Line-up of products with built-in video amplifier and video driver

3-input, 1-output video switch

BH76330FVM, BH76331FVM, BH76332FVM, BH76333FVM

General

BH76330FVM, BH76331FVM, BH76332FVM, and BH76333FVM are video signal switching ICs, each with three inputs and one circuit input, which feature wide dynamic range and frequency response. Since these ICs can be used with low voltage starting at VCC = 2.8 V, they are applicable not only in stationary devices but also in mobile devices.

This product line-up supports a broad range of input signals, depending on whether or not a 6-dB video amplifier and video driver are included and what combination of sync tip clamp type and bias (resistor termination) type inputs are used.

Features

- 1) Able to use a wide range of power supply voltage, from 2.8 V to 5.5 V
- 2) Wide output dynamic range
- 3) Excellent frequency response (BH76330FVM and BH76331FVM: 100 kHz/10 MHz 0 dB [Typ.], BH76332FVM and BH76333FVM: 100 kHz/30 MHz 0 dB [Typ.])
- 4) No crosstalk between channels (Typ. -65 dB, f = 4.43 MHz)
- 5) Built-in standby function, circuit current during standby is 0 μA (Typ.)
- 6) Sync tip clamp input (BH76330FVM, BH76332FVM)
- 7) Bias input (Zin = 150 k Ω) (BH76331FVM, BH76333FVM)
- 8) 6-dB amp and 75 Ω driver are built in (BH76330FVM, BH76331FVM)
- 9) Enables two load drivers [when using output coupling capacitor] (BH76330FVM, BH76331FVM)
- 10) Able to be used without output coupling capacitor (BH76330FVM)
- 11) MSOP8 compact package

Applications

Input switching in car navigation systems, TVs, DVD systems, etc.

Line-up

| | BH76330FVM | BH76331FVM | BH76332FVM | BH76333FVM | |
|--------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------------|--|
| Supply voltage | | 2.8 V to | to 5.5 V | | |
| Amp gain | 6 | dB | -0.1 dB | | |
| Video driver | Inclu | uded | _ | | |
| Frequency response | 100 kHz/10 MI | Hz, 0 dB (Typ.) | 100 kHz/30 MI | Hz, 0 dB (Typ.) | |
| lanut tuno | Sync tip Bias | | Sync tip | Bias | |
| Input type | clamp (Zin = 150 k Ω) | | clamp | $(Zin = 150 k\Omega)$ | |

■ Absolute maximum ratings (Ta = 25°C)

| Parameter | Symbol | Limits | Unit |
|-----------------------------|----------|--------------|------|
| Supply voltage | VCC | 7.0 | V |
| Power dissipation | Pd | 470 *1 | mW |
| Input voltage range | V_{IN} | 0 to VCC+0.2 | V |
| Operating temperature range | Topr | -40 to +85 | °C |
| Storage temperature range | Tstg | -55 to +125 | °C |

^{*}¹ When used while Ta = 25°C, 4.7 mW is dissipated per 1°C Mounted on 70 mm x 70 mm x 1.6 mm glass epoxy board

Operation range (Ta = 25℃)

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max | Unit |
|----------------|--------|------|------|-----|------|
| Supply voltage | VCC | 2.8 | 5.0 | 5.5 | V |

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● Electrical characteristics 1 (unless otherwise specified, Ta = 25°C, VCC = 5 V)

| D | O:ll | Тур. | | 1.1 | O a sa altiti a sa a | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------|---------|-------|-------|--|------------------|--|
| Parameter | Symbol | 76330 | 76331 | 76332 | 76333 | Unit | Conditions |
| Circuit current 1 | ICC1 | 10 |) | Ş | | mA | When no signal |
| Circuit current 2 | ICC2 | | 0. | 0 | | μΑ | During standby |
| | ICC3-1 | 11 | 1 | 1 | 0 | | During output of color bar signal |
| Circuit current 3 | ICC3-2 | 17 | | _ | | mA | During output of color bar signal |
| | 1003-2 | 17 | | | | | (no C in output) |
| Maximum output level | Vом | 4.0 | 6 | 3.8 | 3.4 | Vpp | f = 10 kHz, THD = 1% |
| Voltage gain | G_V | 6.0 | 0 | -0 | .1 | dB | Vin = 1.0 Vpp, f = 100 kHz |
| Frequency response | G_{F1} | 0 | | _ | - | dB | Vin = 1.0 Vpp, f = 10 MHz/100 kHz |
| Frequency response | G_{F2} | _ | - | C |) | dB | Vin = 1.0 Vpp, f = 30 MHz/100 kHz |
| Crosstalk between channels | C_{T} | -65 | | | | dB | Vin = 1.0 Vpp, f = 4.43 MHz |
| Mute attenuation | M_T | | -6 | 5 | | dB | Vin = 1.0 Vpp, f = 4.43 MHz |
| CTL pin switch level | VTHH | | 1.2 | Min | | V | High level threshold voltage |
| - | VTHL | | 0.45 | Max | | V | Low level threshold voltage |
| CTL pin inflow current | I _{THH} | | 50 | Max | | μA | CTL pin = 2.0 V applied |
| Input impedance | Zin | _ | 150 | _ | 150 | kΩ | |
| Differential gain | D_G | | 0. | 3 | | % | Vin = 1.0 Vpp |
| | D _P -1 | 0.7 | 7 | 0. | 3 | | Standard stair step signal |
| Differential phase | D _P -2 | 0.0 | 0.0 – | | | deg. | Same condition as above |
| | Dp-Z | 0.0 | | | | (no C in output) | |
| Y-related S/N | SN_Y | +75 +78 | | dB | Vin = 1.0 Vpp, bandwidth: 100 k to 6 MHz | | |
| | | 173 | | 4.5 | 100% white video signal | | |
| C-related S/N [AM] | SN _{CA} | | +75 | | | dB | Vin = 1.0 Vpp, bandwidth: 100 to 500 kHz |
| C-related S/N [PM] | SN _{CP} | | +6 | 35 | | <u> </u> | 100% chroma voltage signal |

■ Electrical characteristics 2 (unless otherwise specified, Ta = 25°C, VCC = 3 V)

| D | 0 | Тур. | | Lloit | Conditions | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------|-------|---------|-------|------------|-------------------------|--|
| Parameter | Symbol | 76330 | 76331 | 76332 | 76333 | Unit | Conditions |
| Circuit current 1 | ICC1 | 8 | .5 | 8. | 0 | mA | When no signal |
| Circuit current 2 | ICC2 | | 0. | .0 | | μΑ | During standby |
| | ICC3-1 | 9 | .5 | 9. | 0 | mA | During output of color bar signal |
| Circuit current 3 | ICC3-2 | 15.5 | | | | | During output of color bar signal |
| | 1003-2 | 15.5 | | _ | | | (no C in output) |
| Maximum output level | Vом | 2.7 | 2.8 | 1.8 | 1.9 | Vpp | f = 10 kHz, THD = 1% |
| Voltage gain | G∨ | 6 | .0 | -0 | .1 | dB | Vin = 1.0 Vpp, f = 100 kHz |
| Eroguanov raspansa | G_{F1} | (| 0 | | - | dB | Vin = 1.0 Vpp, f = 10 MHz/100 kHz |
| Frequency response | G_{F2} | - | = | C | 1 | dB | Vin = 1.0 Vpp, f = 30 MHz/100 kHz |
| Crosstalk between channels | C _T | -65 | | | | dB | Vin = 1.0 Vpp, f = 4.43 MHz |
| Mute attenuation | M_{T} | | -6 | 65 | | dB | Vin = 1.0 Vpp, f = 4.43 MHz |
| CTI win assistability of | VTHH | | 1.2 | Min | | V | High level threshold voltage |
| CTL pin switch level | VTHL | | | Max | | V | Low level threshold voltage |
| CTL pin inflow current | I _{THH} | | 50 | Max | | μΑ | CTL pin = 2.0 V applied |
| Input impedance | Zin | _ | 150 | | 150 | kΩ | |
| Differential gain | D_G | 0.3 | 0.7 | 0. | 3 | % | Vin = 1.0 Vpp |
| | D _P -1 | 1 | .0 | 0. | 3 | | Standard stair step signal |
| Differential phase | D 3 | 0.5 | | _ | | deg. | Same condition as above |
| | D _P -2 | 0.5 | | | | | (no C in output) |
| Y-related S/N | SNy | | 75 | . 70 | | dB | Vin = 1.0 Vpp, bandwidth: 100 k to 6 MHz |
| r-related 3/IN | SINY | + | +75 +78 | | UD | 100% white video signal | |
| C-related S/N [AM] | SN _{CA} | +75 | | | | dB | Vin = 1.0 Vpp, bandwidth: 100 to 500 kHz |
| C-related S/N [PM] | SN _{CP} | +65 | | | | dB | 100% chroma video signal |

(Note) Re: ICC3, V_{OM} , G_{V} , G_{F} , C_{T} , M_{T} , D_{G} , D_{P} , SN_{Y} , SN_{CA} , and SN_{CP} parameters

BH76330FVM and BH76331FVM: RL = 150 Ω BH76332FVM and BH76333FVM: RL = 10 k Ω

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Control pin settings

| | CTL | | | |
|------|---------|---------|--|--|
| | Α | В | | |
| STBY | L(OPEN) | L(OPEN) | | |
| IN1 | L(OPEN) | Н | | |
| IN2 | Н | L(OPEN) | | |
| IN3 | Н | Н | | |

