

Low-Noise, Precision, +2.5V/+4.096V/+5V Voltage Reference

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Voltages Referenced to GND)

IN	-0.3V to +42V
OUT, TRIM	-0.3V to +12V
NR	-0.3V to +6V
OUT Short-Circuit to GND Duration ($V_{IN} \leq 12V$)	Continuous
OUT Short-Circuit to GND Duration ($V_{IN} \leq 42V$)	5s
OUT Short-Circuit to IN Duration ($V_{IN} \leq 12V$)	Continuous

Continuous Power Dissipation ($T_A = +70^\circ\text{C}$)

8-Pin SO (derate 5.9mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$ above $+70^\circ\text{C}$)471mW

Operating Temperature Range -40°C to $+125^\circ\text{C}$

Storage Temperature Range -65°C to $+150^\circ\text{C}$

Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s) $+300^\circ\text{C}$

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—(+2.5V)

($V_{IN} = +10V$, $I_{OUT} = 0\text{mA}$, $T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	T_A	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Input Voltage Range	V_{IN}			8		40	V
Output Voltage	V_{OUT}		$+25^\circ\text{C}$	2.497	2.500	2.503	V
Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient (Note 1)	TCV_{OUT}				2	20	ppm/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Line Regulation (Note 2)	$\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta V_{IN}$	$8V \leq V_{IN} \leq 40V$	$+25^\circ\text{C}$		2	7	ppm/V
						45	
Load Regulation (Note 2)	$\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta I_{OUT}$	Sourcing: $0\text{mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 15\text{mA}$	$+25^\circ\text{C}$		1	6	ppm/mA
						15	
		Sinking: $-15\text{mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 0\text{mA}$	$+25^\circ\text{C}$		1	6	
						30	
Supply Current	I_{IN}		$+25^\circ\text{C}$		1.8	2.9	mA
						3.3	
Trim-Adjustment Range	ΔV_{OUT}	(Figure 1)		± 15	± 25		mV
Turn-On Settling Time	t_{ON}	To $\pm 0.01\%$ of final value			5		μs
Output Noise Voltage (Note 3)	e_N	$0.1\text{Hz} \leq f \leq 10\text{Hz}$			1.5		μV_{p-p}
		$10\text{Hz} \leq f \leq 1\text{kHz}$			1.3	2.8	μV_{RMS}
Temperature Hysteresis		(Note 4)			20		ppm
Long-Term Stability	ΔV_{OUT}	$\Delta t = 1000\text{hr}$			20		ppm

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MAX6220

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—(+4.096V)

($V_{IN} = +10V$, $I_{OUT} = 0mA$, $T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	T_A	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Input Voltage Range	V_{IN}			8		40	V
Output Voltage	V_{OUT}		$+25^{\circ}C$	4.092	4.096	4.100	V
Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient (Note 1)	TCV_{OUT}			2		20	ppm/ $^{\circ}C$
Line Regulation (Note 2)	$\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta V_{IN}$	$8V \leq V_{IN} \leq 40V$	$+25^{\circ}C$	2		7	ppm/V
						45	
Load Regulation (Note 2)	$\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta I_{OUT}$	Sourcing: $0mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 15mA$	$+25^{\circ}C$	1		6	ppm/mA
						15	
		Sinking: $-15mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 0mA$	$+25^{\circ}C$	1		6	
						30	
Supply Current	I_{IN}		$+25^{\circ}C$	1.9		3.1	mA
						3.5	
Trim-Adjustment Range	ΔV_{OUT}	(Figure 1)		± 24	± 40		mV
Turn-On Settling Time	t_{ON}	To $\pm 0.01\%$ of final value		5			μs
Output Noise Voltage (Note 3)	e_N	$0.1Hz \leq f \leq 10Hz$		2.4			μV_{p-p}
		$10Hz \leq f \leq 1kHz$		2.0		4.0	μV_{RMS}
Temperature Hysteresis		(Note 4)		20			ppm
Long-Term Stability	ΔV_{OUT}	$\Delta t = 1000hr$		20			ppm

