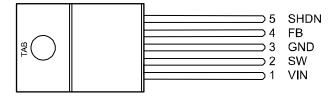
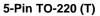
# **Ordering Information**

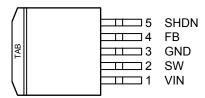
Part Number				
Standard	RoHS Compliant*	Voltage	Temperature Range	Package
MIC4575-3.3BT	MIC4575-3.3WT	3.3V	–40° to +85°C	5-Pin TO-220
MIC4575-5.0BT	MIC4575-5.0WT	5.0V	–40° to +85°C	5-Pin TO-220
MIC4575BT	MIC4575WT	Adj.	–40° to +85°C	5-Pin TO-220
MIC4575-3.3BU	MIC4575-3.3WU	3.3V	–40° to +85°C	5-Pin TO-263
MIC4575-5.0BU	MIC4575-5.0WU	5.0V	–40° to +85°C	5-Pin TO-263
MIC4575BU	MIC4575WU	Adj.	–40° to +85°C	5-Pin TO-263

<sup>\*</sup> RoHS compliant with 'high-melting solder' exemption.

# **Pin Configuration**







5-Pin TO-263 (U)

# **Pin Description**

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Function
1	IN	Supply Voltage (Input): Unregulated +4V to +40V supply voltage.
2	SW	Switch (Output): Emitter of NPN output switch. Connect to external storage inductor and Shottky diode.
3, TAB	GND	Ground.
4	FB	Feedback (Input): Output voltage feedback to regulator. Connect to output of supply for fixed versions. Connect to 1.23V tap of resistive divider for adjustable versions.
5	SHDN	Shutdown (Input): Logic low enables regulator. Logic high (> 2.4V) shuts down regulator.

## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

## 

# **Operating Ratings**

Supply Voltage (V <sub>IN</sub> )	+24V
Junction Temperature (T <sub>J</sub> )	+150°C
Package Thermal Resistance	
TO-220, TO-263 (θ <sub>JA</sub> )	65°C/W
TO-220, TO-263 (θ <sub>JC</sub> )	2°C/W

# **Electrical Characteristics**(4)

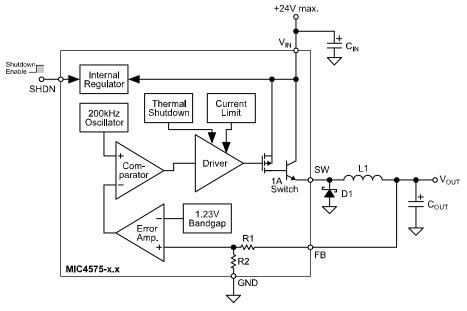
 $V_{IN}$  = 12V;  $I_{LOAD}$  = 200mA;  $T_J$  = 25°C, **bold** values indicate –40°C $\leq$   $T_J$   $\leq$  +85°C, unless noted.

Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
MIC4575 [Adjustable]		·			
Feedback Voltage		1.217	1.230	1.243	V
Feedback Voltage	$8V \le V_{IN} \le 24V, 0.2A \le I_{LOAD} \le 1A$	1.193 <b>1.180</b>	1.230	1.267 <b>1.280</b>	V V
Efficiency	I <sub>LOAD</sub> = 1A, V <sub>OUT</sub> = 5V		77		%
Feedback Bias Current			50	100 <b>500</b>	nA nA
MIC4575-3.3		<b>'</b>			l .
Output Voltage		3.234	3.3	3.366	V
Output Voltage	$6V \le V_{IN} \le 24V, 0.2A \le I_{LOAD} \le 1A$	3.168 <b>3.135</b>	3.3	3.432 <b>3.465</b>	V V
Efficiency	I <sub>LOAD</sub> = 1A		72		%
MIC4575-5.0		·			
Output Voltage		4.900	5.0	5.100	V
Output Voltage	$8V \le V_{IN} \le 24V$ , $0.2A \le I_{LOAD} \le 1A$	4.800 <b>4.750</b>	5.0	5.200 <b>5.250</b>	V V
Efficiency	I <sub>LOAD</sub> = 1A		77		%
MIC4575 / -3.3 / -5.0		<u>.</u>			•
Oscillator Frequency		180	200	220	kHz
Saturation Voltage	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 1A		1	1.3 <b>1.5</b>	V V
Maximum Duty Cycle (On)	FB connected to 0V	90	95		%
Current Limit	Peak Current, t <sub>ON</sub> ≤ 3μs	1.7 1.3	2.2	3.0 <b>3.2</b>	A A
Output Leakage Current	V <sub>IN</sub> = 24V, FB connected to 0V Output = 0V Output = -1V		0 7.5	2 35	mA mA
Quiescent Current			5	10	mA
Standby Quiescent Current	SHDN = 5V (regulator off)		50	200	μA
SHDN Input Logic Level	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0V (regulator off)	2.2 <b>2.4</b>	1.4		V V
SHDN Input Current	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 3.3 or 5V (regulator on)		1.2	1.0 <b>0.8</b>	V V
	SHDN = 5V (regulator off) SHDN = 0V (regulator on)	-10	4 0.01	30 10	μA μA

