



#### **Thermal Resistance**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Max. Value	Unit
Characteristic	<u>,                                      </u>			•
IGBT thermal resistance,	R <sub>thJC</sub>		0.33	K/W
junction – case				
Diode thermal resistance,	R <sub>thJCD</sub>		0.33	
junction – case				
Thermal resistance,	$R_{thJA}$		40	
junction – ambient				

# **Electrical Characteristic,** at $T_j$ = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
raiailletei	Syllibol	Conditions	min.	Тур.	max.	Oilit
Static Characteristic						
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	V <sub>(BR)CES</sub>	$V_{\rm GE} = 0  \text{V}, I_{\rm C} = 0.5  \text{mA}$	900	-	-	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$	$V_{\rm GE} = 15 \text{V}, I_{\rm C} = 30 \text{A}$				1
		<i>T</i> <sub>j</sub> =25°C	-	1.5	1.7	
		T <sub>j</sub> =150°C	-	1.6	-	
		<i>T</i> <sub>j</sub> =175°C	-	1.7	-	
Diode forward voltage	$V_{F}$	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_{F} = 30A$				1
		<i>T</i> <sub>j</sub> =25°C	-	1.4	1.6	
		T <sub>j</sub> =150°C	-	1.4	-	
		<i>T</i> <sub>j</sub> =175°C	-	1.45	-	
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{\rm GE(th)}$	$I_{\rm C} = 700  \mu A, V_{\rm CE} = V_{\rm GE}$	5.1	5.8	6.4	1
Zero gate voltage collector current	I <sub>CES</sub>	V <sub>CE</sub> =900V, V <sub>GE</sub> =0V				μА
		<i>T</i> <sub>j</sub> =25°C	-	_	5	
		T <sub>j</sub> =150°C	-	_	2500	
Gate-emitter leakage current	I <sub>GES</sub>	V <sub>CE</sub> =0V, V <sub>GE</sub> =20V	-	-	600	nA



#### **Dynamic Characteristic**

Input capacitance	Ciss	V <sub>CE</sub> =25V,	-	2889	-	pF
Output capacitance C <sub>oss</sub>		$V_{GE}=0V$ ,	-	83	-	
Reverse transfer capacitance	Crss	f=1MHz	-	79	-	
Gate charge	Q <sub>Gate</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> =720V, I <sub>C</sub> =30A	-	200	-	nC
		V <sub>GE</sub> =15V				
Internal emitter inductance	LE		-	13	-	nH
measured 5mm (0.197 in.) from case						

## Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at T<sub>i</sub>=25 °C

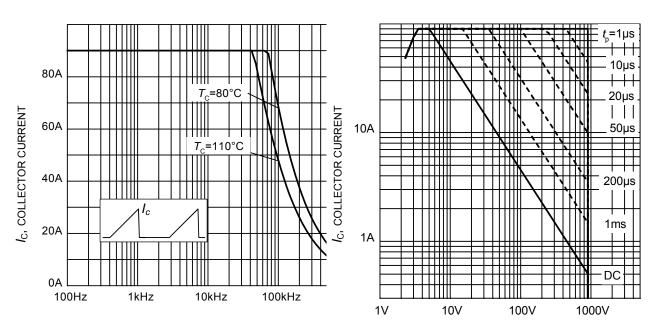
Darameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			11!4
Parameter	Symbol		min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
IGBT Characteristic						
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	<i>T</i> <sub>j</sub> =25°C	-	511	-	
Fall time	$t_{\mathrm{f}}$	V <sub>CC</sub> =600V,	_	24	-	
Turn-on energy	Eon	I <sub>C</sub> =30A,	-	-	-	mJ
Turn-off energy	E <sub>off</sub>	V <sub>GE</sub> =0/15V,	-	1.46	-	
Total switching energy	Ets	$R_{\rm G}$ = 15 $\Omega$	-	1.46	-	

#### Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load, at $T_i$ =175 °C

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
raiailletei			min.	Тур.	max.	Ollit
IGBT Characteristic						
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	<i>T</i> <sub>j</sub> =175°C	-	594	-	
Fall time	$t_{f}$	V <sub>CC</sub> =600V,	-	46	-	
Turn-on energy	Eon	$I_{\rm C} = 30  {\rm A}$	-	-	-	mJ
Turn-off energy	$E_{off}$	$V_{GE} = 0/15V$ ,	-	2.1	-	
Total switching energy	Ets	$R_{\rm G}$ = 15 $\Omega$	-	2.1	-	







f, SWITCHING FREQUENCY

Figure 1. Collector current as a function of switching frequency for triangular current ( $E_{on} = 0$ , hard turn-off) ( $T_j \le 175^{\circ}\text{C}$ , D = 0.5,  $V_{CE} = 600\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GE} = 0/+15\text{V}$ ,  $R_{G} = 15\Omega$ )

