

**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these ratings or any other above those indicated in the operation sections of the specifications below is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods of time may affect reliability.

Input Supply Voltage  $V_{IN}$  ..... +10.0V  
Input to Output Voltage ..... +8.8V  
Storage Temperature ..... -65°C to 150°C  
Power Dissipation ..... Internally Limited  
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 5 sec) ..... 260°C  
ESD Rating (HBM - Human Body Model) ..... 2kV

**OPERATING RATINGS**

Junction Temperature Range ..... -40°C to 125°C  
Thermal Resistance

TO-220  $\theta_{JC}$  ..... 3°C/W  
TO-220  $\theta_{JA}$  ..... 29.4°C/W  
TO-263  $\theta_{JC}$  ..... 3°C/W  
TO-263  $\theta_{JA}$  ..... 31.4°C/W  
TO-252  $\theta_{JC}$  ..... 6°C/W  
TO-252  $\theta_{JA}$  ..... 50°C/W

**ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

Specifications with standard type are for an Operating Ambient Temperature of  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  only; limits applying over the full Operating Temperature range (-40°C to +85°C) are denoted by a "•". Minimum and Maximum limits are guaranteed through test, design, or statistical correlation. Typical values represent the most likely parametric norm at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , and are provided for reference purposes only. Unless otherwise indicated,  $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1.5\text{V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 10\mu\text{F}$ ,  $I_{OUT} = 10\text{mA}$ .

| Parameter                                          | Min.  | Typ.  | Max.  | Units |   | Conditions                                                              |
|----------------------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1.5V Version                                       |       |       |       |       |   |                                                                         |
| Output Voltage<br>SPX1587A                         | 1.485 | 1.500 | 1.515 | V     |   | I <sub>OUT</sub> =10mA, V <sub>OUT</sub> =3.5V                          |
|                                                    | 1.470 |       | 1.530 |       | • | 10mA≤I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤3A, 3.0V≤V <sub>OUT</sub> ≤10V                   |
| 2.5V Version                                       |       |       |       |       |   |                                                                         |
| Output Voltage<br>SPX1587                          | 2.450 | 2.500 | 2.550 | V     |   | I <sub>OUT</sub> =10mA, V <sub>OUT</sub> =4.5V                          |
|                                                    | 2.425 |       | 2.575 |       | • | 10mA≤I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤3A, 4.25V≤I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤10V                  |
| 3.3V Version                                       |       |       |       |       |   |                                                                         |
| Output Voltage<br>SPX1587A                         | 3.267 | 3.300 | 3.333 | V     |   | I <sub>OUT</sub> =10mA, V <sub>OUT</sub> =5V                            |
|                                                    | 3.234 |       | 3.366 |       | • | 10mA≤I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤3A, 4.75V≤V <sub>OUT</sub> ≤10V                  |
| Output Voltage<br>SPX1587                          | 3.234 | 3.300 | 3.366 | V     |   | I <sub>OUT</sub> =10mA, V <sub>OUT</sub> =5V                            |
|                                                    | 3.201 |       | 3.399 |       | • | 10mA≤I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤3A, 4.75V≤V <sub>OUT</sub> ≤10V                  |
| 5.0V Version                                       |       |       |       |       |   |                                                                         |
| Output Voltage<br>SPX1587A                         | 4.950 | 5.000 | 5.050 | V     |   | I <sub>OUT</sub> =10mA, V <sub>OUT</sub> =7V                            |
|                                                    | 4.900 |       | 5.100 |       | • | 10mA≤I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤3A, 6.50V≤V <sub>OUT</sub> ≤10V                  |
| All Voltage Options                                |       |       |       |       |   |                                                                         |
| Reference Voltage<br>SPX1587A                      | 1.238 | 1.250 | 1.262 | V     |   | I <sub>OUT</sub> =10mA, V <sub>IN</sub> -V <sub>OUT</sub> =2V           |
|                                                    | 1.225 |       | 1.275 |       | • | 10mA≤I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤3A, 1.50V≤V <sub>IN</sub> -V <sub>OUT</sub> ≤10V |
| Reference Voltage<br>SPX1587                       | 1.225 | 1.250 | 1.275 | V     |   | I <sub>OUT</sub> =10mA, V <sub>IN</sub> -V <sub>OUT</sub> =2V           |
|                                                    | 1.212 |       | 1.287 |       | • | 10mA≤I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤3A, 1.50V≤V <sub>IN</sub> -V <sub>OUT</sub> ≤10V |
| Output Voltage Temperature<br>Stability – SPX1587A |       | 0.3   |       | %     |   |                                                                         |
| Output Voltage Temperature<br>Stability – SPX1587  |       | 0.5   |       | %     |   |                                                                         |
| Line Regulation                                    |       | 0.1   | 0.2   | %     |   | 3.0V≤V <sub>IN</sub> ≤10V, V <sub>OUT</sub> =1.5V                       |
|                                                    |       |       |       |       |   | 4.25V≤V <sub>IN</sub> ≤10V, V <sub>OUT</sub> =2.5V                      |
|                                                    |       |       |       |       |   | 4.75V≤V <sub>IN</sub> ≤10V, V <sub>OUT</sub> =3.3V                      |
|                                                    |       |       |       |       |   | 6.50V≤V <sub>IN</sub> ≤10V, V <sub>OUT</sub> =5.0V                      |
| Load Regulation                                    |       | 0.1   | 0.3   | %     |   | 10mA≤I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤3A, V <sub>OUT</sub> =1.5V                       |
|                                                    |       |       |       |       |   | 10mA≤I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤3A, V <sub>OUT</sub> =2.5V                       |
|                                                    |       |       |       |       |   | 10mA≤I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤3A, V <sub>OUT</sub> =3.3V                       |
|                                                    |       |       |       |       |   | 10mA≤I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤3A, V <sub>OUT</sub> =5.0V                       |
|                                                    |       |       |       |       |   |                                                                         |