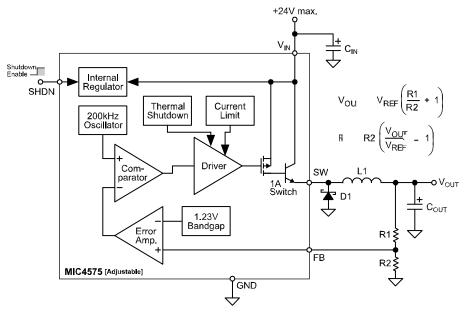
#### Notes

- 1. The MIC4575 is not guaranteed to survive a short circuit to ground for input voltage above 24V.
- 2. Devices are ESD sensitive. Handling precautions recommended.

# **Functional Diagram**



Block Diagram with External Components Fixed Step-Down Regulator



Block Diagram with External Components Adjustable Step-Down Regulator

## **Functional Description**

The MIC4575 is a variable duty cycle switch-mode regulator with an internal power switch. Refer to the block diagrams.

### **Supply Voltage**

The MIC4575 operates from a +4V to +24V unregulated input. Highest efficiency operation is from a supply voltage around +15V.

#### Enable/Shutdown

The shutdown (SHDN) input is TTL compatible. Ground the input if unused. A logic-low enables the regulator. A logic-high shuts down the internal regulator which reduces the current to typically  $50\mu A$ .

#### **Feedback**

Fixed versions of the regulator have an internal resistive divider from the feedback (FB) pin. Connect FB directly to the output line.

Adjustable versions require an external resistive voltage divider from the output voltage to ground, connected from the 1.23V tap to FB.

### **Duty Cycle Control**

A fixed-gain error amplifier compares the feedback signal with a 1.23V bandgap voltage reference. The resulting error amplifier output voltage is compared to a 200kHz sawtooth waveform to produce a voltage controlled variable duty cycle output.

A higher feedback voltage increases the error amplifier output voltage. A higher error amplifier voltage (comparator inverting input) causes the comparator to detect only the peaks of the sawtooth, reducing the duty cycle of the comparator output. A lower feedback voltage increases the duty cycle.

#### **Output Switching**

When the internal switch is on, an increasing current flows from the supply  $V_{\text{IN}}$ , through external storage inductor L1, to output capacitor  $C_{\text{OUT}}$  and the load. Energy is stored in the inductor as the current increases with time.

When the internal switch is turned off, the collapse of the magnetic field in L1 forces current to flow through fast recovery diode D1, charging  $C_{\text{OUT}}$ .

### **Output Capacitor**

External output capacitor C<sub>OUT</sub> provides stabilization and reduces ripple.

#### **Return Paths**

During the on portion of the cycle, the output capacitor and load currents return to the supply ground. During the off portion of the cycle, current is being supplied to the output capacitor and load by storage inductor L1, which means that D1 is part of the high-current return path.

## **Application Information**

The applications circuits that follow have been constructed and tested. Refer to *Application Note 15* for additional information, including efficiency graphs and manufacturer's addresses and telephone numbers for most circuits.

For a mathematical approach to component selection and circuit design, refer to *Application Note 14*.

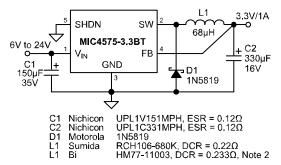


Figure 1. 6V-24V to 3.3V/1A Buck Converter Through Hole

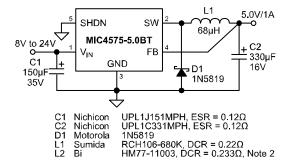


Figure 2. 8V–24V to 5V/1A Buck Converter Through Hole

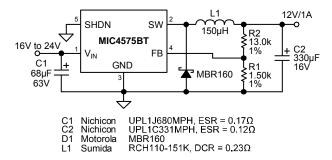


Figure 3. 16V-24V to 12V/1A Buck Converter Through Hole

Note 2: Surface-mount component.

