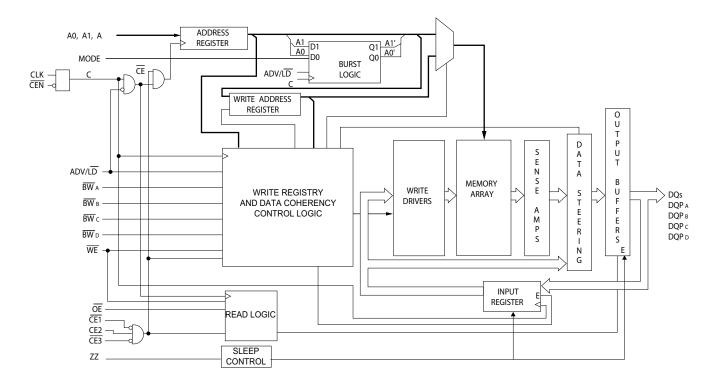


Logic Block Diagram – CY7C1471V33





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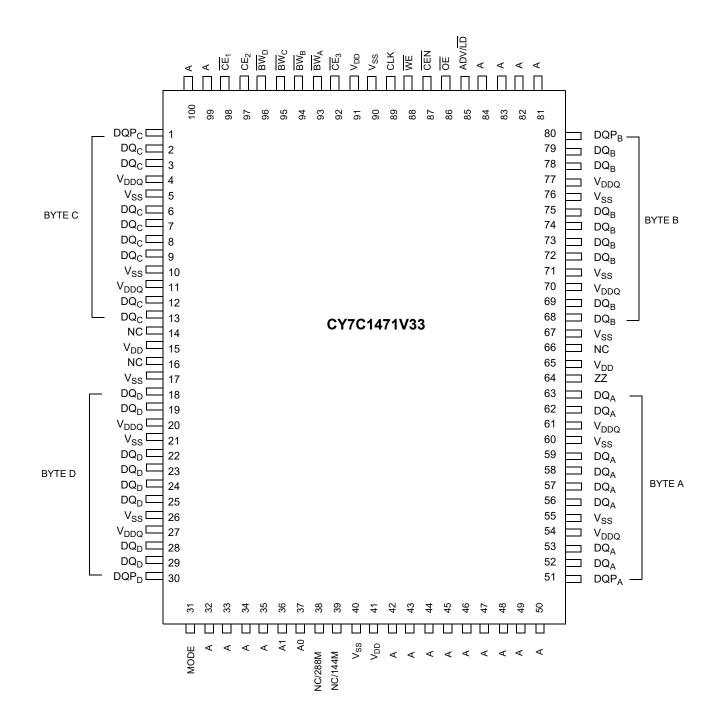
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Pin Configurations

Figure 1. 100-pin TQFP (14 × 20 × 1.4 mm) pinout ^[1]



Note

1. Errata: The ZZ pin (Pin 64) needs to be externally connected to ground. For more information, see Errata on page 19.

Document Number: 38-05288 Rev. *V



Pin Definitions

Name	I/O	Description
A ₀ , A ₁ , A	Input- synchronous	Address inputs used to select one of the address locations. Sampled at the rising edge of the CLK. A _[1:0] are fed to the two-bit burst counter.
<u>BW</u> _A , <u>BW</u> _B , BW _C , BW _D	Input- synchronous	Byte write inputs, active LOW. Qualified with WE to conduct writes to the SRAM. Sampled on the rising edge of CLK.
WE	Input- synchronous	Write enable input, active LOW. Sampled on the rising edge of CLK if CEN is active LOW. This signal must be asserted LOW to initiate a write sequence.
ADV/LD	Input- synchronous	Advance/load input. Advances the on-chip address counter or loads a new address. When HIGH (and CEN is asserted LOW) the internal burst counter is advanced. When LOW, a new address can be loaded into the device for an access. After being deselected, ADV/LD should must driven LOW to load a new address.
CLK	Input- clock	Clock input . Used to capture all synchronous inputs to the device. CLK is qualified with CEN. CLK is only recognized if CEN is active LOW.
CE ₁	Input- synchronous	Chip enable 1 input, active LOW. Sampled on the rising edge of CLK. Used in conjunction with CE_2 and CE_3 to select or deselect the device.
CE ₂	Input- synchronous	Chip enable 2 input, active HIGH . Sampled on the rising edge of CLK. Used in conjunction with \overline{CE}_1 and \overline{CE}_3 to select or deselect the device.
CE ₃	Input- synchronous	Chip enable 3 input, active LOW . Sampled on the rising edge of CLK. Used in conjunction with \overline{CE}_1 and CE_2 to select or deselect the device.
OE	Input- asynchronous	Output enable, asynchronous input, active LOW . Combined with the synchronous logic block inside the device to control the direction of the I/O pins. When LOW, the I/O pins are enabled to behave as outputs. When deasserted HIGH, I/O pins are tri-stated, and act as input data pins. OE is masked during the data portion of a write sequence, during the first clock when emerging from a deselected state, when the device is deselected.
CEN	Input- synchronous	Clock enable input, active LOW . When asserted LOW the clock signal is recognized by the SRAM. When deasserted HIGH the Clock signal is masked. Since deasserting CEN does not deselect the device, use CEN to extend the previous cycle when required.
ZZ ^[2]	Input- asynchronous	ZZ "sleep" input . This active HIGH input places the device in a non-time critical "sleep" condition with data integrity preserved. During normal operation, this pin must be LOW or left floating. ZZ pin has an internal pull-down.
DQ _s	l/O- synchronous	Bidirectional data I/O lines . As inputs, they feed into an on-chip data register that is triggered by the rising edge of CLK. As outputs, they deliver the data contained in the memory location specified by the addresses presented during the previous clock rise of the read cycle. The direction of the pins is controlled by OE. When OE is asserted LOW, the pins behave as outputs. When HIGH, DQ_s and DQP_X are placed in a tri-state condition. The outputs are automatically tri-stated during the first clock when emerging from a deselected state, and when the device is deselected, regardless of the state of OE.
DQP _X	I/O- synchronous	Bidirectional data parity I/O lines. Functionally, these signals are identical to DQ_s . During write sequences, DQP_X is controlled by BW_X correspondingly.
MODE	Input strap pin	Mode input . Selects the burst order of the device. When tied to GND selects linear burst sequence. When tied to V _{DD} or left floating selects interleaved burst sequence.
V _{DD}	Power supply	Power supply inputs to the core of the device.
V _{DDQ}	I/O power supply	Power supply for the I/O circuitry.
V _{SS}	Ground	Ground for the device.
NC	-	No connects . Not internally connected to the die. 144M, 288M, 576M, and 1G are address expansion pins and are not internally connected to the die.