 $V_{\mathrm{CE}}$ , COLLECTOR-EMITTER VOLTAGE

Figure 2. IGBT Safe operating area  $(D=0, T_C=25^{\circ}C, T_i \le 175^{\circ}C; V_{GE}=15V)$ 

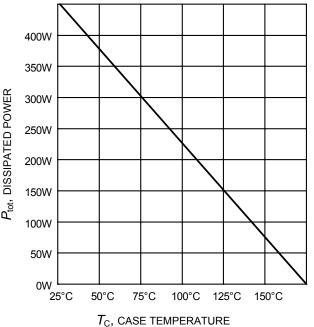
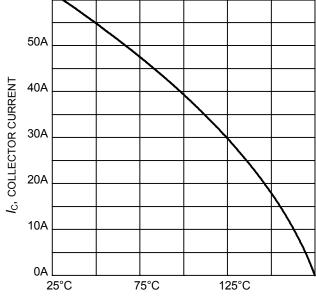


Figure 3. Power dissipation as a function of case temperature  $(T_i \le 175^{\circ}\text{C})$ 



 $T_{\rm C}$ , CASE TEMPERATURE Figure 4. Collector current as a function of case temperature ( $V_{\rm GE} \ge 15{\rm V}, \ T_{\rm i} \le 175{\rm ^{\circ}C}$ )





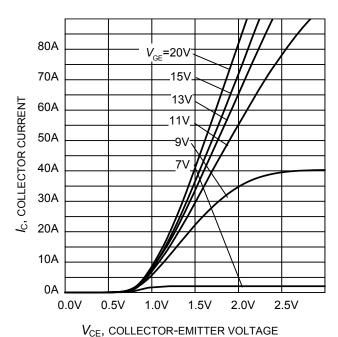


Figure 5. Typical output characteristic  $(T_i = 25^{\circ}C)$ 

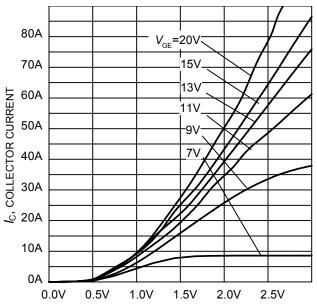


Figure 6. Typical output characteristic  $(T_i = 175^{\circ}C)$ 

 $V_{\mathsf{CE}}$ , COLLECTOR-EMITTER VOLTAGE

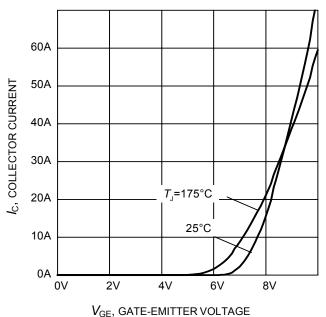
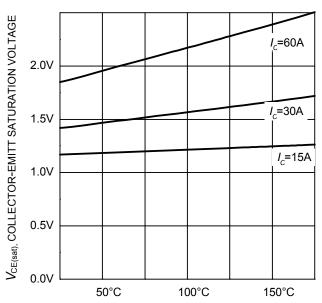


Figure 7. Typical transfer characteristic (V<sub>CE</sub>=20V)



 $T_{\rm J}$ , JUNCTION TEMPERATURE Figure 8. Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of junction temperature ( $V_{\rm GE}$  = 15V)

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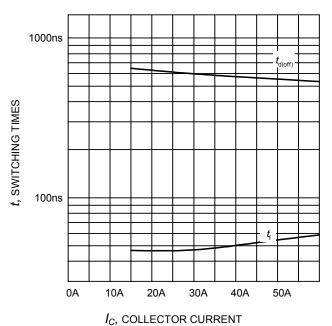


Figure 9. Typical switching times as a function of collector current (inductive load,  $T_J$ =175°C,  $V_{CE}$ =600V,  $V_{GE}$ =0/15V,  $R_G$ =15 $\Omega$ , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

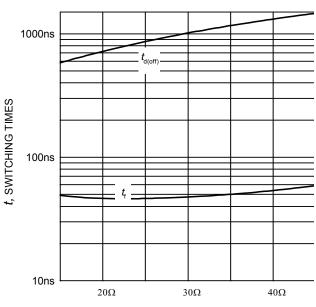


Figure 10. Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor (inductive load,  $T_J$ =175°C,  $V_{CE}$ =600V,  $V_{GE}$ =0/15V,  $I_{C}$ =30A, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

R<sub>G</sub>, GATE RESISTOR

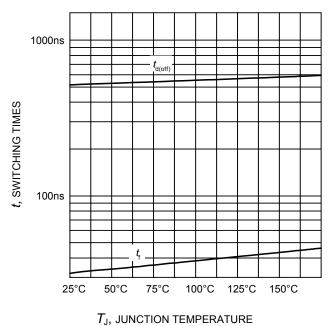


Figure 11. Typical switching times as a function of junction temperature (inductive load,  $V_{\text{CE}}$ =600V,  $V_{\text{GE}}$ =0/15V,  $I_{\text{C}}$ =30A,  $I_{\text{CE}}$ =15 $\Omega$ , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