Block diagram

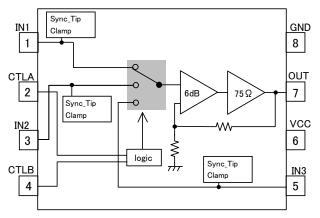


Fig.1 BH76330FV

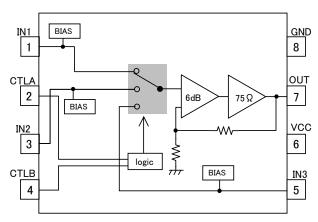


Fig.2 BH76331FV

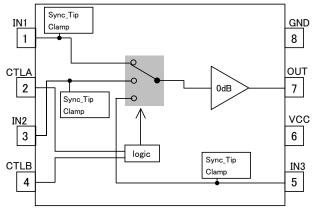


Fig. 3 BH76332FV

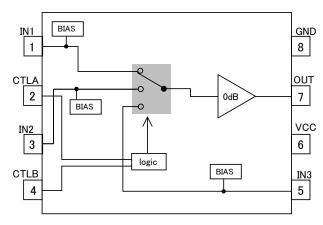


Fig. 4 BH76333FV

● I/O equivalent circuit diagrams

Input pins

| | Sync tip clamp input | | | Bias input | | |
|--|----------------------|--------------------|---|--------------------|---------------------|--|
| BH76330F | FVM/BH763 | 332FVM | BH76331 | FVM/BH76 | 333FVM | |
| Pin No. | Name | Equivalent circuit | Pin No. | Name | Equivalent circuit | |
| 1 3 5 | IN1 IN2 IN3 | N 100Ω | 1 3 5 | IN1 IN2 IN3 | IN 100Ω \$150kΩ ₩ | |
| Video signal input pin is used for sync tip clamp input. | | | Video signal input pin is used for bias type input. Input impedance is 150 k Ω . | | | |
| - DC potential BH76330FVM: 1.5 V BH76332FVM: 1.0 V | | | • DC pot BH76331 | ential FVM: 3.1 | V BH76333FVM: 2.5 V | |

Control pins

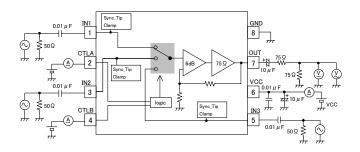
| O O THE OT PI | Control pino | | | | | |
|---|--------------|----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Pin No. | Name | Equivalent circuit | | | | |
| 2 4 | CTLA CTLB | 200kΩ 200kΩ 200kΩ 200kΩ | | | | |
| Switches operation mode [active or standby] and input | | | | | | |
| pin. | | | | | | |
| Threshold | level is 0.4 | 5 V to 1.2 V. | | | | |

Output pin

| With video BH76330F | 31FVM | Without video driver BH76332FVM/BH76333FVM | | | |
|--|----------|---|--------------------------|----------|---------------------|
| Pin No. | Name | Equivalent circuit | Pin No. | Name | |
| 7 | OUT | OUT | 7 | OUT | OUT 3.0mA |
| Video signal output pin. Able to drive loads up to 75 Ω | | | Video signal output pin. | | |
| (dual drive). | | | | | |
| · DC potential | | | DC potential | | |
| BH76330F | VM: 0.16 | V BH76331FVM: 2.5 V | BH76332 | FVM: 0.3 | V BH76333FVM: 1.8 V |

Note 1) The above DC potential is only when VCC = 5 V. This value is a reference value and is not guaranteed. Note 2) Numerical values shown in these figures are design values, and compliance to standards is not guaranteed.

Test Circuit Diagrams



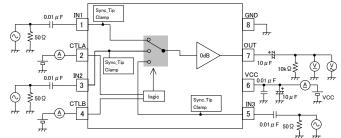
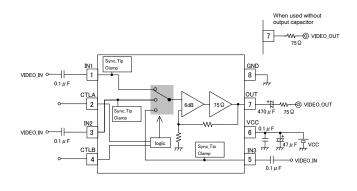


Fig. 5 BH76330FV/BH76331FV Test Circuit Diagram

Fig. 6 BH76332FV/BH76333FV Test Circuit Diagram

Test circuit diagrams are used for shipment inspections, and differ from application circuits.

Application circuit examples



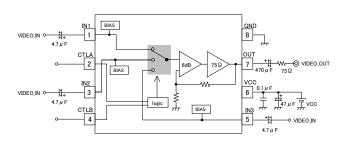
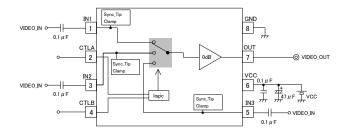


Fig. 7 BH76330FV

Fig. 8 BH76331FV



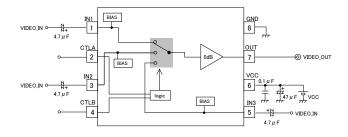


Fig. 9 BH76332FV

Fig. 10 BH76333FV

See pages 6/16 to 10/16 for description of how to determine the capacity of I/O coupling capacitors.

Cautions for selection and use of application parts

When using this IC by itself ①

| Input type | Input impedance Zin | Capacity of input coupling capacitor (recommended value) | Capacity of output coupling capacitor (recommended value) |
|----------------|------------------------|--|---|
| Sync_Tip_Clamp | 10 ΜΩ | 0.1 µF | |
| Bias | 150 kΩ | 4.7 μF | 470 μF to 1000 μF |

Method for determining capacity of input coupling capacitor

The HPF is comprised of an input coupling capacitor and the internal input impedance Zin of the IC. Since the fc value of this HPF is determined using the following equation (a), the above recommended capacity for the input capacitor is derived. Usually, the cutoff frequency fc is several Hz.

$$fc = 1 / (2\pi \times C \times Zin) \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot (a)$$

When evaluating the sag characteristics and determining the capacity of the capacitor during video signal input, a horizontal stripe signal called "H bar" (shown in Fig. 10) is suitable, and this type of signal is used instead of a color bar signal to evaluate characteristics and determine capacity.



Fig.11 Example of Screen with Obvious Sag (H-bar Signal)

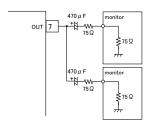
Method for determining capacity of output coupling capacitor

The output pins of models with a 75Ω driver [BH76330FVM and BH76331FVM] have an HPF comprised of an output coupling capacitor and load resistance R_L (= 150Ω). When fc is set to approximately 1 Hz or 2 Hz, the capacity of the output coupling capacitor needs to be approximately 470 μ F to 1000 μ F.

As for models without the 75Ω driver, an HPF is similarly comprised using the capacity of the output coupling capacitor and the input impedance of the IC connected at the next stage, and the capacitance required for the output coupling capacitor should be estimated using equation (a).

When this IC is used as a standalone device ②

In models that include a 75Ω driver [BH76330FVM and BH76331FVM], up to two monitors (loads) can be connected (a connection example is shown in Fig. 12). When there are multiple loads, the number of output coupling capacitors must be increased or a larger capacitance must be used, based on the table shown below.



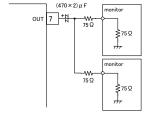


Fig. 12 (a) Application Circuit Example 1 (Two Drives)

Fig. 12 (b) Application Circuit Example 2 (Two Drives)

| Application circuit example | No. of output capacitors | Capacitance per output capacitor (recommended values) |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------|---|
| Fig. 12 (a) | No. of drives required | 470 μF to 1000 μF (same as with one drive) |
| Fig. 12 (b) | 1 | (No. of drive × 470 μF to 1000) uF |

When this IC is used as a standalone device 3

The BH76330FVM is the only model that can be used without an output coupling capacitor.

This use method not only enables reductions in board space and part-related costs, but it is able to improve the sag characteristics by improving low-range frequency response. However, when the output coupling capacitor is omitted, a direct current flows to the connected set, so the specifications of the connected set should be noted carefully before starting use.

Note also that only one load can be connected when the output coupling capacitor is omitted.

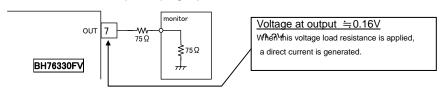


Fig.13 Application Example without Output Coupling Capacitor

When using several of these ICs ①

When several of these ICs are used, it enables applications in which separate images are output to the car navigation system's front and rear monitors.

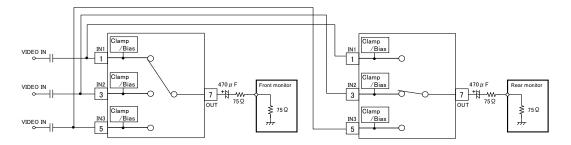


Fig.14 Application Example when Using Several ICs

When several ICs are used at the same time, the number of parallel connections of input impedance equals the number of ICs being used, which reduces the input impedance. This also raises the fc value of the HPF formed at the input pin block, so the capacitance of the input coupling capacitor must be increased according to equation (a). The recommended values for calculation results are listed in the table below.

When a clamp is used as the input type, the original input impedance becomes much greater, and if two or three are used at the same time there is no need to change the capacitance of the input coupling capacitor.

| Input type | Input impedance per IC | Number of ICs used | Total input impedance | Capacitance of input coupling capacitor (recommended values) |
|----------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Sync_Tip_Clamp | Approx. 10 MΩ | 2 | Approx. 5 MΩ | 0.1 μF |
| | | 3 | Approx. 3 M Ω | 0.1 µF |
| Bias | 150 kΩ | 2 | 75 kΩ | 6.8 μF~ |
| | | 3 | 50 kΩ | 10 μF~ |

When using several of these ICs ②

When three bias input type models (BH76331FVM or BH76333FVM) are used in parallel, they can be used for RGB signal switching applications. Likewise, when one clamp input type model (BH76330FVM or BH76332FVM) is connected in parallel with two bias input type models (a total of three ICs used in parallel), they can be used for component signal switching applications. The same method can be used to determine the capacitance of I/O coupling capacitors of these applications.

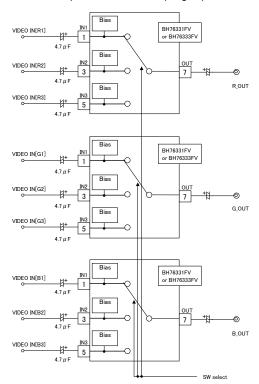


Fig. 15 (a). RGB Signal Switching Application Example (using three bias input type models in parallel)

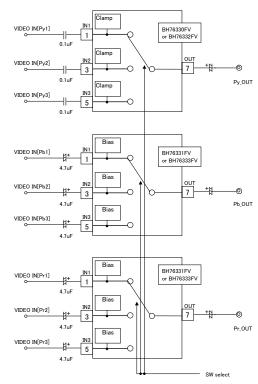


Fig. 15 (b). Component Signal Switching Application Example (using one clamp input type model and two bias input type models in parallel)

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Cautions for use

- 1. The numerical values and data shown here are typical design values, not guaranteed values.
- The application circuit examples show recommended circuits, but characteristics should be checked carefully before using
 these circuits. If any external part constants are modified before use, factors such as variation in all external parts and
 ROHM LSI ICs, including not only static characteristics but also transient characteristics, should be fully considered to set
 an ample margin.
- 3. Absolute maximum ratings

If the absolute maximum ratings for applied voltage and/or operation temperature are exceeded, LSI damage may result. Therefore, do not apply voltage or use in a temperature that exceeds these absolute maximum ratings. If it is possible that absolute maximum ratings will be exceeded, use a physical safety device such as a fuse and make sure that no conditions that might exceed the absolute maximum ratings will be applied to the LSI IC.

