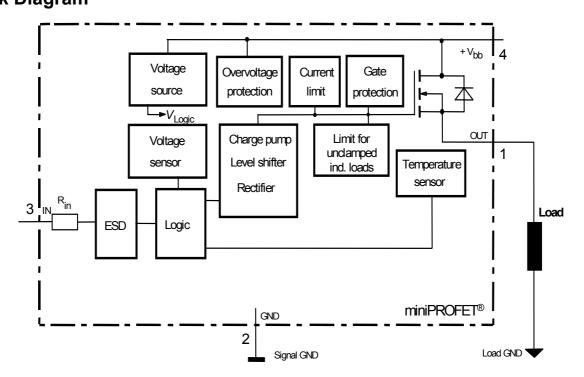


Block Diagram

(infineon



Pin	Symbol	Function
1	OUT	Output to the load
2	GND	Logic ground
3	IN	Input, activates the power switch in case of logic high signal
4	Vbb	Positive power supply voltage



Maximum Ratings			
Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
at $T_j = 25^{\circ}$ C, unless otherwise specified			
Supply voltage	V _{bb}	-0,3 ¹⁾ 48	V
Continuous input voltage ²⁾	V _{IN}	-10 <i>V</i> _{bb}	
Load current (Short - circuit current, see page 5)	IL.	self limited	А
Current through input pin (DC)	/ _{IN}	±5	mA
Reverse current through GND-pin ³⁾	-I _{GND}	-0.5	А
Junction temperature	T _j	internal limited	°C
Operating temperature	Ta	-30+85	°C
Storage temperature	T _{stg}	-40 +105	°C
Power dissipation ⁴⁾	P _{tot}	1.4	W
Inductive load switch-off energy dissipation ⁴⁾⁵⁾	E _{AS}	0.7	J
single pulse			
<i>T</i> _j = 125 °C, <i>I</i> _L = 0.5 A			
Load dump protection ⁵⁾ $V_{\text{LoadDump}}^{6} = V_{A} + V_{S}$	VLoaddump		V
$R_{I}=2\Omega$, $t_{d}=400$ ms, $V_{IN}=$ low or high, $V_{A}=13,5V$			
R_{L} = 47 Ω		83	
Electrostatic discharge voltage (Human Body Model)	V _{ESD}		kV
according to ANSI EOS/ESD - S5.1 - 1993			
ESD STM5.1 - 1998			
Input pin		±1	
All other pins		±5	

¹defined by P_{tot}

²At V_{IN} > Vbb, the input current is not allowed to exceed ±5 mA.

³defined by P_{tot}

 4 Device on 50mm*50mm*1.5mm epoxy PCB FR4 with 6 cm2 (one layer, 70µm thick) copper area for V_{bb} connection. PCB is vertical without blown air.

⁵not subject to production test, specified by design

 $^{6}V_{\text{Loaddump}}$ is setup without the DUT connected to the generator per ISO 7637-1 and DIN 40839 .

Supply voltages higher than Vbb(AZ) require an external current limit for the GND pin, e.g. with a

 150Ω resistor in GND connection. A resistor for the protection of the input is integrated.



