Input Shutdown Current		I <sub>SHDN</sub>	$\overline{EN} = 5V$		65	95	
Protections							
Input OVP Threshold Voltage	RT9718A	VIN_OVP		6.6	6.8	7	
	RT9718B			5.6	5.85	6	V
	RT9718C			6.05	6.25	6.45	V
	RT9718D			7	7.2	7.4	
Input OVP Hysteresi	put OVP Hysteresis				60	100	mV
Input OVP Propagation Delay			V <sub>OUT</sub> = V <sub>IN</sub> x 80%			1	μS
Input OVP Recovery Delay					8		ms

To be continued

# **RT9718**

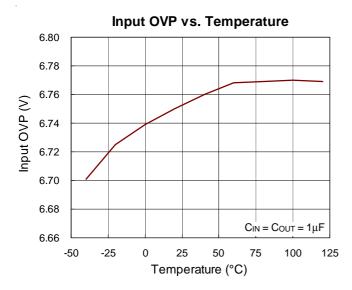


Parameter		Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Over Current Protection	Over Current Protection		As R <sub>ILIM</sub> = 25k	0.93	1	1.07	А
Over Current Protection Blanking Time		T <sub>OC</sub>			180		μs
Over Current Recover Delay					64		ms
Battery Over Voltage Pr	otaction	VB <sub>OVP</sub>	Threshold Rising	4.3	4.35	4.4	V
Dallery Over Vollage Pr	OLECTION		Hysteresis		30		mV
Battery OVP Falling Thr	eshold			4.225			V
Battery OVP Blanking T	ïme				180		μs
Battery OVP Recover D	elay	TVBOV			8		ms
VB Pin Leakage Curren	t		$V_{VB} = 4.4V$		-	20	nA
OTD Threshold			Rising		140		°C
OTP Threshold		- T <sub>SD</sub>	Hysteresis		20		°C
OTP Recover Delay	OTP Recover Delay				8		ms
Soft-Start Time					8		ms
Logic							
EN Threshold Voltage	Logic-High	VIH		1.5			V
EN THESHOLD VOILage	Logic-Low	VIL				0.4	V
EN Internal Pull Down Resistor				100	200	400	kΩ
WRN Output Logic Low			Sink 5mA		0.35	0.8	V
WRN Output Logic High Leakage						1	^
Current						1	μA
Power MOSFET				•			
On Resistance		R <sub>ON</sub>	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 500mA, 4.3V < V <sub>IN</sub> < 6.5V		200	300	mΩ

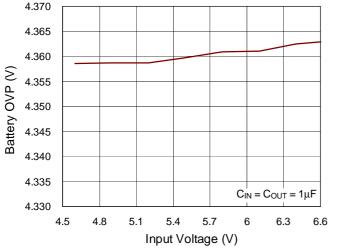
Note 1. Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

- Note 2.  $\theta_{JA}$  is measured in the natural convection at  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$  on a low effective single layer thermal conductivity test board of JEDEC 51-3 thermal measurement standard. The case position of  $\theta_{JC}$  is on the exposed pad of the packages.
- Note 3. Devices are ESD sensitive. Handling precaution is recommended.
- Note 4. The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating conditions.

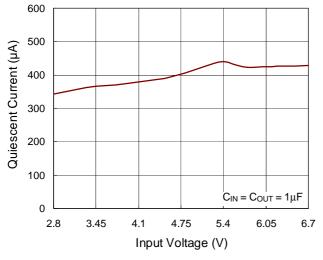
## **Typical Operating Characteristics**



