ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

BATT to GND		Continuous Power Dissipation ($T_A = +7$	
LBI, LBL, LBH, LBI1, LBI2 to GND	0.3V to minimum of	5-Pin SC70 (derate 3.1mW/°C above	+70°C)247mW
	$((V_{BATT} + 0.3V) \text{ and } +6V)$	6-Pin µDFN (derate 2.1mW°C above	+70°C)168mW
LBO, LBO1, LBO2 to GND (open-drain	n)0.3V to +6V	Junction Temperature	+150°C
LBO, LBO1, LBO2 to GND (push-pull)	0.3V to minimum of	Storage Temperature Range	65°C to +150°C
	$((V_{BATT} + 0.3V) \text{ and } +6V)$	Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)	+300°C
Input Current (all pins)	20mA		
Output Current (all pins)	20mA		

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(V_{BATT} = 1.6V \text{ to } 5.5V, T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ unless otherwise specified. Typical values are at } T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C.})$ (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Operating Voltage Range	\/5	$T_A = 0$ °C to +70°C	1.0		5.5	
(Note 2)	V _{BATT}	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$	1.2		5.5	V
Supply Current	lo	V _{BATT} = 3.7V, no load		4	7	V μA V nA
Supply Current	ΙQ	V _{BATT} = 1.8V, no load		3.2	6	μΑ
FIXED HYSTERESIS (MAX6775/N	ЛАХ6776/M	AX6779/MAX6780/MAX6781)				
		0.5% hysteresis version	1.2037	1.2159	1.2280	
LBI, LBI_ Falling Threshold (Note 3)	V _{LBIF}	5% hysteresis version	1.1493	1.1609	1.1725	V
(Note 3)		10% hysteresis version	1.0888	1.0998	1.1108	
LBI Rising Threshold	V _{LBIR}		1.2098	1.222	1.2342	V
LBI Input Leakage Current		$0.2V \le V_{LBI} \le V_{BATT} - 0.2V$	-5		+5	nA
ADJUSTABLE HYSTERESIS (MAX6777/MAX6778)						
LBL, LBH Threshold		V _{BATT} = 1.8V to 5.5V	1.2098	1.222	1.2342	V
LBL, LBH Input Leakage Current		V _{BATT} - 0.2V ≥ V _{LBL/LBH} ≥ 0.2V	-5		+5	nA

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

 $(V_{BATT} = 1.6V \text{ to } 5.5V, T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ unless otherwise specified. Typical values are at } T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C.})$ (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
LOW-BATTERY OUTPUTS (LBO, LBO1, LBO2)						
Propagation Delay	tpD	V _{LBI} _ + 100mV to V _{LBI} 100mV		9		μs
Startup Time		V _{BATT} rising above 1.6V			3	ms
0 - 11 /0 - 0		V _{BATT} ≥ 1.2V, I _{SINK} = 100μA			0.3	
Output Low (Push-Pull or Open-Drain)	VoL	V _{BATT} ≥ 2.7V, I _{SINK} = 1.2mA			0.3	V
Ореп-Біаш)		V _{BATT} ≥ 4.5V, I _{SINK} = 3.2mA			0.3	
Output High (Push-Pull)		V _{BATT} ≥ 1.6V, I _{SOURCE} = 100μA	0.8 x V _{BATT}			
	Voh	V _{BATT} ≥ 2.7V, I _{SOURCE} = 500μA	0.8 x V _{BATT}			V
		V _{BATT} ≥ 4.5V, I _{SOURCE} = 800μA	0.8 x VBATT			
Output Leakage Current (Open-Drain)		Output not asserted, V _{LBO} _ = 5.5V	-100		+100	nA

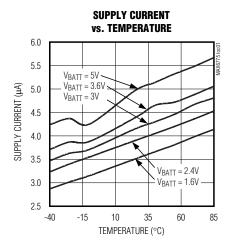
Note 1: Devices are tested at $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ and guaranteed by design for $T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} , as specified.