| Parameter                     | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units   | Conditions                                                      |
|-------------------------------|------|------|------|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| Dropout Voltage (note 2)      |      | 1.00 |      | V       | $I_{OUT}=1A$                                                    |
|                               |      | 1.05 |      |         | $I_{OUT}=2A$                                                    |
|                               |      | 1.10 | 1.2  |         | $I_{OUT}=3A$                                                    |
| Minimum Load Current (note 4) |      | 4    | 10   | mA      |                                                                 |
| Quiescent Current             |      | 4    | 10   | mA      | Fixed Voltage Versions                                          |
| Adjust Pin Current            |      | 50   |      | $\mu A$ |                                                                 |
|                               |      |      | 120  | $\mu A$ | •                                                               |
| Current Limit                 | 3.2  | 5    |      | A       | $V_{IN}-V_{OUT}=2V$                                             |
| Thermal Regulation            |      | 0.01 | 0.1  | %/W     | 25°C, 30ms pulse                                                |
| Ripple Rejection              | 60   | 75   |      | dB      | $F_{RIPPLE}=120Hz$ , $V_{IN}-V_{OUT}=2V$ , $V_{RIPPLE}=1V_{PP}$ |
| Long Term Stability           |      | 0.03 |      | %       | 125°C, 1000 hours                                               |
| RMS Output Noise              |      | 0.03 |      | %       | % of $V_{OUT}$ , $10Hz \leq f \leq 10kHz$                       |

Note 1: Output temperature coefficient is defined as the worst case voltage change divided by the total temperature range

Note 2: Dropout voltage is defined as the input to output differential at which the output voltage drops 100mV below its nominal value measured at 1V differential at very low values of programmed output voltage, the minimum input supply voltage of 2V (2.3V over temperature) must be taken into account.

Note 3: Thermal regulation is defined as the change in output voltage at a time T after a change in power dissipation is applied. Excluding load or line regulation effect.

Note 4: Adjustable Version Only.