- 4. GND potential
 - Regardless of the operation mode, the voltage of the GND pin should be at least the minimum voltage. Actually check whether or not the voltage at each pin, including transient phenomena, is less than the GND pin voltage.
- 5. Thermal design
 - The thermal design should be done using an ample margin that takes into consideration the allowable dissipation under actual use conditions.
- 6. Shorts between pins and mounting errors
 - When mounting LSI ICs onto the circuit board, make sure each LSI's orientation and position is correct. The ICs may become damaged if they are not mounted correctly when the power is turned on. Similarly, damage may also result if a short occurs, such as when a foreign object is positioned between pins in an IC, or between a pin and a power supply or GND connection.
- 7. Operation in strong electromagnetic field
 When used within a strong electromagnetic field, evaluate carefully to avoid the risk of operation faults.
- 8. Place the power supply's decoupling capacitor as close as possible to the VCC pin (PIN 6) and GND pin (PIN 8).
- 9. With a clamp input type model (BH76330FVM or BH76332FVM), if any unused input pins are left open they will oscillate, so unused input pins should instead be connected to GND via a capacitor or else directly connected to VCC.
- 10. With models that do not include a 75Ω driver (BH76332FVM or BH76333FVM), in some cases the capacitance added to the set board may cause the peak frequency response to occur at a high frequency. To lower the peak frequency, connect in series resistors having resistance of several dozen Ω to several hundred Ω as close as possible to the output pin.

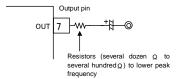
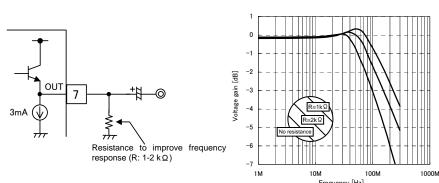
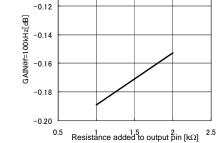


Fig.16 Positions where Resistors are Inserted to Lower Peak Frequency Response in BH76332FV or BH76333FV

11. Frequency response in models that do not include a 75- Ω driver (BH76332FVM and BH76333FVM) was measured as 100 kH/30 MHz: 0 dB (Typ.) in the application circuit examples (shown in Fig. 9 and Fig. 10), and when resistance of about 1 or 2 k Ω is applied from the IC's output pin to GND, this frequency response can be improved (the lower limit of the applied resistance should be 1 k Ω). In such cases, gain is reduced, since the output voltage is divided by the added resistance and the output resistance of the IC.





-0.10

- (a) Resistor insertion points
- (b) Frequency response changes when resistance is inserted Input amplitude: 1 Vpp, Output load resistance: 10 k Ω Other constants are as in application examples (Figs. 9 & 10)
- (c) Voltage gain fluctuation when resistance is inserted [f = 100 kHz] (Voltage gain without inserted resistance: -0.11 dB)

Fig.17 Result of Resistance Inserted to Improve BH76332FVM/BH76333FVM Frequency Response

12. With clamp input type models (BH76330FVM and BH76332FVM), if the termination impedance of the video input pin becomes higher, sync contractions or oscillation-related problems may occur. Evaluate temperature and other characteristics carefully and use at 1 k Ω or less.

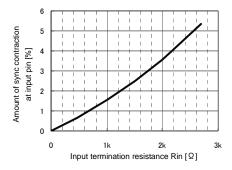


Fig. 18. Relation between Input Pin Termination Impedance and Amount of Sync Contraction

Evaluation board pattern diagram and circuit diagram



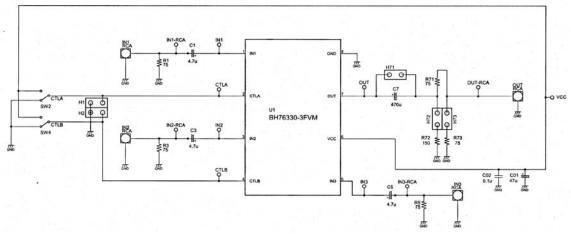


Fig. 19. Evaluation Board Circuit Diagram

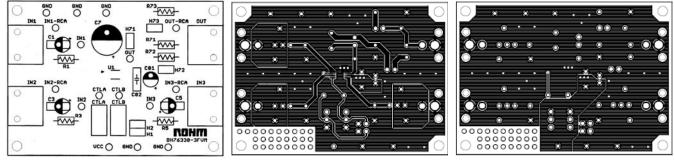


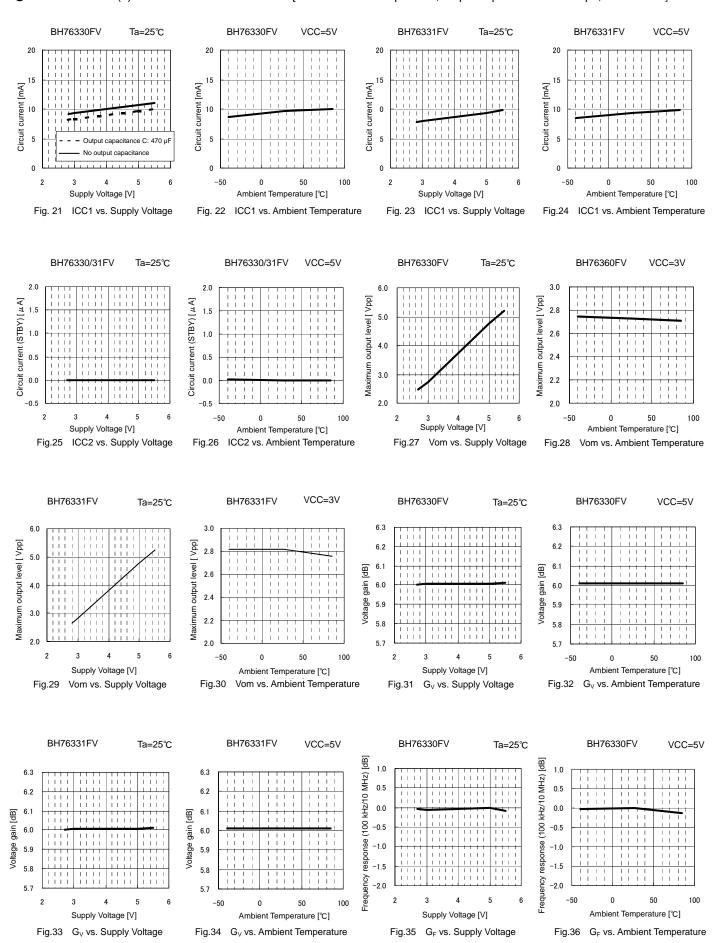
Fig. 20. Evaluation Board Pattern Diagram

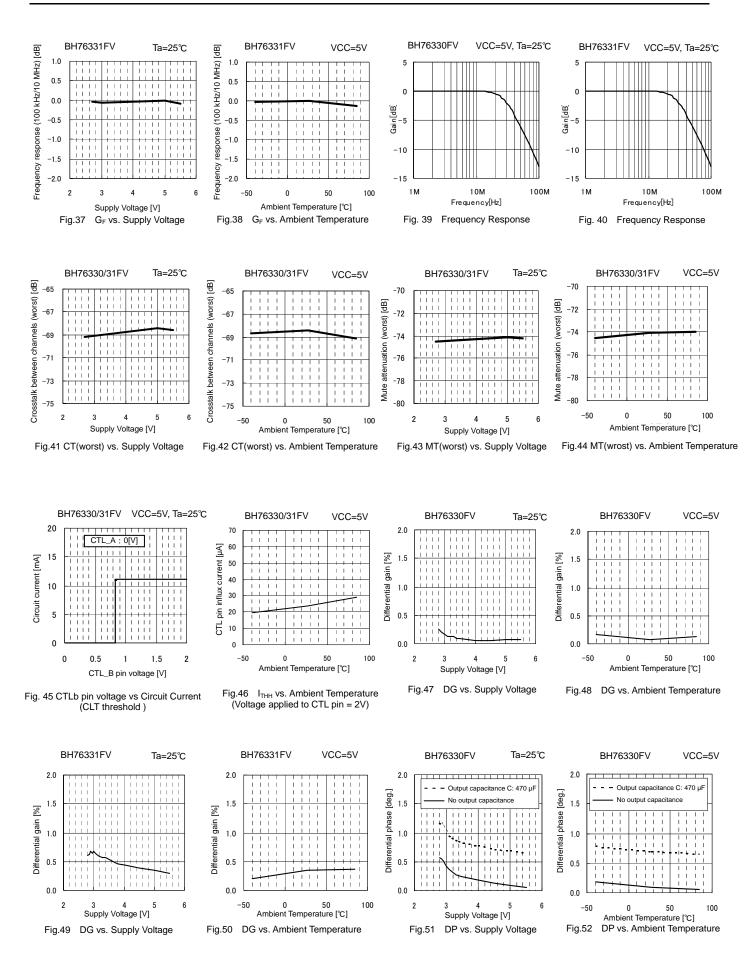
Parts list

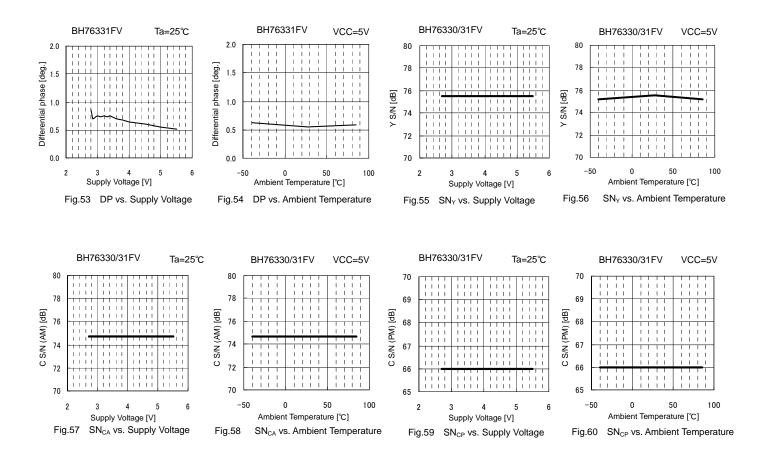
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| Syml | bol | | Function | Recommended value | Comments |
|------|-----|----|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R1 | R3 | R5 | Input terminating resistor | 75 Ω | - |
| C1 | С3 | C5 | Input coupling capacitor | See pages 6/16 to 7/16 to determine | B characteristics recommended |
| R71 | | | Output resistor | 75 Ω | _ |
| C7 | | | Output coupling capacitor | See pages 6/16 to 7/16 to determine | B characteristics recommended |
| C01 | | | | 10 μF | |
| C02 | | | Decoupling capacitor | 0.1 μF | B characteristics recommended |