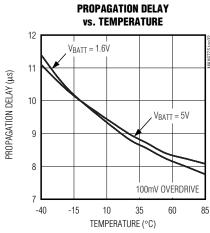
Note 2: Operating range ensures low-battery output is in the correct state. Minimum battery voltage for electrical specification is 1.6V.

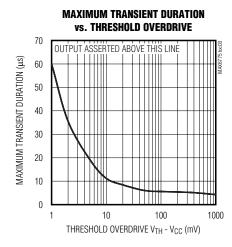
Note 3: The rising threshold is guaranteed to be higher than the falling threshold.

Typical Operating Characteristics

 $(T_A = +25^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted.})$



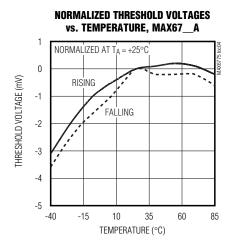


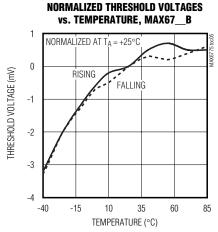


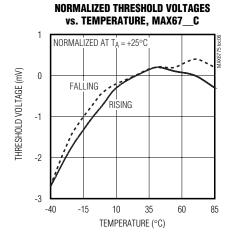
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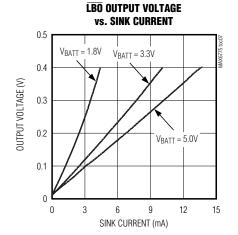
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

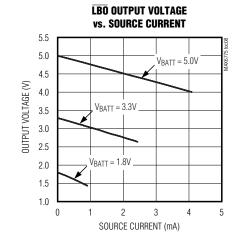
 $(T_A = +25^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted.})$











4 ______ *NIXIN*

Pin Description

	MAX6775/ MAX6776		6777/ 6778	MAX6779/ MAX6780/ MAX6781	NAME	FUNCTION	
μDFN	SC70	μDFN	SC70	μDFN			
1	1	_	_	_	GND2	Reserved. Must be connected to GND. Do not use as the only GND connection.	
2	2	2	2	2	GND	Ground	
3	3	_	_	_	LBI	Low-Battery Input. Connect to the resistive divider to set the trip level.	
4	4	4	4	_	ĪBO	Low-Battery Output, Active-Low. When V _{LBI} /V _{LBL} falls below the falling threshold, LBO asserts. LBO deasserts when V _{LBI} /V _{LBH} exceeds the rising threshold voltage.	
5	_	5	_	_	N.C.	No Connection. Not internally connected.	
6	5	6	5	6	BATT	Battery Input. Power supply to the device.	
_	_	1	1		LBH	Rising-Trip-Level Input. Connect to a resistive divider to set the rising trip level.	
_	_	3	3	_	LBL	Falling-Trip-Level Input. Connect to a resistive divider to set the falling trip level.	
_	_	_	_	1	LBI2	Low-Battery Input 2. Connect to a resistive divider to set the trip level.	
_	_	_	_	3	LBI1	Low-Battery Input 1. Connect to a resistive divider to set the trip level.	
_	_	_	_	4	LBO1	Low-Battery Output 1, Active-Low. When V _{LBI1} falls below the falling threshold voltage, LBO1 asserts. LBO1 deasserts when V _{LBI1} exceeds the rising threshold voltage. LBO1 is push-pull on the MAX6779/MAX6781 and open-drain for the MAX6780.	
_	_	_	_	5	LBO2	Low-Battery Output 2, Active-Low. When V _{LBI2} falls below the falling threshold voltage, LBO2 asserts. LBO2 deasserts when V _{LBI2} exceeds the rising threshold voltage. LBO2 is open-drain for the MAX6780/MAX6781 and push-pull for the MAX6779.	