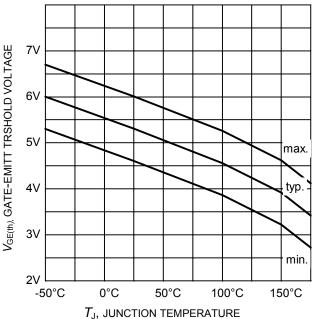


Figure 12. Gate-emitter threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature  $(I_C = 0.7\text{mA})$ 



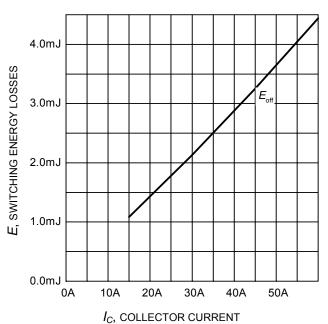


Figure 13. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current (inductive load,  $T_J$ =175°C,  $V_{CE}$ =600V,  $V_{GE}$ =0/15V,  $R_G$ =15 $\Omega$ , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

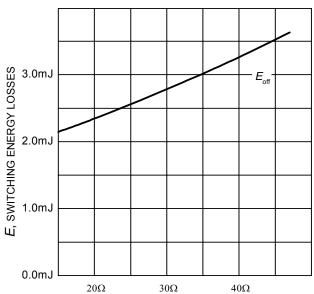
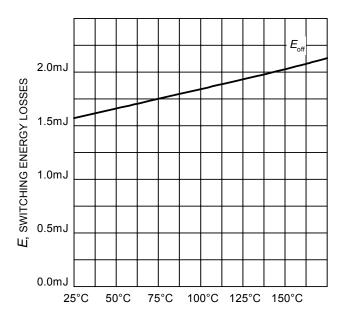


Figure 14. Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor (inductive load,  $T_J$ =175°C,

R<sub>G</sub>, GATE RESISTOR

 $V_{\text{CE}}$ =600V,  $V_{\text{GE}}$ =0/15V,  $I_{\text{C}}$ =30A, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



T<sub>J</sub>, JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

Figure 15. Typical switching energy losses as a function of junction temperature

(inductive load,  $V_{\rm CE}$ =600V,  $V_{\rm GE}$ =0/15V,  $I_{\rm C}$ =30A,  $R_{\rm G}$ =15 $\Omega$ , Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)



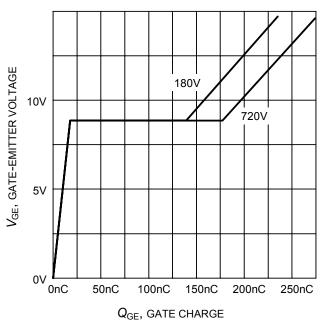


Figure 16. Typical gate charge  $(I_c=30 \text{ A})$ 

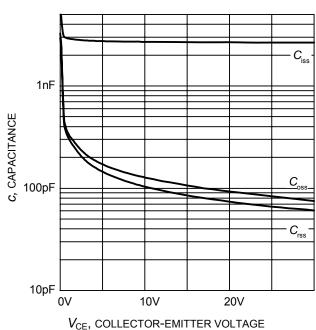


Figure 17. Typical capacitance as a function of collector-emitter voltage  $(V_{GF}=0V, f=1 \text{ MHz})$ 

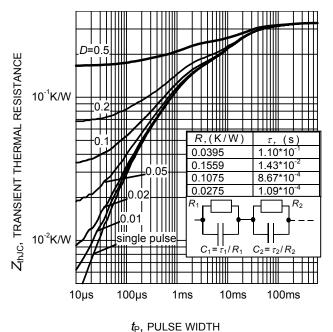


Figure 18. IGBT transient thermal resistance  $(D = t_0 / T)$ 

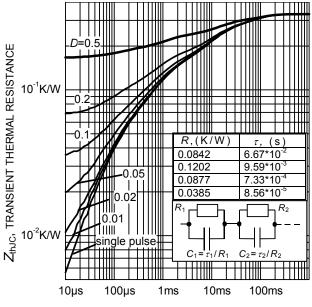


Figure 19. Typical Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width  $(D=t_P/T)$ 