Low-Noise, Precision, +2.5V/+4.096V/+5V Voltage Reference

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—(+5.0V)

($V_{IN} = +10V$, $I_{OUT} = 0mA$, $T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_A = +25^\circ C$.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	T_A	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Input Voltage Range	V_{IN}			8		40	V
Output Voltage	V_{OUT}		$+25^\circ C$	4.995	5.000	5.005	V
Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient (Note 1)	TCV_{OUT}				2	20	ppm/ $^\circ C$
Line Regulation (Note 2)	$\Delta V_{OUT} / \Delta V_{IN}$	$8V \leq V_{IN} \leq 40V$	$+25^\circ C$		2	7	ppm/V
						45	
Load Regulation (Note 2)	$\Delta V_{OUT} / \Delta I_{OUT}$	Sourcing: $0mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 15mA$	$+25^\circ C$		1	6	ppm/mA
						15	
		Sinking: $-15mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 0mA$	$+25^\circ C$		1	6	
						30	
Supply Current	I_{IN}		$+25^\circ C$		2.0	3.3	mA
						3.7	
Trim-Adjustment Range	ΔV_{OUT}	(Figure 1)		± 30	± 50		mV
Turn-On Settling Time	t_{ON}	To $\pm 0.01\%$ of final value			5		μs
Output Noise Voltage (Note 3)	e_N	$0.1Hz \leq f \leq 10Hz$			3.0		μV_{p-p}
		$10Hz \leq f \leq 1kHz$			2.5	5.0	μV_{RMS}
Temperature Hysteresis		(Note 4)			20		ppm
Long-Term Stability	ΔV_{OUT}	$\Delta t = 1000hr$			20		ppm

Note 1: Temperature coefficient is measured by the box method; i.e., the maximum ΔV_{OUT} is divided by $\Delta T \times V_{OUT}$.

Note 2: Line regulation ($\Delta V_{OUT} / (V_{OUT} \times \Delta V_{IN})$) and load regulation ($\Delta V_{OUT} / (V_{OUT} \times \Delta I_{OUT})$) are measured with pulses and do not include output voltage changes due to die-temperature changes.

Note 3: Noise specifications are guaranteed by design.