Detailed Description

These battery monitors have an active-low output that asserts when the input falls below a set voltage. They also offer hysteresis for noise immunity, and to remove the possibility of output chatter due to battery terminal voltage recovery after load removal. They are available with one or two monitors per package, with push-pull or open-drain outputs, and with internally set or externally adjustable hysteresis (dual-channel devices offer only internally fixed hysteresis). Figures 1, 2, and 3 show block diagrams and typical connections. See the *Selector Guide* for details.

Low-Battery Output

All devices are offered with either push-pull or opendrain outputs (see the *Selector Guide*). The MAX6781 has one push-pull output and one open-drain output, configured as in Table 1.

On all devices with open-drain outputs an external pullup resistor is required. The open-drain pullup resistor can connect to an external voltage up to +6V, regardless of the voltage at BATT.

Table 1. MAX6781 Outputs

DEVICE	LBO1	LBO2
MAX6781	Push-Pull	Open-Drain

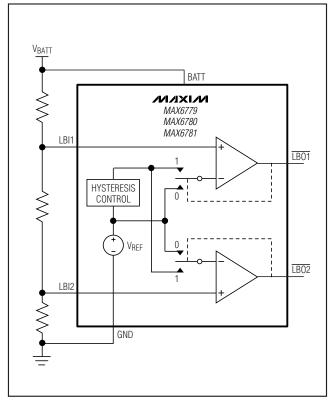


Figure 2. Dual-Channel Fixed-Hysteresis Block Diagram

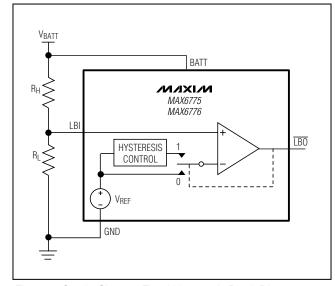


Figure 1. Single-Channel Fixed-Hysteresis Block Diagram

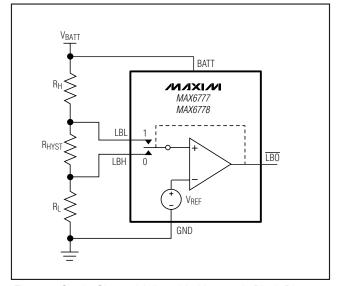


Figure 3. Single-Channel Adjustable-Hysteresis Block Diagram

The MAX6779, MAX6780, and MAX6781 monitor two battery levels or two independent voltages. A common application for this type of dual-battery monitor is to use one output as an early warning signal and the other as a dead-battery indicator.

Hysteresis

Input hysteresis defines two thresholds, separated by a small voltage (the hysteresis voltage), configured so the output asserts when the input falls below the falling threshold, and deasserts only when the input rises above the rising threshold. Figure 4 shows this graphically. Hysteresis removes, or greatly reduces, the possibility of the output changing state in response to noise or battery terminal voltage recovery after load removal.

Fixed Hysteresis

The MAX6775/MAX6776/MAX6779/MAX6780/MAX6781 have factory-set hysteresis for ease of use, and reduce component count. For these devices, the absolute hysteresis voltage is a percentage of the internally generated reference. The amount depends on the device option. "A" devices have 0.5% hysteresis, "B" devices have 5% hysteresis, and "C" devices have 10% hysteresis. Table 2 presents the threshold voltages for devices with internally fixed hysteresis.

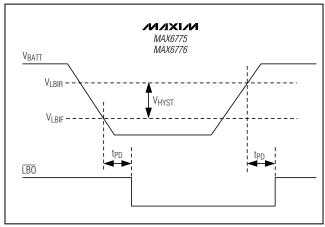


Figure 4. Hysteresis

Adjustable Hysteresis

The MAX6777/MAX6778 offer external hysteresis control through the resistive divider that monitors battery voltage. Figure 3 shows the connections for external hysteresis. See the *Calculating an External Hysteresis Resistive Divider* section for more information.