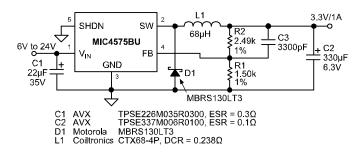


Figure 4. 6V-24V to 3.3V/1A Buck Converter Low-Profile Surface Mount

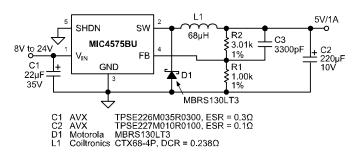


Figure 5. 8V-24V to 5V/1A Buck Converter Low-Profile Surface Mount

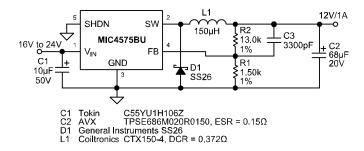


Figure 6. 16V–24V to 12V/1A Buck Converter Low-Profile Surface Mount

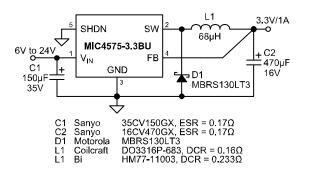


Figure 7. 6V-24V to 3.3V/1A Buck Converter Lower-Cost Surface Mount

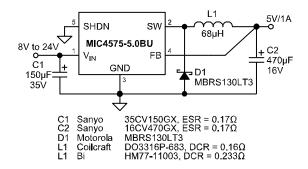


Figure 8. 8V-24V to 5V/1A Buck Converter Lower-Cost Surface Mount

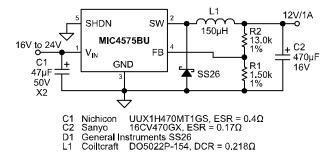


Figure 9. 16V–24V to 12V/1A Buck Converter Lower-Cost Surface Mount

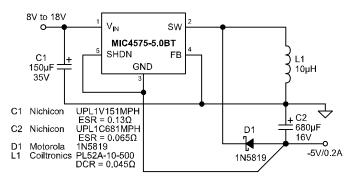


Figure 10. 8V–18V to –5V/0.2A Buck-Boost Converter Through Hole

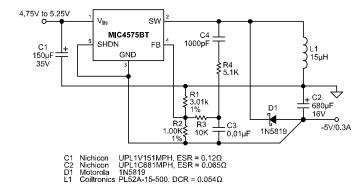


Figure 11. 5V to -5V/0.3A Buck-Boost Converter Through Hole

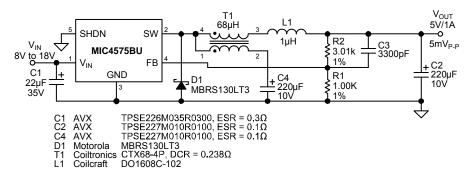


Figure 12. Low Output-Noise Regulator (5mV Output Ripple )

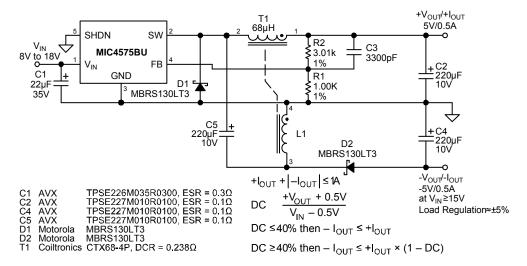


Figure 13. Split ±5V Supply

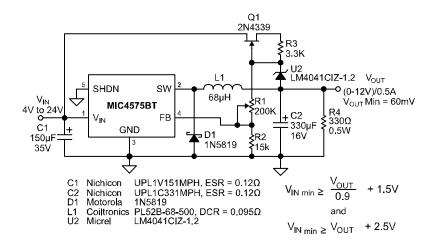


Figure 14. Adjustable (0V-12V) Output-Voltage Regulator

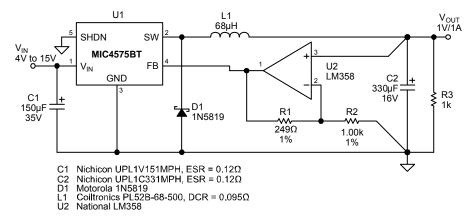


Figure 15. Low Output-Voltage Regulator (1V)