 Note

 2. Errata: The ZZ pin (Pin 64) needs to be externally connected to ground. For more information, see Errata on page 19.



Functional Overview

The CY7C1471V33 is synchronous flow through burst SRAMs designed specifically to eliminate wait states during write-read transitions. All synchronous inputs pass through input registers controlled by the rising edge of the clock. Th<u>e clock signal</u> is qualified with the clock enable input signal (CEN). If CEN is HIGH, the clock signal is not recognized and all internal states are maintained. All synchronous operations are qualified with CEN. Maximum access delay from the clock rise (t_{CDV}) is 6.5 ns (133-MHz device).

<u>Accesses can be initiated by asserting all three chip enables</u> (\overline{CE}_1 , \overline{CE}_2 , \overline{CE}_3) active at the rising edge of the clock. If (\overline{CEN}) is active LOW and ADV/LD is asserted LOW, the address presented to the device is latched. The access can either be a read or <u>write</u> operation, depending on the status of the write enable (\overline{WE}). Byte write select (\overline{BW}_X) can be used to conduct byte write operations.

Write operations are qualified by the write enable (\overline{WE}). All writes are simplified with on-chip synchronous self timed write circuitry.

Three synchronous chip enables ($\overline{\text{CE}}_1$, CE_2 , $\overline{\text{CE}}_3$) and an asynchronous output enable ($\overline{\text{OE}}$) simplify depth expansion. <u>All</u> operations (reads, writes, and deselects) are pipelined. ADV/LD must be driven LOW after the device is deselected to load a new address for the next operation.

Single Read Accesses

A read access is initiated when these conditions are satisfied at clock rise:

- CEN is asserted LOW
- \blacksquare \overline{CE}_1 , CE_2 , and \overline{CE}_3 are all asserted active
- WE is deasserted HIGH
- ADV/LD is asserted LOW.

The address presented to the address inputs is latched into the address register and presented to the memory array and control logic. The control logic determines that a read access is in progress and allows the requested data to propagate to the output buffers. The data is available within 6.5 ns (133-MHz device) provided OE is active LOW. After the first clock of the read access, the output buffers are controlled by OE and the internal control logic. OE must be driven LOW to drive out the requested data. On the subsequent clock, another operation (read/write/deselect) can be initiated. When the SRAM is deselected at clock rise by one of the chip enable signals, output is be tri-stated immediately.

Burst Read Accesses

The CY7C1471V33 have an on-chip burst counter that enables the user to supply a single address and conduct up to four reads without reasserting the address inputs. ADV/LD must be driven LOW to load a new address into the SRAM, as described in the Single Read Accesses section. The sequence of the burst counter is determined by the MODE input signal. A LOW input on MODE selects a linear burst mode, a HIGH selects an interleaved burst sequence. Both burst counters use A0 and A1 in the burst sequence, and wraps around when incremented sufficiently. A HIGH input on ADV/LD increments the internal burst counter regardless of the state of chip enable inputs or \overline{WE} . WE is latched at the beginning of a burst cycle. Therefore, the type of access (read or write) is maintained throughout the burst sequence.

Single Write Accesses

Write accesses are initiated when the following conditions are satisfied at clock rise: (1) CEN is asserted LOW, (2) CE₁, CE₂, and CE₃ are all asserted active, and (3) WE is asserted LOW. The address presented to the address bus is loaded into the Address Register. The Write signals are latched into the Control Logic block. The data lines are automatically tri-stated regardless of the state of the OE input signal. This allows the external logic to present the data on DQs and DQP_X.

On the next clock rise the data presented to DQs and DQP_X (or a subset for Byte Write operations, see Truth Table for Read/Write on page 9 for details) inputs is latched into the device and the write is complete. Additional accesses (read/write/deselect) can be initiated on this cycle.

The data written during the write operation is controlled by \overline{BW}_X signals. The CY7C1471V33 provides Byte Write capability that is described in the Truth Table for Read/Write on page 9. The input WE with the selected \overline{BW}_X input selectively writes to only the desired bytes. Bytes not selected during a byte write operation remain unaltered. A synchronous self timed write mechanism has been provided to simplify the write operations. Byte write capability is included to greatly simplify read/modify/write sequences, which can be reduced to simple byte write operations.

Because the CY7C1471V33 are common I/O devices, data must not be driven into the device while the outputs are active. The output enable (OE) can be deasserted HIGH before presenting data to the DQs and DQP_X inputs. Doing so tri-states the output drivers. As a safety precaution, DQs and DQP_X are automatically tri-stated during the data portion of a write cycle, regardless of the state of OE.

Burst Write Accesses

The CY7C1471V33 have an on-chip burst counter that enables the user to supply a single address and conduct up to four write operations without reasserting the address inputs. ADV/LD must be driven LOW to load the initial address, as described in the Single Write Accesses section. When ADV/LD is driven HIGH on the <u>subs</u>equent clock rise, the chip enables (CE_1 , CE_2 , and CE_3) and WE inputs are ignored and the burst counter is incremented. The correct BW_X inputs must be driven in each cycle of the burst write to write the correct bytes of data.

Sleep Mode

The ZZ input pin is an asynchronous input. Asserting ZZ places the SRAM in a power conservation "sleep" mode. Two clock cycles are required to enter into or exit from this "sleep" mode. While in this mode, data integrity is guaranteed. Accesses pending when entering the "sleep" mode are not considered valid nor is the completion of the operation guaranteed. The device must be deselected before entering the "sleep" mode. CE₁, CE₂, and CE₃, must remain inactive for the duration of t_{ZZREC} after the ZZ input returns LOW.