Applications Information

Resistor-Value Selection

Choosing the proper external resistors is a balance between accuracy and power use. The input to the voltage monitor, while high impedance, draws a small current, and that current travels through the resistive divider, introducing error. If extremely high resistor values are used, this current introduces significant error. With extremely low resistor values, the error becomes negligible, but the resistive divider draws more power from the battery than necessary and shortens battery life. Figure 1 calculates the optimum value for RH using:

$$R_H = \frac{e_A \times V_{BATT}}{I_I}$$

where eA is the maximum acceptable absolute resistive divider error (use 0.01 for 1%), V_{BATT} is the battery voltage at which \overline{LBO} should activate, and I_L is the worst-case LBI leakage current. For example, with 0.5% accuracy, a 2.8V battery minimum, and 5nA leakage, $R_H = 2.80 M\Omega$.

Calculate R_L using:

$$R_{L} = -\frac{V_{LBIF} \times R_{H}}{V_{LBIF} - V_{BATT}}$$

where V_{LBIF} is the falling threshold voltage from Table 2. Continuing the above example, select V_{LBIF} = 1.0998V (10% hysteresis device) and R_L = $1.81M\Omega$.

Table 2. Typical Falling and Rising Thresholds for MAX6775/MAX6776/MAX6779/MAX6780/MAX6781

DEVICE OPTION	PERCENT HYSTERESIS (%)	FALLING THRESHOLD (V _{LBIF}) (V)	RISING THRESHOLD (V _{LBIR}) (V)	HYSTERESIS VOLTAGE (VHYST) (mV)
А	0.5	1.2159	1.222	6.11
В	5	1.1609	1.222	61.1
С	10	1.0998	1.222	122

MIXIM _____

Calculating an External Hysteresis Resistive Divider

Setting the hysteresis externally requires three external resistors, as shown in Figure 3. Select R_{H} using the following formula:

$$R_H \leq \frac{e_A \times V_{BATT_RISING}}{I_I}$$

where eA is the allowable error due to input leakage current (typically 0.005 or less), VBATT_RISING is the desired rising threshold, and IL is the worst-case leakage current (5nA). Then calculate RLO (which is the sum of RL and RHYST):

$$R_{LO} = \frac{V_{LBI} \times R_{H}}{V_{BATT_FALLING} - V_{LBI}}$$

where V_{LBI} is 1.222V and V_{BATT_FALLING} is the desired falling threshold. Calculate R_L using:

$$R_{L} = \frac{V_{LBI} \times (R_{H} + R_{LO})}{V_{BATT} RISING}$$

and finally, calculate RHYST:

$$R_{HYST} = R_{IO} - R_{I}$$

Monitoring a Battery Voltage Higher Than the Allowable V_{BATT}

For monitoring higher voltages, supply power to BATT that is within the specified supply range, and power the input resistive divider from the high voltage to be monitored. Do not exceed the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*.

Adding External Capacitance to Reduce Noise and Transients

If monitoring voltages in a noisy environment, add a bypass capacitor of $0.1\mu F$ from BATT to GND as close as possible to the device. For systems with large transients, additional capacitance may be required. A small capacitor (<1nF) from LBI_ to GND may provide additional noise immunity.

Selector Guide

PART	LBO OUTPUT	OUTPUT TYPE	HYSTERESIS	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX6775XK_+T	Single	Push-Pull	Fixed	5 SC70
MAX6775LT_+T	Single	Push-Pull	Fixed	6 μDFN
MAX6776XK_+T	Single	Open-Drain	Fixed	5 SC70
MAX6776LT_+T	Single	Open-Drain	Fixed	6 μDFN
MAX6777XK+T	Single	Push-Pull	Adjustable	5 SC70
MAX6777LT+T	Single	Push-Pull	Adjustable	6 μDFN
MAX6778XK+T	Single	Open-Drain	Adjustable	5 SC70
MAX6778LT+T	Single	Open-Drain	Adjustable	6 μDFN
MAX6779LT_+T	Dual	Push-Pull	Fixed	6 μDFN
MAX6780LT_+T	Dual	Open-Drain	Fixed	6 μDFN
MAX6781LT_+T	Dual	Mixed	Fixed	6 μDFN

