

Performance Specifications and Ordering Guide ①

		Output				Input							
		V out *	Іоит	R/N (m	Vp-p) ^②	Regulati	on (Max.)	VIN Nom.	Range	lin ④	Efficiency		Package (Case,
	Root Model ®	(Volts)	(mA)	Тур.	Max.	Line	Load 3	(Volts)	(Volts)	(mA)	Min.	Тур.	Pinout)
Available	UWR-5/1600-D5A-C	5	1600	50	100	±0.2%	±0.5%	5	4.7-7.25	20/2105	74%	76%	C2, P11
Available	UWR-5/2000-D24E-C ®	5	2000	50	75	±0.2%	±0.5%	24	18-36	10/490	83%	85%	C2, P11
Available	UWR-5.2/1500-D5A-C	5.2	1500	50	100	±0.2%	±0.5%	5	4.7-7.25	20/2053	74%	76%	C2, P11
Available	UWR-12/665-D5A-C	12	665	75	100	±0.2%	±0.5%	5	4.7-7.25	25/2046	75%	78%	C2, P11
Discontinued	UWR-12/830-D12A-C	12	830	75	100	±0.2%	±0.5%	12	9-18	35/988	81%	84%	C2, P11
Available	UWR-5/1800-D48A-C	5	1800	75	100	±0.1%	±0.25%	48	18-75	10/193	81%	83%	C2, P11
Available	UWR-5/2000-D12A-C	5	2000	50	75	±0.2%	±0.5%	12	9-18	15/1029	79.5%	81%	C2, P11
Discontinued	UWR-5/2000-D48E-C ®	5	2000	50	75	±0.2%	±0.5%	48	36-72	10/248	82%	84%	C2, P11
Discontinued	UWR-12/750-D48A-C	12	750	75	100	±0.2%	±0.5%	48	18-75	10/230	81.5%	82.5%	C2, P11
Discontinued	UWR-15/530-D5A-C	15	530	50	100	±0.2%	±0.5%	5	4.7-7.25	40/2065	75%	77%	C2, P11
Discontinued	UWR-15/600-D48A-C	15	600	75	100	±0.2%	±0.5%	48	18-75	10/233	81.5%	84%	C2, P11
Discontinued	UWR-15/665-D12A-C	15	665	75	100	±0.2%	±0.5%	12	9-18	35/978	82%	85%	C2, P11

- ① Typical at TA = +25°C under nominal line voltage and full-load conditions unless otherwise noted.
- ② Ripple/Noise (R/N) measured over a 20MHz bandwidth.
- 3 10% to 100% load.
- Nominal line voltage, no-load/full-load conditions.
- See Technical Notes for an explanation of trading off input voltage ranges for higher full-power operating temperature.
- ⑥ Please see the Part Number Structure for complete ordering options.

PART NUMBER STRUCTURE

Output Configuration: U = Unipolar Wide Range Input Nominal Output Voltage: U = D48 A - C RoHS-6 hazardous substance compliant A-Series High Reliability Input Voltage Range:

5, 5.2, 12 or 15 Volts

Maximum Output
Current

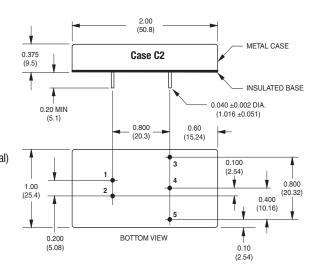
in mA

D5 = 4.7-7.25 Volts (5V nominal) **D12** = 9-18 Volts (12V nominal) **D24** = 18-36 Volts (24V nominal) **D48** = 18-75/36-72 Volts (48V nominal)

Note: Some model number combinations may not be available. Contact Murata Power Solutions for further information.

TEMPERATURE DERATING A, C D, E 9 8 Output Power (Watts) UWR-5/1600-D5A UWR-5/1800-D48A 5 UWR-5/2000-D12A UWR-5/2000-D12A UWR-5/2000-D24E UWR-5/2000-D48E UWR-5 2/1500-D5A 3 UWR-12/665-D5A UWR-12/750-D48A E UWR-12/830-D12A UWR-15/530-D5A 2 UWR-15/600-D48A UWR-15/665-D12A -40 0 65 100 Ambient Temperature (°C)

MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS



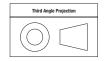
I/	I/O Connections		
Pin	Function P11		
1	+Vin		
2	–Vin		
3	+Vout		
4	No Pin		
5	Common		

Notes:

For "D5A, D12A and D24E" models, the case is connected to pin 2 $(-V_N)$.

For "D48A and D48E" models, the case is connected to pin 1 $(+V_{IN})$.