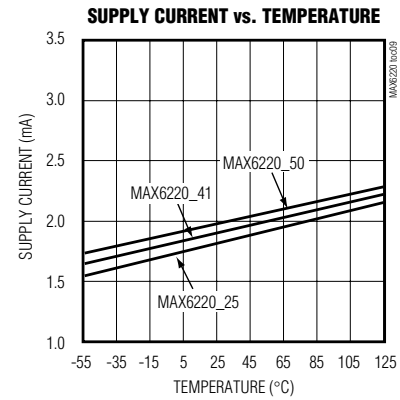
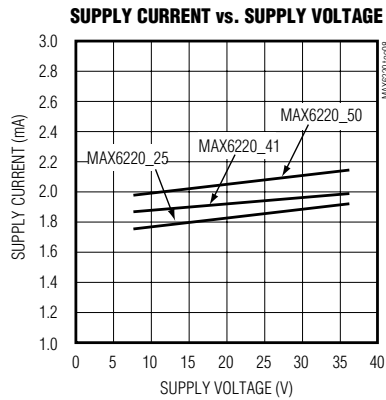
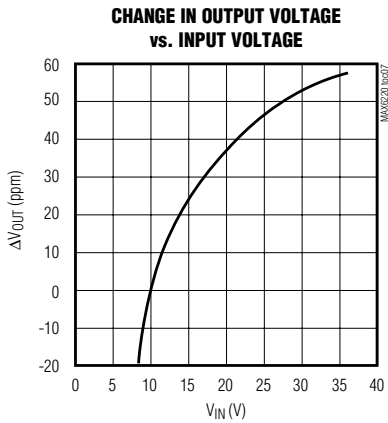
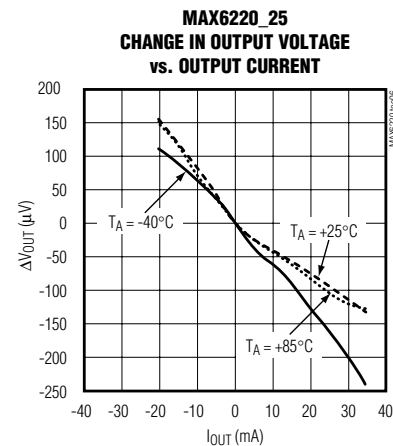
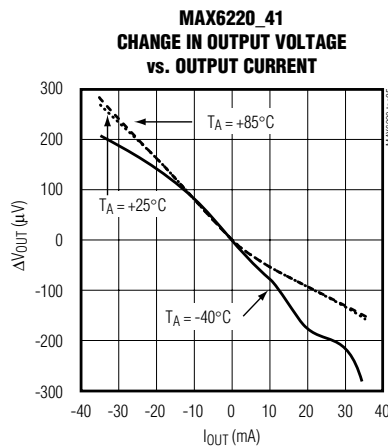
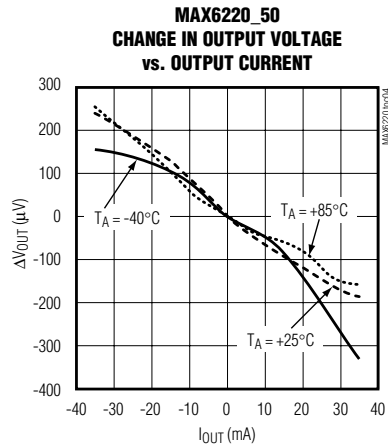
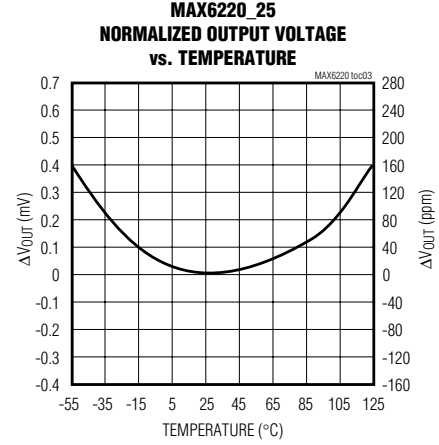
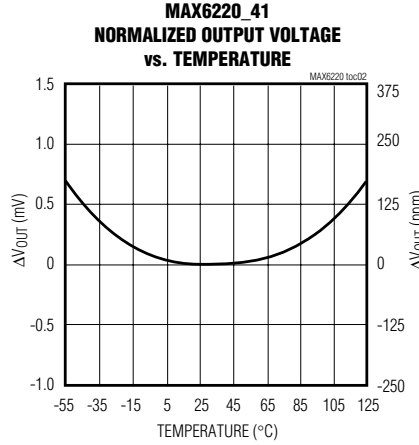
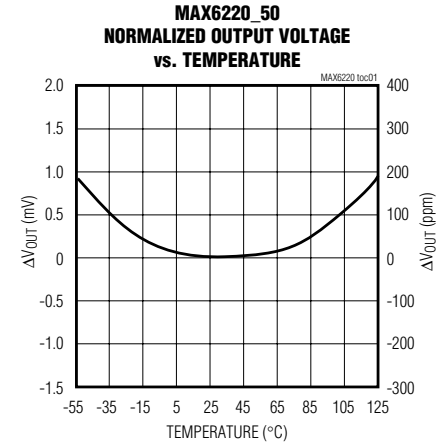
Note 4: Temperature hysteresis is specified at $T_A = +25^\circ C$ by measuring V_{OUT} before and after changing temperature by $+25^\circ C$.