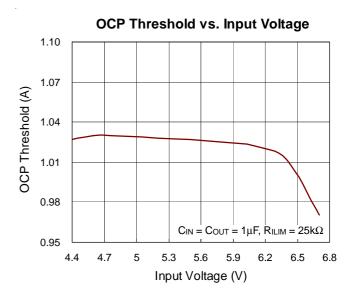




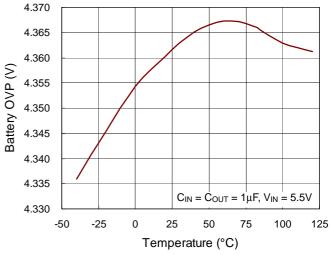




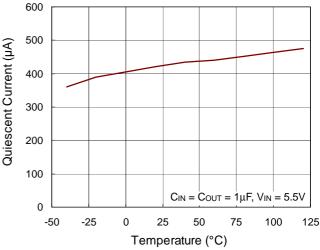
DS9718-03 January 2019



Battery OVP vs. Temperature



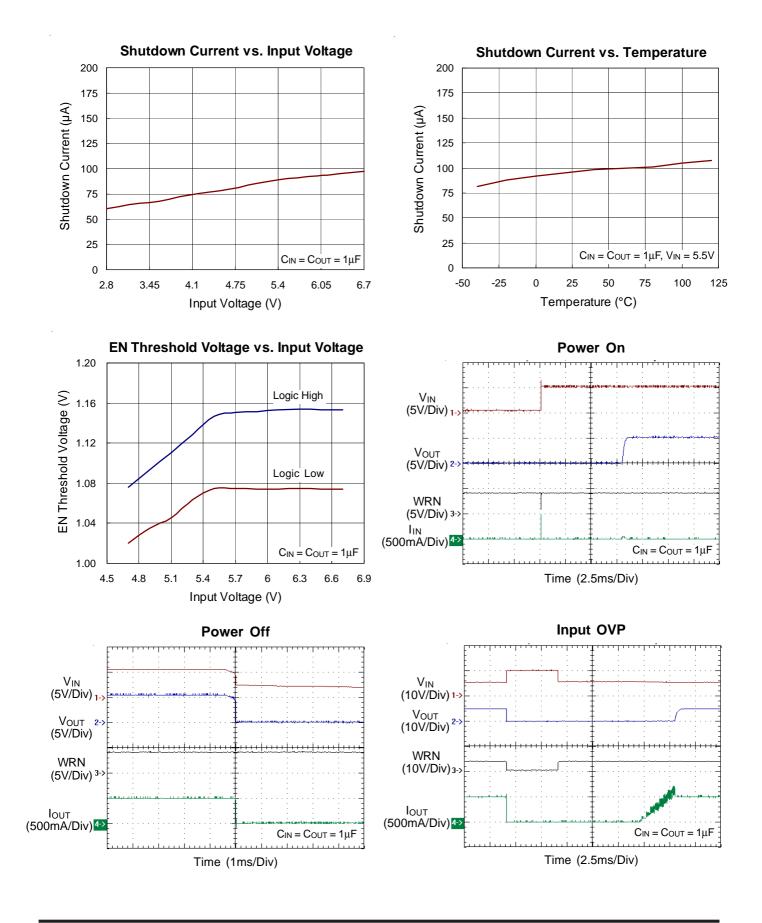
Quiescent Current vs. Temperature



5

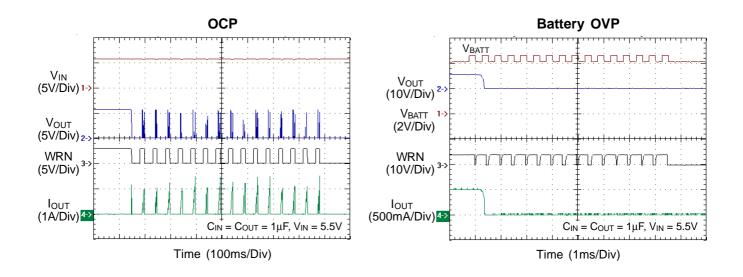
# **RT9718**





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### **Applications Information**

#### Power Up

The RT9718 has a threshold of 2.7V power on reset (POR) with a built-in hysteresis of 100mV. Before the input voltage reaches the POR threshold, the RT9718 is off. When the input voltage is over the POR threshold; the RT9718 will delay for 8ms and the soft-start will be activated after the 8ms delay. The 8ms delay allows any transients at the input during a hot insertion of the power supply to settle down before the IC starts to operate.

