

TrenchStop® 2nd Generation Series

Thermal Resistance

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Max. Value	Unit
Characteristic	1			l.
IGBT thermal resistance,	R _{thJC}		0.31	K/W
junction – case				
Diode thermal resistance,	R _{thJCD}		0.53	
junction – case				
Thermal resistance,	R _{thJA}		40	
junction – ambient				

Electrical Characteristic, at $T_{\rm j}$ = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified

Doromotor	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Onit
Static Characteristic						
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	V _{(BR)CES}	$V_{\rm GE} = 0 \text{V}, I_{\rm C} = 500 \mu \text{A}$	1200	-	-	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	V _{CE(sat)}	$V_{\rm GE} = 15 \rm V, \ I_{\rm C} = 40 \rm A$				
		$T_{\rm j}$ =25°C	-	1.75	2.2	
		T _j =150°C	-	2.25	-	
		<i>T</i> _j =175°C	-	2.3	-	
Diode forward voltage	V _F	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_{F} = 40A$				
		<i>T</i> _j =25°C	-	1.75	2.2	
		T _j =150°C	-	1.80	-	
		$T_j=175^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	1.80	-	
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{\text{GE(th)}}$	$I_{\rm C}=1.5$ mA, $V_{\rm CE}=V_{\rm GE}$	5.2	5.8	6.4	
Zero gate voltage collector current	I _{CES}	V _{CE} =1200V, V _{GE} =0V				mA
		<i>T</i> _j =25°C	_	_	0.4	
		T _j =150°C	_	-	4.0	
		<i>T</i> _j =175°C	-	-	20	
Gate-emitter leakage current	I _{GES}	$V_{\text{CE}}=0\text{V}, V_{\text{GE}}=20\text{V}$	-	-	200	nA
Transconductance	g_{fs}	$V_{CE} = 20V, I_{C} = 40A$	-	21	-	S



TrenchStop[®] 2nd Generation Series

Dynamic Characteristic

Input capacitance	Ciss	$V_{CE}=25V$,	-	2360	-	pF
Output capacitance	Coss	$V_{GE}=0V$,	-	230	-	
Reverse transfer capacitance	Crss	f=1MHz	-	125	-	
Gate charge	Q _{Gate}	$V_{\rm CC} = 960 \text{V}, I_{\rm C} = 40 \text{A}$	-	192	-	nC
		V _{GE} =15V				
Internal emitter inductance	LE		-	13	-	nΗ
measured 5mm (0.197 in.) from case						
Short circuit collector current ¹⁾	I _{C(SC)}	$V_{\text{GE}} = 15 \text{ V}, t_{\text{SC}} \le 10 \mu\text{s}$ $V_{\text{CC}} = 600 \text{ V},$ $T_{\text{j,start}} = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{\text{j,start}} = 175 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	220 156	-	A

Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at T_i =25 °C

Devenueter	Cymphol	Conditions	Value			I In it	
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	
IGBT Characteristic	•						
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	33	-	ns	
Rise time	$t_{\rm r}$	$V_{CC} = 600 \text{V}, I_{C} = 40 \text{A},$	-	28	-		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	$V_{\text{GE}} = 0/15\text{V},$ $R_{\text{G}} = 12\Omega,$	-	314	-		
Fall time	t_{f}	$L_{\sigma}^{(2)} = 80 \text{nH},$	-	94	-		
Turn-on energy	Eon	$C_{\sigma}^{(2)}$ =67pF Energy losses include	-	3.2	-	mJ	
Turn-off energy	E_{off}	"tail" and diode reverse	-	2.05	-		
Total switching energy	E _{ts}	recovery.	-	5.25	-		
Anti-Parallel Diode Characteristic	•						
Diode reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	285	-	ns	
Diode reverse recovery charge	Qrr	$V_{R}=600V, I_{F}=40A,$	-	3.3		μC	
Diode peak reverse recovery current I_{rrm}		$di_{\rm F}/dt$ =950A/ μ s	-	23		Α	
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during $t_{\rm b}$	di _{rr} /dt		-	350	-	A/μs	

 $^{^{1)}}$ Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s. $^{2)}$ Leakage inductance L_{σ} and Stray capacity C_{σ} due to dynamic test circuit in Figure E.