Low-Noise, Precision, +2.5V/+4.096V/+5V Voltage Reference

Typical Operating Characteristics

($V_{IN} = +10V$, $I_{OUT} = 0mA$, $T_A = +25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.)

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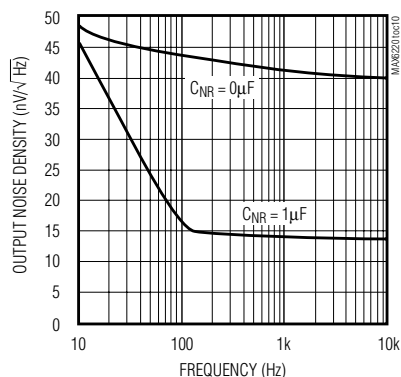


Low-Noise, Precision, +2.5V/+4.096V/+5V Voltage Reference

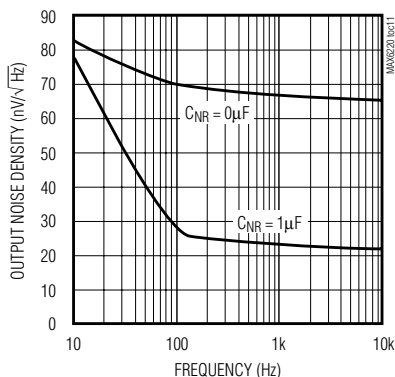
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

($V_{IN} = +10V$, $I_{OUT} = 0mA$, $T_A = +25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.)

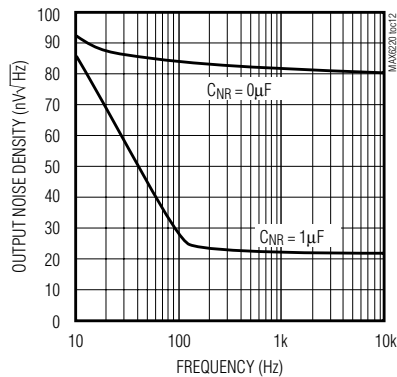
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OUTPUT NOISE-VOLTAGE
DENSITY vs. FREQUENCY



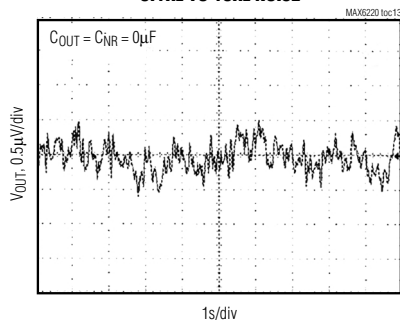
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OUTPUT NOISE-VOLTAGE
DENSITY vs. FREQUENCY



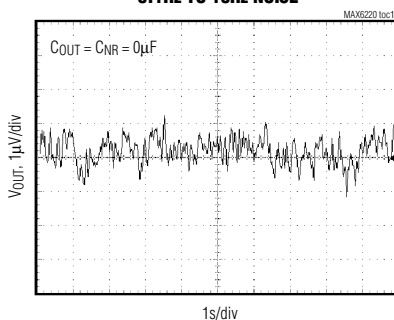
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OUTPUT NOISE-VOLTAGE
DENSITY vs. FREQUENCY



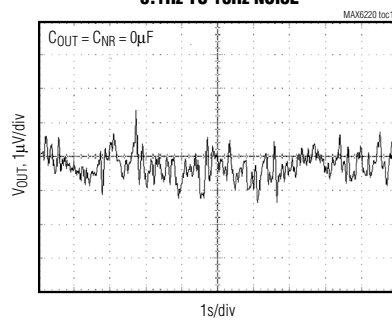
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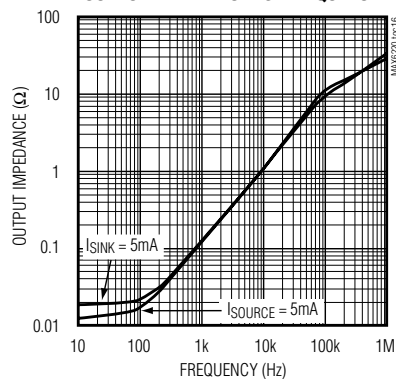
MAX6220_41
0.1Hz TO 10Hz NOISE