During the soft-start transition, the RT9718 slowly turns on the internal MOSFET to reduce the inrush current.

#### **Enable Control**

The RT9718 offers an enable  $(\overline{EN})$  input. When the  $\overline{EN}$  pin is pulled to logic high (>1.5V), the RT9718 will be shut down. When the  $\overline{EN}$  pin is pulled to logic low (<0.4V), the RT9718 will be powered on. The  $\overline{EN}$  pin has an internal pull-down resistor. Leaving the  $\overline{EN}$  pin floating can enable the IC.

#### Warning Indication Output

The  $\overline{\text{WRN}}$  pin is an open-drain output that indicates a LOW signal when any protection event occurs (Input OVP, Output OCP and Battery OVP). When the protection events are released and then the  $\overline{\text{WRN}}$  pin indicates a HIGH signal.

#### **Over Temperature Protection (OTP)**

The RT9718 monitors its own internal temperature to prevent thermal failures. The chip turns off the MOSFET when the internal temperature reaches 140°C. The IC will resume after the internal temperature is cooled down 20°C.

#### **Input Over Voltage Protection**

The RT9718 monitors input voltage to prevent the input voltage lead to output system failures. The RT9718 input OVP threshold is set by the internal resistor. When the input voltage exceeds the threshold, the RT9718 outputs a logic signal to turn off the internal MOSFET within 1us to prevent the high input voltage from damaging the electronics in the handheld system. The hysteresis of the input OVP threshold is 100mV. When the input voltage returns to normal operation voltage rage, the RT9718 reenables the MOSFET.

The battery OVP threshold voltage is set at 4.35V in typical and the RT9718 has a built-in 180us blanking time to prevent any transient voltage from triggering the battery OVP. If the OVP situation still exists after 180us, the internal MOSFET will be turned off and the WRN pin indicates a LOW signal. The battery OVP threshold has a 30mV builtin hysteresis. The control logic contains a 4-bit binary counter. If the battery over voltage event occurs for consecutive 16 times, the MOSFET will be turned off permanently unless the input power or the enable pin is reset.

#### Selecting R<sub>VB</sub>

The RT9718 monitors the battery voltage by the VB pin. The RT9718 will be turned off when the battery voltage exceeds the 4.35V battery OVP threshold. The VB pin is connected to the battery pack positive terminal via an isolation resistor ( $R_{VB}$ ) and the resistor is an important component. The  $R_{VB}$  determines some parameters such as battery OVP threshold error and VB pin leakage current. Generally, it is necessary to decrease the  $R_{VB}$  for reducing the battery OVP threshold error. However, this will increase the VB pin leakage current. So, it is an important issue to get a trade-off between the battery OVP threshold error and the VB pin leakage current. The resistance of 200k $\Omega$ to 1M $\Omega$  is allowed for  $R_{VB}$ .

#### **Over Current Protection (OCP)**

The RT9718 monitors the output current to prevent the output short or the charging of the battery with an excessive current. The OCP (Over Current protection) threshold can be set by the ILIM pin. The RT9718 has a built-in 180us delay time to prevent any transient noise from triggering the OCP. If the OCP situation exists for 180us, the internal MOSFET will be turned off and the WRN pin indicates a LOW signal. When the OCP happens for consecutive 16 times, the internal MOSFET will be turned off permanently unless the input power is recycled or the enable pin is toggled.

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The OCP threshold can be set by the resistor connected between the ILIM pin and GND. The OCP threshold can be calculated by the following equation :

 $\mathsf{IOCP} = \frac{25000}{\mathsf{RILIM}}$ 

#### **Selecting Capacitors**

To get the better performance of the RT9718, it is very important to select peripherally appropriate capacitors. These capacitors determine some parameters such as input inrush current and input over shoot voltage. Generally, it is necessary to increase the input capacitance  $C_{IN}$  for reducing the input over shoot voltage. However, this will increase the inrush current of input. There are two scenarios that can cause the input over shoot voltage. The first one is that when the AC adapter is hot-plugged and the second one is when the RT9718 has a step-down change. The cable between the AC adapter output and the handheld system input has a parasitic inductance causing the input over shoot voltage. Generally, the input over shoot voltage range is 1.5 to 2 times of the input voltage. It is recommended to use  $1\mu$ F capacitance for C<sub>IN</sub> and C<sub>OUT</sub> and the rated voltage should be higher than at 1.5 to 2 times of the operation voltage.