 $t_{\rm P}$ , PULSE WIDTH





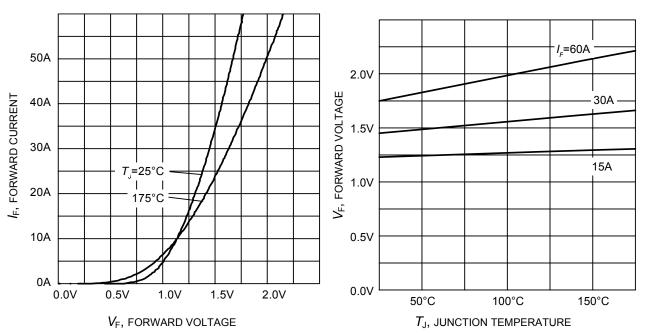
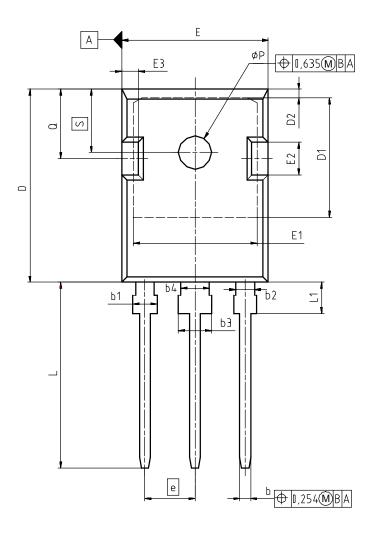


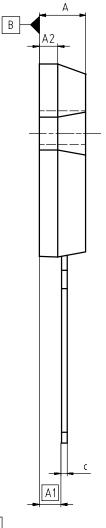
Figure 20. Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

Figure 21. Typical diode forward voltage as a function of junction temperature

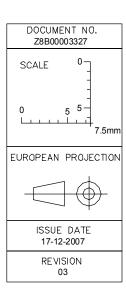


# PG-TO247-3

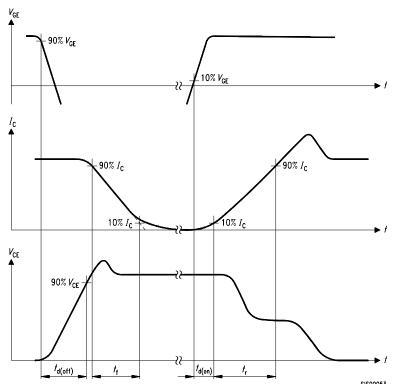




DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES			
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX		
Α	4.90	5.16	0.193	0.203		
A1	2.27	2.53	0.089	0.099		
A2	1.85	2.11	0.073	0.083		
Ь	1.07	1.33	0.042	0.052		
b1	1.90	2.41	0.075	0.095		
ь2	1.90	2.16	0.075	0.085		
b3	2.87	3.38	0.113	0.133		
Ь4	2.87	3.13	0.113	0.123		
С	0.55	0.68	0.022	0.027		
D	20.82	21.10	0.820	0.831		
□1	16.25	17.65	0.640	0.695		
D2	1.05	1.35	0.041	0.053		
E	15.70	16.03	0.618	0.631		
E1	13.10	14.15	0.516	0.557		
E2	3.68	5.10	0.145	0.201		
E3	1.68	2.60	0.066	0.102		
e	5.	5.44		0.214		
N	;	3		3		
L	19.80	20.31	0.780	0.799		
L1	4.17	4.47	0.164	0.176		
øΡ	3.50	3.70	0.138	0.146		
Q	5.49	6.00	0.216	0.236		
S	6.04	6.30	0.238	0.248		







 $di_{F}/dt \qquad t_{rr} = t_{S} + t_{F}$   $Q_{rr} = Q_{S} + Q_{F}$   $t_{rr} = t_{S} + t_{F}$   $Q_{rr} = Q_{S} + Q_{F}$   $Q_{s} = t_{F} + t_{F}$   $Q_{s} = t_{F$ 

Figure C. Definition of diodes switching characteristics

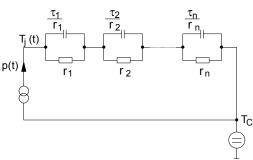


Figure A. Definition of switching times

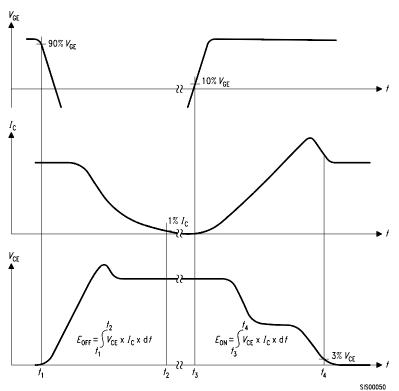


Figure D. Thermal equivalent circuit

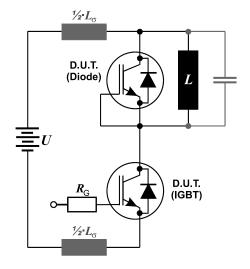


Figure B. Definition of switching losses

Figure E. Dynamic test circuit





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