Dimensions are in inches (mm) shown for ref. only.



Tolerances (unless otherwise specified): $.XX \pm 0.02 (0.5)$ $.XXX \pm 0.010 (0.25)$ Angles + 2°

Components are shown for reference only.

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Performance/Functional Specifications

Typical @ $T_A = +25$ °C under nominal line voltage and full-load conditions, unless noted. ①

Typical @ $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ under nominal line voltag	e and fun-load conditions, diffess floted.
Input	
Input Voltage Range: D5A Models D12A Models D24E Models D48A Models D48E Models	4.7-7.25 Volts (5V nominal) 9-18 Volts (12V nominal) 18-36Volts (24V nominal 18-75 Volts (48V nominal) 36-72 Volts (48V nominal)
Input Current	See Ordering Guide
Input Filter Type ②	Pi
Overvoltage Shutdown: D5A Models D12A Models D24E Models D48A and D48E Models Reverse-Polarity Protection Output	None 20 Volts 40 Volts 76 Volts Yes (Instantaneous, 6A maximum)
<u> </u>	+1% maximum
Vour Accuracy (50% load) Temperature Coefficient	±1%, maximum ±0.02% per °C
Ripple/Noise (20MHz BW) ②	See Ordering Guide
Line/Load Regulation	See Ordering Guide
Efficiency	See Ordering Guide
Isolation Voltage ③	1500Vdc, guaranteed
Isolation Capacitance	250pF
Current Limiting	Auto-recovery
Overvoltage Protection ④	Zener/transorb clamp, magnetic feedback
Dynamic Characteristics	
Transient Response (50% load step)	200µsec max. to ±1.5% of final value
Switching Frequency	165kHz (±15kHz)
Flammability	UL94V-0
Environmental	
Operating Temperature (Ambient): Without Derating With Derating	-40 to +60/65/70°C (Model dependent to +100°C (See Derating Curves)
Storage Temperature	–40 to +105°C
Physical	
Dimensions	2" x 1" x 0.375" (51 x 25 x 9.5mm)
Shielding	5-sided
Case Connection: D5A, D12A and D24E Models D48A and D48E Models	Pin 2 (–V _{IN}) Pin 1 (+V _{IN})
Case Material	Corrosion resistant steel with non-conductive, epoxy-based, black enamel finish and plastic baseplate
Pin Material	Gold plate over copper alloy
Weight	1.3 ounces (37 grams)

- ① These power converters require a minimum 10% loading to maintain specified regulation. Operation under no-load conditions will not damage these devices; however they may not meet all listed specifications.
- ② Application-specific input/output filtering can be recommended and perhaps added internally upon request for scheduled, quantity orders. Contact Murata Power Solutions Applications Engineering for details.
- Devices can be screened or modified for higher guaranteed isolation voltages. Contact Murata Power Solutions Applications Engineering for details.
- 4 Except for 3.3V devices which have no protection.

10 Volts
22 Volts
44 Volts
80 Volts
Current must be <6A. Brief duration only. Fusing recommended
6.8 Volts, limited duration
15 Volts, limited duration
18 Volts, limited duration
Current limited. Max. current and short-circuit duration model dependent.
-40 to +105°C

may adversely affect long-term reliability. Proper operation under conditions other than those listed in the Performance/Functional Specifications Table is not implied.

TECHNICAL NOTES

Floating Outputs

Since these are isolated DC/DC converters, their outputs are "floating." Designers will usually use the output Common (pin 5) as the ground/return of the load circuit. You can, however, use the +Output (pin 3) as ground/return to effectively reverse the output polarity.

Filtering and Noise Reduction

All A-Series UWR 6-10 Watt DC/DC Converters achieve their rated ripple and noise specifications without the use of external input/output capacitors. In critical applications, input/output ripple and noise may be further reduced by installing electrolytic capacitors across the input terminals and/or low-ESR tantalum or electrolytic capacitors across the output terminals. The caps should be located as close to the power converters as possible. Typical values are listed in the tables below. In many applications, using values greater than those listed will yield better results.

To Reduce Input Ripple

D5A Models 47μF, 10V D12A and D24E Models 20μF, 50V D48A and D48E Models 10μF, 100V

To Reduce Output Ripple

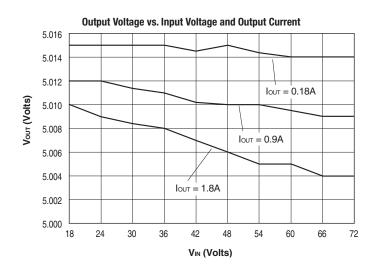
5/5.2V Outputs 47μF, 10V, Low ESR 12/15V Outputs 22μF, 20V, Low ESR

In critical, space-sensitive applications, Murata Power Solutions may be able to tailor the internal input/output filtering of these units to meet your specific requirements.