Interleaved Burst Address Table

(MODE = Floating or V_{DD})

First Address A1:A0	Second Address A1:A0	Third Address A1:A0	Fourth Address A1:A0
00	01	10	11
01	00	11	10
10	11	00	01
11	10	01	00

Linear Burst Address Table

(MODE = GND)

First Address A1:A0	Second Address A1:A0	Third Address A1:A0	Fourth Address A1:A0
00	01	10	11
01	10	11	00
10	11	00	01
11	00	01	10

ZZ Mode Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
I _{DDZZ}	Sleep mode standby current	$ZZ \ge V_{DD} - 0.2 V$	-	120	mA
t _{ZZS}	Device operation to ZZ	$ZZ \ge V_{DD} - 0.2 V$	_	2t _{CYC}	ns
t _{ZZREC}	ZZ recovery time	ZZ <u><</u> 0.2 V	2t _{CYC}	_	ns
t _{ZZI}	ZZ active to sleep current	This parameter is sampled	-	2t _{CYC}	ns
t _{RZZI}	ZZ Inactive to exit sleep current	This parameter is sampled	0	_	ns



Truth Table

The truth table for CY7C1471V33 follows. ^[3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]

Operation	Address Used	CE ₁	CE2	CE ₃	ZZ	ADV/LD	WE	$\overline{\text{BW}}_{X}$	OE	CEN	CLK	DQ
Deselect cycle	None	Н	Х	Х	L	L	Х	Х	Х	L	L->H	Tri-state
Deselect cycle	None	Х	Х	Н	L	L	Х	Х	Х	L	L->H	Tri-state
Deselect cycle	None	Х	L	Х	L	L	Х	Х	Х	L	L->H	Tri-state
Continue deselect cycle	None	Х	Х	Х	L	Н	Х	Х	Х	L	L->H	Tri-state
Read cycle (begin burst)	External	L	Н	L	L	L	Н	Х	L	L	L->H	Data out (Q)
Read cycle (continue burst)	Next	Х	Х	Х	L	Н	Х	Х	L	L	L->H	Data out (Q)
NOP/dummy read (begin burst)	External	L	Н	L	L	L	Н	Х	Н	L	L->H	Tri-state
Dummy read (continue burst)	Next	Х	Х	Х	L	Н	Х	Х	Н	L	L->H	Tri-state
Write cycle (begin burst)	External	L	Н	L	L	L	L	L	Х	L	L->H	Data in (D)
Write cycle (continue burst)	Next	Х	Х	Х	L	Н	Х	L	Х	L	L->H	Data in (D)
NOP/write abort (begin burst)	None	L	Н	L	L	L	L	Н	Х	L	L->H	Tri-state
Write abort (continue burst)	Next	Х	Х	Х	L	Н	Х	Н	Х	L	L->H	Tri-state
Ignore clock edge (stall)	Current	Х	Х	Х	L	Х	Х	Х	Х	Н	L->H	-
Sleep mode	None	Х	Х	Х	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Tri-state

Notes

- Notes
 X = "Don't Care." H = Logic HIGH, L = Logic LOW. BW_X = L signifies at least one byte write select is active, BW_X = valid signifies that the desired byte write selects are asserted, see Truth Table for Read/Write on page 9 for details.
 Write is defined by BW_X, and WE. See Truth Table for Read/Write on page 9.
 When a Write cycle is detected, all I/Os are tri-stated, even during byte writes.
 The DQs and DQP_X pins are controlled by the current cycle and the OE signal. OE is asynchronous and is not sampled with the clock.
 CEN = H, inserts wait states.
 B provide provided with the I/Os is a tri state condition proceeding.

- Bevice powers up deselected with the I/Os in a tri-state condition, regardless of OE.
 OE is asynchronous and is not sampled with the clock rise. It is masked internally during write cycles. During a read cycle DQs and DQP_X = tri-state when OE is inactive or when the device is deselected, and DQs and DQP_X = data when OE is active.



Truth Table for Read/Write

The read-write truth table for CY7C1471V33 follows. ^[10, 11, 12]

Function	WE	BWA	BWB	BW _C	BWD
Read	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х
Write no bytes written	L	Н	Н	Н	Н
Write byte A $-$ (DQ _A and DQP _A)	L	L	Н	Н	Н
Write byte B – (DQ _B and DQP _B)	L	Н	L	Н	Н
Write byte C – (DQ _C and DQP _C)	L	Н	Н	L	Н
Write byte D – (DQ _D and DQP _D)	L	Н	Н	Н	L
Write all bytes	L	L	L	L	L

<sup>Notes
10. X = "Don't Care." H = Logic HIGH, L = Logic LOW. BW_X = L signifies at least one byte write select is active, BW_X = valid signifies that the desired byte write selects are asserted, see <u>Truth Table for Read/Write</u> for details.
11. Write is defined by BW_X, and WE. See Truth Table for Read/Write.
12. Table only lists a partial listing of the byte write combinations. Any combination of BW_X is valid. Appropriate write is based on which byte write is active.</sup>



Maximum Ratings

Exceeding maximum ratings may shorten the useful life of the device. These user guidelines are not tested.

Storage temperature65 °C to +150 °C
Ambient temperature with power applied–55 °C to +125 °C
Supply voltage on V_{DD} relative to GND–0.5 V to +4.6 V
Supply voltage on V_{DDQ} relative to GND –0.5 V to +V_{DD}
DC voltage applied to outputs in tri-state–0.5 V to V_{DDQ} + 0.5 V

DC input voltage	–0.5 V to V _{DD} + 0.5 V
Current into outputs (LOW)	
Static discharge voltage (MIL-STD-883, method 3015)	> 2001 V
Latch-up current	> 200 mA

Operating Range

Range	Ambient Temperature	V _{DD}	V _{DDQ}
Commercial	0 °C to +70 °C	3.3V-5%/	
		+ 10%	to V _{DD}