Electrical Characteristics					
Parameter	Symbol	Values		6	Unit
at T_{j} = -40125 °C, V_{bb} = 1530 V unless otherwise specified		min.	typ.	max.	
Thermal Characteristics					
Thermal resistance @ min. footprint	R _{th(JA)}	-	-	125	K/W
Thermal resistance @ 6 cm ² cooling area ¹⁾	R _{th(JA)}	-	-	70	
Thermal resistance, junction - soldering point	R _{thJS}	-	-	7	K/W
Load Switching Capabilities and Characteristics					
On-state resistance	R _{ON}				mΩ
<i>T</i> _j = 25 °C, <i>I</i> _L = 0.5 A		-	150	200	
<i>T</i> _j = 125 °C		-	270	320	
Nominal load current ²⁾	I _{L(nom)}	0.7	-	-	A
Device on PCB ¹⁾					
Turn-on time to 90% V _{OUT}	t _{on}				μs
$R_{\rm L}$ = 47 Ω, $V_{\rm IN}$ = 0 to 10 V		-	50	100	
Turn-off time to 10% V _{OUT}	t _{off}				
$R_{\rm L}$ = 47 Ω, $V_{\rm IN}$ = 10 to 0 V		-	75	150	
Slew rate on 10 to 30% V _{OUT} ,	dV/dt _{on}				V/µs
R _L = 47 Ω, V _{bb} = 15 V		-	1	2	
Slew rate off 70 to 40% V _{OUT} ,	-dV/dt _{off}				
R _L = 47 Ω, V _{bb} = 15 V		-	1	2	

¹Device on 50mm*50mm*1.5mm epoxy PCB FR4 with 6 cm2 (one layer, 70 μ m thick) copper area for V_{bb} connection. PCB is vertical without blown air.

 $^2 \mbox{Nominal load current is limited by the current limitation (see page 5)$

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Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
at T_{j} = -40125 °C, V_{bb} = 1530 V unless otherwise specified		min.	typ.	max.	
Operating Parameters					
Operating voltage	V _{bb(on)}	12	-	45	V
Undervoltage shutdown	V _{bb(under)}	7	-	10.5	
Undervoltage restart	V _{bb(u rst)}	-	-	11	
Undervoltage hysteresis	$\Delta V_{bb(under)}$	-	0.5	-	
$\Delta V_{bb(under)} = V_{bb(u rst)} - V_{bb(under)}$					
Standby current	I _{bb(off)}				μA
$T_{\rm j}$ = -4085 °C, $V_{\rm IN}$ \leq 1,2 V		-	10	25	
$T_{\rm j} = 125 \ {\rm ^{\circ}C^{1}}$		-	-	50	
Operating current	I _{GND}	-	1	1.6	mA
Leakage output current (included in <i>I</i> _{bb(off)})	I _{L(off)}	-	3.5	10	μA
$V_{\rm IN} \leq 1,2 \rm V$					

Protection Functions²⁾

Initial peak short circuit current limit	I _{L(SCp)}				А
$T_{\rm j}$ = -40 °C, $V_{\rm bb}$ = 20 V, $t_{\rm m}$ = 150 µs		-	-	2.1	
<i>T</i> _j = 25 °C		-	1.4	-	
<i>T</i> _j = 125 °C		0.7	-	-	
Repetitive short circuit current limit	I _{L(SCr)}	-	1.1	-	
$T_j = T_{jt}$ (see timing diagrams)					
Output clamp (inductive load switch off)	V _{ON(CL)}	62	68	-	V
at $V_{OUT} = V_{bb} - V_{ON(CL)}$, $I_{bb} = 4 \text{ mA}$					
Overvoltage protection ³⁾	V _{bb(AZ)}	47	-	-	
$I_{bb} = 4 \text{ mA}$					
Thermal overload trip temperature ⁴⁾	T _{it}	135	-	-	°C
Thermal hysteresis	ΔT_{jt}	-	10	-	K

¹higher current due temperature sensor

²Integrated protection functions are designed to prevent IC destruction under fault conditions described in the data sheet. Fault conditions are considered as "outside" normal operating range. Protection functions are not designed for continuous repetitive operation.