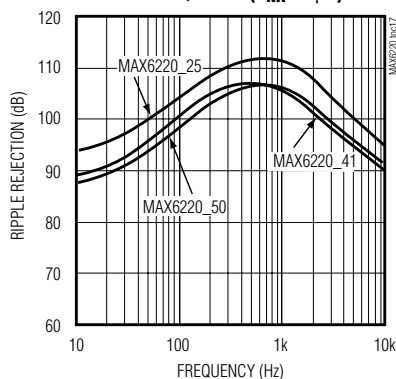
MAX6220_50
0.1Hz TO 10Hz NOISE



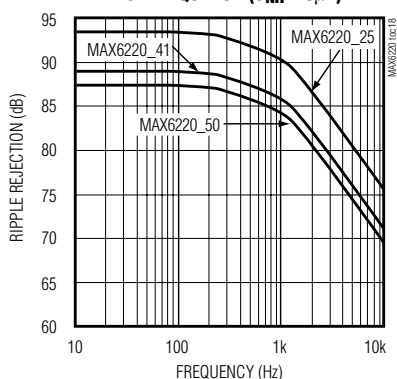
OUTPUT IMPEDANCE vs. FREQUENCY



**RIPPLE REJECTION
vs. FREQUENCY ($C_{NR} = 1\mu F$)**



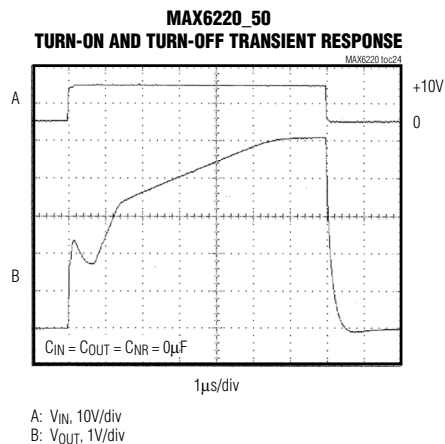
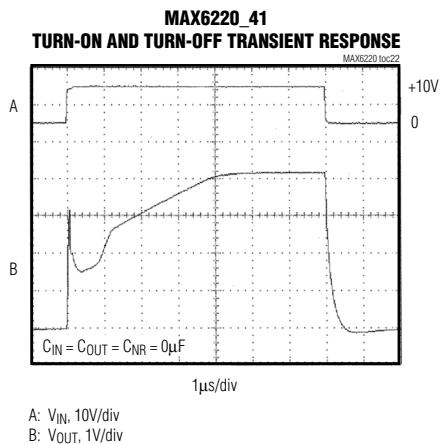
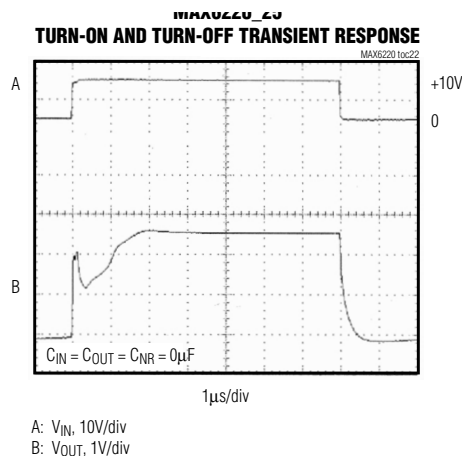
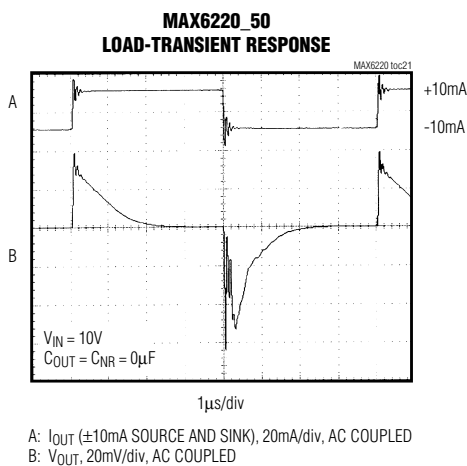
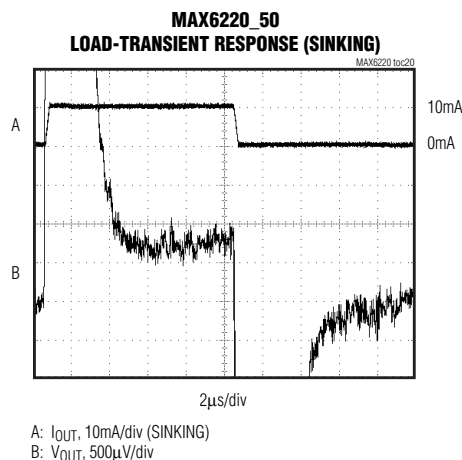
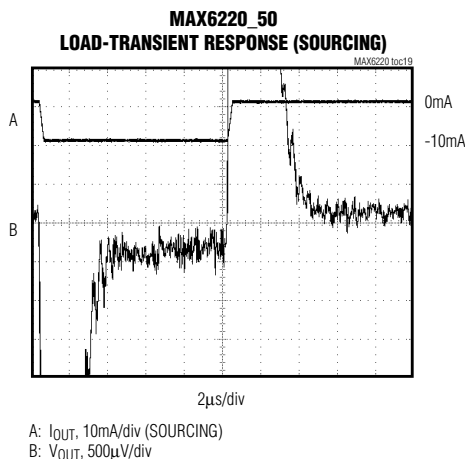
**RIPPLE REJECTION
vs. FREQUENCY ($C_{NR} = 0\mu F$)**