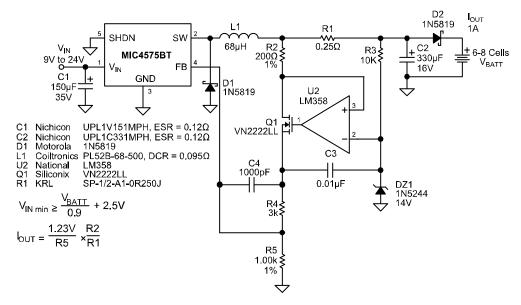


Figure 16. 1A Battery Charger (6-8 cells)

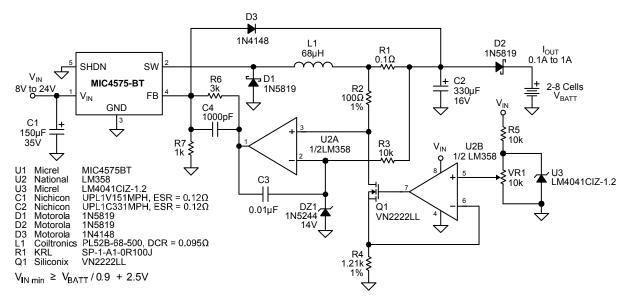


Figure 17. 0.1A-1A Variable-Current Battery Charger

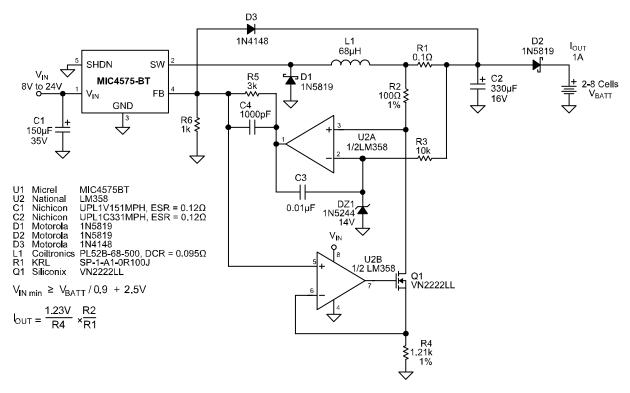


Figure 18. 1A Battery Charger (2-8 Cells)

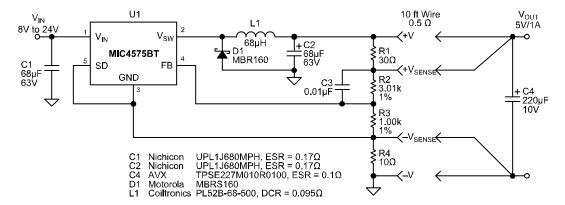


Figure 19. Remote-Sensing Regulator

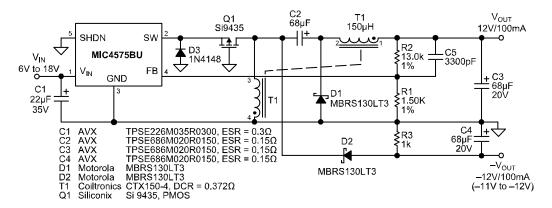


Figure 20. 6V-18V to Split ±12V/100mA Supply

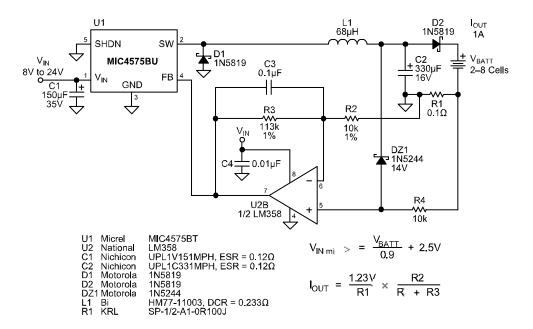


Figure 21. 1A Battery Charger

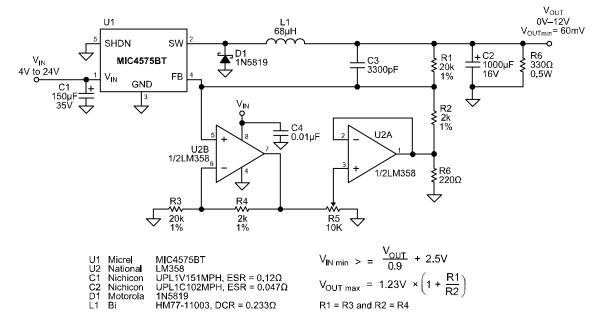


Figure 22. Improved Adjustable Output-Voltage Regulator (0V-12V)