 3 see also V_{ON(CL)} in circuit diagram

⁴ higher operating temperature at normal function available



Parameter	Symbol		Values	i	Unit
_at T_j = -40125 °C, V_{bb} = 1530 V unless otherwise specified		min.	typ.	max.	
Input					
Continuous input voltage ¹⁾	V _{IN}	-102)	-	V _{bb}	V
Input turn-on threshold voltage	V _{IN(T+)}	-	-	3.0	
Input turn-off threshold voltage	V _{IN(T-)}	1.82	-	-	
Input threshold hysteresis	$\Delta V_{\rm IN(T)}$	-	0.2	-	
Off state input current	I _{IN(off)}				μA
$V_{IN} \leq 1.8 \text{ V}$		20	-	-	
On state input current	I _{IN(on)}	-	-	110	
Input delay time at switch on <i>V</i> _{bb}	t _{d(Vbbon)}	150	340	-	μs
Input resistance (see page 8)	R	1.5	3	5	kΩ

Reverse Battery

Reverse battery voltage ³⁾²⁾	-V _{bb}				V
R_{GND} = 0 Ω		-	-	0.3	
R _{GND} = 150 Ω		-	-	45	
Continuous reverse drain current ²⁾	I _S	-	-	1	A
<i>T</i> _j = 25 °C					
Drain-source diode voltage ($V_{OUT} > V_{bb}$)	-V _{ON}	-	0.6	1.2	V
<i>I</i> _F = 1 A					

¹At V_{IN} > Vbb, the input current is not allowed to exceed ±5 mA.

²not subject to production test, guaranted by design

³defined by P_{tot}



EMC-Characteristics

All EMC-Characteristics are based on limited number of sampels and no part of production test.

Test Conditions:

If not other specified the test circuitry is the minimal functional configuration without any external components for protection or filtering.

Supply voltage:	V _{bb} = 13.5V	Temperature:	<i>T</i> _a = 23 ±5°C ;	
Load:	R _L = 220Ω			
Operation mode:	PWM DC On/Off	Frequency:	100Hz / Duty Cycle:	50%
DUT-Specific.:	R _{GND}			

Fast electrical transients

Acc. ISO 7637

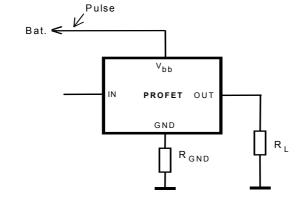
Test Pulse	Test Level	Test Results		Pulse Cycle Time and
		On	Off	Generator Impedance
1	-200 V	С	С	500ms ; 10Ω
2	+200 V	С	С	500ms ; 10Ω
3a	-200 V	С	С	100ms ; 50Ω
3b	+ 200 V	С	С	100ms ; 50Ω
41)	-7 V	С	С	0,01Ω
5	175 V	E (70V)	E (70V)	400ms ; 2Ω

The test pulses are applied at Vbb

Definition of functional status

Class	Content
С	All functions of the device are performed as designed after exposure to disturbance.
E	One or more function of a device does not perform as designed after exposure
	and can not be returned to proper operation without repairing or replacing the
	device. The value after the character shows the limit.

Test circuit:



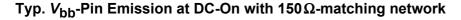
¹Supply voltage V_{bb} = 12 V instead of 13,5 V.

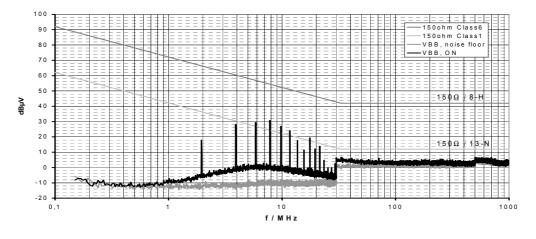




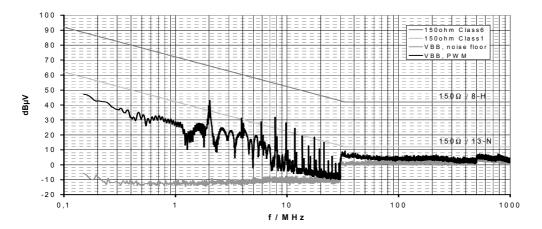
Conducted Emission

Acc. IEC 61967-4 (1 Ω / 150 Ω method)

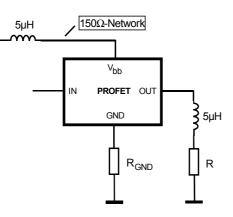








Test circuit:



For defined decoupling and high reproducibility a defined choke (5 μ H at 1 MHz) is inserted between supply and V_{bb} -pin.