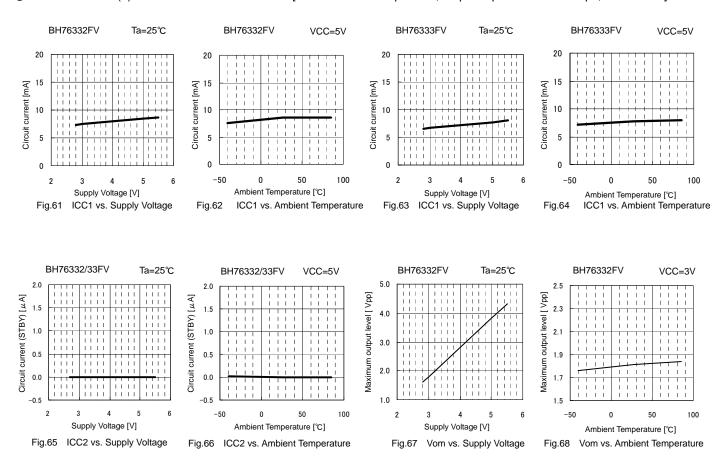
■ Reference data (1) BH76330FVM/BH76331FVM [unless otherwise specified, output capacitance C: 470 μF, RL = 150 Ω]

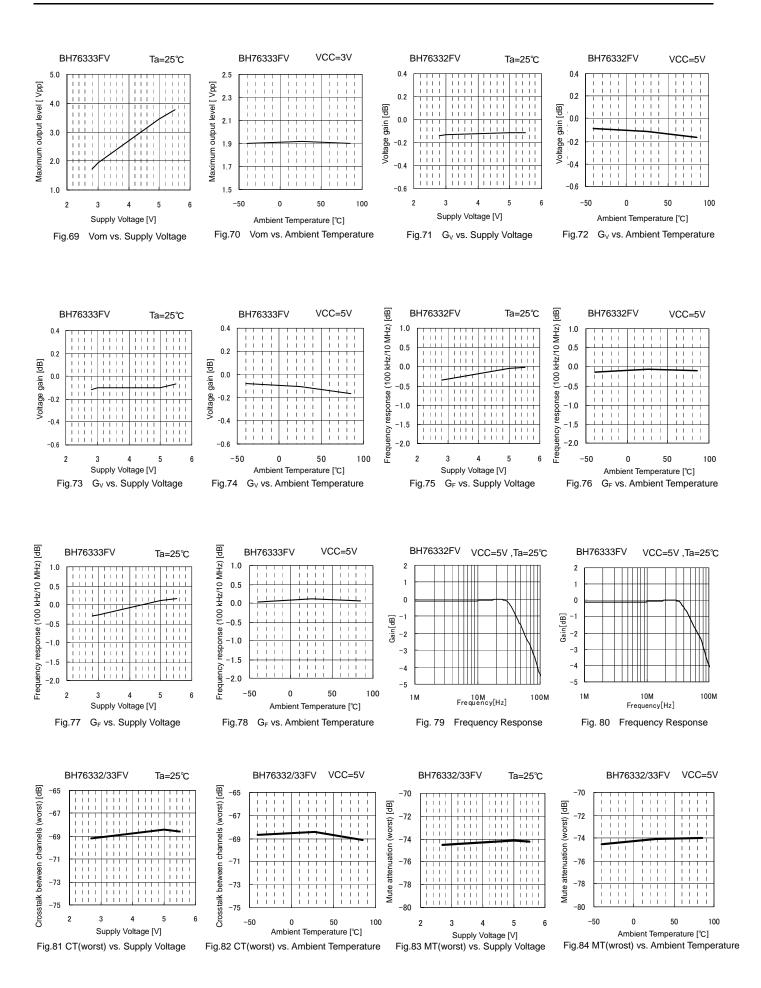


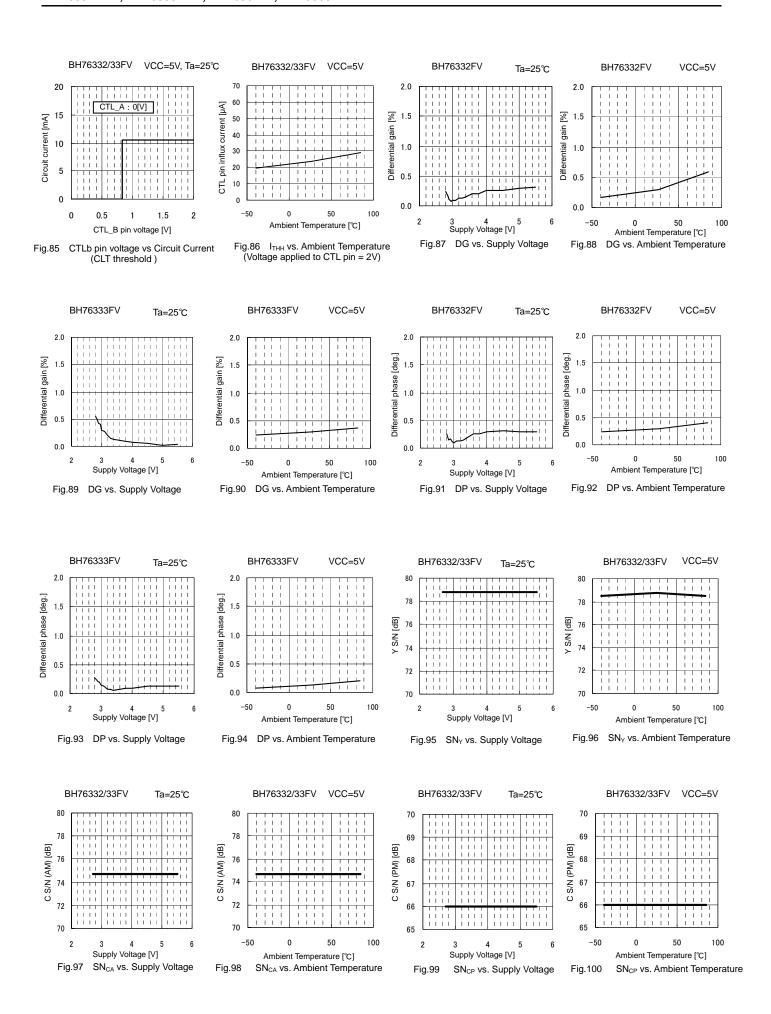




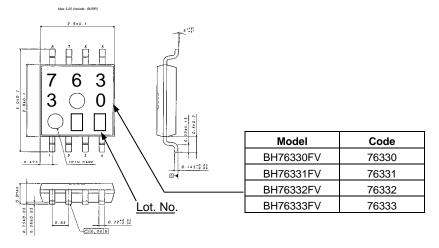
Reference data (2) BH76332FVM/BH76333FVM [unless otherwise specified, output capacitance C: 470 μF, RL = 10 kΩ]







External dimensions and label codes

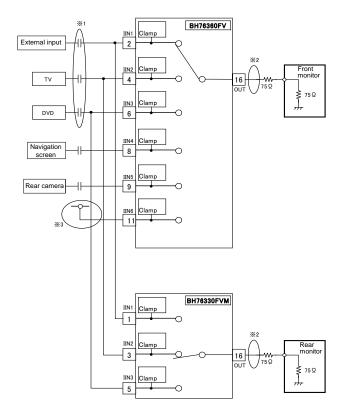


MSOP8 (unit: mm)

Fig. 101 External Dimensions of BH7633xFVM Series Package

● When used with 6-input, 1-output video switch BH7636xFV

Fig. 14 above shows an application example in which two of these ICs are used. When the similar IC models BH7636xFV and BH7633xFVM are used at the same time, the type of configuration shown below can be combined. In such cases, input coupling capacitors can be used, as in the application example in Fig. 14.



- *1 Input coupling capacitor can be used with this.
- *2 Output coupling capacitors can be omitted when using BH76330FVM or BH76360FV, and this helps reduce the number of parts.
- *3 Any inputs that are not used should be connected directly to VCC or shorted with GND via a capacitor.

Fig. 102 Application Example in which BH76330FVM and BH76360FV Are Used Concurrently

For details of BH7636xFV, see the BH7636xFV Series Application Notes.

Line-up of products with built-in video amplifier and video driver

6-input, 1-output video switch

BH76360FV, BH76361FV, BH76362FV, BH76363FV

General

BH76360FV, BH76361FV, BH76362FV, and BH76363FV are video signal switching ICs, each with six inputs and one circuit input, which feature wide dynamic range and frequency response. Since these ICs can be used with low voltage starting at VCC = 2.8 V, they are applicable not only in stationary devices but also in mobile devices.

This product line-up supports a broad range of input signals, depending on whether or not a 6-dB video amplifier and video driver are included and what combination of sync tip clamp type and bias (resistor termination) type inputs are used.

Features

- 1) Able to use a wide range of power supply voltage, from 2.8 V to 5.5 V
- 2) Wide output dynamic range
- 3) Excellent frequency response (BH76360FV, BH76361FV: 100kHz/10MHz 0dB[Typ.]、BH76362FV, BH76363FV: 100kHz/30MHz 0dB[Typ.])
- 4) No crosstalk between channels (Typ.-65dB, f=4.43MHz)
- 5) Built-in mute function (Typ.-65dB, f=4.43MHz)
- 6) Built-in standby function, circuit current during standby is 0 μA (Typ.)
- 7) Sync tip clamp input (BH76360FV, BH76362FV)
- 8) Bias input (Zin=150k Ω) (BH76361FV, BH76363FV)
- 9) 6-dB amp and 75 Ω driver are built in (BH76360FV, BH76361FV)
- 10) Enables two load drivers [when using output coupling capacitor] (BH76360FV, BH76361FV)
- 11) Able to be used without output coupling capacitor (BH76360FV)
- 12) SSOP-B16 compact package

Applications

Input switching in car navigation systems, TVs, DVD systems, etc.