Electrical Characteristics

Over the Operating Range

Parameter ^[13, 14]	Description	Test Conditions		Min	Max	Unit
V _{DD}	Power supply voltage			3.135	3.6	V
V _{DDQ}	I/O supply voltage	For 3.3 V I/O		3.135	V _{DD}	V
		For 2.5 V I/O				
V _{OH}	Output HIGH voltage	For 3.3 V I/O, I _{OH} = -4.0 mA		2.4	-	V
		For 2.5 V I/O, I _{OH} = –1.0 mA		2.0	-	V
V _{OL}	Output LOW voltage	For 3.3 V I/O, I _{OL} = 8.0 mA		-	0.4	V
		For 2.5 V I/O, I _{OL} = 1.0 mA		-	0.4	V
V _{IH}	Input HIGH voltage ^[13]	For 3.3 V I/O		2.0	V _{DD} + 0.3 V	V
		For 2.5 V I/O		1.7	V _{DD} + 0.3 V	V
V _{IL}	Input LOW voltage ^[13]	For 3.3 V I/O		-0.3	0.8	V
		For 2.5 V I/O		-0.3	0.7	V
I _X	Input leakage current except ZZ and MODE	$GND \le V_I \le V_{DDQ}$	-5	5	μA	
	Input current of MODE	Input = V _{SS} Input = V _{DD}		-30	-	μA
				-	5	μA
	Input current of ZZ	Input = V _{SS}		-5	-	μA
		Input = V _{DD}		-	30	μA
I _{OZ}	Output leakage current	$GND \leq V_I \leq V_{DD,}$ output disabled		-5	5	μA
I _{DD}	V _{DD} operating supply current	V_{DD} = Max, I_{OUT} = 0 mA, f = f _{MAX} = 1/t _{CYC}	7.5 ns cycle, 133 MHz	-	305	mA
I _{SB1}	Automatic CE power-down current – TTL inputs	$ \begin{array}{l} V_{DD} = Max, \mbox{ device deselected}, \\ V_{IN} \geq V_{IH} \mbox{ or } V_{IN} \leq V_{IL}, \\ f = f_{MAX}, \mbox{ inputs switching} \end{array} $	7.5 ns cycle, 133 MHz	-	200	mA
I _{SB2}	Automatic CE power-down current – CMOS inputs			_	120	mA
I _{SB3}	Automatic CE power-down current – CMOS inputs	$ \begin{array}{l} V_{DD} = Max, \mbox{ device deselected}, \\ V_{IN} \leq 0.3 \mbox{ V or } V_{IN} \geq V_{DDQ} - 0.3 \mbox{ V}, \\ f = f_{MAX}, \mbox{ inputs switching} \end{array} \ \begin{array}{l} 7.5 \mbox{ ns cycle}, \\ 133 \mbox{ MHz} \end{array} $		-	200	mA
I _{SB4}	Automatic CE power-down current – TTL inputs	$\label{eq:VDD} \begin{array}{l} V_{DD} = Max, \mbox{ device deselected}, \\ V_{IN} \geq V_{DD} - 0.3 \mbox{ V or } V_{IN} \leq 0.3 \mbox{ V}, \\ f = 0, \mbox{ inputs static} \end{array}$	7.5 ns cycle, 133 MHz	_	165	mA

Notes

13. Overshoot: $V_{IH(AC)} < V_{DD} + 1.5 V$ (pulse width less than $t_{CYC}/2$). Undershoot: $V_{IL(AC)} > -2 V$ (pulse width less than $t_{CYC}/2$). 14. $T_{Power-up}$: assumes a linear ramp from 0 V to $V_{DD(min)}$ within 200 ms. During this time $V_{IH} < V_{DD}$ and $V_{DDQ} \le V_{DD}$.



Capacitance

Parameter ^[15]	Description	Description Test Conditions		Unit
C _{ADDRESS}		$T_{A} = 25 \text{ °C}, f = 1 \text{ MHz},$	6	pF
C _{DATA}	Data input capacitance	V _{DD} = 3.3 V, V _{DDQ} = 2.5 V	5	pF
C _{CTRL}	Control input capacitance		8	pF
C _{CLK}	Clock input capacitance		6	pF
C _{IO}	Input/Output capacitance		5	pF

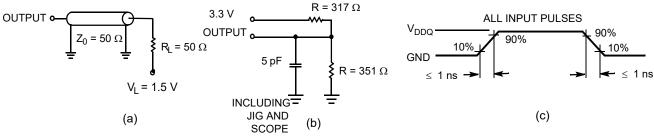
Thermal Resistance

Parameter ^[15]	Description	Test Conditions	100-pin TQFP Max	Unit
Θ_{JA}	5	Test conditions follow standard test methods and procedures for measuring thermal impedance, according		°C/W
Θ _{JC}	Thermal resistance (junction to case)	to EIA/JESD51.	2.28	°C/W