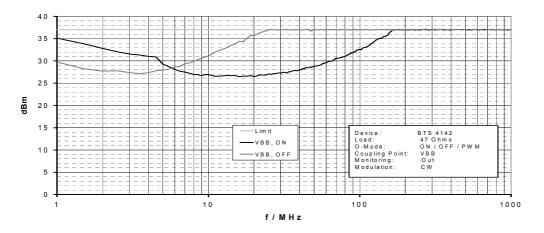


Conducted Susceptibility

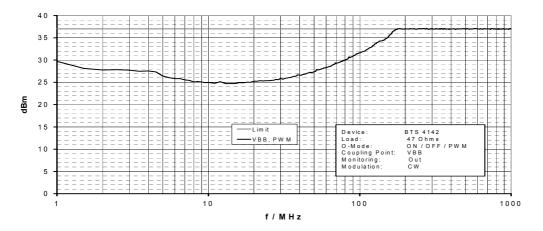
Acc. 47A/658/CD IEC 62132-4 (Direct Power Injection)

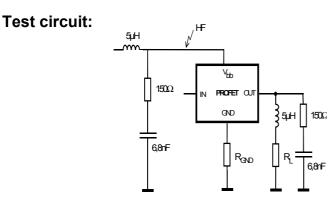
Direct Power Injection:	Forward Power CW
Failure criteria:	Amplitude and frequency deviation max. 10% at Out

Typ. Vbb-Pin Susceptibility at DC-On/Off



Typ. V_{bb}-Pin Susceptibility at PWM-Mode



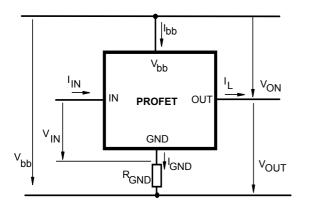


For defined decoupling and high reproducibility the same choke and the same 150Ω -matching network as for the emission measurement is used.

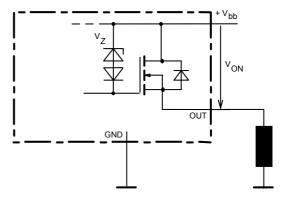


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Terms

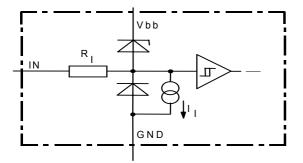


Inductive and overvoltage output clamp



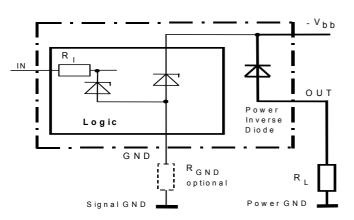
V_{ON} clamped to 63 V min.

Input circuit (ESD protection)



The use of ESD zener diodes as voltage clamp at DC conditions is not recommended

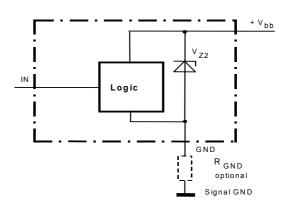
Reverse battery protection



 R_{GND} =150 Ω , R_{I} =3k Ω typ.,

Temperature protection is not active during inverse current

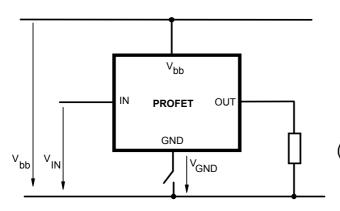
Overvoltage protection of logic part



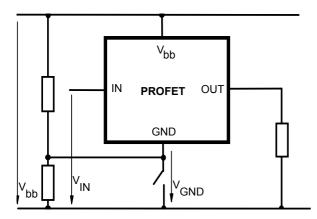
 $V_{Z2}=V_{bb(AZ)}=47V$ min., R_I=3 k Ω typ., R_{GND}=150 Ω