### BLOCK DIAGRAM

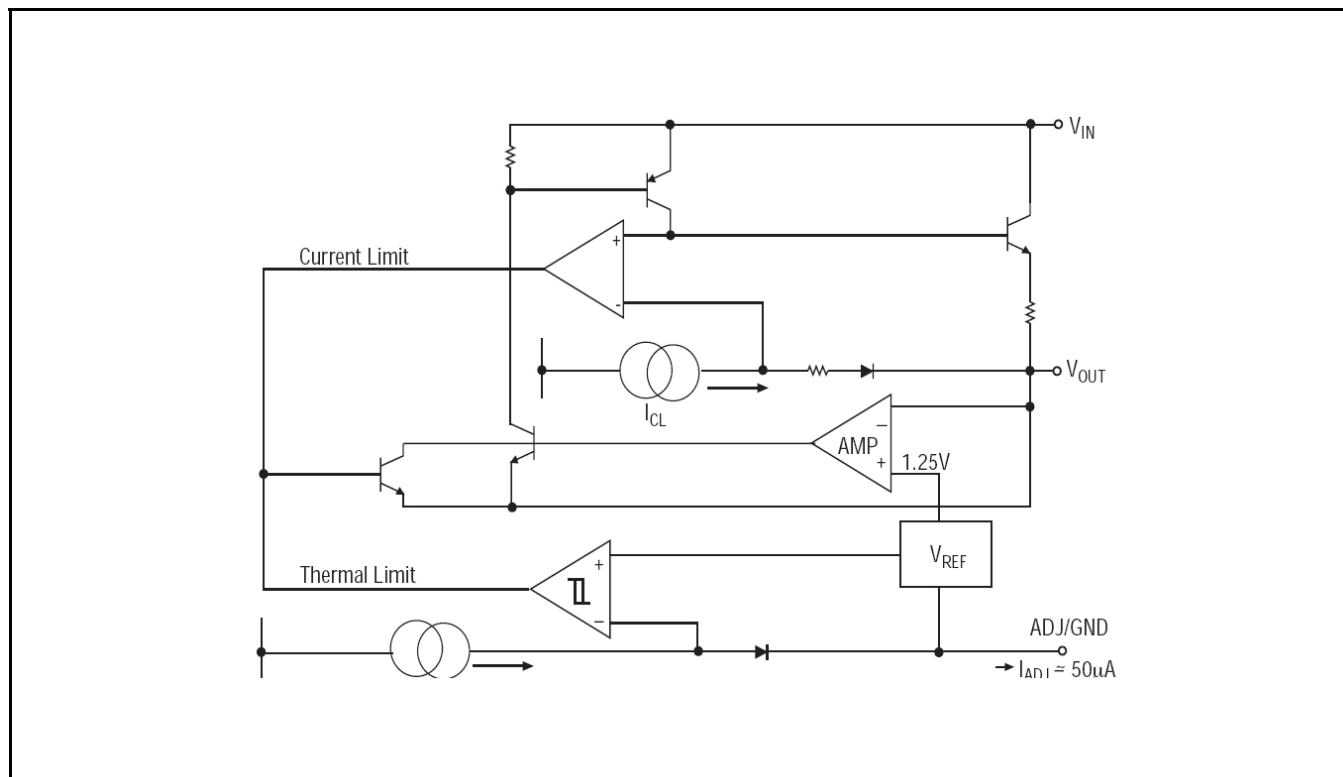


Fig. 2: SPX1587 Block Diagram

### PIN ASSIGNMENT

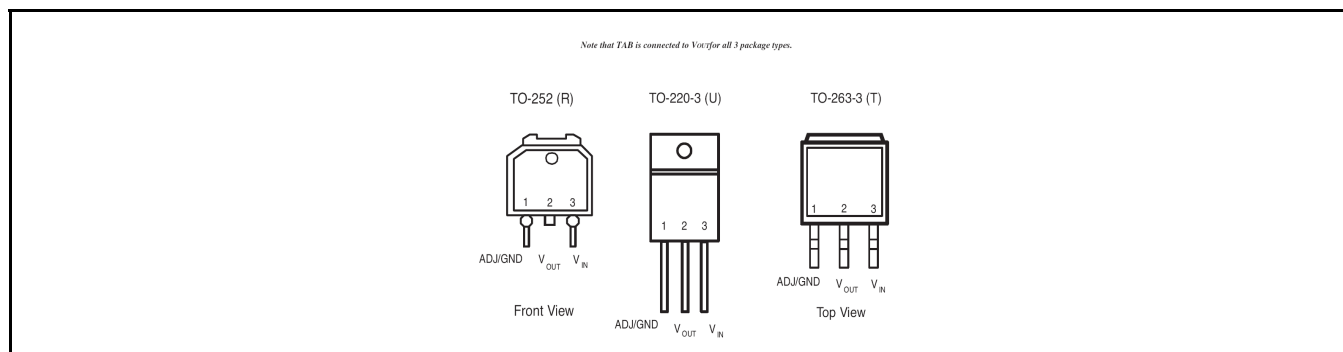


Fig. 3: SPX1587 Pin Assignment

### PIN DESCRIPTION

| Name             | Pin Number | Description                                                         |
|------------------|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ADJ/GND          | 1          | Adjustable Voltage Pin or Ground signal for fixed voltage versions. |
| V <sub>OUT</sub> | 2          | Output Voltage                                                      |
| V <sub>IN</sub>  | 3          | Input Voltage                                                       |
| TAB              | TAB        | Tab is connected to V <sub>OUT</sub> (pin 2) for all packages       |