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Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

($V_{IN} = +10V$, $I_{OUT} = 0mA$, $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.)



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Pin Description

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1, 7, 8	I.C.	Internally Connected. Do not use.
2	IN	Positive Power-Supply Input
3	NR	Noise Reduction. Optional capacitor connection for wideband noise reduction. Leave open if not used (Figure 2).
4	GND	Ground
5	TRIM	External Trim Input. Allows $\pm 1\%$ output adjustment (Figure 1). Leave open if not used.
6	OUT	Voltage Reference Output

Detailed Description

Temperature Stability

The MAX6220 is a highly stable, low-noise voltage reference that uses a low-power temperature-compensation scheme to achieve laboratory-standard temperature stability. This produces a nearly flat temperature curve, yet does not require the power associated with heated references.

The output voltage can be trimmed 0.6% (min) by connecting a 10k Ω potentiometer between OUT and GND, and connecting its tap to the TRIM pin (Figure 1). The external trimming does not affect temperature stability.

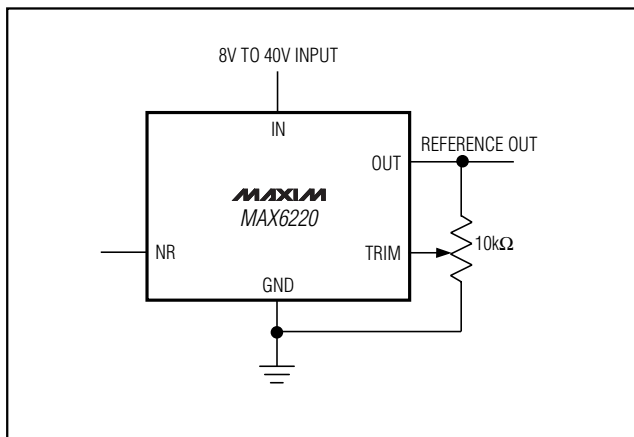


Figure 1. Output Voltage Adjustment

Noise Reduction

To augment wideband noise reduction, add a 1 μ F capacitor to the NR pin (Figure 2). Larger values do not improve noise appreciably (see *Typical Operating Characteristics*).