●Line-up

| | BH76360FV | BH76361FV | BH76362FV | BH76363FV | | |
|--------------------|----------------|-----------------------|------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| Supply voltage | 2.8 V to 5.5 V | | | | | |
| Amp gain | 60 | dB | -0. | 1dB | | |
| Video driver | Inclu | uded | _ | | | |
| Frequency response | 100kHz/10Ml | Hz 0dB (Typ.) | 100kHz/30M | Hz 0dB (Typ.) | | |
| Input turns | Sync tip | Bias | Sync tip | Bias | | |
| Input type | clamp | $(Zin = 150 k\Omega)$ | clamp | $(Zin = 150 k\Omega)$ | | |

■Absolute maximum ratings (Ta = 25°C)

| Parameter | Symbol | Limits | Unit |
|-----------------------------|----------|--------------|------------|
| Supply voltage | VCC | 7.0 | V |
| Power dissipation | Pd | 450 *1 | mW |
| Input voltage range | V_{IN} | 0 to VCC+0.2 | V |
| Operating temperature range | Topr | -40 to +85 | $^{\circ}$ |
| Storage temperature range | Tstg | -55 to +125 | $^{\circ}$ |

^{*}¹ When used while Ta = 25°C, 4.7 mW is dissipated per 1°C Mounted on 70 mm x 70 mm x 1.6 mm glass epoxy board

Operation range (Ta = 25°C)

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max | Unit |
|----------------|--------|------|------|-----|------|
| Supply voltage | VCC | 2.8 | 5.0 | 5.5 | V |

17/32

●Electrical characteristics 1 (unless otherwise specified, Ta=25°C、VCC=5V)

| | Typ. | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------|--------------|-------|------|--|
| Parameter | Symbol | 76360 | 76361 | /ρ. 76362 | 76363 | Unit | Conditions |
| Circuit current 1 | ICC1 | | 2 | 11 | | mA | When no signal |
| Circuit current 2 | ICC2 | ' | | .0 | • | uA | During standby |
| Circuit current 2 | | | | | | uA | , |
| | ICC3-1 | T I | 3 | 1 | | | During output of color bar signal |
| Circuit current 3 | ICC3-2 | 19 | | _ | | mA | During output of color bar signal |
| | | | | 1 | | | (no C in output) |
| Maximum output level | Vом | 4 | .6 | 3.8 | 3.4 | Vpp | f=10kHz, THD=1% |
| Voltage gain | G∨ | 6 | .0 | -0 | .1 | dB | Vin=1.0Vpp, f=100kHz |
| | G _{F1} | (| 0 | _ | - | dB | Vin=1.0Vpp, f=10MHz/100kHz |
| Frequency response | G _{F2} | _ | | 0 | | dB | Vin=1.0Vpp, f=30MHz/100kHz |
| Crosstalk between channels | Ст | -6 | | -65 | | dB | Vin=1.0Vpp, f=4.43MHz |
| Mute attenuation | M _T | | -(| 65 | | dB | Vin=1.0Vpp, f=4.43MHz |
| OT: : :: ! | VTHH | 1.2 _{Min} | | | | V | High Level threshold voltage |
| CTL pin switch level | VTHL | 0.45 _{Max} | | | | V | Low Level threshold voltage |
| CTL pin inflow current | Ітнн | | | Max | | uA | CTL pin = 2.0 V applied |
| Input impedance | Zin | _ | 150 | _ | 150 | kΩ | |
| Differential gain | D_G | | 0. | | | % | Vin=1.0Vpp |
| Differential phase | D _P -1 | 0 | .7 | 0. | 3 | 4 | Standard stair step signal |
| Differential phase | D _P -2 | 0.0 | | _ | | deg. | Same condition as above (no C in output) |
| V roloted C/N | CNI | | 75 | | 70 | ٩D | Vin = 1.0 Vpp, bandwidth: 100 k to 6 MHz |
| Y-related S/N | SN_Y | + | +75 +78 | | 0 | dB | 100% white video signal |
| C-related S/N [AM] | SN _{CA} | | + | 75 | | dB | Vin = 1.0 Vpp, bandwidth: 100 to 500 kHz |
| C-related S/N [PM] | SN _{CP} | | +(| 65 | | UD | 100% chroma voltage signal |

●Electrical characteristics 2 (unless otherwise specified, Ta = 25°C, VCC = 3 V)

| Doromotor | Symbol Typ. | | | Unit | Conditions | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------|-------|--|------|--|
| Parameter | Symbol | 76360 | 76361 | 76362 | 76363 | Unit | Conditions |
| Circuit current 1 | ICC1 | | 1 | 0 | | mA | When no signal |
| Circuit current 2 | ICC2 | | 0 | .0 | | uA | During standby |
| | ICC3-1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | mA | During output of color bar signal |
| Circuit current 3 | ICC3-2 | 17 | | | | | During output of color bar signal |
| | 1003-2 | 17 | | _ | | | (no C in output) |
| Maximum output level | Vом | 2.7 | 2.8 | 1.8 | 1.9 | Vpp | f=10kHz, THD=1% |
| Voltage gain | G_V | 6 | .0 | -0 | .1 | dB | Vin=1.0Vpp, f=100kHz |
| Eroguenov reenenee | G _{F1} | (| 0 | _ | _ | dB | Vin=1.0Vpp, f=10MHz/100kHz |
| Frequency response | G_{F2} | - | _ | (|) | dB | Vin=1.0Vpp, f=30MHz/100kHz |
| Crosstalk between channels | C _T | -65 | | 35 | | dB | Vin=1.0Vpp, f=4.43MHz |
| Mute attenuation | M _T | | -(| -65 | | dB | Vin=1.0Vpp, f=4.43MHz |
| CTI min avvitah lavral | VTHH | 1.2 _{Min} | | | | V | High Level threshold voltage |
| CTL pin switch level | VTHL | 0.45 _{Max} | | | | V | Low Level threshold voltage |
| CTL pin inflow current | I _{THH} | | 50 | Max | | uA | CTL pin = 2.0 V applied |
| Input impedance | Zin | _ | 150 | _ | 150 | kΩ | |
| Differential gain | D_G | | 0 | .3 | | % | Vin=1.0Vpp |
| Differential phase | D _P -1 | 1 | .0 | 0 | .3 | dog | Standard stair step signal |
| Differential phase | D _P -2 | 0.5 | | - | | deg. | Same condition as above (no C in output) |
| Y-related S/N | SN _Y | +75 +78 | | dB | Vin = 1.0 Vpp, bandwidth: 100 k to 6 MHz 100% white video signal | | |
| C-related S/N [AM] | SN _{CA} | | + | 75 | | dB | Vin = 1.0 Vpp, bandwidth: 100 to 500 kHz |
| C-related S/N [PM] | SN _{CP} | | +(| 65 | | dB | 100% chroma video signal |

(Note) Re: ICC3, V_{OM} , G_V , G_F , C_T , M_T , D_G , D_P , SN_Y , SN_{CA} , SN_{CP} parameters

BH76360FV, BH76361FV: RL = 150 Ω BH76362FV, BH76363FV: RL = 10 k Ω

Control pin settings

| | CTLA | CTLB | CTLC | CTLD |
|------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| IN1 | L(OPEN) | L(OPEN) | L(OPEN) | Н |
| IN2 | Н | L(OPEN) | L(OPEN) | Н |
| IN3 | L(OPEN) | Н | L(OPEN) | Н |
| IN4 | Н | Н | L(OPEN) | Н |
| IN5 | L(OPEN) | L(OPEN) | Н | Н |
| IN6 | Н | L(OPEN) | Н | Н |
| MUTE | * | Н | Н | Н |
| STBY | * | * | * | L(OPEN) |

L(OPEN) or H either is possible

Block diagram

8

7

Sync_Tip Clamp

Sync_Tip Clamp

10

CTLA

9 IN5

6

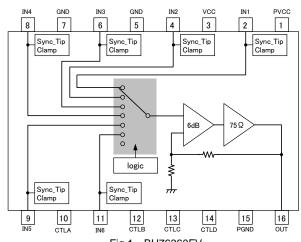


Fig.1 BH76360FV

4

3

0dB

14 CTLD

Sync_Tip Clamp

5

logic

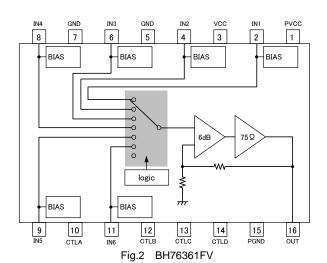
12 CTLB

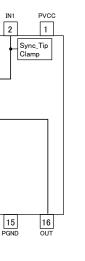
13 CTLC

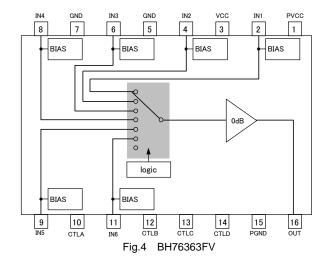
Fig.3 BH76362FV

Sync_Tip Clamp

Sync_Tip Clamp







●I/O equivalent circuit diagrams

Input pins

| Sync tip cl | amp input | | Bias input | | |
|-------------------------------|--|--------------------|-----------------------------|---|--------------------|
| BH76360F | V / BH763 | 62FV | BH76361FV / BH76363FV | | |
| PIN No. | Name | Equivalent circuit | PIN No. | Name | Equivalent circuit |
| 2 4 6 8 9 11 | IN1 IN2 IN3 IN4 IN5 IN6 | IN 100Ω | 2 4 6 8 9 11 | IN1 IN2 IN3 IN4 IN5 IN6 | 100Ω \$150kΩ |
| Video sign • DC pote BH76360F | BH76362FV : 1.0V | impedano | ce is 150 kΩ | in is used for bias type input. Input 2. BH76363FV: 2.5V | |

Control pins

| Control pine | | | | | | |
|---|------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| PIN No. | Name | Equivalent circuit | | | | |
| 10 12 13 14 | CTLA CTLB CTLC CTLD | 200kΩ 200kΩ 200kΩ 200kΩ | | | | |
| Switches operation mode [active or standby] and input | | | | | | |

Switches operation mode [active or standby] and input pin.

Threshold level is 0.45 V to 1.2 V.

Output pin

| With video BH76360F | | 61FV | Without video driver BH76362FV / BH76363FV | | |
|--|-----------|--------------------|---|----------|-----------------|
| PIN No. | Name | Equivalent circuit | PIN No. | Name | |
| 16 | OUT | OUT | 16 | OUT | OUT 3.0mA |
| Video signal output pin. Able to drive loads up to 75 Ω | | | Video signal output pin. | | |
| (dual drive | - | | | | |
| • DC pote | | | • DC pote | ential | |
| BH76360F | V : 0.16V | BH76361FV : 2.5V | BH76362 | FV: 0.3V | BH76363FV: 1.8V |

Note 1) The above DC potential is only when VCC = 5 V. This value is a reference value and is not guaranteed. Note 2) Numerical values shown in these figures are design values, and compliance to standards is not guaranteed.