### ORDERING INFORMATION

| Part Number        | Junction Temperature Range      | Marking                        | Package | Packing Quantity | Note 1    |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------|------------------|-----------|
| SPX1587T-L         | -40°C ≤ T <sub>J</sub> ≤ +125°C | Sipex<br>SPX1587T<br>YYWWLX    | TO263-3 | Bulk             | Lead Free |
| SPX1587T-L/TR      |                                 |                                |         | 500/Tape & Reel  |           |
| SPX1587T-L-1-5     | -40°C ≤ T <sub>J</sub> ≤ +125°C | Sipex<br>SPX1587T<br>15YYWWLX  | TO263-3 | Bulk             | Lead Free |
| SPX1587T-L-1-5/TR  |                                 |                                |         | 500/Tape & Reel  |           |
| SPX1587T-L-5-0     | -40°C ≤ T <sub>J</sub> ≤ +125°C | Sipex<br>SPX1587T<br>50YYWWLX  | TO263-3 | Bulk             | Lead Free |
| SPX1587T-L-5-0/TR  |                                 |                                |         | 500/Tape & Reel  |           |
| SPX1587U-L-3-3     | -40°C ≤ T <sub>J</sub> ≤ +125°C | Sipex<br>SPX1587U<br>33YYWWLX  | TO220-3 | Bulk             | Lead Free |
| SPX1587U-L-5-0     | -40°C ≤ T <sub>J</sub> ≤ +125°C | Sipex<br>SPX1587U<br>50YYWWLX  | TO220-3 | Bulk             | Lead Free |
| SPX1587AR-L        | -40°C ≤ T <sub>J</sub> ≤ +125°C | Sipex<br>SPX1587AR<br>YYWWLX   | TO252-3 | Bulk             | Lead Free |
| SPX1587AR-L/TR     |                                 |                                |         | 2K/Tape & Reel   |           |
| SPX1587AT-L        | -40°C ≤ T <sub>J</sub> ≤ +125°C | Sipex<br>SPX1587AT<br>YYWWLX   | TO263-3 | Bulk             | Lead Free |
| SPX1587AT-L/TR     |                                 |                                |         | 500/Tape & Reel  |           |
| SPX1587AT-L-2-5    | -40°C ≤ T <sub>J</sub> ≤ +125°C | Sipex<br>SPX1587AT<br>25YYWWLX | TO263-3 | Bulk             | Lead Free |
| SPX1587AT-L-2-5/TR |                                 |                                |         | 500/Tape & Reel  |           |
| SPX1587AT-L-3-3    | -40°C ≤ T <sub>J</sub> ≤ +125°C | Sipex<br>SPX1587AT<br>33YYWWLX | TO263-3 | Bulk             | Lead Free |
| SPX1587AT-L-3-3/TR |                                 |                                |         | 500/Tape & Reel  |           |
| SPX1587AU-L        | -40°C ≤ T <sub>J</sub> ≤ +125°C | Sipex<br>SPX1587AU<br>YYWWLX   | TO220-3 | Bulk             | Lead Free |

"YY" = Year – "WW" = Work Week – "L" = Lead Free Indicator – "X" = Lot Number; when applicable.

### TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

All data taken at  $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1.5V$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ C$ ,  $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 10\mu F$ ,  $I_{OUT} = 10mA$  unless otherwise specified - Schematic and BOM from Application Information section of this datasheet.

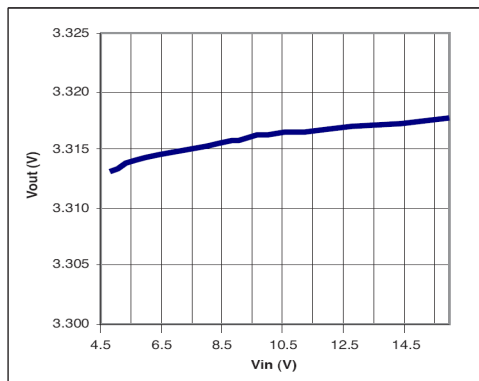


Fig. 4: Line Regulation for SPX1587U-3.3  
 $I_{OUT} = 10mA$

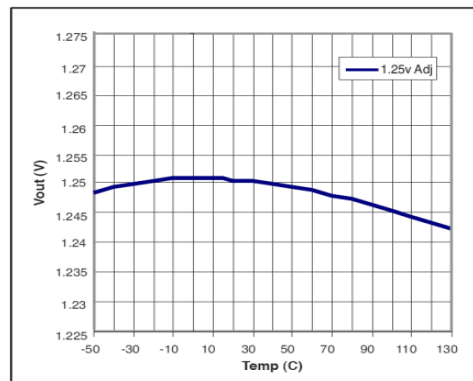


Fig. 5:  $V_{OUT}$  versus Temperature  
 $V_{IN} = 2.5V$ ,  $I_{OUT} = 10mA$

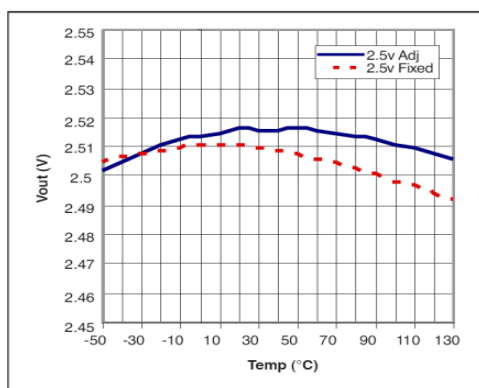


Fig. 6:  $V_{OUT}$  versus Temperature  
 $V_{IN} = 4.0V$ ,  $I_{OUT} = 10mA$

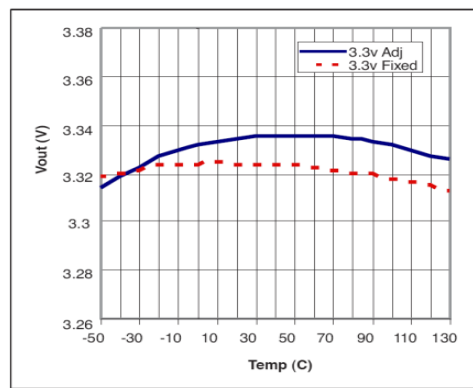


Fig. 7:  $V_{OUT}$  versus Temperature  
 $V_{IN} = 5.0V$ ,  $I_{OUT} = 10mA$

### APPLICATION INFORMATION

#### OUTPUT CAPACITOR

To ensure the stability of the SPX1587, an output capacitor of at least  $10\mu F$  (ceramic or tantalum) or  $22\mu F$  (aluminum) is required. The value may change based on the application requirements of the output load or temperature range. The value of ESR can vary based on the type of capacitor used in the applications to guarantee stability. The recommended value for ESR is  $0.5\Omega$  or less. A larger value of output capacitance (up to  $100\mu F$ ) can improve the load transient response.