IAX6775-MAX678

Low-Power, 1%-Accurate Battery Monitors in µDFN and SC70 Packages

Top Marks

PART	TOP MARK
MAX6775 XKA+T	ASA
MAX6775XKB+T	ASB
MAX6775XKC+T	ASC
MAX6775LTA+T	BU
MAX6775LTB+T	BW
MAX6775LTC+T	BX
MAX6776XKA+T	ASJ
MAX6776XKB+T	ASK
MAX6776XKC+T	ASL
MAX6776LTA+T	BY
MAX6776LTB+T	BZ
MAX6776LTC+T	CA

PART	TOP MARK
MAX6777 XK+T	ASD
MAX6777LT+T	СВ
MAX6778 XK+T	ASI
MAX6778LT+T	CC
MAX6779LTA+T	BL
MAX6779LTB+T	ВМ
MAX6779LTC+T	BN
MAX6780LTA+T	ВО
MAX6780LTB+T	BP
MAX6780LTC+T	BQ
MAX6781LTA+T	BR
MAX6781LTB+T	BS
MAX6781LTC+T	BT

Ordering Information (continued)

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX6778 XK+T	-40°C to +85°C	5 SC70
MAX6778LT+T	-40°C to +85°C	6 μDFN
MAX6779 LT_+T	-40°C to +85°C	6 μDFN
MAX6780LT_+T	-40°C to +85°C	6 μDFN
MAX6781 LT_+T	-40°C to +85°C	6 μDFN

⁺Denotes a lead(Pb)-free/RoHS-compliant package.

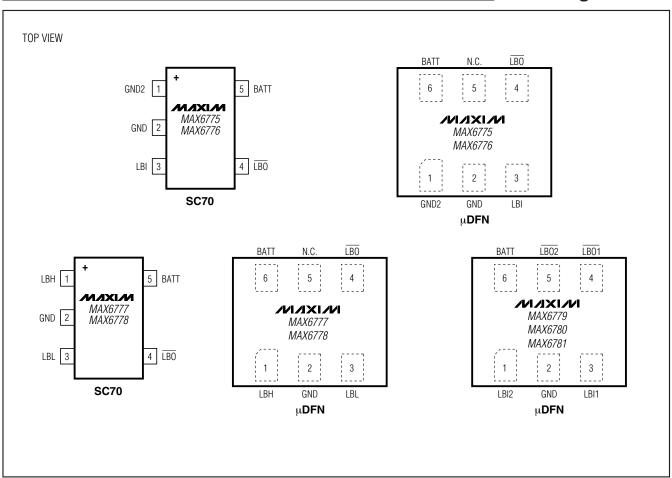
MAX6775/MAX6776/MAX6779/MAX6780/MAX6781 are available with factory-trimmed hysteresis. Specify trim by replacing "_" with "A" for 0.5%, "B" for 5%, or "C" for 10% hysteresis.

Chip Information

PROCESS: BICMOS

T = Tape and reel.

Pin Configurations



Package Information

For the latest package outline information and land patterns, go to www.maxim-ic.com/packages.

PACKAGE TYPE	PACKAGE CODE	DOCUMENT NO.
5 SC70	X5-1	<u>21-0076</u>
6 µDFN	L611-1	<u>21-0147</u>

10 ______ /VI/XI/VI

Revision History

REVISION NUMBER	REVISION DATE	DESCRIPTION	PAGES CHANGED
4	5/09	Updated Calculating an External Hysteresis Resistive Divider section	8

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