●Test Circuit Diagrams

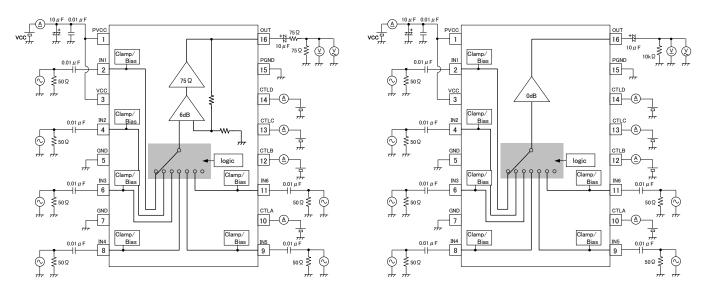
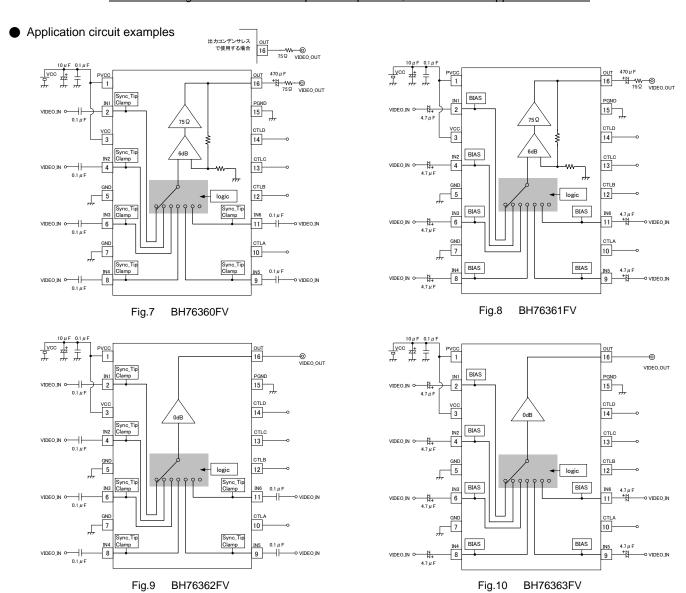


Fig.5 BH76360FV/BH76361FV Test Circuit Diagram

Fig.6 BH76362FV/BH76363FV Test Circuit Diagram

Test circuit diagrams are used for shipment inspections, and differ from application circuits.



See pages 6/16 to 10/16 for description of how to determine the capacity of I/O coupling capacitors.

Cautions for selection and use of application parts

When using this IC by itself ①

| lanut tuna | Input impedance | Capacity of input coupling | Capacity of output coupling |
|----------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Input type | Zin | capacitor (recommended value) | capacitor (recommended value) |
| Sync_Tip_Clamp | 10MΩ | 0.1uF | 470.5.4000.5 |
| Bias | 150kΩ | 4.7uF | 470uF~1000uF |

Method for determining capacity of input coupling capacitor

The HPF is comprised of an input coupling capacitor and the internal input impedance Zin of the IC. Since the fc value of this HPF is determined using the following equation (a), the above recommended capacity for the input capacitor is derived. Usually, the cutoff frequency fc is several Hz.

fc =
$$1/(2\pi \times C \times Zin) \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot (a)$$

When evaluating the sag characteristics and determining the capacity of the capacitor during video signal input, a horizontal stripe signal called "H bar" (shown in Fig. 10) is suitable, and this type of signal is used instead of a color bar signal to evaluate characteristics and determine capacity.

Fig.11 Example of Screen with Obvious Sag (H-bar Signal)

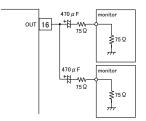
Method for determining capacity of output coupling capacitor

The output pins of models with a 75Ω driver [BH76360FV and BH76361FV] have an HPF comprised of an output coupling capacitor and load resistance R_L (= 150Ω). When fc is set to approximately 1 Hz or 2 Hz, the capacity of the output coupling capacitor needs to be approximately 470 μ F to 1000 μ F.

As for models without the 75Ω driver, an HPF is similarly comprised using the capacity of the output coupling capacitor and the input impedance of the IC connected at the next stage, and the capacitance required for the output coupling capacitor should be estimated using equation (a).

When this IC is used as a standalone device ②

In models that include a 75Ω driver [BH76360FV and BH76361FV], up to two monitors (loads) can be connected (a connection example is shown in Fig. 12). When there are multiple loads, the number of output coupling capacitors must be increased or a larger capacitance must be used, based on the table shown below.



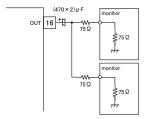


Fig. 12 (a) Application Circuit Example 1 (Two Drives)

Fig. 12 (b) Application Circuit Example 2 (Two Drives)

| Application circuit example | No. of output capacitors | Capacitance per output capacitor (recommended values) | | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------|---|--|--|
| Fig12(a) No. of drives required | | 470 μF to 1000 μF (same as with one drive) | | |
| Fig12(b) | 1 | (No. of drive × 470 μF to 1000) uF | | |

When this IC is used as a standalone device ③

The BH76360FV is the only model that can be used without an output coupling capacitor.

This use method not only enables reductions in board space and part-related costs, but it is able to improve the sag characteristics by improving low-range frequency response. However, when the output coupling capacitor is omitted, a direct current flows to the connected set, so the specifications of the connected set should be noted carefully before starting use.

Note also that only one load can be connected when the output coupling capacitor is omitted.

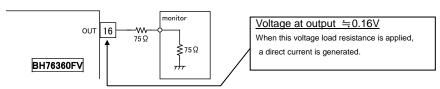


Fig.13 Application Example without Output Coupling Capacitor

When using several of these ICs ①

When several of these ICs are used, it enables applications in which separate images are output to the car navigation system's front and rear monitors.

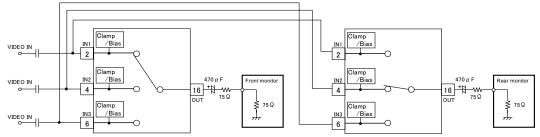


Fig.14 Application Example when Using Several ICs

When several ICs are used at the same time, the number of parallel connections of input impedance equals the number of ICs being used, which reduces the input impedance. This also raises the fc value of the HPF formed at the input pin block, so the capacitance of the input coupling capacitor must be increased according to equation (a). The recommended values for calculation results are listed in the table below.

When a clamp is used as the input type, the original input impedance becomes much greater, and if two or three are used at the same time there is no need to change the capacitance of the input coupling capacitor.

| Input type | Input impedance per IC | Number of ICs used | Total input impedance | Capacitance of input coupling capacitor (recommended values) |
|----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Occasion Time Oleman | Approx. 10 MΩ | 2 | Approx. 5 M Ω | 0.1uF |
| Sync_Tip_Clamp | | 3 | Approx. 3 MΩ | 0.1uF |
| D' | 150kΩ | 2 | 75kΩ | 6.8uF~ |
| Bias | | 3 | 50kΩ | 10uF~ |

When using several of these ICs ②

When three bias input type models (BH76361FV or BH76363FV) are used in parallel, they can be used for RGB signal switching applications. Likewise, when one clamp input type model (BH76360FV or BH76362FV) is connected in parallel with two bias input type models (a total of three ICs used in parallel), they can be used for component signal switching applications. The same method can be used to determine the capacitance of I/O coupling capacitors of these applications.

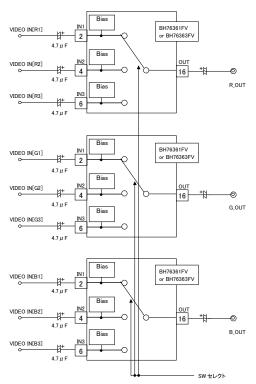


Fig. 15 (a). RGB Signal Switching Application Example (using three bias input type models in parallel)

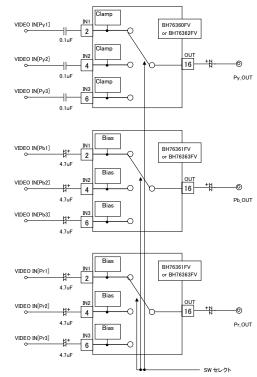


Fig. 15 (b). Component Signal Switching Application Example (using one clamp input type model and two bias input type models in parallel)

Cautions for use

- 1. The numerical values and data shown here are typical design values, not guaranteed values.
- The application circuit examples show recommended circuits, but characteristics should be checked carefully before using
 these circuits. If any external part constants are modified before use, factors such as variation in all external parts and
 ROHM LSI ICs, including not only static characteristics but also transient characteristics, should be fully considered to set
 an ample margin.
- 3. Absolute maximum ratings

If the absolute maximum ratings for applied voltage and/or operation temperature are exceeded, LSI damage may result. Therefore, do not apply voltage or use in a temperature that exceeds these absolute maximum ratings. If it is possible that absolute maximum ratings will be exceeded, use a physical safety device such as a fuse and make sure that no conditions that might exceed the absolute maximum ratings will be applied to the LSI IC.

- 4. GND potential
 - Regardless of the operation mode, the voltage of the GND pin should be at least the minimum voltage. Actually check whether or not the voltage at each pin, including transient phenomena, is less than the GND pin voltage.
- 5. Thermal design
 - The thermal design should be done using an ample margin that takes into consideration the allowable dissipation under actual use conditions.
- 6. Shorts between pins and mounting errors
 - When mounting LSI ICs onto the circuit board, make sure each LSI's orientation and position is correct. The ICs may become damaged if they are not mounted correctly when the power is turned on. Similarly, damage may also result if a short occurs, such as when a foreign object is positioned between pins in an IC, or between a pin and a power supply or GND connection.
- Operation in strong electromagnetic field
 When used within a strong electromagnetic field, evaluate carefully to avoid the risk of operation faults.
- 8. Place the power supply's decoupling capacitor as close as possible to the VCC pin (PIN 1,PIN3) and GND pin (PIN 5, PIN7, PIN15).
- 9. With a clamp input type model (BH76360FV or BH76362FV), if any unused input pins are left open they will oscillate, so unused input pins should instead be connected to GND via a capacitor or else directly connected to VCC.
- 10. With models that do not include a 75Ω driver (BH76362FV or BH76363FV), in some cases the capacitance added to the set board may cause the peak frequency response to occur at a high frequency. To lower the peak frequency, connect in series resistors having resistance of several dozen Ω to several hundred Ω as close as possible to the output pin.