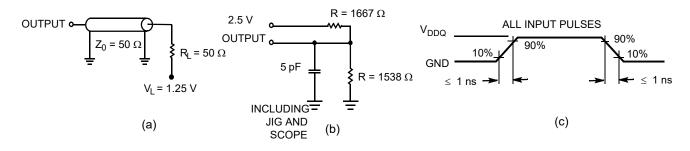
AC Test Loads and Waveforms

Figure 2. AC Test Loads and Waveforms

3.3 V I/O Test Load



2.5 V I/O Test Load



Note

15. Tested initially and after any design or process change that may affect these parameters.



Switching Characteristics

Over the Operating Range

Parameter ^[16, 17]	Description	133	MHz	Unit
	Description	Min	Мах	
t _{POWER} ^[18]		1	-	ms
Clock				
t _{CYC}	Clock cycle time	7.5	-	ns
t _{CH}	Clock HIGH	2.5	-	ns
t _{CL}	Clock LOW	2.5	_	ns
Output Times				
t _{CDV}	Data output valid after CLK rise	-	6.5	ns
t _{DOH}	Data output hold after CLK rise	2.5	-	ns
t _{CLZ}	Clock to low Z ^[19, 20, 21]	3.0	-	ns
t _{CHZ}	Clock to high Z ^[19, 20, 21]	-	3.8	ns
t _{OEV}	OE LOW to output valid	-	3.0	ns
t _{OELZ}	OE LOW to output low Z ^[19, 20, 21]	0	-	ns
t _{OEHZ}	OE HIGH to output high Z ^[19, 20, 21]	-	3.0	ns
Setup Times		·		
t _{AS}	Address setup before CLK rise	1.5	_	ns
t _{ALS}	ADV/LD setup before CLK rise	1.5	_	ns
t _{WES}	WE, BW _X setup before CLK rise	1.5	_	ns
t _{CENS}	CEN setup before CLK rise	1.5	_	ns
t _{DS}	Data input setup before CLK rise	1.5	_	ns
t _{CES}	Chip enable setup before CLK rise	1.5	_	ns
Hold Times		·		
t _{AH}	Address hold after CLK rise	0.5	_	ns
t _{ALH}	ADV/LD hold after CLK rise	0.5	_	ns
t _{WEH}	WE, BW _X hold after CLK rise	0.5	-	ns
t _{CENH}	CEN hold after CLK rise	0.5	_	ns
t _{DH}	Data input hold after CLK rise	0.5	_	ns
t _{CEH}	Chip enable hold after CLK rise	0.5	_	ns

Notes

16. Unless otherwise noted in the following table, timing reference level is 1.5 V when V_{DDQ} = 3.3 V and is 1.25 V when V_{DDQ} = 2.5 V. 17. Test conditions shown in (a) of Figure 2 on page 11 unless otherwise noted.

18. This part has an internal voltage regulator; t_{POWER} is the time that the power needs to be supplied above V_{DD(minimum)} initially, before a read or write operation can be initiated.

t_{CHZ}, t_{CLZ}, t_{OELZ}, and t_{OEHZ} are specified with AC test conditions shown in part (b) ofFigure 2 on page 11. Transition is measured ±200 mV from steady-state voltage.
 At any supplied voltage and temperature, t_{OEHZ} is less than t_{OELZ} and t_{CHZ} is less than t_{CLZ} to eliminate bus contention between SRAMs when sharing the same data bus. These specifications do not imply a bus contention condition, but reflect parameters guaranteed over worst case user conditions. Device is designed to achieve high Z before low Z under the same system conditions.

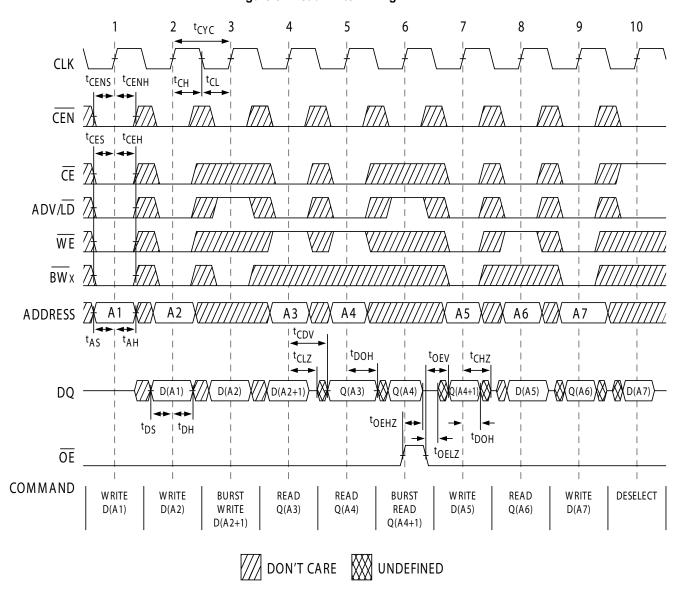
21. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.





Switching Waveforms

Figure 3. Read/Write Timing ^[22, 23, 24]



Notes 22. For this waveform ZZ is tied LOW. 23. When \overline{CE} is LOW, \overline{CE}_1 is LOW, CE_2 is HIGH, and \overline{CE}_3 is LOW. When \overline{CE} is HIGH, \overline{CE}_1 is HIGH, CE_2 is LOW or \overline{CE}_3 is HIGH. 24. Order of the burst sequence is determined by the status of the MODE (0 = Linear, 1 = Interleaved). Burst operations are optional.



Switching Waveforms (continued)

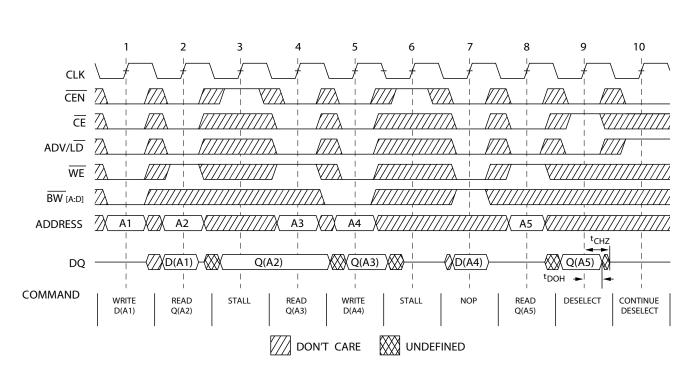


Figure 4. NOP, STALL and DESELECT Cycles ^[25, 26, 27]

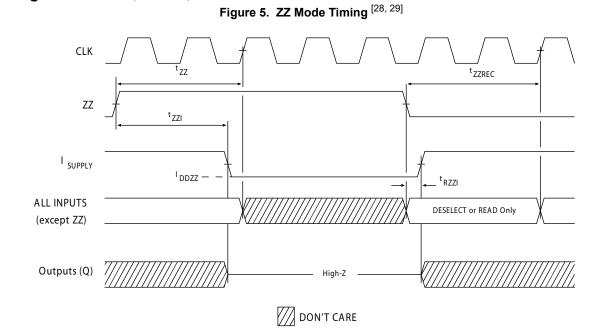
Notes

25. For this waveform ZZ is tied LOW.

26. When \overline{CE} is LOW, \overline{CE}_1 is LOW, CE_2 is HIGH, and \overline{CE}_3 is LOW. When \overline{CE} is HIGH, \overline{CE}_1 is HIGH, CE_2 is LOW or \overline{CE}_3 is HIGH. 27. The IGNORE CLOCK EDGE or STALL cycle (Clock 3) illustrates \overline{CEN} being used to create a pause. A write is not performed during this cycle.