TrenchStop® 2nd Generation Series

Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at T_i =175 °C

Danamatan	0	0 1111	Value			
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
IGBT Characteristic						
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	<i>T</i> _j =175°C	-	32	-	ns
Rise time	$t_{\rm r}$	$V_{CC} = 600 \text{V}, I_C = 40 \text{A},$	-	28	-	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	$V_{\rm GE} = 0/15 \text{V},$ $R_{\rm G} = 12 \Omega,$	-	405	-	
Fall time	t_{f}	$L_{\sigma}^{1}=180 \text{nH},$	-	195	-	
Turn-on energy	Eon	$C_{\sigma}^{1)}$ =67pF Energy losses include	-	4.5	-	mJ
Turn-off energy	E _{off}	"tail" and diode reverse	-	3.8	-	
Total switching energy	E _{ts}	recovery.	-	8.3	-	
Anti-Parallel Diode Characteristic						
Diode reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	<i>T</i> _j =175°C	-	480	-	ns
Diode reverse recovery charge	Q _{rr}	V_{R} =600V, I_{F} =40A,	-	6.6	-	μC
Diode peak reverse recovery current	I _{rrm}	di _F /dt=950A/μs	-	31	-	Α
Diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current during $t_{\rm b}$	di _{rr} /dt		-	200		A/μs

 $^{^{1)}}$ Leakage inductance L_{σ} and Stray capacity C_{σ} due to dynamic test circuit in Figure E.





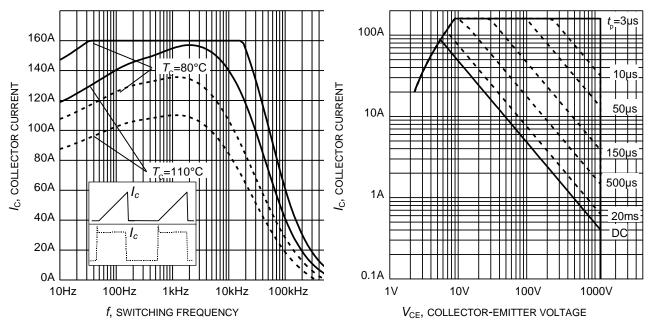


Figure 1. Collector current as a function of switching frequency $(T_{\rm j} \leq 175 ^{\circ} {\rm C},\ D=0.5,\ V_{\rm CE}=600 {\rm V},\\ V_{\rm GE}=0/\!\!+\!\!15 {\rm V},\ R_{\rm G}=12 \Omega)$

Figure 2. Safe operating area $(D=0, T_C=25^{\circ}\text{C}, T_i \leq 175^{\circ}\text{C}; V_{GE}=15\text{V})$

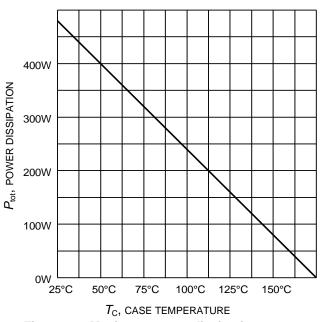


Figure 3. Maximum power dissipation as a function of case temperature $(T_i \le 175^{\circ}C)$

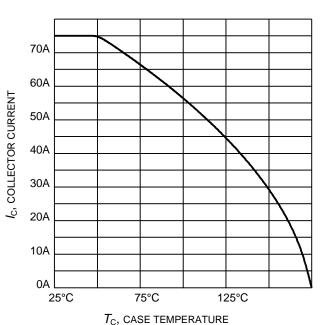


Figure 4. Maximum collector current as a function of case temperature $(V_{GE} \ge 15 \text{V}, \ T_{\text{j}} \le 175 ^{\circ}\text{C})$





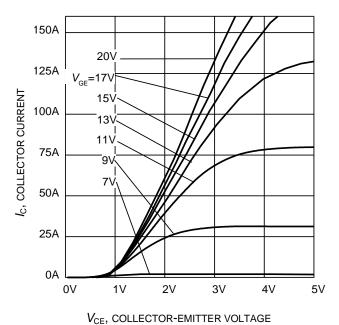
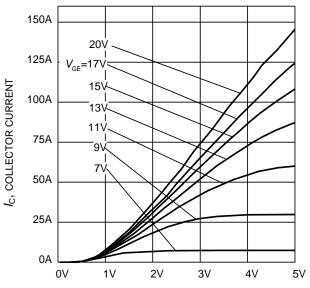