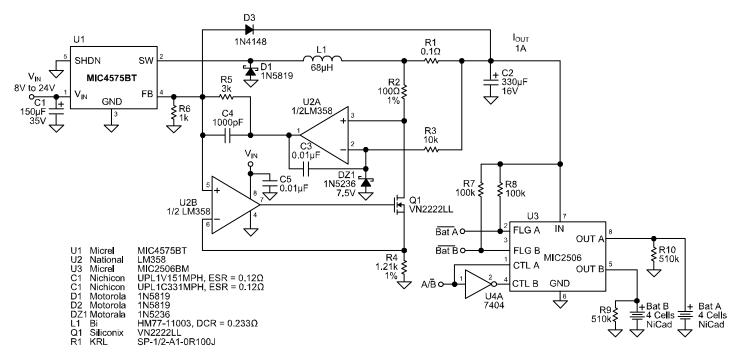


Figure 23. Switchable Battery-Pack Charger

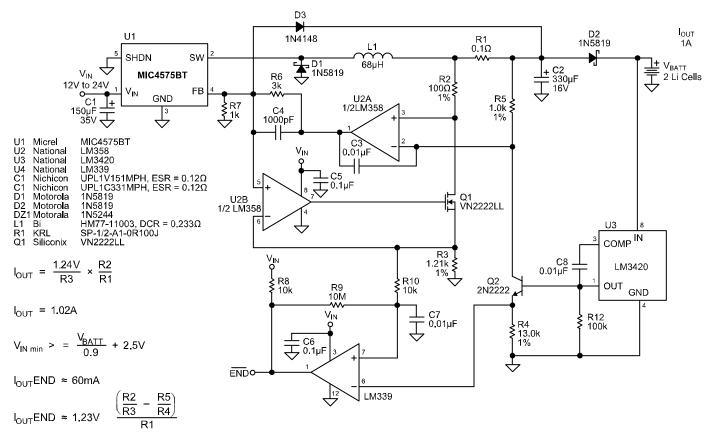


Figure 24. Lithium-Ion Battery Charger with End-of-Charge Flag

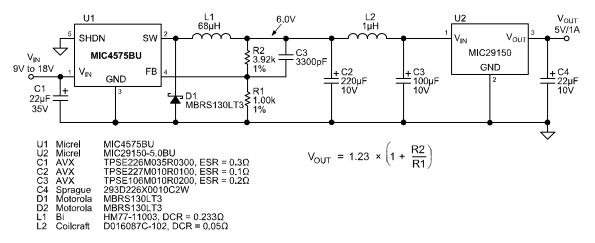
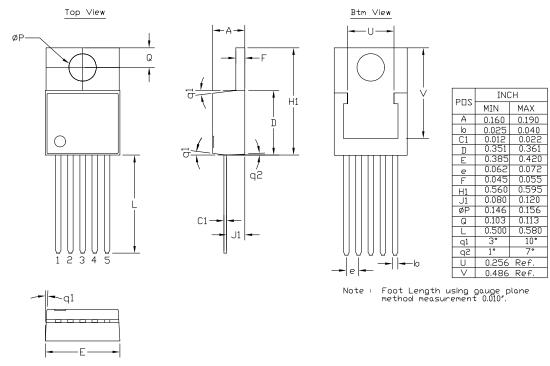
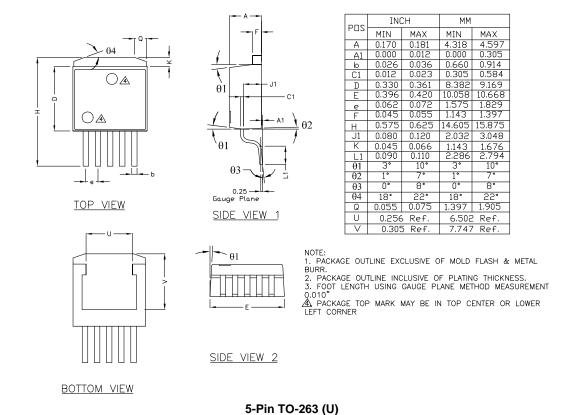


Figure 25. Low Output-Noise Regulator (<1mV)

# **Package Information**



5-Pin TO-220 (T)



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