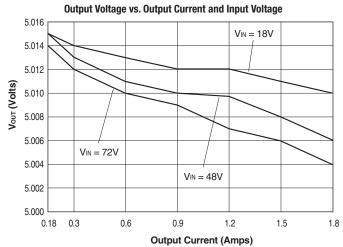
Typical Performance Curves $(T_A = +25^{\circ}C)$

The performance curves below were derived from actual test data for a single model number (UWR-5/1800-D48A). Since all devices in the 6-10W UWR A-Series have the same circuit topology, the performance curves are representative of all devices.

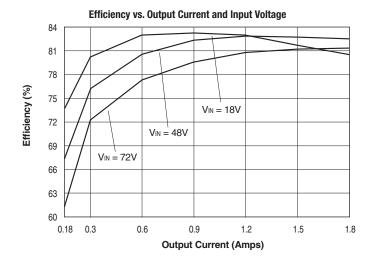
LINE REGULATION



LOAD REGULATION



EFFICIENCY



Input Fusing

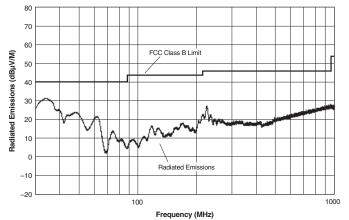
Certain applications and/or safety agencies may require the installation of fuses at the inputs of power conversion components. For Murata Power Solutions A-Series UWR 6-10 Watt DC/DC Converters, you should use slow-blow type fuses with values no greater than the following:

V _{IN} Range	Fuse Value
D5A	3A
D12A and D24E	2A
D48A and D48E	1A

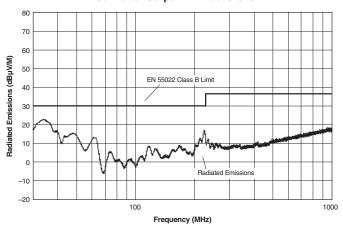
EMI RADIATED EMISSIONS

If you're designing with EMC in mind, please note that all of Murata Power Solutions' A-Series UWR 6-10 Watt DC/DC Converters have been characterized for radiated and conducted emissions in our new EMI/EMC laboratory. Testing is conducted in an EMCO 5305 GTEM test cell utilizing EMCO automated EMC test software. Radiated emissions are tested to the limits of FCC Part 15, Class B and CISPR 22 (EN 55022), Class B. Radiated emissions plots to FCC and CISPR 22 for model UWR-12/665-D5A appear below.

UWR-12/665-D5A Radiated Emissions FCC Part 15 Class B, 3 Meters Converter Output = 12Vdc @ 620mA



UWR-12/665-D5A Radiated Emissions EN 55022 Class B, 10 Meters Converter Output = 12Vdc @ 620mA



CUSTOM CAPABILITIES

Murata Power Solutions' world-class design, development and manufacturing team stands ready to work with you to deliver the exact power converter you need for your demanding, large volume, OEM applications. And ... we'll do it on time and within budget!

Our experienced applications and design staffs; quick-turn prototype capability; highly automated, SMT assembly facilities; and in-line SPC quality-control techniques combine to give us the unique ability to design and deliver any quantity of power converters to the highest standards of quality and reliability.

We have compiled a large library of DC/DC designs that are currently used in a variety of telecom, medical, computer, railway, aerospace and industrial applications. We may already have the converter you need.

Contact us. Our goal is to provide you the highest-quality, most costeffective power converters available.

Quality and Reliability

The A-Series are the first DC/DC Converters to emerge from Murata Power Solutions' new, company-wide approach to designing and manufacturing the most reliable power converters available. The five-pronged program draws our Quality Assurance function into all aspects of new-product design, development, characterization, qualification and manufacturing.

Design for Reliability

Design for Reliability is woven throughout our multi-phased, new-product-development process. Design-for-reliability practices are fully documented and begin early in the new-product development cycle with the following goals:

- To work from an approved components/vendors list ensuring the use of reliable components and the rigorous qualification of new components.
- 2. To design with safety margins by adhering to a strict set of derating guidelines and performing theoretical worst-case analyses.
- To locate potential design weaknesses early in the product-development cycle by using extensive HALT (Highly Accelerated Life Testing).
- 4. To prove that early design improvements are effective by employing a thorough FRACA (Failure Reporting Analysis and Corrective Action) System.