Figure 5. Typical output characteristic $(T_i = 25^{\circ}C)$



 $V_{\rm CE}$, COLLECTOR-EMITTER VOLTAGE

Figure 6. Typical output characteristic $(T_i = 175^{\circ}\text{C})$

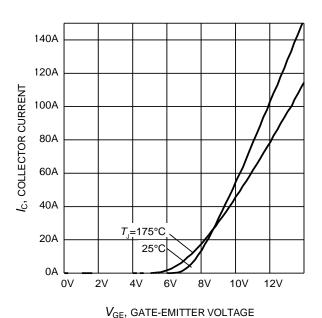


Figure 7. Typical transfer characteristic $(V_{CE}=20V)$

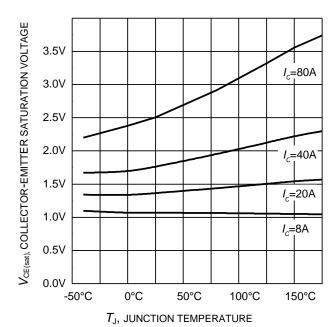


Figure 8. Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of junction temperature $(V_{GE} = 15V)$





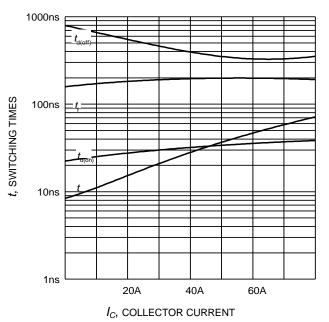


Figure 9. Typical switching times as a function of collector current (inductive load, T_J =175°C, V_{CE} =600V, V_{GE} =0/15V, R_G =12 Ω , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

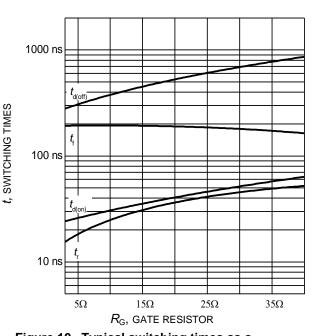


Figure 10. Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor (inductive load, T_J =175°C, V_{CE} =600V, V_{GE} =0/15V, I_C =40A, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

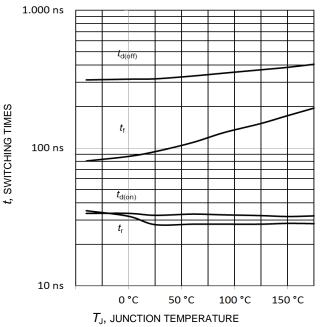


Figure 11. Typical switching times as a function of junction temperature (inductive load, V_{CE} =600V, V_{GE} =0/15V, I_{C} =40A, R_{G} =12 Ω , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

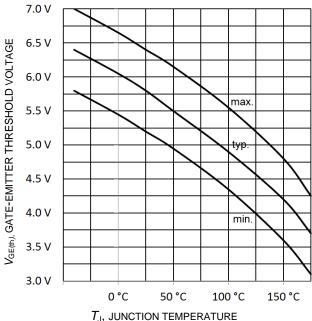


Figure 12. Gate-emitter threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature $(I_C = 1.5 \text{mA})$





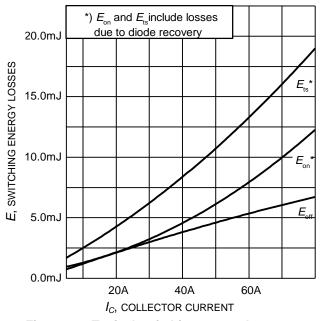


Figure 13. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current (inductive load, T_J =175°C, V_{CE} =600V, V_{GE} =0/15V, R_G =12 Ω , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

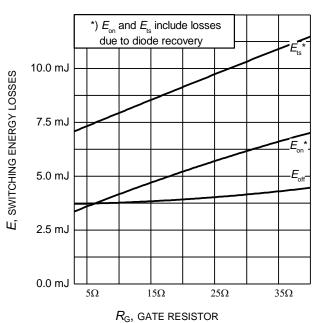


Figure 14. Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor (inductive load, T_J =175°C, V_{CE} =600V, V_{GE} =0/15V, I_C =40A, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