Noise in the power-supply input can affect output noise, but can be reduced by adding an optional bypass capacitor to the IN pin and GND.

Bypassing

The MAX6220 is stable with capacitive load values from 0 μ F to 100 μ F, for all values of load current. Adding an output bypass capacitor can help reduce noise and output glitching caused by load transients.

Applications Information

Negative Regulator

Figure 3 shows how both a +5V and -5V precision reference can be obtained from a single unregulated +5V supply. The MAX865 generates approximately ± 9 V to operate both the MAX6220 reference and the MAX480 inverting amplifier. The +5V is inverted by the MAX480. Resistor R1 is optional, and may be used to trim the ± 5 V references. R2 and R4 should be matched, both in absolute resistance and temperature coefficient. R3 is optional, and is adjusted to set the -5V reference.

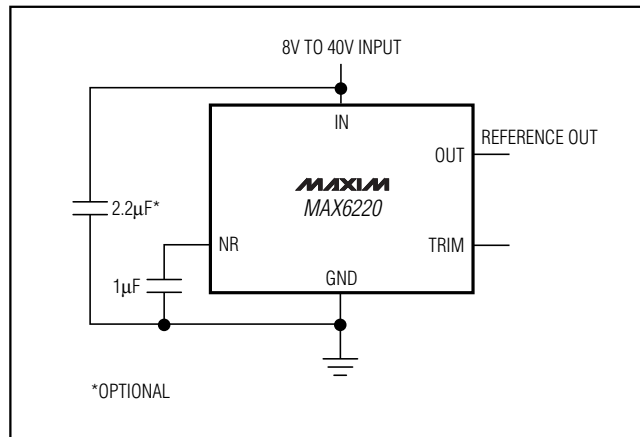


Figure 2. Noise-Reduction Capacitor

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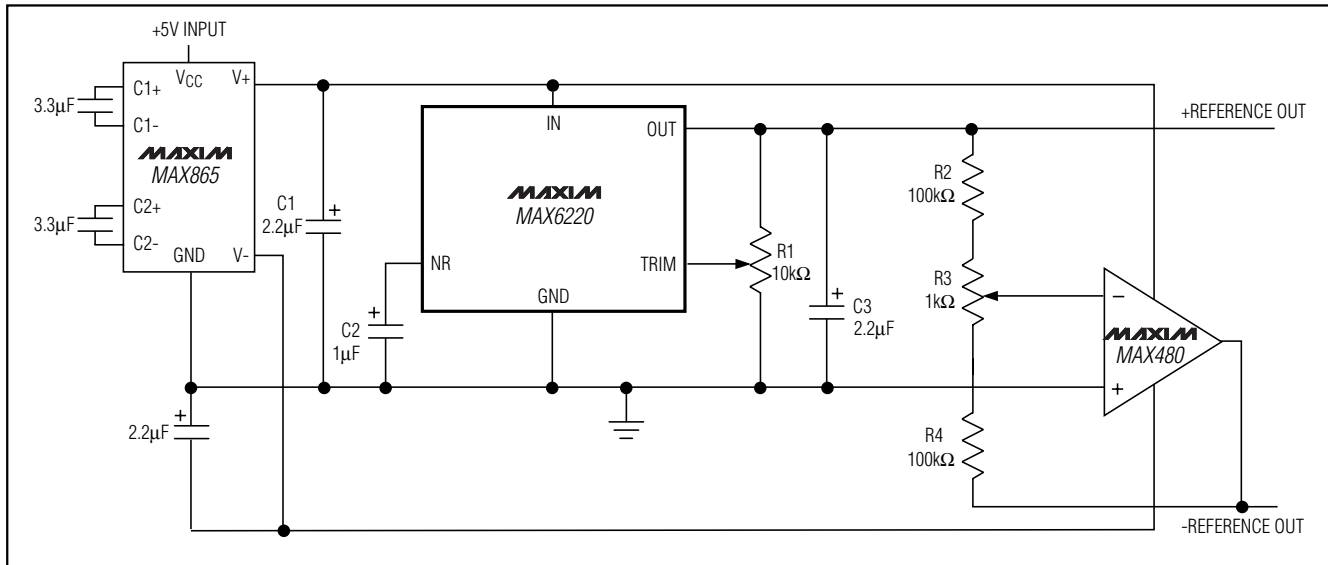