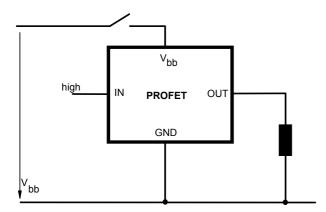
GND disconnect



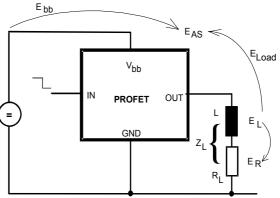
GND disconnect with GND pull up



V_{bb} disconnect with charged inductive load



Inductive Load switch-off energy dissipation



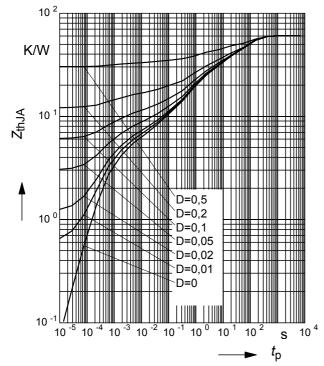
Energy stored in load inductance: $E_L = \frac{1}{2} * L * I_L^2$ While demagnetizing load inductance, the enérgy dissipated in PROFET is $E_{AS} = E_{bb} + E_L - E_R = V_{ON(CL)} * i_L(t) dt$, with an approximate solution for $R_I > 0\Omega$:

$$E_{AS} = \frac{I_L * L}{2 * R_L} * (V_{bb} + |V_{OUT(CL)|}) * \ln(1 + \frac{I_L * R_L}{|V_{OUT(CL)|}})$$

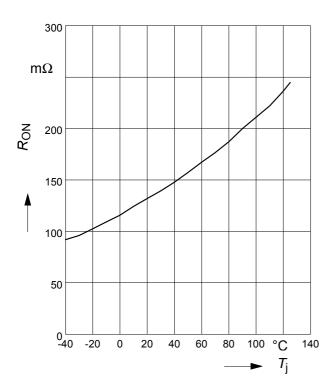


Typ. transient thermal impedance $Z_{\text{thJA}}=f(t_{\text{p}})$ @ 6cm² heatsink area

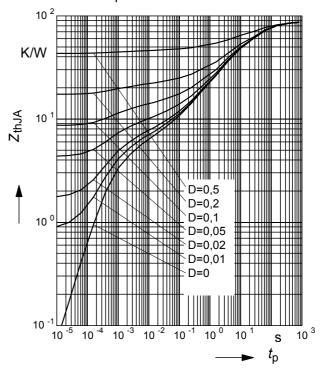
Parameter: $D=t_p/T$



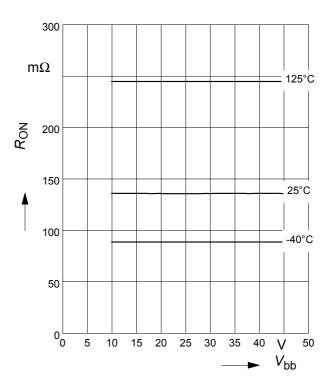
Typ. on-state resistance **R**_{ON} = f(T_j) ; V_{bb} = 15 V ; V_{in} = high



Typ. transient thermal impedance $Z_{thJA}=f(t_p)$ @ min. footprint Parameter: $D=t_p/T$