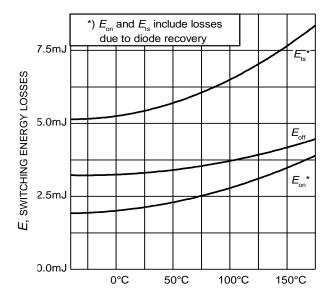
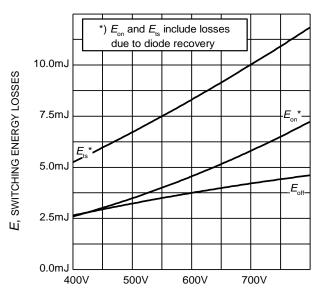


Figure 15. Typical switching energy losses as a function of junction temperature (inductive load, V_{CE} =600V, V_{GE} =0/15V, I_{C} =40A, R_{G} =12 Ω , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

 $T_{\rm J}$, JUNCTION TEMPERATURE



 V_{CE} , COLLECTOR-EMITTER VOLTAGE

Figure 16. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector emitter voltage (inductive load, T_J =175°C, V_{GE} =0/15V, I_C =40A, R_G =12 Ω , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)





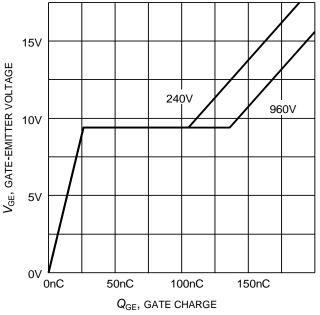


Figure 17. Typical gate charge $(I_c=40 \text{ A})$

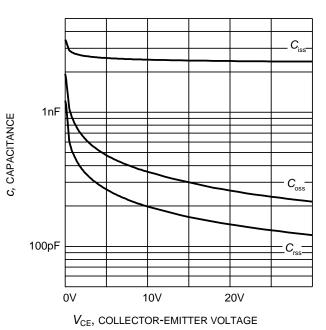


Figure 18. Typical capacitance as a function of collector-emitter voltage

 $(V_{GE}=0V, f=1 \text{ MHz})$

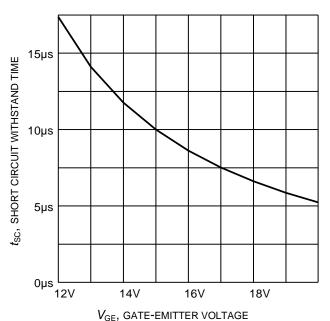
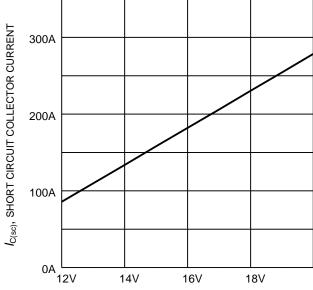


Figure 19. Short circuit withstand time as a function of gate-emitter voltage (V_{CE} =600V, start at $T_J \le 175$ °C)



 $V_{\rm GE}$, GATE-EMITTER VOLTAGE Figure 20. Typical short circuit collector current as a function of gate-emitter voltage $(V_{\rm CE} \le 600 \rm V, \ T_{i, start} = 175 ^{\circ} C)$





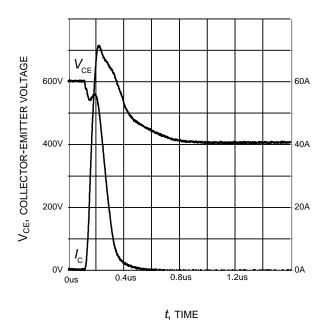


Figure 21. Typical turn on behavior $(V_{GE}=0/15V, R_{G}=12\Omega, T_{j}=175^{\circ}C, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)$

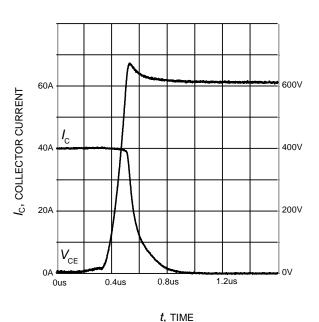


Figure 22. Typical turn off behavior $(V_{GE}=15/0V, R_{G}=12\Omega, T_{j}=175^{\circ}C, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)$