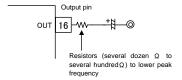
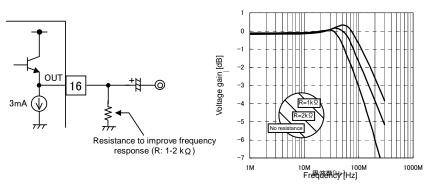
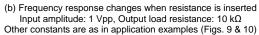
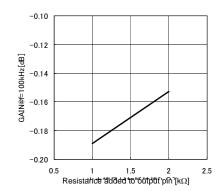


Fig.16 Positions where Resistors are Inserted to Lower Peak Frequency Response in BH76362FV or BH76363FV

11. Frequency response in models that do not include a 75- Ω driver (BH76362FV and BH76363FV) was measured as 100 kH/30 MHz: 0 dB (Typ.) in the application circuit examples (shown in Fig. 9 and Fig. 10), and when resistance of about 1 or 2 k Ω is applied from the IC's output pin to GND, this frequency response can be improved (the lower limit of the applied resistance should be 1 k Ω). In such cases, gain is reduced, since the output voltage is divided by the added resistance and the output resistance of the IC.







(c) Voltage gain fluctuation when resistance is inserted [f = 100 kHz] (Voltage gain without inserted resistance: -0.11 dB)

Fig.17 Result of Resistance Inserted to Improve BH76362FV/BH76363FV Frequency Response

(a) Resistor insertion points

12. With clamp input type models (BH76360FV and BH76362FV), if the termination impedance of the video input pin becomes higher, sync contractions or oscillation-related problems may occur. Evaluate temperature and other characteristics carefully and use at 1 k Ω or less.

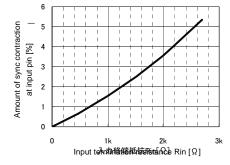


Fig. 18. Relation between Input Pin Termination Impedance and Amount of Sync Contraction

Evaluation board pattern diagram and circuit diagram

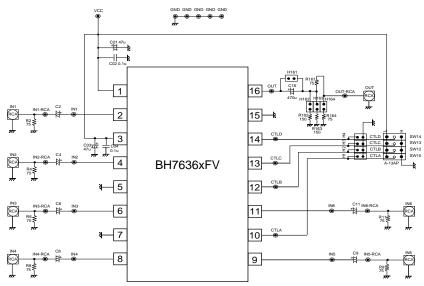
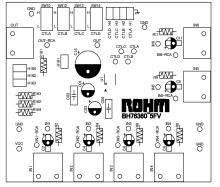
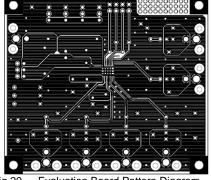


Fig.19 Evaluation Board Circuit Diagram





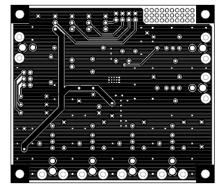
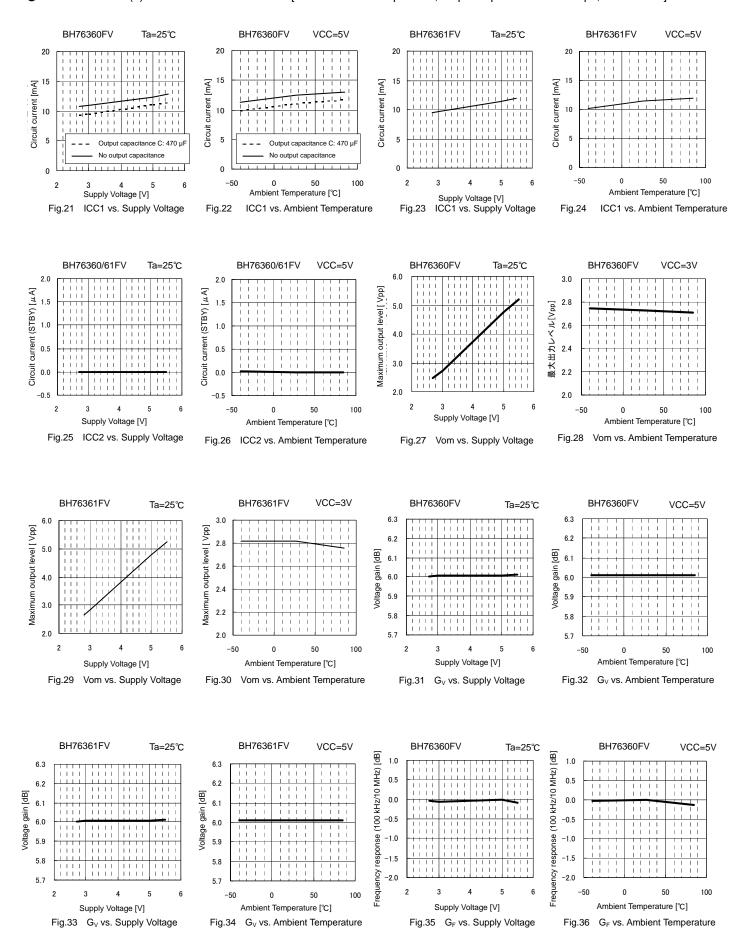


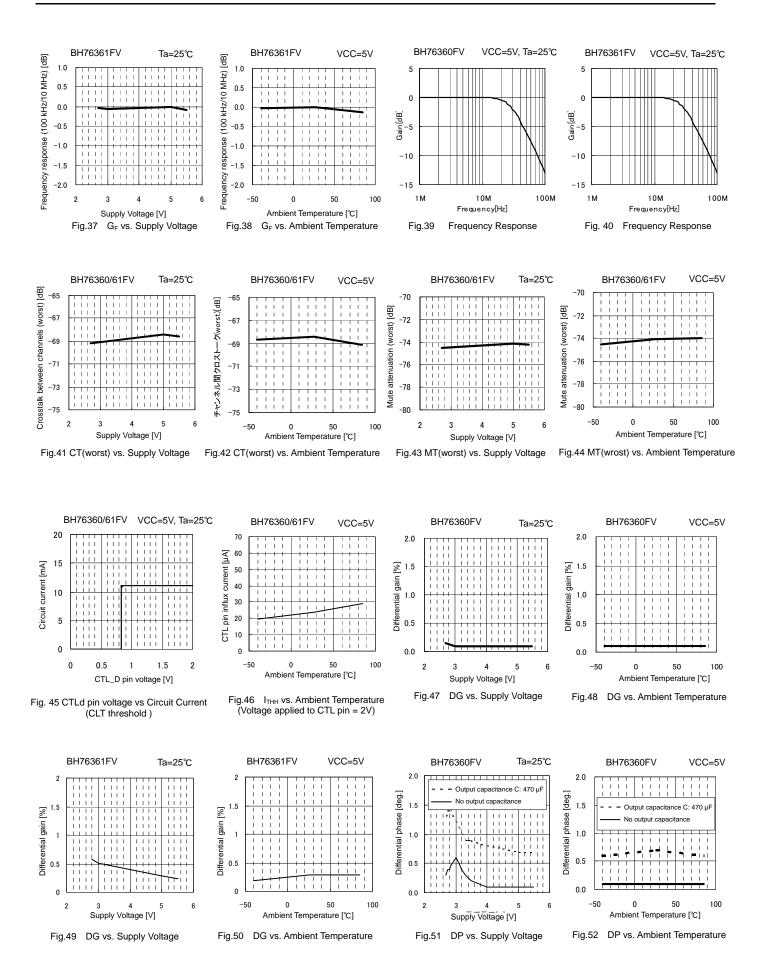
Fig.20 Evaluation Board Pattern Diagram

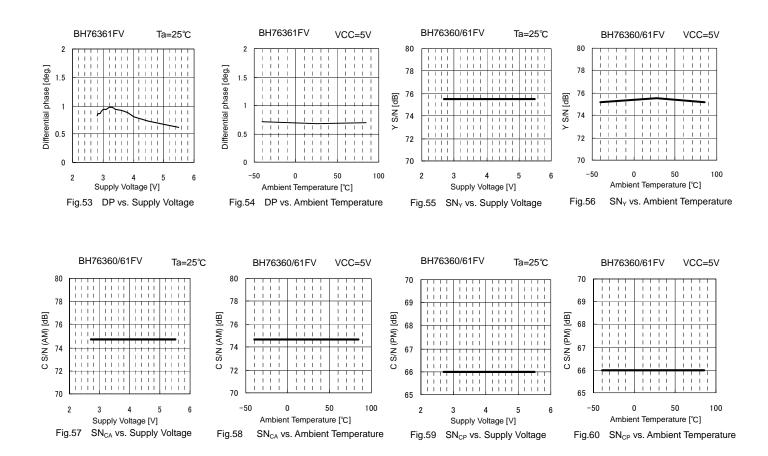
Parts list

| Symb | ol | | Function | Recommended value | Comments |
|----------|----|-----|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R2 | R4 | R6 | la | 75.0 | 1 |
| R8 | R9 | R11 | Input terminating resistor | 75 Ω | |
| C2 | C4 | C6 | Input coupling | 0 | B characteristics recommended |
| C8 | C9 | C11 | capacitor | See pages 6/16 to 7/16 to determine | |
| R161 | | | Output resistor | 75Ω | 1 |
| C16 | | | Output coupling capacitor | See pages 6/16 to 7/16 to determine | B characteristics recommended |
| C01(C03) | | | Decoupling capacitor | 10uF | |
| C02(C04) | | · | | 0.1uF | B characteristics recommended |