### SOLDERING METHODS

The SPX1587 die is attached to the heatsink lead which exits opposite the input, output, and ground pins.

### THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

The SPX1587 features the internal thermal limiting to protect the device during overload conditions. Special care needs to be taken during continuous load conditions such that the maximum junction temperature does not exceed  $125^\circ C$ . Thermal protection is activated at  $>179^\circ C$  and deactivated at  $<165^\circ C$ .

The thermal interaction from other components in the application can affect the

thermal resistance of the SPX1587. The actual thermal resistance can be determined with experimentation.

The SPX1587 power dissipation is calculated as follows:

$$P_D = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \times I_{OUT}$$

Maximum Junction Temperature range:

$$T_J = T_{A(MAX)} + P_D \times \theta_{JA}$$

Where  $\theta_{JA}$  is the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of the package.

Maximum junction temperature must not exceed 125°C.

### RIPPLE REJECTION

Ripple rejection can be improved by adding a capacitor between the ADJ pin and ground as shown in Figure 11. When ADJ pin bypassing is used, the value of the output capacitor required increases to its maximum. If the ADJ pin is not bypassed, the value of the output capacitor can be lowered to 22μF for an electrolytic aluminum capacitor or 10μF for a solid tantalum capacitor (Fig 10).

However the value of the ADJ-bypass capacitor should be chosen with respect to the following equation:

$$C = \frac{1}{6.28 \times F_R \times R_1}$$

Where

C = value of the capacitor in Farads (select an equal or larger standard value)

$F_R$  = ripple frequency in Hz

$R_1$  = value of resistor R1 in Ohms.

If an ADJ-bypass capacitor is used, the amplitude of the output ripple will be independent of the output voltage. If an ADJ-bypass capacitor is not used, the output ripple will be proportional to the ratio of the output voltage to the reference voltage:

$$M = \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{REF}}$$

Where

M = multiplier for the ripple seen when the ADJ pin is optimally bypassed.

$V_{REF} = 1.25V$

Ripple rejection for the adjustable version is showing in Figure 8.

### OUTPUT VOLTAGE

The output of the adjustable regulator can be set to any voltage between 1.25V and 15V. The value of  $V_{OUT}$  can be quickly approximated using the formula

$$V_{OUT} = 1.25 \times \frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_1}$$

Small correction to this formula is required depending on the values of resistors R1 and R2, since the adjustable pin current (approx 50μA) flows through R2. When  $I_{ADJ}$  is taken into account, the formula becomes

$$V_{OUT} = V_{REF} \times \left(1 + \frac{R_2}{R_1}\right) + I_{ADJ} \times R_2$$

Where

$V_{REF} = 1.25V$

### LAYOUT CONSIDERATIONS

Parasitic line resistance can degrade load regulation. In order to avoid this, connect R1 directly to  $V_{OUT}$  as illustrated in Figure 13. For the same reason, R2 should be connected to the negative side of the load.

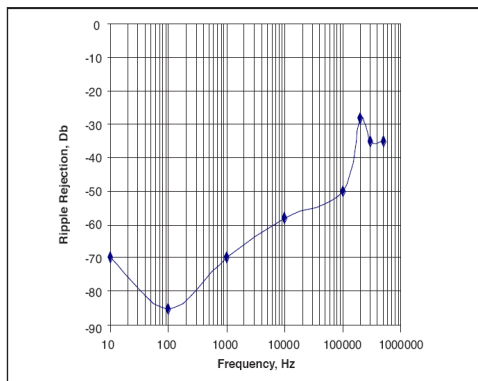


Fig. 8: Ripple Rejection  
 $V_{IN}=3.3V$ ,  $V_{OUT}=1.8V(adjustable)$ ,  $I_{LOAD}=200mA$