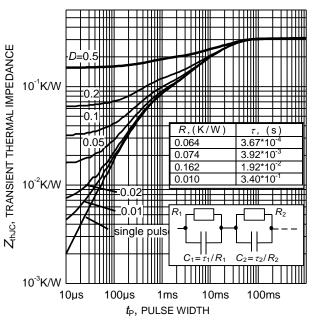


Figure 23. IGBT transient thermal impedance $(D = t_p / T)$

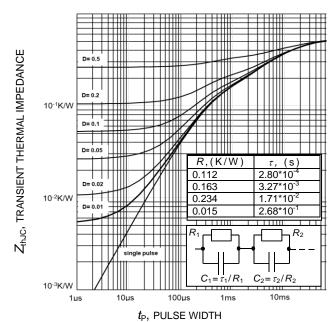


Figure 24. Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width $(D=t_P/T)$





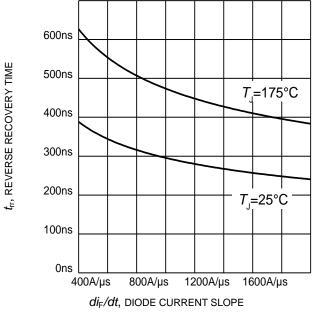


Figure 23. Typical reverse recovery time as a function of diode current slope $(V_R=600V, I_F=40A,$ Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

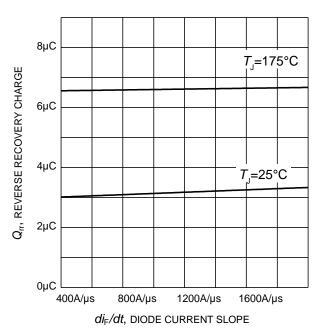
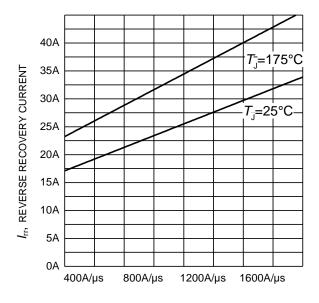
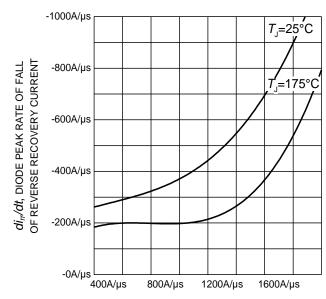


Figure 24. Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of diode current slope $(V_R=600V, I_F=40A, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)$



 $di_{\rm F}/dt$, DIODE CURRENT SLOPE Figure 25. Typical reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope $(V_{\rm R}{=}600{\rm V},\ I_{\rm F}{=}40{\rm A},$ Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



 $di_{\rm F}/dt$, DIODE CURRENT SLOPE

Figure 26. Typical diode peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current as a function of diode current slope $(V_R=600V, I_F=40A, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)$





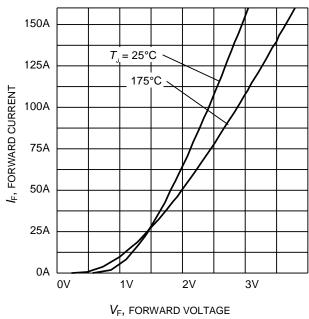


Figure 27. Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

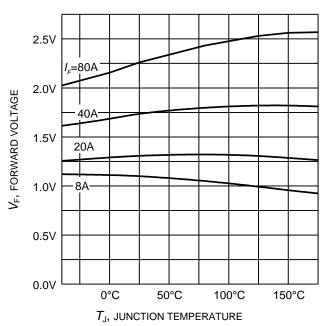
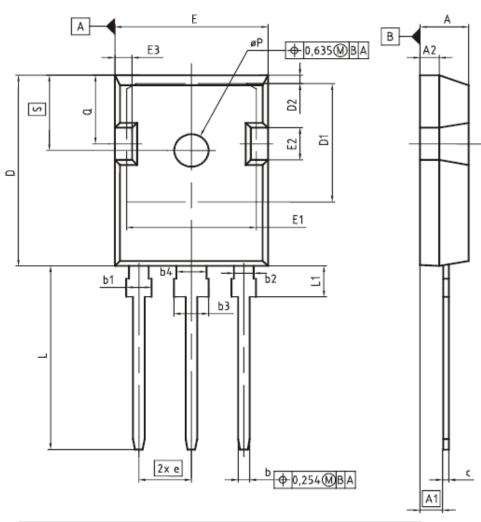