Switching Waveforms (continued)



Notes

28. Device must be deselected when entering ZZ mode. See Truth Table on page 8 for all possible signal conditions to deselect the device. 29. DQs are in high Z when exiting ZZ sleep mode.

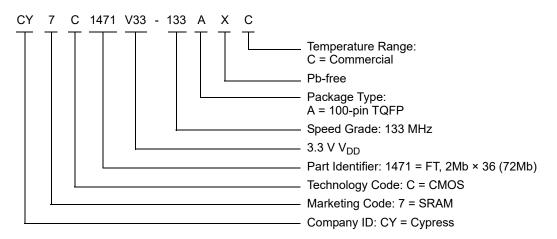


Ordering Information

Cypress offers other versions of this type of product in many different configurations and features. The below table contains only the list of parts that are currently available. For a complete listing of all options, visit the Cypress website at www.cypress.com and refer to the product summary page at http://www.cypress.com/products or contact your local sales representative. Cypress maintains a worldwide network of offices, solution centers, manufacturer's representatives and distributors. To find the office closest to you, visit us at http://www.cypress.com/go/datasheet/offices.

Speed (MHz)	Ordering Code	Package Diagram	Part and Package Type	Operating Range
133	CY7C1471V33-133AXC	51-85050	100-pin TQFP (14 × 20 × 1.4 mm) Pb-free	Commercial

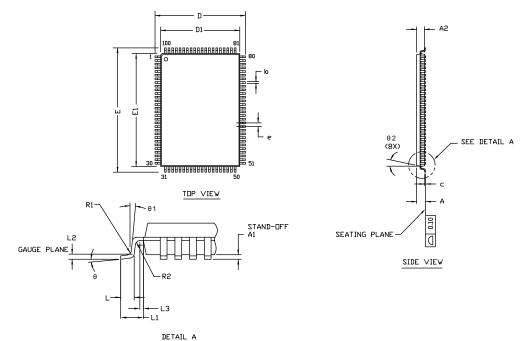
Ordering Code Definitions





Package Diagrams

Figure 6. 100-pin TQFP (16 × 22 × 1.6 mm) A100RA Package Outline, 51-85050



0.45 0.60 0.75

1.00 REF

0.25 BSC

0.65 TYP

0.20 —

SYMBOL

А

A1

A2

D

D1

Е

E1

R1

R2

θ θ1

θ2

С

b

L

L 1

L2 L3

е

DIMENSIONS MIN. NOM. MAX 1.60 0.05 0.15 1.35 1.40 1.45 15.80 16.00 16.20 13.90 14.00 14.10 21.80 22.00 22.20 19.90 20.00 20.10 0.08 0.20 0.08 0.20 0° 7° 0° 11° 12° 13° 0.20 0.22 0.30 0.38

NOTE:

- 1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
- 2. BODY LENGTH DIMENSION DOES NOT
- INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION/END FLASH.
- MOLD PROTRUSION/END FLASH SHALL
- NOT EXCEED 0.0098 in (0.25 mm) PER SIDE. BODY LENGTH DIMENSIONS ARE MAX PLASTIC BODY SIZE INCLUDING MOLD MISMATCH.
- 3. JEDEC SPECIFICATION NO. REF: MS-026.

51-85050 *G



Acronyms

Acronym	Description	
CMOS	Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor	
CE	Chip Enable	
CEN	Clock Enable	
I/O	Input/Output	
JEDEC	Joint Electron Devices Engineering Council	
NoBL	No Bus Latency	
OE	Output Enable	
SRAM	Static Random Access Memory	
TQFP	Thin Quad Flat Pack	
TTL	Transistor-Transistor Logic	
WE	Write Enable	

Document Conventions

Units of Measure

Symbol	Unit of Measure			
°C	degree Celsius			
MHz	negahertz			
μA	microampere			
mA	milliampere			
mm	millimeter			
ms	millisecond			
mV	millivolt			
ns	nanosecond			
Ω	ohm			
%	percent			
pF	picofarad			
V	volt			
W	watt			



Errata

This section describes the Ram9 NoBL ZZ pin issue. Details include trigger conditions, the devices affected, proposed workaround and silicon revision applicability. Please contact your local Cypress sales representative if you have further questions.

Part Numbers Affected

Density & Revision	Package Type	Operating Range
72Mb-Ram9 NoBL SRAMs: CY7C147*V33	100-pin TQFP	Commercial

Product Status

All of the devices in the Ram9 72Mb NoBL family are qualified and available in production quantities.

Ram9 NoBL ZZ Pin Issues Errata Summary

The following table defines the errata applicable to available Ram9 72Mb NoBL family devices.

Item	Issues	Description	Device	Fix Status
1.		When asserted HIGH, the ZZ pin places device in a "sleep" condition with data integrity preserved. The ZZ pin currently does not have an internal pull-down resistor and hence cannot be left floating externally by the user during normal mode of operation.	· · · · · ·	For the 72M Ram9 (90 nm) devices, this issue was fixed in the new revision. Please contact your local sales rep for availability.

1. ZZ Pin Issue

PROBLEM DEFINITION

The problem occurs only when the device is operated in the normal mode with ZZ pin left floating. The ZZ pin on the SRAM device does not have an internal pull-down resistor. Switching noise in the system may cause the SRAM to recognize a HIGH on the ZZ input, which may cause the SRAM to enter sleep mode. This could result in incorrect or undesirable operation of the SRAM.

- TRIGGER CONDITIONS Device operated with ZZ pin left floating.
- SCOPE OF IMPACT When the ZZ pin is left floating, the device delivers incorrect data.
- WORKAROUND Tie the ZZ pin externally to ground.
- FIX STATUS

Fix was done for the 72M RAM9 NoBL SRAMs devices. Fixed devices have a new revision. The following table lists the devices affected and the new revision after the fix.