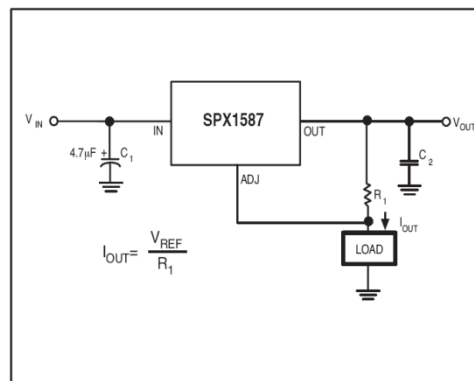


Fig. 9: Current Source

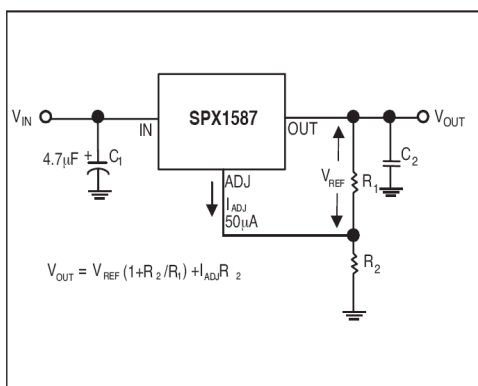


Fig. 10: Typical Adjustable Regulator

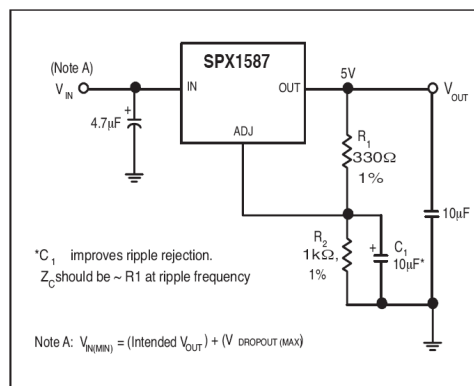


Fig. 11: Improving Ripple Rejection

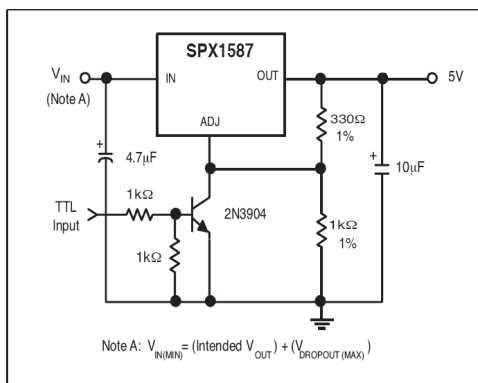


Fig. 12: 5V Regulator With Shutdown

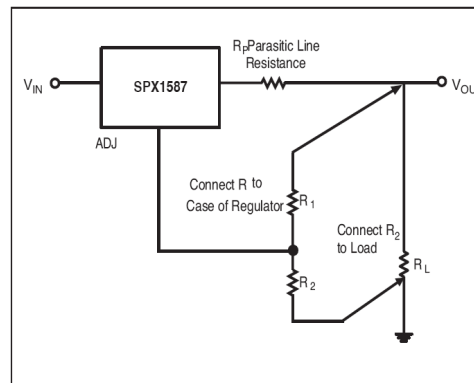