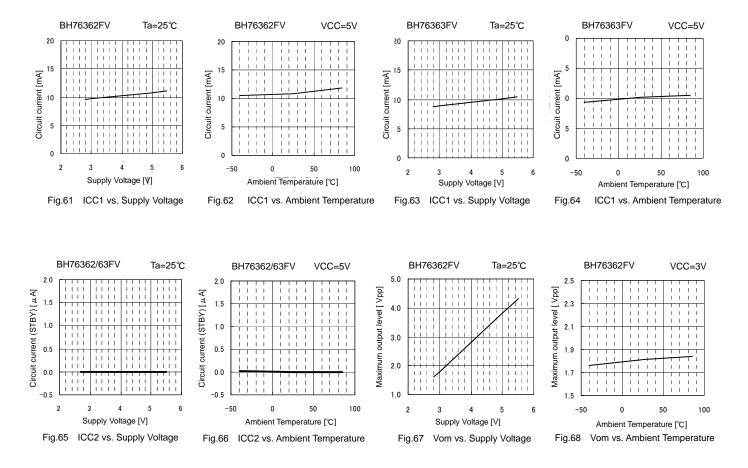
Reference data (1) BH76360FV / BH76361FV [unless otherwise specified, output capacitance C: 470 μF, RL = 150 Ω]

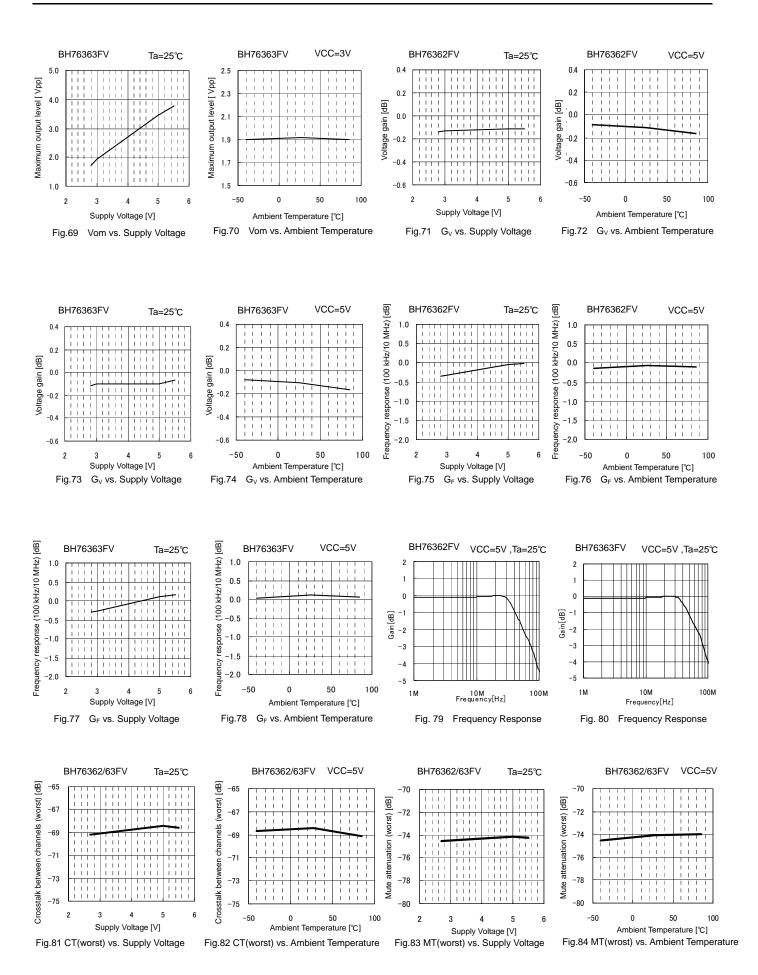


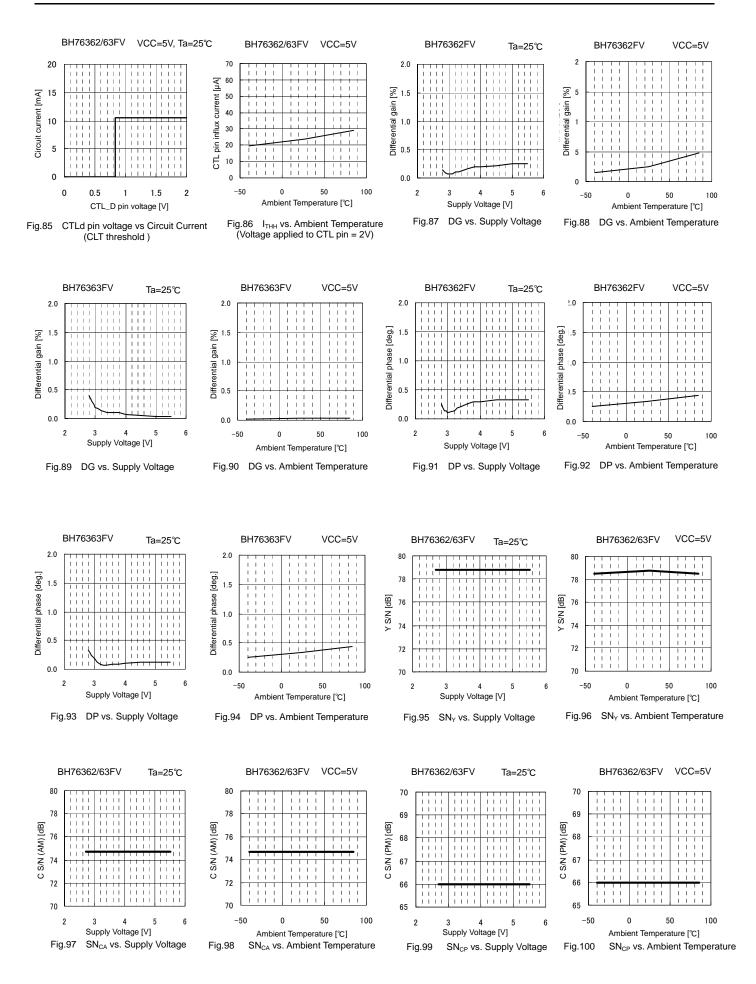




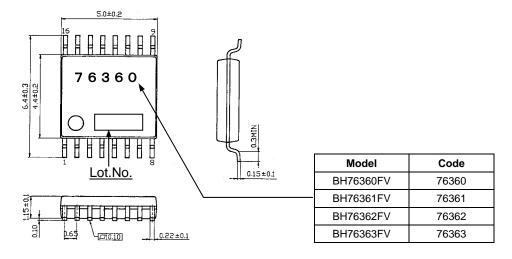
●Reference data (2) BH76362FV/BH76363FV [unless otherwise specified, output capacitance C: 470 μF, RL = 10 kΩ]







External dimensions and label codes

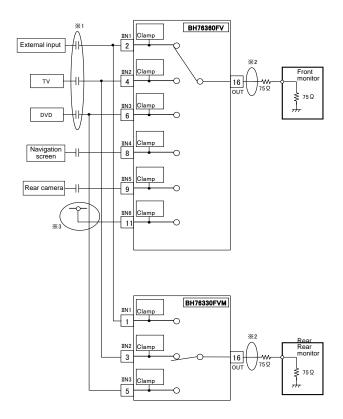


SSOP-B16 (unit: mm)

Fig.101 External Dimensions of BH7636xFV Series Package

●When used with 3-input, 1-output video switch BH7633xFVM

Fig. 14 above shows an application example in which two of these ICs are used. When the similar IC models BH7633xFVM and BH7636xFV are used at the same time, the type of configuration shown below can be combined. In such cases, input coupling capacitors can be used, as in the application example in Fig. 14.

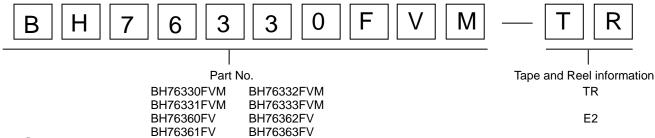


- *1 Input coupling capacitor can be used with this.
- *2 Output coupling capacitors can be omitted when using BH76330FVM or BH76360FV, and this helps reduce the number of parts.
- Any inputs that are not used should be connected directly to VCC or shorted with GND via a capacitor.

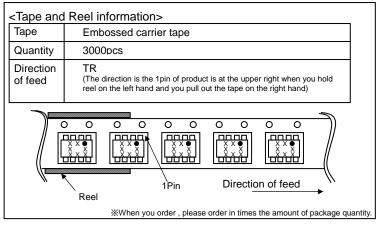
Fig.102 Application Example in which BH76330FVM and BH76360FV Are Used Concurrently

For details of BH7633xFVM, see the BH7633xFVM Series Application Notes.

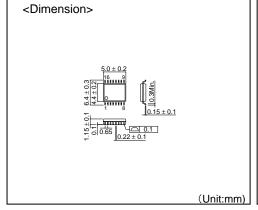
Selection of order type

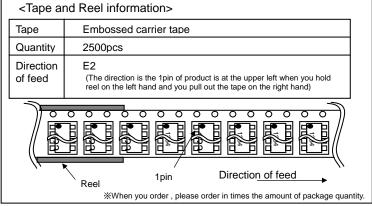


(Unit:mm)



SSOP-B16





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| JÁPAN | USA | EU | CHINA |
|---------|----------|------------|-----------|
| CLASSⅢ | CLACCIII | CLASS II b | CL ACCIII |
| CLASSIV | CLASSⅢ | CLASSⅢ | CLASSⅢ |

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 - [d] Use of our Products in places where the Products are exposed to static electricity or electromagnetic waves
 - [e] Use of our Products in proximity to heat-producing components, plastic cords, or other flammable items
 - [f] Sealing or coating our Products with resin or other coating materials
 - [g] Use of our Products without cleaning residue of flux (even if you use no-clean type fluxes, cleaning residue of flux is recommended); or Washing our Products by using water or water-soluble cleaning agents for cleaning residue after soldering
 - [h] Use of the Products in places subject to dew condensation
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- 6. In particular, if a transient load (a large amount of load applied in a short period of time, such as pulse. is applied, confirmation of performance characteristics after on-board mounting is strongly recommended. Avoid applying power exceeding normal rated power; exceeding the power rating under steady-state loading condition may negatively affect product performance and reliability.
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- 8. Confirm that operation temperature is within the specified range described in the product specification.
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For details, please refer to ROHM Mounting specification

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- 1. Product performance and soldered connections may deteriorate if the Products are stored in the places where:
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 - the Products are exposed to direct sunshine or condensation
 - [d] the Products are exposed to high Electrostatic
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- Use Products within the specified time after opening a humidity barrier bag. Baking is required before using Products of which storage time is exceeding the recommended storage time period.

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bh76331fvm - Web Page

Distribution Inventory

| | 1 |
|-----------------------------|------------|
| Part Number | bh76331fvm |
| Package | MSOP8 |
| Unit Quantity | 3000 |
| Minimum Package Quantity | 3000 |
| Packing Type | Taping |
| Constitution Materials List | inquiry |
| RoHS | Yes |