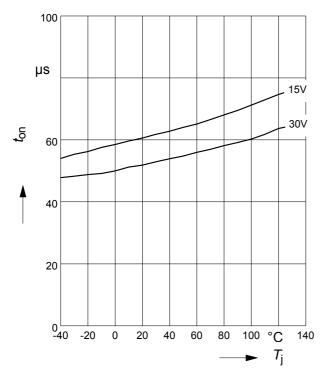


Typ. on-state resistance $R_{ON} = f(V_{bb}); I_L = 0.5A; V_{in} = high$

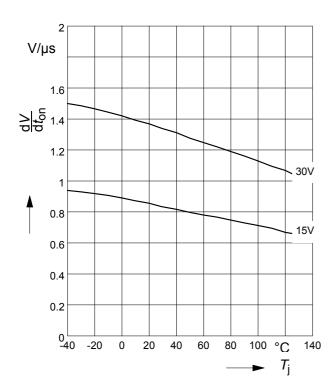




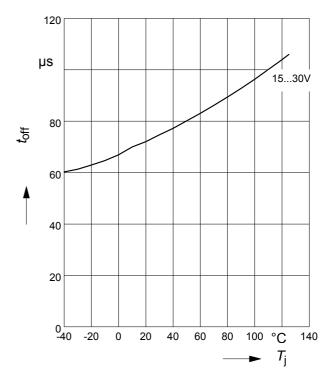
Typ. turn on time $t_{on} = f(T_j); R_L = 47\Omega$



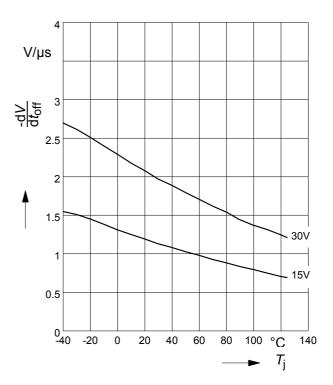
Typ. slew rate on $dV/dt_{on} = f(T_j)$; $R_L = 47 \Omega$



Typ. turn off time $t_{off} = f(T_j); R_L = 47\Omega$



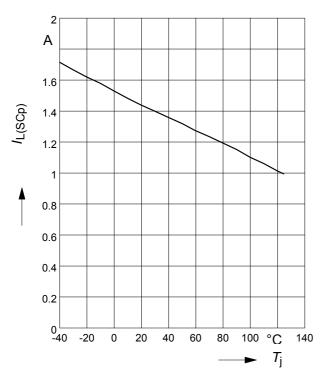
Typ. slew rate off $dV/dt_{off} = f(T_j); R_L = 47 \Omega$



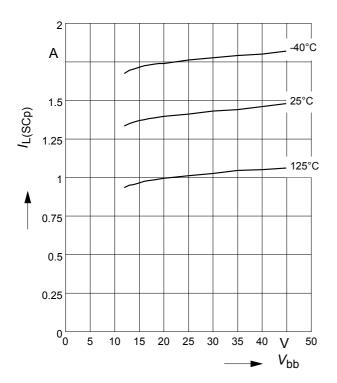




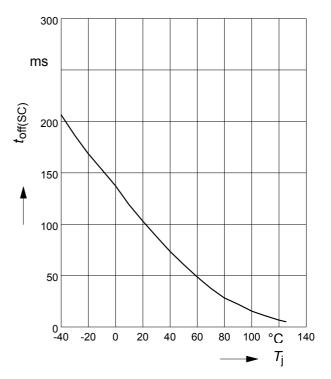
Typ. initial peak short circuit current limit $I_{L(SCp)} = f(T_j)$; $V_{bb} = 20V$; $t_m = 150\mu s$



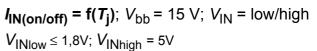
Typ. initial peak short circuit current limit $I_{L(SCp)} = f(V_{bb}); t_m = 150 \mu s$

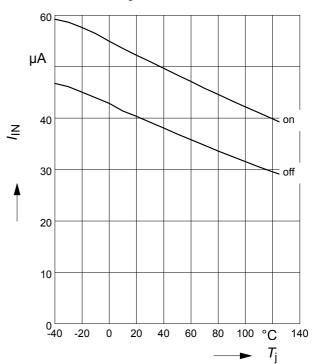


Typ. initial short circuit shutdown time $t_{off(SC)} = f(T_{j,start})$; $V_{bb} = 20V$