Figure 28. Typical diode forward voltage as a function of junction temperature

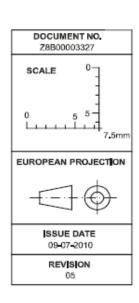




PG-TO247-3



DIM	MILLIM	ETERS	NCHES		
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
A	4.83	5,21	0.190	0,205	
A1	2,27	2,54	0.089	0.100	
A2	1.85	2.16	0.073	0.085	
ь	1.07	1.33	0.042	0,052	
b1	1.90	2,41	0.075	0.095	
b2	1.90	2.16	0.075	0.085	
b3	2,87	3.38	0.113	0.133	
b4	2,87	3.13	0.113	0.123	
С	0.55	0.68	0.022	0,027	
D	20,80	21,10	0.819	0.831	
D1	16,25	17,65	0.640	0,695	
D2	0.95	1.35	0.037	0.053	
E	15,70	16.13	0.618	0,635	
E1	13.10	14.15	0.516	0,557	
E2	3,68	5.10	0.145	0,201	
E3	1.00	2,60	0.039	0.102	
e	5.	44 (BSC)	0.2	14 (BSC)	
N		3		3	
L	19,80	20,32	0.780	0,800	
L1	4.10	4.47	0.161	0.176	
øΡ	3,50	3,70	0.138	0.146	
Q	5.49	6.00	0.216	0,236	
s	6.04	6.30	0.238	0,248	







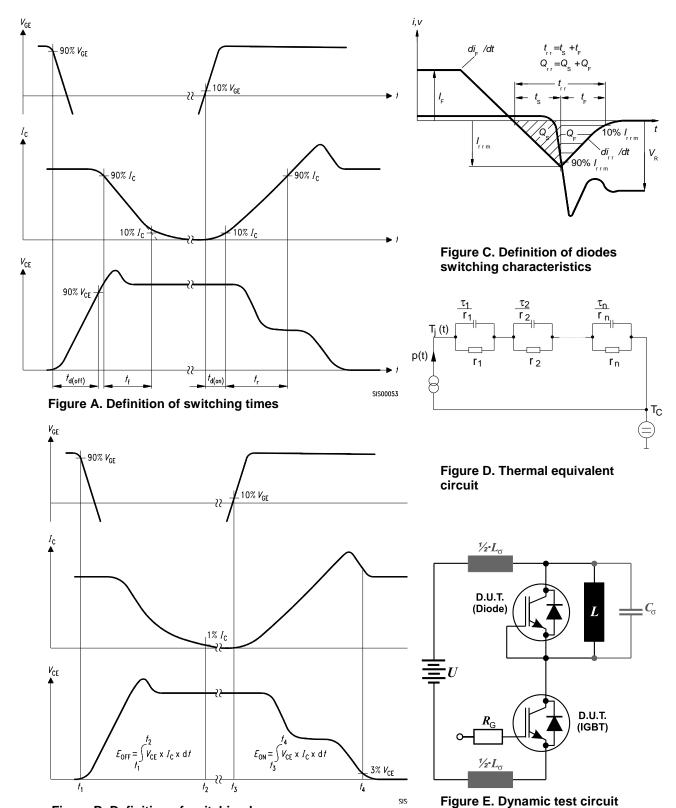


Figure B. Definition of switching losses

IFAG IPC TD VLS 14 Rev. 2.4 23.09.2014



TrenchStop® 2nd Generation Series

Published by Infineon Technologies AG 81726 Munich, Germany © 2014 Infineon Technologies AG All Rights Reserved.

Legal Disclaimer

The information given in this document shall in no event be regarded as a guarantee of conditions or characteristics. With respect to any examples or hints given herein, any typical values stated herein and/or any information regarding the application of the device, Infineon Technologies hereby disclaims any and all warranties and liabilities of any kind, including without limitation, warranties of non-infringement of intellectual property rights of any third party.

Information

For further information on technology, delivery terms and conditions and prices, please contact the nearest Infineon Technologies Office (www.infineon.com).

Warnings

Due to technical requirements, components may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question, please contact the nearest Infineon Technologies Office.

The Infineon Technologies component described in this Data Sheet may be used in life-support devices or systems and/or automotive, aviation and aerospace applications or systems only with the express written approval of Infineon Technologies, if a failure of such components can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support, automotive, aviation and aerospace device or system or to affect the safety or effectiveness of that device or system. Life support devices or systems are intended to be implanted in the human body or to support and/or maintain and sustain and/or protect human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user or other persons may be endangered.