Table 1. List of Affected Devices and the new revision

Revision before the Fix	New Revision after the Fix
CY7C147*V33	CY7C147*BV33



Document History Page

Rev.	ECN	Orig. of Change	Submission Date	Description of Change
**	114675	PKS	08/06/2002	New data sheet.
*A	121521	CJM	02/07/2003	Changed status from Advanced Information to Preliminary. Updated Features (for package offering). Updated Ordering Information (Updated part numbers).
*В	223721	NJY	05/14/2004	Updated Features (Removed 150 MHz frequency related information). Updated Functional Description (Removed 150 MHz frequency related information). Updated Logic Block Diagram (Splitted Logic Block Diagram into three Logic Block Diagrams). Updated Selection Guide (Removed 150 MHz frequency related information) Updated Functional Overview (Removed 150 MHz frequency related information). Updated Boundary Scan Exit Order (Replaced TBD with values for all packages). Updated Electrical Characteristics (Removed 150 MHz frequency related information; replaced TBD with values for maximum values of I _{DD} , I _{SB1} , I _{SB2} , I _{SB3} , I _{SB4} parameters). Updated Capacitance (Replaced TBD with values for all packages). Updated Thermal Resistance (Replaced TBD with values for all packages). Updated Switching Characteristics (Removed 150 MHz frequency related information). Updated Switching Characteristics (Removed 150 MHz frequency related information). Updated Switching Characteristics (Removed 150 MHz frequency related information). Updated Ordering Information (Updated part numbers). Updated Package Diagrams: spec 51-85165 – Changed revision from ** to *A. Removed spec 51-85115 *B. Removed spec 51-85143 *B. Added spec 51-85167 **.
*C	235012	RYQ	06/17/2004	Minor Change (To match on the spec system and external web).
*D	243572	NJY	07/20/2004	Updated Pin Configurations: Updated Figure "165-Ball FBGA (15 × 17 × 1.40 mm) pinout (3 Chip Enable with JTAG)" (Changed ball H2 from V_{DD} to NC). Updated Figure "209-ball BGA (14 × 22 × 1.76 mm) pinout" (Changed ball R11 from DQPa to DQPe). Updated Capacitance (Splitted C _{IN} parameter into C _{ADDRESS} , C _{DATA} , C _{CLK} parameters; and also updated the values).
۴E	299511	SYT	12/14/2004	Updated Features (Removed 117 MHz frequency related information). Updated Selection Guide (Removed 117 MHz frequency related information) Updated Electrical Characteristics (Removed 117 MHz frequency related information). Updated Thermal Resistance (Changed value of Θ_{JA} from 16.8 °C/W to 24.63 °C/W; changed value of Θ_{JC} from 3.3 °C/W to 2.28 °C/W for 100-pin TQFP package). Updated Switching Characteristics (Removed 117 MHz frequency related information). Updated Ordering Information (Updated part numbers (Removed 117 MHz frequency related information, added Pb-free information for 100-pin TQFP, 165-ball FBGA and 209-ball BGA Packages); added comment of "Pb-free BG packages availability" below the Ordering Information).
*F	320197	PCI	02/15/2005	Updated Ordering Information (No change in part numbers; removed commen of "Pb-free BG packages availability" below the Ordering Information).



Document History Page (continued)

Rev.	ECN	Orig. of Change	Submission Date	Description of Change
*G	331513	PCI	03/09/2005	Updated Pin Configurations (Address expansion pins/balls in the pinouts for all packages are modified as per JEDEC standard). Updated Pin Definitions (Added Address Expansion pins). Updated Operating Range (Added Industrial Operating Range). Updated Electrical Characteristics (Updated Test Conditions of V _{OL} , V _{OH} parameters). Updated Ordering Information (Updated part numbers).
*H	416221	RXU	12/22/2005	Changed status from Preliminary to Final. Changed address of Cypress Semiconductor Corporation from "3901 North First Street" to "198 Champion Court". Updated Features (Removed 100 MHz frequency related information and added 117 MHz frequency related information). Updated Selection Guide (Removed 100 MHz frequency related information and added 117 MHz frequency related information). Updated Electrical Characteristics (Removed 100 MHz frequency related information and added 117 MHz frequency related information; updated Note 14 (Changed V _{IH} \leq V _{DD} to V _{IH} $<$ V _{DD}); changed description of I _X parameter from Input Load Current except ZZ and MODE to Input Leakage Current except ZZ and MODE; changed minimum value of I _X parameter (corresponding to Input Current of MODE (Input = V _{SS})) from –5 μ A to –30 μ A; changed maximum value of I _X parameter (corresponding to Input Current of MODE (Input = V _{DD})) from 30 μ A to 5 μ A; changed minimum value of I _X parameter (corresponding to Input Current of ZZ (Input = V _{SS})) from –30 μ A to –5 μ A; changed maximum value of I _X parameter (corresponding to Input Current of ZZ (Input = V _{DD})) from 5 μ A to 30 μ A). Updated Switching Characteristics (Removed 100 MHz frequency related information and added 117 MHz frequency related information). Updated Ordering Information (Updated part numbers; replaced Package Name column with Package Diagram in the Ordering Information table). Updated to new template.
*	472335	VKN	06/27/2006	Updated Pin Configurations: Updated Figure "209-ball FBGA (14 × 22 × 1.76 mm) pinout" (Corrected the ball name for H9 to V _{SS} from V _{SSQ}). Updated TAP AC Switching Characteristics (Changed minimum value of t _{TH} , t _{TL} parameters from 25 ns to 20 ns; changed maximum value of t _{TDOV} parameters from 5 ns to 10 ns). Updated Maximum Ratings (Added "Supply Voltage on V _{DDQ} Relative to GND" and its corresponding details). Updated Ordering Information (Updated part numbers).
*J	1274732	VKN / AESA	07/18/2007	Updated Switching Waveforms (Updated Figure 4 (Corrected typo)).
*K	2898501	NJY	03/24/2010	Updated Ordering Information: Updated part numbers. Updated Package Diagrams: spec 51-85050 – Changed revision from *B to *C. spec 51-85165 – Changed revision from *A to *B. spec 51-85167 – Changed revision from ** to *A.
*L	3034798	NJY	09/21/2010	Updated Ordering Information: No change in part numbers. Added Ordering Code Definitions. Added Acronyms and Units of Measure. Minor edits. Updated to new template. Completing Sunset Review.