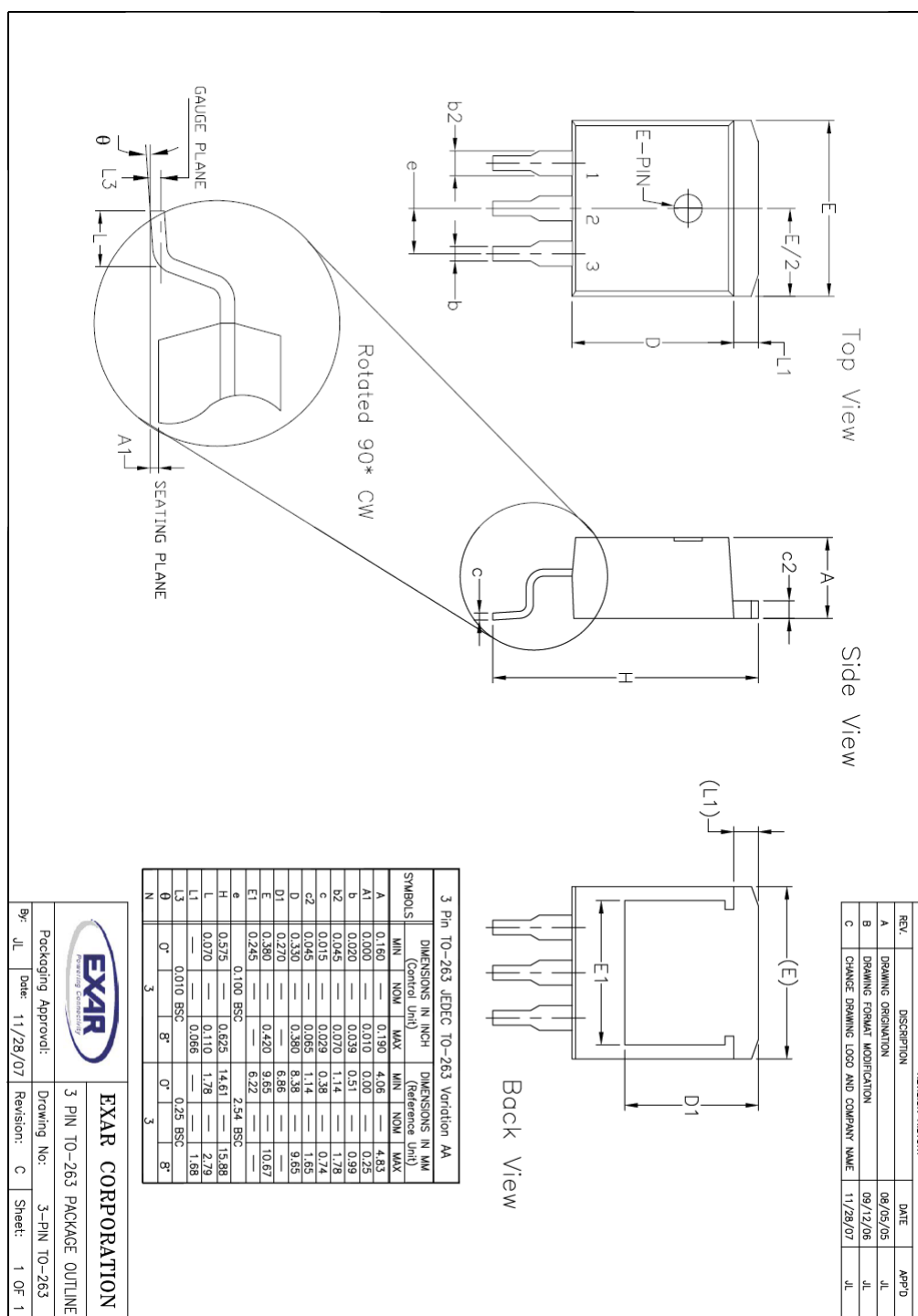
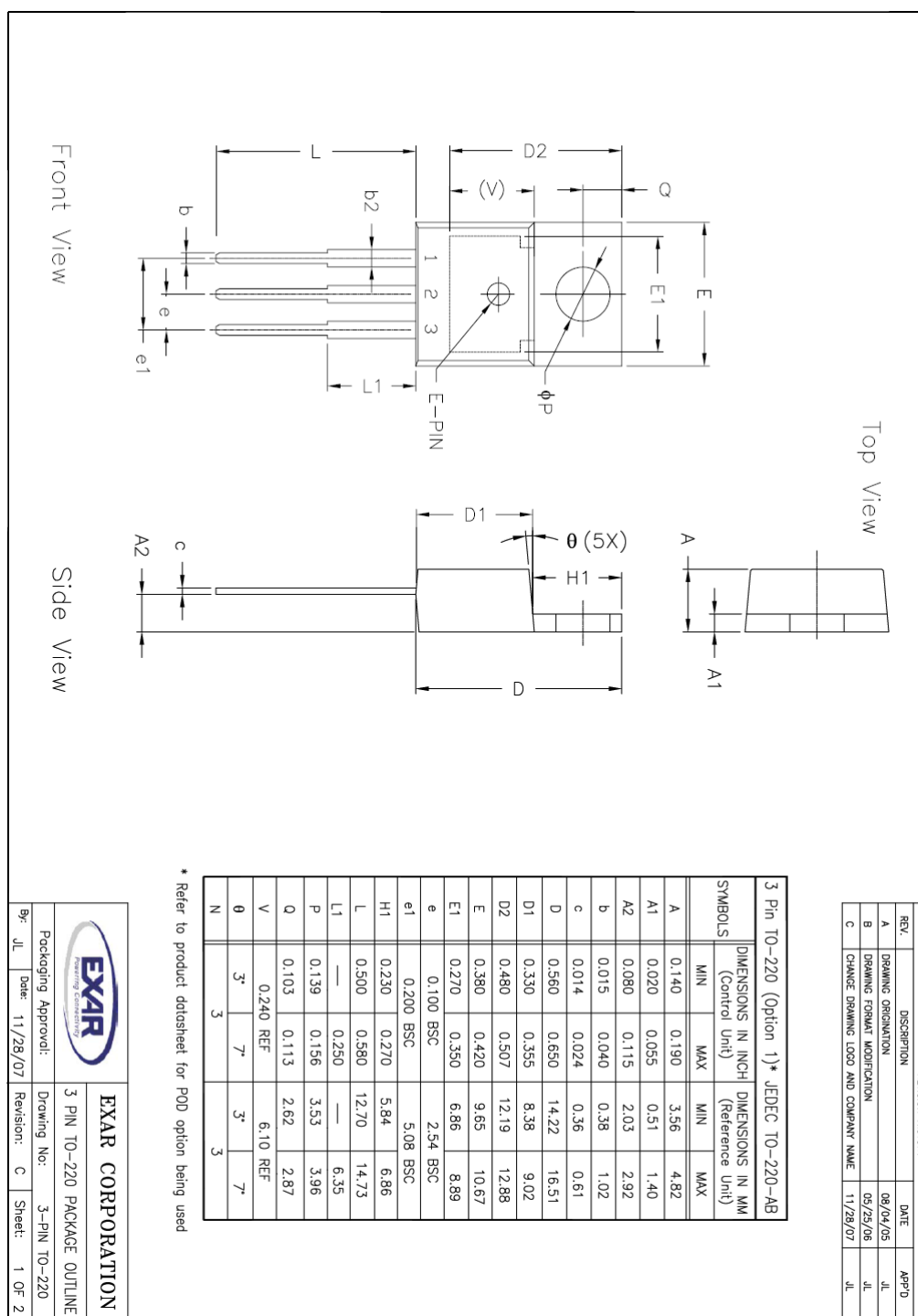
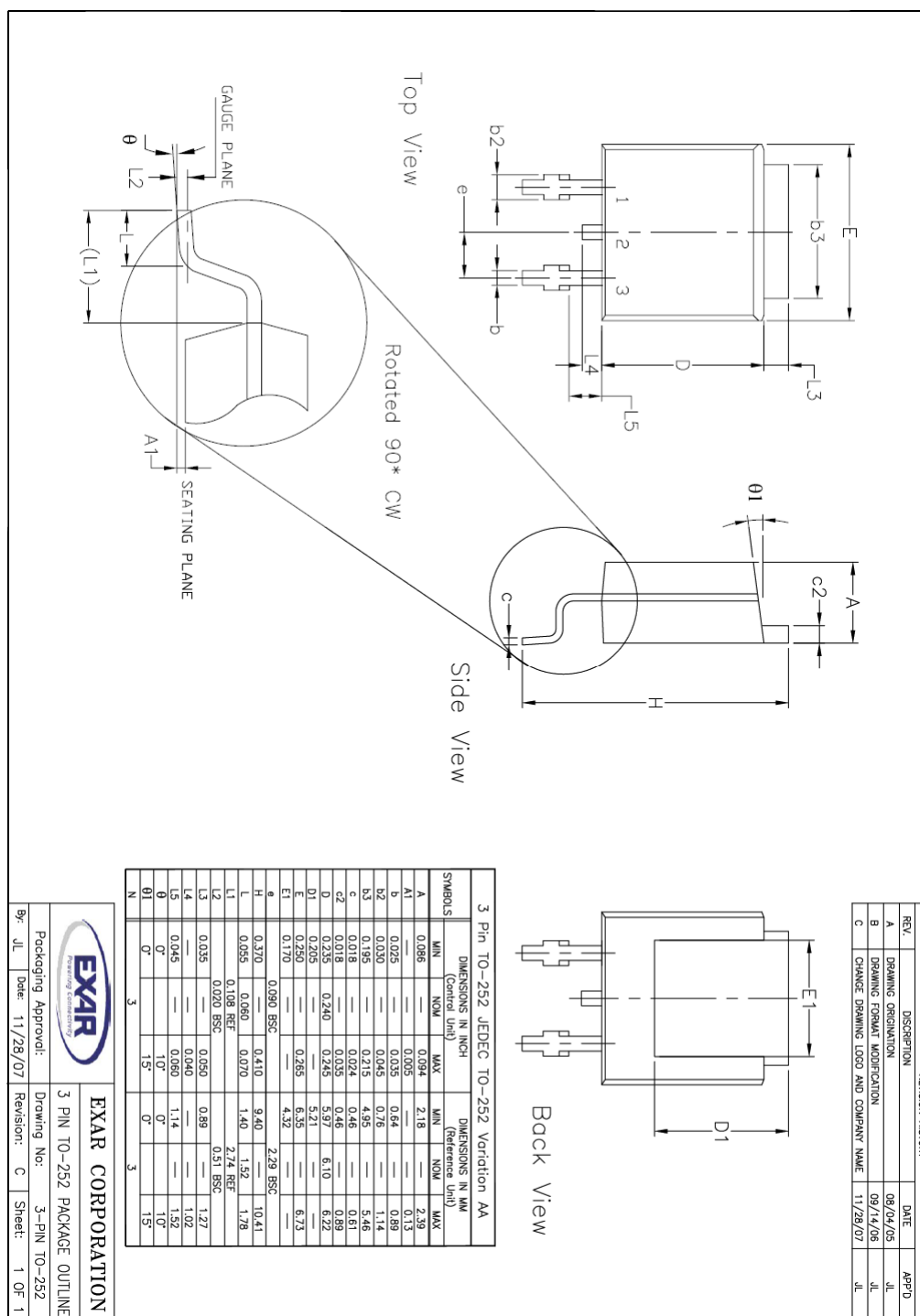


Fig. 13: Recommended Connections for Best Results

**PACKAGE SPECIFICATION**
**3-PIN TO263**


**3-PIN TO220**


**3-PIN TO252**


**REVISION HISTORY**

| Revision | Date | Description                                        |
|----------|------|----------------------------------------------------|
| 2.0.0    |      | Reformat of datasheet<br>Added marking information |
|          |      |                                                    |
|          |      |                                                    |

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