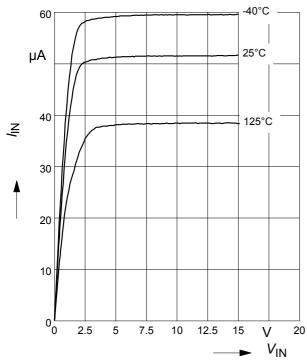


Typ. input current

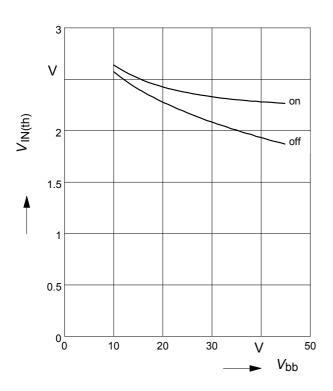




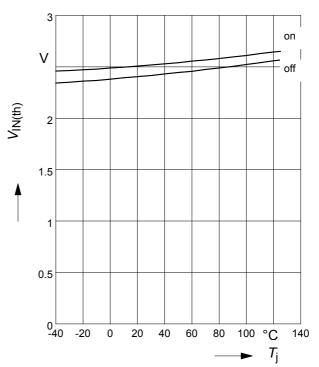




Typ. input threshold voltage $V_{IN(th)} = f(V_{bb})$; $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$

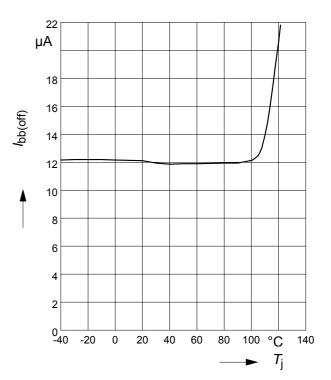


Typ. input threshold voltage $V_{IN(th)} = f(T_j)$; $V_{bb} = 15 V$



Typ. standby current

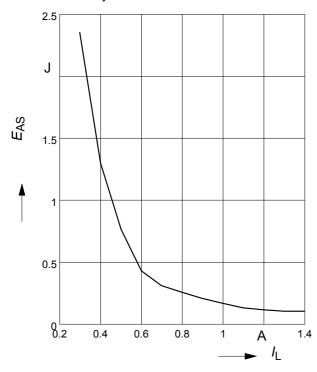
 $I_{bb(off)} = f(T_j)$; $V_{bb} = 32V$; $V_{IN} \le 1,2 V$

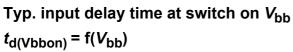


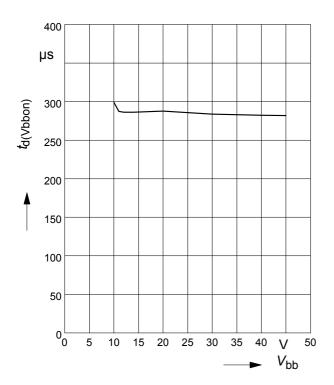


Maximum allowable inductive switch-off energy, single pulse

E_{AS} = f(*I***_L);** *T*_{jstart} = 125°C

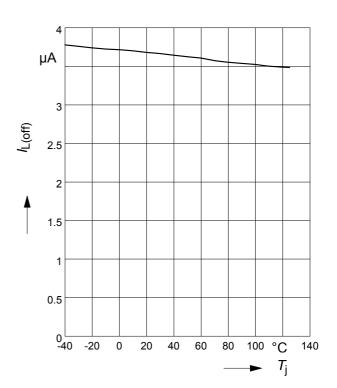






Typ. leakage current

 $I_{L(off)} = f(T_j)$; $V_{bb} = 32V$; $V_{IN} \le 1.2 V$





Timing diagrams

Figure 1a: Vbb turn on:

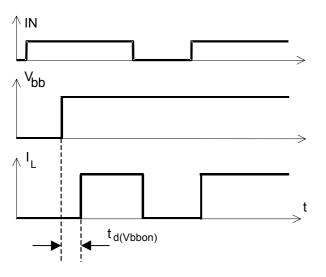


Figure 2b: Switching a lamp

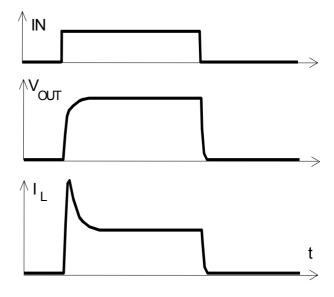


Figure 2a: Switching a resistive load, turn-on/off time and slew rate definition

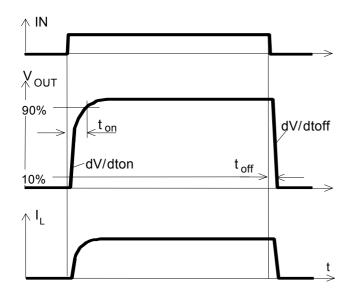


Figure 2c: Switching an inductive load

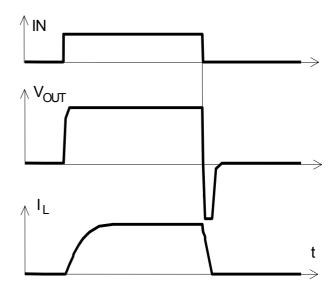
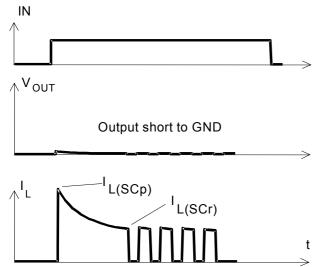




Figure 3a: Turn on into short circuit, shut down by overtemperature, restart by cooling



Heating up of the chip may require several milliseconds, depending on external conditions.

Figure 4: Overtemperature: Reset if T_i < T_{it}

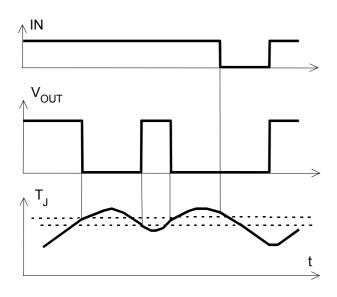


Figure 3b: Short circuit in on-state shut down by overtemperature, restart by cooling

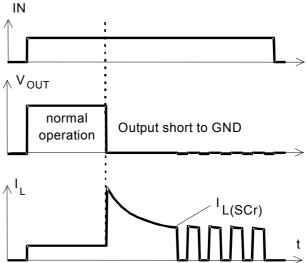
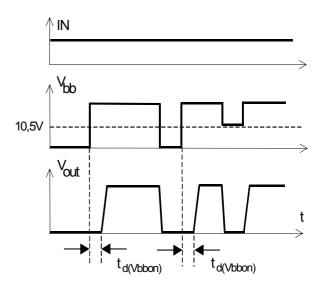


Figure 5: Undervoltage shutdown and restart

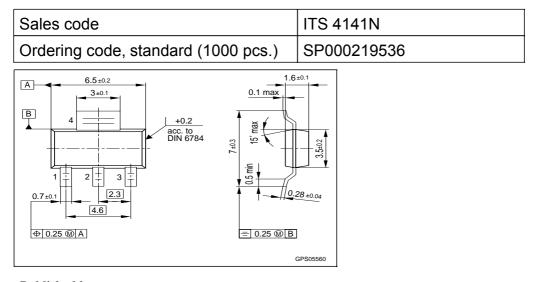




ITS 4141N

Package and ordering code

all dimensions in mm



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