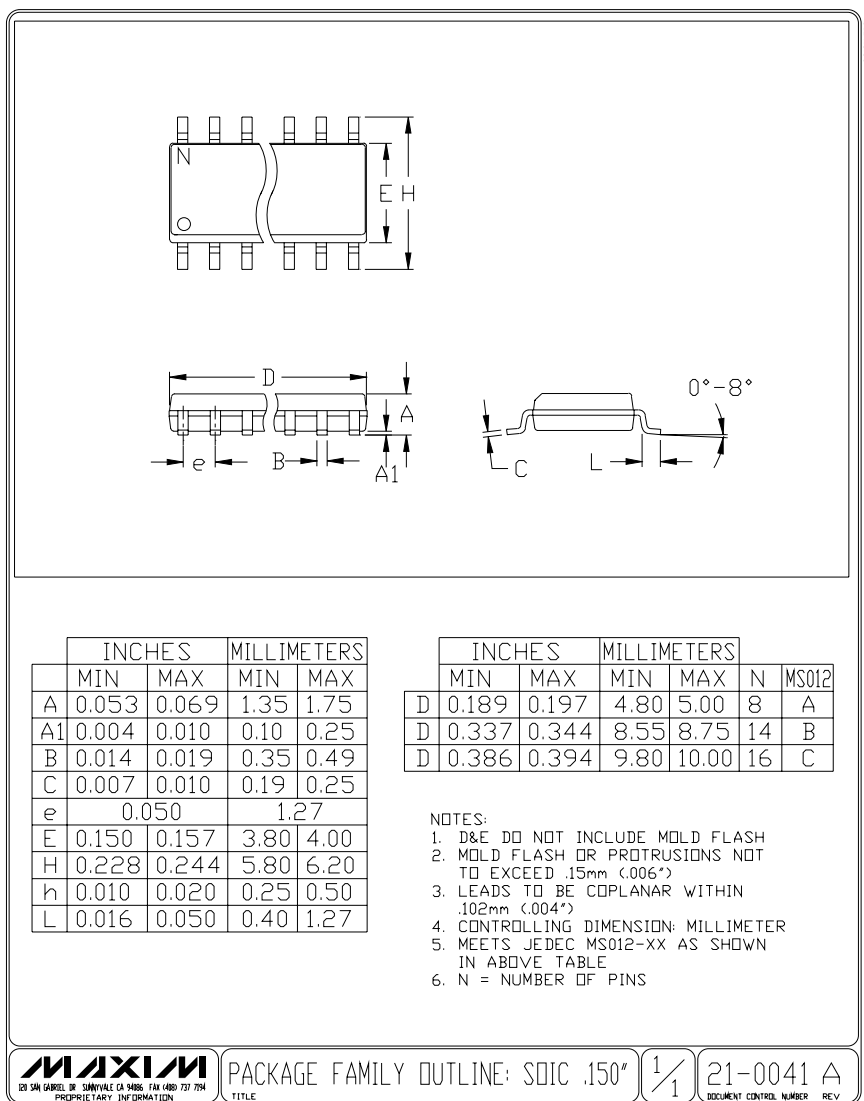
Figure 3. +5V and -5V References from a Single +5V Supply

Chip Information

TRANSISTOR COUNT: 435

Low-Noise, Precision, +2.5V/+4.096V/+5V Voltage Reference

Package Information



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