#### **Thermal Considerations**

Thermal protection limits power dissipation in RT9718. When the operation junction temperature exceeds 140°C, the OTP circuit starts the thermal shutdown function and turns the pass element off. The pass elements turn on again after the junction temperature cools by 20°C.

The maximum power dissipation depends on the thermal resistance of IC package, PCB layout, the rate of surroundings airflow and temperature difference between junction to ambient. The maximum power dissipation can be calculated by following formula :

 $\mathsf{P}_{\mathsf{D}(\mathsf{MAX})} = (\mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{J}(\mathsf{MAX})} - \mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{A}}) / \theta_{\mathsf{J}\mathsf{A}}$ 

Where  $T_{J(MAX)}$  is the maximum operation junction temperature,  $T_A$  is the ambient temperature and the  $\theta_{JA}$  is the junction to ambient thermal resistance.

For recommended operating conditions specification of RT9718, the maximum operating junction temperature is 125°C. The junction to ambient thermal resistance  $\theta_{JA}$  for WDFN-8L 2x2 package is 165°C/W on the standard JEDEC

51-3 single-layer thermal test board. The maximum power dissipation at  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$  can be calculated by following formula :

 $P_{D(MAX)} = (125^{\circ}C - 25^{\circ}C) / (165^{\circ}C/W) = 0.606W$  for WDFN-8L 2x2 packages

The maximum power dissipation depends on operating ambient temperature for fixed  $T_{J(MAX)}$  and thermal resistance  $\theta_{JA}$ . For RT9718 packages, the Figure 1 of derating curves allows the designer to see the effect of rising ambient temperature on the maximum power allowed.

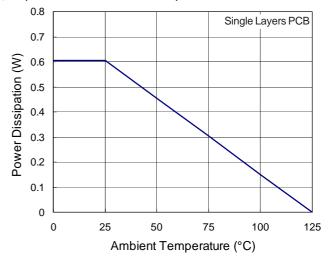
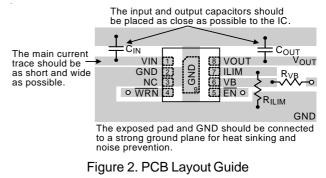


Figure 1. Derating Curves for RT9718 Packages

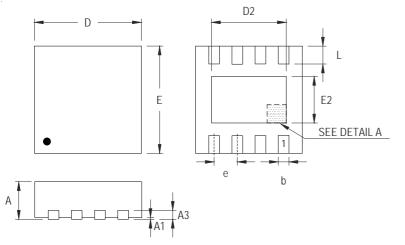
#### Layout Consideration

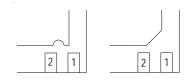
For best performance of the RT9718 series, the following guidelines must be strictly followed.

- Input and output capacitors should be placed close to the IC and connected to ground plane to reduce noise coupling.
- The GND and exposed pad should be connected to a strong ground plane for heat sink.
- Keep the main current traces as possible as short and wide.



### **Outline Dimension**





### DETAIL A Pin #1 ID and Tie Bar Mark Options

Note : The configuration of the Pin #1 identifier is optional, but must be located within the zone indicated.

Symbol	Dimensions	n Millimeters	Dimensions In Inches		
	Min	Max	Min	Мах	
А	0.700	0.800	0.028	0.031	
A1	0.000	0.050	0.000	0.002	
A3	0.175	0.250	0.007	0.010	
b	0.200	0.300	0.008	0.012	
D	1.950	2.050	0.077	0.081	
D2	1.000	1.250	0.039	0.049	
E	1.950	2.050	0.077	0.081	
E2	0.400	0.650	0.016	0.026	
е	0.500		0.020		
L	0.300	0.400	0.012	0.016	

W-Type 8L DFN 2x2 Package

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