Soldering Guidelines

Murata Power Solutions recommends the specifications below when installing these converters. These specifications vary depending on the solder type. Exceeding these specifications may cause damage to the product. Be cautious when there is high atmospheric humidity. We strongly recommend a mild pre-bake (100° C. for 30 minutes). Your production environment may differ; therefore please thoroughly review these guidelines with your process engineers.

Wave Solder Operations for thucts (THMT)	rough-hole mounted prod-
For Sn/Ag/Cu based solders:	
Maximum Preheat Temperature	115° C.
Maximum Pot Temperature	270° C.
Maximum Solder Dwell Time	7 seconds
For Sn/Pb based solders:	
Maximum Preheat Temperature	105° C.
Maximum Pot Temperature	250° C.
Maximum Solder Dwell Time	6 seconds

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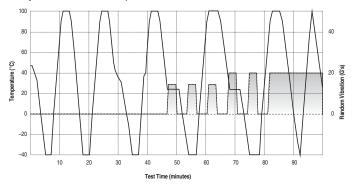
HALT Testing

The goal of the accelerated-stress techniques used by Murata Power Solutions is to force device maturity, in a short period of time, by exposing devices to excessive levels of "every stimulus of potential value." We use HALT (Highly Accelerated Life Testing) repeatedly during the design and early manufacturing phases to detect potential electrical and mechanical design weaknesses that could result in possible future field failures.

During HALT, prototype and pre-production DC/DC converters are subjected to progressively higher stress levels induced by thermal cycling, rate of temperature change, vibration, power cycling, product-specific stresses (such as dc voltage variation) and combined environments. The stresses are not meant to simulate field environments but to expose any weaknesses in a product's electro/mechanical design and/or assembly processes. The goal of HALT is to make products fail so that device weaknesses can be analyzed and strengthened as appropriate. Applied stresses are continually stepped up until products eventually fail. After corrective actions and/or design changes, stresses are stepped up again and the cycle is repeated until the "fundamental limit of the technology" is determined.

Murata Power Solutions has invested in a Qualmark OVS-1 HALT tester capable of applying voltage and temperature extremes as well as 6-axis, linear and rotational, random vibration. A typical HALT profile (shown above) consists of thermal cycling (–55 to +125°C, 30°C/minute) and simultaneous, gradually increasing, random longitudinal and rotational vibration up to 20G's with load cycling and applied-voltage extremes added as desired. Many devices in Murata Power Solutions' new A-Series could not be made to fail prior to reaching either the limits of the HALT chamber or some previously known physical limit of the device.

We also use the HALT chamber and its ability to rapidly cool devices to verify their "cold-start" capabilities.



Typical HALT Profile

Oualification

For each new product, electrical performance is verified via a comprehensive characterization process and long-term reliability is confirmed via a rigorous qualification procedure. The qual procedure includes such strenuous tests as thermal shock and 500 hour life. Qual testing is summarized below.

Qualification Testing

Qualification Test	Method/Comments
HALT	Murata Power Solutions in-house procedure
High Temperature Storage	Max. rated temp., 1,000 hours
Thermal Shock	10 cycles, -55 to +125°C
Temperature/Humidity	+85°C, 85% humidity, 48 hours
Lead Integrity	Murata Power Solutions in-house procedure
Life Test	+70°C, 500 hours*
Marking Permanency	Murata Power Solutions in-house procedure
End Point Electrical Tests	Per product specification

^{*} Interim electrical test at 200 hours

In-Line Process Controls and Screening

A combination of statistical sampling and 100% inspection techniques keeps our assembly line under constant control. Parameters such as solder-paste thickness, component placement, cleanliness, etc. are statistically sampled, charted and fine tuned as necessary. Visual inspections are performed by trained operators after pick-and-place, soldering and cleaning operations. Units are 100% electrically tested prior to potting. All devices are temperature cycled, burned-in, hi-pot tested and final-electrical tested prior to external visual examination, packing and shipping.

Rapid Response to Problems

Murata Power Solutions employs an outstanding corrective-action system to immediately address any detected shortcomings in either products or processes. Whenever our assembly, quality or engineering personnel spot a product/process problem, or if a product is returned with a potential defect, we immediately perform a detailed failure analysis and, if necessary, undertake corrective actions. Over time, this system has helped refine our assembly operation to yield one of the lowest product defect rates in the industry.

Murata Power Solutions, Inc.
11 Cabot Boulevard, Mansfield, MA 02048-1151 U.S.A.
ISO 9001 and 14001 REGISTERED



This product is subject to the following operating requirements and the Life and Safety Critical Application Sales Policy:

Refer to: http://www.murata-ps.com/requirements/

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