Document History Page (continued)

 information). Updated Functional Description (Removed CY7C1473V33, CY7C1475V related information; removed the Note "For best practice recommendatic refer to the Cypress application note AN1064, SRAM System Guidelines. Its reference). Updated Selection Guide (Removed 117 MHz frequency related informat Removed Logic Block Diagram – CY7C1473V33, Updated Pin Configurations (Removed CY7C1473V33, CY7C1475V33). Updated Pin Confinitions (Removed CY7C1473V33, CY7C1475V33) Updated Pin Confinitions (Removed CY7C1473V33, CY7C1475V33) related information). Updated Functional Overview (Removed CY7C1473V33, CY7C1475V33) related information). Updated Functional Overview (Removed CY7C1473V33, CY7C1475V33) related information). Updated Truth Table (Removed CY7C1473V33, CY7C1475V33) related information). Removed Tuth Table for Read/Write (Corresponding to CY7C1473V33, CY7C1475V33). Removed TaP Controller Block Diagram. Removed TAP Controller Block Diagram. Removed 3.3 V TAP AC Test Conditions. Removed 2.5 V TAP AC Output Load Equivalent. Removed 3.0 CYT	Rev.	ECN	Orig. of Change	Submission Date	Description of Change
information; removed 165-ball FBGA package; 209-ball FBGA package re information). Updated Functional Description (Removed CYTC1473V33, CYTC1475V related information; removed the Note "For best practice recommendatile refer to the Cypress application note AN1064, SRAM System Culdelines, its reference). Updated Selection Guide (Removed 117 MHz frequency related informa Removed Logic Block Diagram – CYTC1473V33, CYTC1475V33 Removed Logic Block Diagram – CYTC1473V33, CYTC1475V33 Updated Pin Configurations (Removed CYTC1473V33, CYTC1475V33 related information). Updated Pin Configurations (Removed CYTC1473V33, CYTC1475V33 related information). Updated Pin Definitions (Removed CYTC1473V33, CYTC1475V33 related information). Updated Functional Overview (Removed CYTC1473V33, CYTC1475V33 related information). Updated Truth Table (Removed CYTC1473V33, CYTC1475V33 related information). Removed TAP Controller State Diagram. Removed TAP Controller Block Diagram. Removed TAP Controller Block Diagram. Removed 3.3 V TAP AC Test Conditions. Removed 3.3 V TAP AC Conductions. Removed 2.5 V TAP AC Output Load Equivalent. Removed 2.5 V TAP AC Output Load Equivalent. Removed 2.5 V TAP AC Output Load Equivalent. Removed 104 mitification Register Definitions. Removed Identification Register Definitions. Removed Identification Register Definitions. Removed Boundary Scan Exit Order (Corresponding to CY7C1471V33, CY7C1473V33). Updated Ciperating Range (Removed 117 MHz frequency relate information). Updated Electrical Characteristics (Removed 117 MHz frequency relate information). Updated Electrical Characteristics (Removed 117 MHz frequency relate information). Updated Information). Updated Electrical Characteristics (Removed 117 MHz frequency relate information). Updated Electrical Characteristics (Removed 117 MHz frequency relate information). Updated Package Diagrams: Removed spec 51-85167 °E.	*M	3357114	PRIT	08/29/2011	spec 51-85050 – Changed revision from *C to *D. spec 51-85165 – Changed revision from *B to *C. spec 51-85167 – Changed revision from *A to *B.
*O 3766472 PRIT 10/04/2012 No technical updates.	*N	3633894	PRIT	06/01/2012	 information; removed 165-ball FBGA package, 209-ball FBGA package relate information). Updated Functional Description (Removed CY7C1473V33, CY7C1475V33 related information; removed the Note "For best practice recommendations refer to the Cypress application note AN1064, SRAM System Guidelines." ar its reference). Updated Selection Guide (Removed 117 MHz frequency related information Removed Logic Block Diagram – CY7C1473V33, CY7C1475V33 relate information; removed 165-ball FBGA package, 209-ball FBGA package relate information). Updated Functional Overview (Removed CY7C1473V33, CY7C1475V33 related information). Updated Functional Overview (Removed CY7C1473V33, CY7C1475V33 related information). Updated Functional Overview (Removed CY7C1473V33, CY7C1475V33 related information). Updated Functional Overview (Removed CY7C1473V33, CY7C1475V33 related information). Updated Truth Table (Removed CY7C1473V33, CY7C1475V33 related information). Removed Truth Table for Read/Write (Corresponding to CY7C1473V33, CY7C1475V33). Removed TAP Controller State Diagram. Removed TAP Controller Block Diagram. Removed TAP Controller Block Diagram. Removed TAP AC Test Conditions. Removed TAP AC Coutput Load Equivalent. Removed TAP AC Coutput Load Equivalent. Removed TAP AC Detectrical Characteristics and Operating Conditions. Removed TAP DC Electrical Characteristics and Operating Conditions. Removed Scan Register Definitions. Removed Boundary Scan Exit Order (Corresponding to CY7C1471V33, CY7C1475V33). Updated Operating Range (Removed Industrial Temperature Range). Updated Operating Range (Removed 165-ball FBGA package, 209-ball FBGA package related information). Updated Capacitance (Removed 165-ball FBGA package, 209-ball FBGA package related information). Updated Thermal Resistance (Removed 165-ball FBGA package, 209-ball FBGA pac
Completing Sunset Review.	*0	3766472	PRIT	10/04/2012	No technical updates.

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Rev.	ECN	Orig. of Change	Submission Date	Description of Change	
*Q	4038218	PRIT	06/24/2013	Added Errata Footnotes. Updated to new template.	
*R	4146627	PRIT	10/04/2013	Updated Errata.	
*S	4539205	PRIT	10/15/2014	Updated Package Diagrams: spec 51-85050 – Changed revision from *D to *E. Completing Sunset Review.	
*T	4572829	PRIT	11/18/2014	Updated Functional Description: Added "For a complete list of related documentation, click here." at the end	
*U	5513955	PRIT	11/08/2016	Updated Package Diagrams: spec 51-85050 – Changed revision from *E to *F. Updated to new template. Completing Sunset Review.	
*V	6068055	RMES	02/12/2018	Updated Package Diagrams: spec 51-85050 – Changed revision from *F to *G. Updated to new template. Completing Sunset Review.	



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